



What tightens us

Burkuhls

Boerkoels

Buhrkuhls

Together

Part 3



Edition 2025

Ronald Jan Boerkoel

Jeannet Pasterkamp-Boerkoel

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1. Preface

This is the first digital edition of the Boerkoel family tree. This edition is based on the original first edition of March 24, 1989, by Jeannet Pasterkamp-Boerkoel. Jeannet and I worked on its further digitization for several years, until her death in October 2022. Thanks to increasing search capabilities on the internet, many additions and improvements have since been possible, without numerous time-consuming visits to archival institutions. The Boerkoel family in the United States is another major expansion. An attempt has also been made to map the family in Germany. During this process, many contacts with family members have been established, these days mostly through the Boerkoel Family Tree Facebook page and via email. The subscription to genealogieonline also allowed for extensive cross-referencing, and the CBG's Wiewaswie.nl website was a valuable resource.

This digital edition has become much more comprehensive, not only due to the number of Boerkoels, but also to the amount of information about them, the addition of Germany and the United States, and the many underlying facts and stories. To keep things manageable, the publication is now divided into four parts in more or less chronological order:

- Part 1. In the German Language for the German family the complete German branch with the name Burkuhl
- Part 2. In Dutch for the emigrated family from Germany to the Netherlands with the name Boerkoel and history of Germany with the name Burkuhl
- Part 3. In the English language for the emigrated family from Germany to the United States with the name Buhrkuhl and history of Germany
- Part 4. In English for the emigrated family from the Netherlands to the United States with the name Boerkoel and history of the Netherlands and Germany

This section also clearly separates data from the past 100 years and the present, due to privacy regulations. This can be helpful in determining publication formats. The ancestor numbering system has also been addressed; see the explanation in that chapter.

The family crest has also been officially in effect since 2023.

To provide some clarity to the family tree, the "book version" attempted to record the ancestors, parents, children, and grandchildren of every person whose birth surname was Boerkoel. It's clear that this isn't always successful. Sometimes there are no children, sometimes biological parents are unknown, sometimes no registration has taken place in the past, sometimes children have disappeared through relocation abroad, and sometimes it's simply a mystery. Despite everything, the Netherlands, in particular, proves to be a country where much information about our ancestors can still be accurately traced. I've compiled what I was able to find here. If you have any additions such as photos, stories, publications, certificates, etc., that you would like to include in this family tree, please don't hesitate to contact me. Thank you in advance.

Despite my translation issues, enjoy reading.

Ronald Jan Boerkoel

Renesse, October 2025

Lisse, March 1989

Preface from the 1989 written edition by Jeannet (translated into English)

Dear family and namesakes

At the beginning of this book, one might ask: "Who is family, and who is (only?) a namesake?" A second cousin, yes, and a second-second cousin no...? A great-uncle, yes, and a great-great-aunt no...?

Following the call in the Margriet magazine of November 6, 1987, several people responded. Almost all of them were strangers to me. But by working on our family tree together and sharing stories, we got to know each other better. And then I thought: "What difference does it make, anyway, who is and isn't family?" By the end of this book, once you know the relationships and have read the stories, you can form your own opinion.

Jeannet Pasterkamp-Boerkoel,

Lisse, 24 of March 1989

ondernemen met ...
schrijf het op en stuur het ...

Ik ben ...
deren. Ik ...
endbureau.
endinnen nu
voel ik me een
ander. Wie uit
omgeving verkeert
omstandigheden en
ik contact op te ne-
en lotgenote? Als je
ik houdt van poezen,
kokkerellen; van sa-
ad ingaan om te win-
loffie te drinken hoop
reactie van je. JENNY
1, MORELSTRAAT 24,
HAAG.

Wie heet als wij? Ik zoek gege-
vens over de familie **Hartog** voor
mijn onderzoek. MEVR. M. HAR-
TOG, H. SEGHERSLAAM 80, 7944
LG MEPPEL. Contact gezocht met
hen die geïnteresseerd zijn in
onderzoek naar de familienaam
Bergacker/Bergakker. TH. MA-
GER-BERGACKER, DE ZAALSTE-
DEN 23, 9461 CS GIETEN. Wie heet
Sandfort, net als wij? Familie-
gegevens zijn welkom bij J. SAN-
DIFORT, WERF 7, 1435 KP RIJSEN-
HOUT. **Boerkoel** heet ik. Voor
mijn stamboom zoek ik contact
met naamgenoten. J. BOERKOEL,
P. POTTERSTRAAT 3, 2162 BS LISSE.

ee:
lijk
mij
voo
kind
mijn
BOER
WOL

Leeft:
vrouw
leefft
Oost
bezo

MARGRIET, POSTBUS 497, 1000 AL AMSTERDAM. SCHRIJF OP DE
"FK VAN DE ENVELOP 'BESTE MENSEN' CONTACTADVERTENTIES"
IN BU VOORBAAT UITGESLOTEN.

Source: Margriet magazine 6-11-1987

2. The Family tree research.

In this chapter I want to delve deeper into the genealogical research itself, and the results that come from it, both in detail and in broader terms.

The sources used, and how to handle them.

First, the 1989 printed publication by Jeannet Pasterkamp-Boerkoel was used. At that time, digitization had barely begun. Word processing was still done on a typewriter, and this publication was therefore mimeographed. The information Jeannet collected was therefore primarily obtained through time-consuming visits to family and archival institutions. Jeannet eventually built up her own archive. Unfortunately, after her death, due to the concerns of her loved ones, I was no longer able to access this archive. Fortunately, the 1989 printed edition has since been digitized, and relevant aspects could be incorporated into the current digital edition. It also turned out that much of the material Jeannet collected can now be found online, and much more.

Starting digitization.

So, thanks to modern computers and the internet, it became possible to make a huge leap forward in family tree research. The first important step was the use of a genealogical computer program. I chose the program GensDataPro, published by the Dutch Association for Genealogy, of which I am also a member. This program has the advantage of linking genealogical sources to the CBG digital archive (website: wiewaswie.nl). The CBG is the central digital Dutch archive where population registrations have been digitized since at least 1800. Various provincial and municipal archives in the Netherlands have also been digitized, with much of the information often freely accessible, as far as privacy permits. A Facebook page, "Stamboom Boerkoel", was also launched at that time, which has since been joined by many of the same namesakes. An account was also created at genealogieonline.nl as a digital office, supported by various facilities. All of this has led to many new contacts with family.

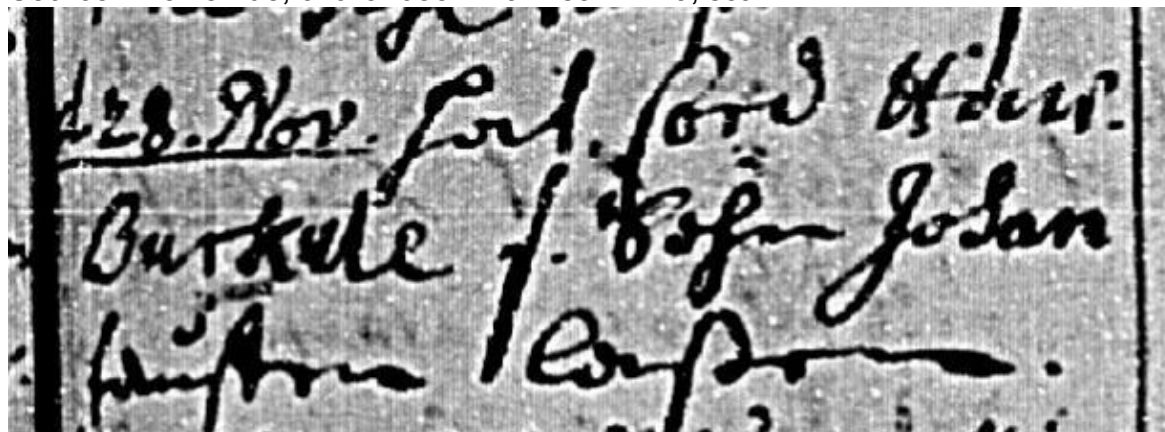
Jeannet's entire written publication was subsequently digitized in GensDataPro, and checked and expanded with digital data from the CBG, other archives, family, etc. This largely resulted in the digital version. Thanks to the possibilities of the internet, it appears that the Dutch family tree could largely be worked out up to the present day. The only thing missing at the time was the German section, which was supposed to precede it.

Archion.de

Meanwhile, the German family tree also turned out to be available digitally. However, accessing this information was much more difficult. The only clue was that Johann Burkuhl, who emigrated to the Netherlands, must have been born in Warmсен sometime around 1730. In Germany, until around 1875, baptism, marriage, and death records were only available in church records, which recorded these records locally depending on the church you were a member of. At a genealogy fair, a representative of the website Archion.de gave me free access for a week to browse their website. Archion.de has already created digital scans of many church records, which you could view in Archion. One problem with this might be that you would need to be able to read the old German handwriting. It turned out that Warmсен was probably located somewhere north of Minden and was primarily Lutheran. Thanks to this free pass, research in the digitized scans of Warmсен's Lutheran church record soon yielded results. I had found Johann Burkuh!!!!

See next picture of churchbook scan

Source: Archion.de, churchbook Warmsen 1729, scan 72.



Transcription: Den 28-ten Nov. hat Cord Heinrich Burkule sein Sohn Johann taufen lassen.

(In English: On November 28th, Cord Heinrich Burkule had his son Johann baptized.)

And it turned out there was much more to be found. In early 2025, I took out a three-month subscription to Archion.de to see which church records still contained Burkuhls. This research revealed more than 350 Burkuhl scans in 42 church records. Copies were made of all the Burkuhl scans found, transcriptions were made, and documented in a separate compilation file. This compilation file largely enabled a reconstruction of the German family tree. The beginning of this family tree is included in all four volumes of this digital publication, with the relevant source references for each family for the scans found in the scanned church records.

The German family tree.

Research through Archion.de in German church records have shown that the eldest Burkuhl must have been born around 1606. German church records began recording this information around 1675. The purpose of this recording was actually unclear. Who decided to start these registrations? Who decided which information should be recorded? This was likely triggered by the Reformation. Since the Council of Trent (1545-1563), the separation between the Catholic and Protestant churches became definitive. This meant that each faith had to clarify and establish its own identity. The subsequent recordings in the church records were therefore primarily intended to identify your faith and which associated facilities you could participate in, or claim, otherwise you might commit sacrilege. If you moved to another place, you could therefore take your credentials from your old church to the church of the same faith in your new place of residence. So the registration was mainly a membership certificate to show whether you were friend or foe.

It's clear that these records weren't always sufficient for genealogical research. It was often recorded that "Father Johan Burkuhl had his son baptized on the date of baptism with the name Hendrik." So the date of birth remained unknown, as did the mother. Therefore, if someone remarried, that also remained unclear if it wasn't recorded, which happened quite often. And if there were multiple Johann Burkuhls around, the pastor knew whose child the child belonged to; after all, the main thing was membership in the relevant faith through the recording of the baptism.

Another problem was the naming. Not only Burkuhl existed, but also Buhrkuhl, Burkuhle(n), Buerkuhl, Burkuel, and so on. If written poorly, the name could also cause confusion with names like Lehmkuhl. Ultimately, around 1900, the name was officially registered in Germany as "Burkuhl" by the government. German family members who emigrated to the Netherlands around 1750 were given the official name "Boerkoel" by the Dutch authorities, which phonetically sounds the same in Dutch as "Burkuhl" in German. But variations also occurred in the Netherlands, such as Boerkool, Boercool, Boerekool, Borkoel, and so on. The Dutch Boerkoel family who emigrated to the United States retained the Dutch name Boerkoel. German families who emigrated to the United States changed their name to "Buhkuhl." This means that in the United States, the same family lives with two different names, Boerkoel and Buhrkuhl, and probably don't know each other. For clarity, I'm using only three different names in this family tree: Burkuhl for the family in Germany, Boerkoel for the family in the Netherlands who emigrated from the Netherlands to the United States, and Buhrkuhl for the family who emigrated from Germany to the United States.

Leese, den 5. November 1959
 Auf Anordnung des Amtsge-
 richts Vorden/Aller vom 22. Sep-
 tember 1959 - 5 III 62-67/59 -
 wird benachrichtigt, vermerkt,
 daß der Familienname
 "Burkuhl" geschrieben wird.
 Der Komplexbeamte
 J. H. H.

The "Standesamtregister". (register of the German state office)

The German church registers continued to record until 1875. After that, this registration was transferred to the non-ecclesiastical "Standesamtregister" or "Personenstandregister" (Personal Register) maintained by the local municipal authorities. Around 1800, Napoleon had already made attempts to do this in Germany. However, this provoked such opposition from both the churches and the inhabitants that after Napoleon's departure, the old situation was resumed. Clearly, these situations were not always conducive to accurate registration. But in 1871, Germany, which had been divided until then, became a unit in the form of the German Empire with Emperor Wilhelm I (Wilhelm Friedrich Ludwig von Hohenzollern), who had been King of Prussia since 1861. This was due to the Franco-Prussian War of 1870-1871, in which Napoleon III opposed the appointment of Leopold von Hohenzollern. France was defeated, Napoleon III imprisoned, and the French Republic returned.

Nevertheless, it wasn't Leopold, but Wilhelm I, who became emperor. And for convenience, a few years later the Standesamtregister (Standesamt Register) was also definitively introduced for all of Germany. A certificate was drawn up for every birth, marriage, and death, which was stored in an indexed archive. Unfortunately, the Archion.de website doesn't have a digital version of this. I discovered that I needed a subscription to Ancestry.com for this. They had many digital scans of these certificates from the Nienburg District. This research provided a nice, well-matched record with the church records. This allowed me to further develop the German family tree back to births in 1925. All the certificates found from the Standesamtregisters are stored in my archive and can be consulted if desired. The results of this research can be found in part 1, the complete German family tree. Parts 2, 3, and 4 each include the beginning of the German family tree, but are further detailed to the country of emigration.

The last hundred years in Germany, the Netherlands and America.

In the original printed edition by Jeannet Pasterkamp-Boerkoel in 1989, there was no mention of digitization, nor was there any privacy legislation. Therefore, this publication still contained a great deal of information about people who were still alive at the time. Officially, this is no longer possible due to numerous privacy laws. Consequently, in Germany, little information about the last hundred years of the family tree is available digitally. Connecting to the present can only be achieved through individual research by each family.

In the Netherlands, however, a great deal of information about the last hundred years can be found online. Many birth, marriage, and death notices from digitized newspapers often provide sufficient genealogical information. Social media from 2000 onward, as well as other digital sources, also provide useful information. Combined with the information from Jeannet's publication, this has made it possible to partially connect the family tree to the present day in the Netherlands.

In the United States, even more information may be available online. However, many digital resources are only accessible through a fee. The Familysearch website was a good, freely accessible resource, as were the obituaries published by the families themselves, which provide a wealth of genealogical information. The freely accessible Spokeo website, social media, and various others also provided this information. So, despite the US government's privacy regulations, Americans are still publishing freely. Even there, the family tree could largely be developed to date.

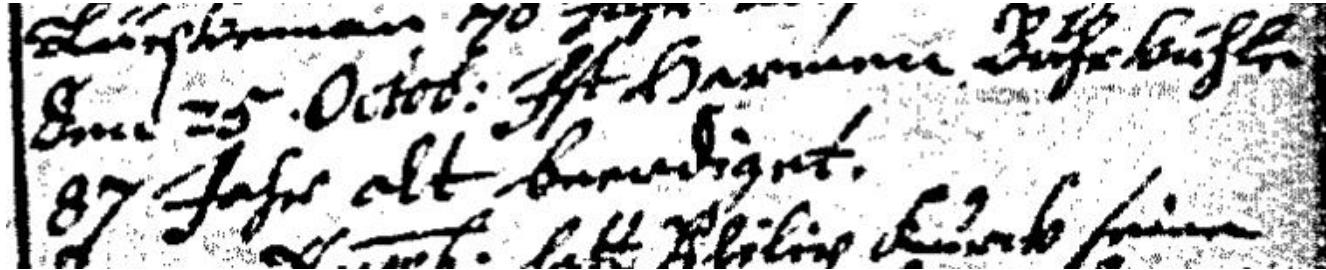
Sometimes it was unclear which family someone came from. To still give everyone a place in the family tree, a suitable solution sometimes had to be found, and in such cases, this is indicated in the publication with the relevant person/family, along with reasoning. In reality, there weren't many problematic cases, and there was often enough indirect information available to allow for a most plausible choice. Also, because it wasn't a particularly large family, the options for a solution were limited. However much a genealogist might want to provide the utmost proof for every family relationship, under these circumstances, that's an impossible goal. You can't avoid having to make unexpectedly questionable decisions sometimes.

It should be clear that I will not be publishing general publications covering the last hundred years. Only upon request will I share specific information with families about their part of the family tree.

3. The further development of the family Buhrkuhl

As mentioned before, the oldest traceable Burkuhl was born around 1606. That is Hermann Burkuhl.

Source: Archion.de, Churchbook Warmsen, 1693, Scan 24



Transcription: Den 25 Octob ist Hermann Buhrkuhle 87 Jahr alt beerdigt. (so he should have been born around 1606, assuming the age of 87 is correct, but actually that is not so important here)..

But where did Hermann Burkuhl come from? That's a difficult question to answer, because no further data exists. But perhaps something can be said about it indirectly. But that will always remain speculation. First of all, there's the Thirty Years' War (1618-1648). The Burkuhls apparently lived in Warmßen, Germany, near Minden and near by the Weser River. The Weser was an important border region at the time, and thus the scene of many warring factions of various stripes: various bishoprics, counties, principalities, religions, and all the major European countries of the time. This war was primarily a religious war between Protestants and Catholics. The question is therefore whether Hermann Burkuhl was actually born in Warmßen in 1606, or whether he arrived there later, during or after the war. The idea that the Burkuhl family didn't always live in this region also stems from the fact that the surname was relatively rare at the time compared to other surnames.

This genealogical research has also revealed that there were already Burkuhls around Bremen at the time. A problem with this is that Archion.de doesn't have any digital church records from Bremen. Bremen has its own genealogical society that apparently manages these records, but it cannot or will not make this data available digitally. However, Ancestry does show that Johann Friedrich Burkuhl had a daughter baptized in 1679, and in 1675, a daughter of Hermann Burkuhl from Warmsen married Victor Bok in Bremen. The church records in Bremen apparently begin as early as 1575, so perhaps something can still be found there. However, you would have to stay in Bremen for a while to find them.

But things weren't exactly pleasant in Bremen at that time either. In 1654, the first war broke out between Bremen and Sweden over control of that area. This proved to be poorly resolved in the Peace of Westphalia of 1648. Although another truce was agreed upon in 1654, the problem remained unresolved. This led to another war with Sweden in 1666, the second war over the same issue. However, a solution was finally found that year, and Bremen remained independent. Whether Hermann Burkuhl moved to Warmsen because of the problems in Bremen, or whether the peace in Bremen after 1666 created more opportunities to move from Warmsen to Bremen, remains a mystery. Near Bremen, however, there was a well-known place at the time, Burg, on the Lesum tributary of the Weser River, which was indeed a defensive structure and was involved in the skirmishes. One might therefore wonder if that place had anything to do with our family name. In any case, Hermann Burkuhl remained in Warmsen until his death in 1693.

The first step of emigration.

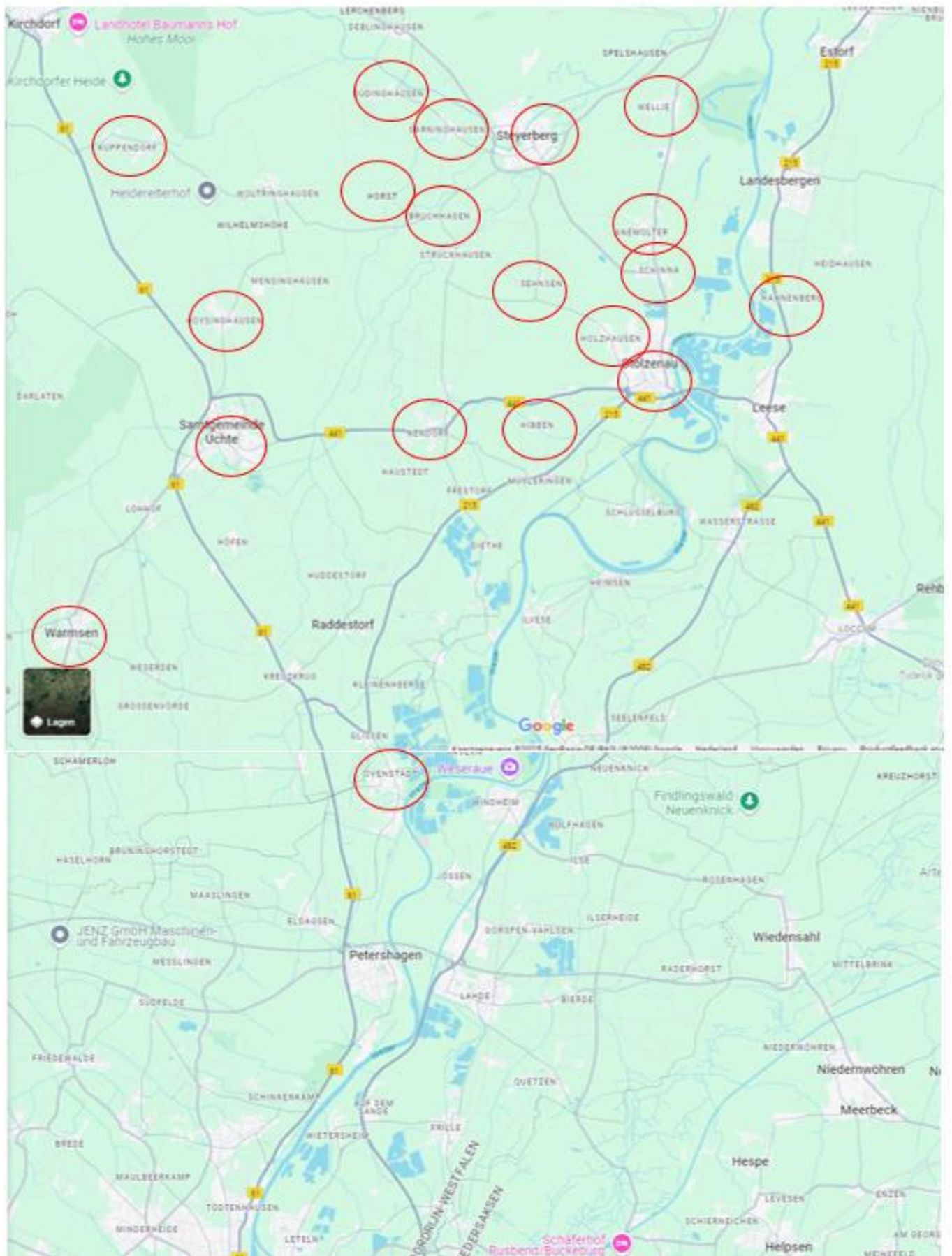
Although things remained calm for a while afterward, the German Lutherans from the Osnabrück/Minden area were mostly poor farmers in serfdom after the Thirty Years' War. This was partly due to the extensive plundering and destruction of people, their homes, and livestock, but also because of the rather infertile, sandy, and marshy soil. In addition to their agricultural work, these farmers necessarily also had various home-based crafts to supplement their income, such as textiles, trade, clog-making, carpentry, or mercenary work. So, essentially, they had to grab what they could get; they had to put food on the table.

Because of these poor economic conditions, it soon became widely known that the economy and employment in neighboring Netherlands were much better thanks to the wealth after the Golden Age, the dry mills, and the boom in shipbuilding. As a result, many seasonal workers from these regions temporarily traveled to the Netherlands during the summer months via now-familiar trade routes. Warmsen was also located near such a trade route, which ran into the Netherlands via Minden and Osnabrück, Bad Bentheim, and Oldenzaal. This was the reason why Cord Hinrich Burkuhl (1697) from Warmsen, his sons Johann (1729) and Dirck (1735), and his nephew Cord Johann (1733), also made these lucrative journeys. It is unknown when they began. Perhaps Cord Hinrich initially traveled alone, and only later did his sons and nephew join him, known as Hollandgänger, on their way to the "land of Pattjan." The peak of this trade route, or Töddenroute, was around 1750.

In Germany, a complex war unfolded again between 1756 and 1763, with the Prussians, French, English, Swedes, and Austrians as key players, vying for both power and religious reasons. This seven-year war already resembled a world war, as the conflict also took place in America. One of the "highlights" of this war in the Osnabrück/Minden region was the Battle of Hastenbeck (near Minden) in July 1757. The French won the Battle of Hastenbeck, bringing the area around Warmsen back under French (Catholic) influence, with all the attendant religious and administrative consequences. It seems this was the last straw for our ancestors from that region.

Around 1757, these four Lutheran Burkuhls settled in (the area surrounding) Haarlem and officially registered with the Lutheran Church of Haarlem. Their motivations were crystal clear: peace, work, and freedom of religion. In recent years, it was primarily Belgians who officially registered with the Lutheran Church in Haarlem. But later, German emigrants gained the upper hand. The German Burkuhl family was given a new name in the Netherlands, one that better suited the Dutch language: Boerkoel. Their faith also changed. Initially Lutheran, many later converted to the then-established Dutch church, the Reformed Church. This proved to have economic advantages in trade and employment. In terms of employment, the Dutch Boerkoels initially focused more on horticulture, flower bulb cultivation, and the related trade, but they also increasingly found themselves in government positions.

In the next chart you can see that the Burkuhls more and more moved from Warmsen to the north in Germany.



Source: googlemaps with own data

The second emigration step.

Around 1800, living conditions were again threatened by the arrival of Napoleon and French rule. Bremen lost its independence as a free Hanseatic city and became later the capital of the *département des Bouches du Weser*. Nienburg was also part of that *département*, but Warmсен was once again located in the neighboring *département der Ober-Ems*. The new French legislation changed old German customs and traditions. The organizational structure of the German national government was modified according to the French model. The French language was also introduced in the writing of deeds. This period lasted until 1813, after which Napoleon was forced to retreat. After that, everything was restored as much as possible into the old German situation. Bremen became a free Hanseatic city again, the Duchy of Oldenburg and the Kingdom of Hanover returned, and where possible, all reorganizations were reversed. Whether this significantly improved everything is doubtful. Nevertheless, global developments had been initiated that would soon change Germany as well. Meanwhile, in America, the American War of Independence (1775-1783) had ended. This gave rise to a new, first real democratic state in the world, consisting of 13 former colonies. In the subsequent period, the territory of the United States expanded significantly. Texas joined in 1836. And in 1846-1848, the Mexican-American War took place again, after which California also joined.

These developments also permeated Europe, but especially in those places in Europe that had connections to America. Bremen, for example, was one such place. Trade with America grew from Europe, thanks in part to ever-larger ships and the development of steam engines. Consequently, more and more shipping to America came from Bremen, and reports of the beautiful, endless, free land grew. It's no wonder, then, that these stories reached the Burkuhl family, and that they were enthused by them.

THE SHIP PRINTING CO. - 9-9-97-0000			
1314-1-25		City	
Family name BURKHUHL		Given name HEINR.	
Accompanied by			
Age	Sex	U. S.	Occupation
35	M	✓	LABOURER
Last permanent residence (town, country, etc.)		Nationality	
		HANNOVER	
Port of entry BALTIMORE, MD.		Destination	
		UNITED STATES	
Name of vessel MERIDIAN		Date OCT. 17 1835	

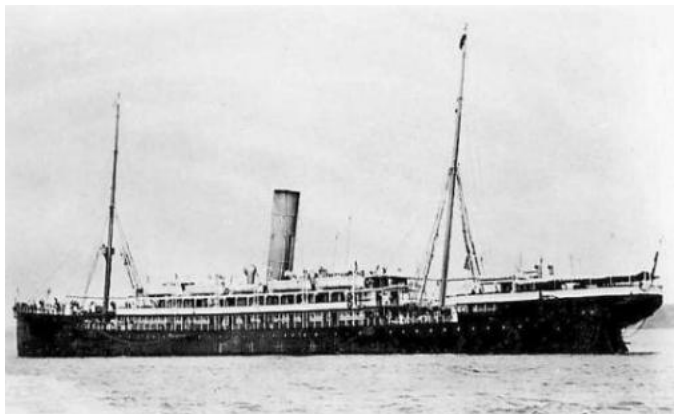
187 W



- The first Burkuhl to leave for America was **Johan Heinrich (1800)**, who was apparently still single and left for the United States in 1835 at the age of 35 on the SS Meridian. He arrived there on October 17, 1835. Nothing more is known about him, so one can only guess what happened to him in America.

Subsequent Burkuhlen also emigrated to America. It is suspected that they didn't always make the crossing on the now-larger passenger lines, as nothing can sometimes be found in those archives. The presumption is that, through their contacts with Bremen, they traveled to America on smaller boats from smaller companies, where formal registration was considered less important. Therefore, it is not always clear when the crossing to America was made. See the following events:

- **Johan Heinrich Ludwig (1819)** is the branch that began in St. Louis (Washington, Illinois). He apparently also came to America as a bachelor. When he was not yet 30 years old, he married Frederike Lehmkuhl in St. Louis in 1848. This means he must have crossed over sometime before 1848. They settled as farmers in Stockton, east of St. Louis, and he later married twice more, and all their children were born there.
- **Heinrich Friedrich August (1838) ***
Radensleben is the branch that began in Texas (south of Amarillo). According to Familysearch, Heinrich emigrated to America with his entire family, except for his two eldest daughters, in 1892. They made the crossing on the Norddeutsche Lloyd passengership SS Darmstadt. In Texas, they first settled as farmers. Heinrich had four sons, all of whom married and had children in America.



Then there were a number of non-descendants:

- **Marie Sophie Catharina Burkuhl (1829) *** Fischer, and her sister
- **Marie Wilhelmine Dorothea (Doris) (1844) *** Wilhelm/Hofmann, and her sister
- **Marie Dorothee Wilhelmine (1832) *** -?

And the sisters:

- **Doris Sophie (1876)** from Hoysinghausen, started as a servant for a New York family,
- **Marie (Mary) (1881)** followed a few years later at the age of 16, with her sister paying for her passage in 1897 on the SS Havel 1 of the Norddeutsche Lloyd. She married Ludemann a year later in New York, and by the 1920 census they already had three daughters..

But who is **Mina Burkuhl**, who arrived in the US at the age of 19 on the SS New York of the Norddeutsche Lloyd on March 25, 1868? She should have been born around 1849. But nothing of this can be found in the family tree. Research on the Familysearch website provided a bit more information. Her full name should be **Wilhelmine Minnie Anni Burkuhl**, born on October 27, 1850 in Bruchhagen. But there is only indirect evidence for this from American sources. Her parents are therefore unknown. According to Familysearch, however, she could be the daughter of Johann



Ludwig Burkuhl (1808). But no proof is provided for this. Looking at our family tree, it also appears impossible. Johan Ludwig Burkuhl had eight children, of whom Sophie Dorothee was born on April 26, 1850, according to the official certificate. It's therefore impossible for another child to be born six months later. But who would her parents be then? Looking at the family tree, the only real possibility is **Johan Heinrich Dietrich Burkuhl (1819)**. He married Sophie Dorothe Stöteler from Kirchdorf on June 30, 1850. They also lived near Bruchhagen. Mina would then have been born four months later, something that wasn't entirely unusual at the time. She thus became the first daughter of four children, two of whom died prematurely. As the eldest daughter, she would also have had the character to dare to go to America at the age of nineteen. On the other hand, it appears that Familysearch data can be unreliable if no sources are cited!

Passenger list of Mina Burkuhl's arrival in New York: (source Familysearch)

NAMES.	AGE.		SEX.	OCCUPATION.	The Country to which they severally belong.
	YEARS.	MONTHS.			
Thos. Meyer	51		m	Farmer	Switzerland
Olivia	26		f		
Fr. Framann	30		m	Ship	N.S.
Fr.	5				
Mina Burkuhl	19		f		Germany

Unfortunately, developments in the United States weren't always peaceful either. The Civil War raged from 1861 to 1865, and it's unknown whether the Burkuhl family participated in it, nor what its consequences were. Slavery was abolished in 1865, which also brought considerable economic problems to southern states like Texas. Emigration also proved to be a seismic shift for the family tree. In the eighth generation, Germany still had eight Burkuhl families. In the ninth generation, there were only three families. However, the Franco-Prussian War of 1871 likely had little impact on the German Burkuhls.

Besides wars, epidemics could also significantly decimate the population. Around 1770, for example, the bubonic plague was a recurring issue throughout Europe due to the Russo-Turkish War. This was just after Johann Burkuhl's emigration to the Netherlands in 1751 and just after the Seven Years' War. Incidentally, frequent disease outbreaks were possible until the 20th century, when medical research led to the discovery of the bacterium, the vaccine, and hygiene measures.

The third emigration phase.

The third emigration phase followed, first with **Lucas Boerkoel (1865)**, who went together with Arie Prook. Arie Prook was a brother of Rensje Boerkoel's husband (1859), and Rensje was a second cousin of Lucas. They left Rotterdam for America in 1891 on the SS Maasdam of the NASM (see pages 82 and 83). What became of Arie Prook is unfortunately unknown.

Then followed by:

- **Aaltje Boerkoel (born 1868)**, married Klaas Mars in 1903. Klaas Mars was a baker. They then emigrated to the United States and ended up in Seattle. There they started a family, the Mars family.
- **Antonetta Boerkoel (born 1882)**, married Hendrik Willem Serdijn in 1904 in Haarlem. They then left for the United States and settled in Lewiston, MI. There they started a family.
- **Neeltje Boerkoel (1861)**, married in 1887 to Lambertus Moodoo. They initially lived in the Dutch East Indies, but after the fall of the colony after World War II, they emigrated with their family to Australia.
- **Catharina Christina Boerkoel (1878)**, married Wilhelmus Johannes Rooijers in 1904 in Haarlem. Wilhelmus was a baker and emigrated to the United States, to Paterson. It seems his wife Catharina couldn't cope with this, because she returned a few years later, and the divorce was finalized in Haarlem in 1917. There are no children.
- **Marijtje Boerkoel (1896)**, went to the United States with Folkert Spoor in 1920. There they married, lived first in Albany (OR) as Maxine and Frank, later in Los Angeles.
- In 1912, **Cornelis Franciscus Boerkoel (born 1860)** moved with his entire family of five sons and one daughter from the Netherlands to Grand Rapids, Michigan. As a furniture maker, he

found good work in the more industrialized north. Grand Rapids was an area with many Dutch immigrants who helped each other and were often united in the Reformed Church, and where many place names had Dutch names.

The Burkuhls in the south were more likely to live in areas with many German immigrants, were predominantly Lutheran, and initially still worked in agriculture. Consequently, place names in these areas were given German names. The consequences of Cornelis Franciscus Boerkoel's emigration from the Netherlands to America had little impact on the Dutch family tree. In the 9th generation, there are 12 Dutch families, and in the 10th generation, there are already 15 families, despite his departure.

The fourth emigration step

- **Dale Lavon Buhrkuhl (born 1942)**, who moved to New Zealand in 1997. His daughter Mary owns a photo shop in Christchurch, and his son Daren Carl is a medical specialist in Auckland.

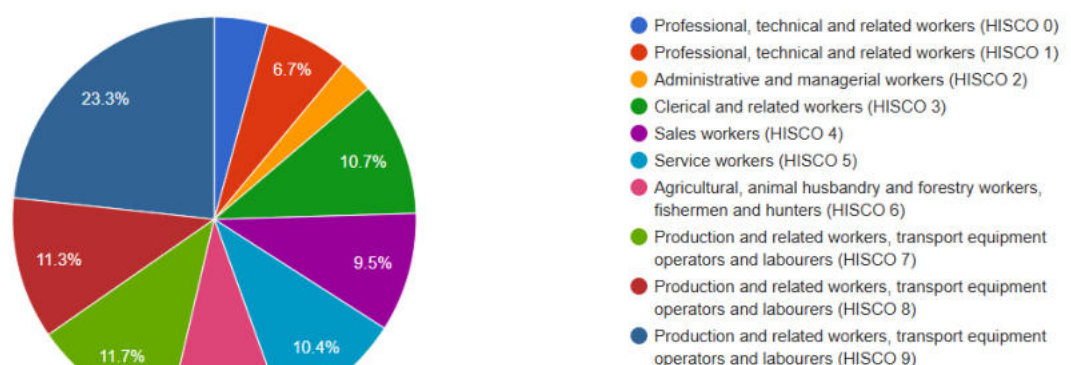
- **Anthonie Boerkoel (born 1955)** moved to the US to become a mathematics professor at the Digipen Institute in Redmond, Washington state. He is also an avid chess player, and in his old age in Seattle, he has plenty of time to devote to it.

Current status 2025

The overview above shows the general development of the Burkuhl family since 1606. Hermann Burkuhl could never have imagined this. Outside of Germany, there are currently approximately 40 families with an estimated 150 people. If you include in-laws, this number is many times higher. In Germany itself, this number now seems to be less than 10 families with an estimated number of fewer than 25 people. Most Burkuhls are no longer in agriculture, but sometimes in surprisingly different professions, such as Jan-Carsten Burkuhl, who achieved great success as a WDSF athlete in dance in Germany. And so, every Burkuhl has found his path. But whatever we became, we had Hermann Burkuhl as a connecting ancestor.

Distribution of occupations (based on the HISCO classification)

The pie chart below shows the distribution of the 326 found and recognized occupations in the main categories of the [HISCO classification](#).



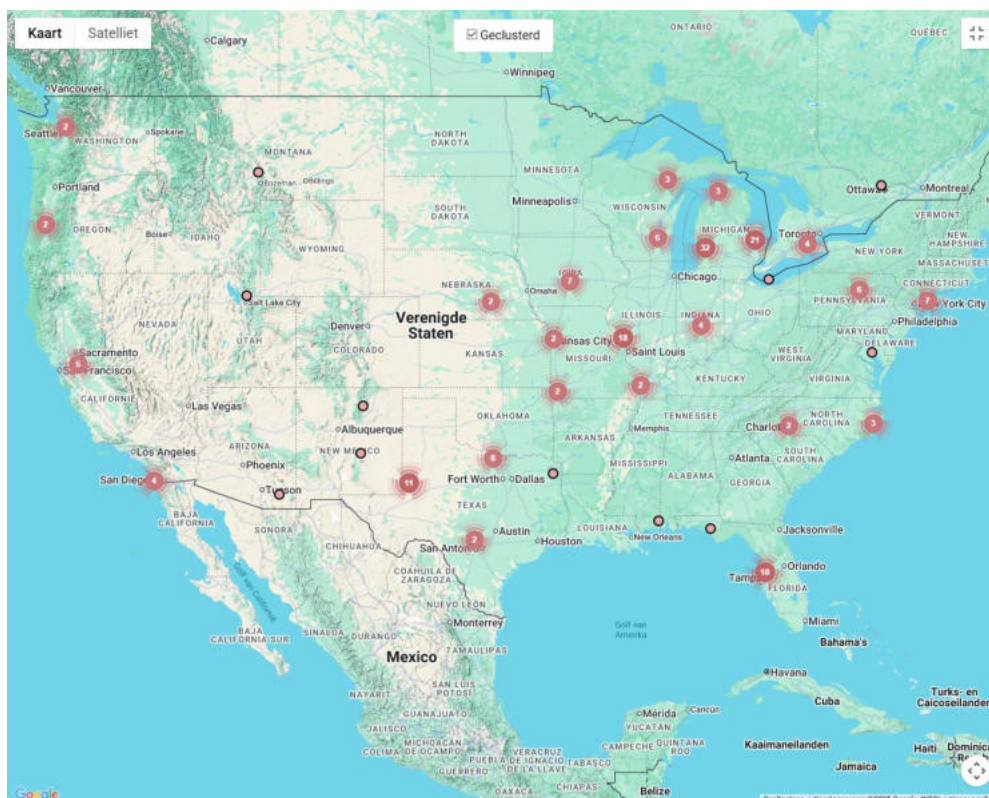
Source: Genealogieonline.nl

The distribution of Burkuhl/Boerkoel in Germany and the Netherlands:



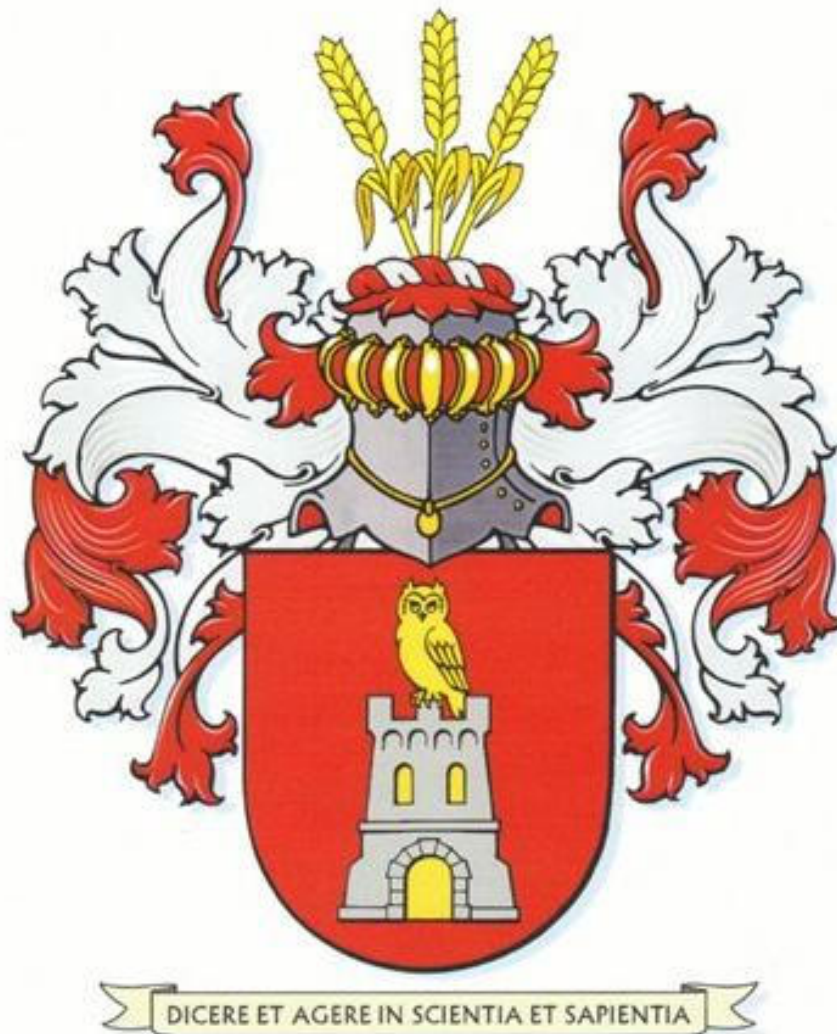
Source: Genealogieonline.nl

The distribution of Boerkoel/Buhrkuhl in the United States:



Source: Genealogieonline.nl

4. The coat of arms of the family Burkuhl/Boerkoel/Buhrkuhl



Burkuhl
Boerkoel
Buhrkuhl

5. Design principles.

Jeannet Pasterkamp-Boerkoel and Ronald Boerkoel strongly advocated for a coat of arms for the Boerkoel family. Initially, it seemed that a coat of arms already existed, but when this proved not to be the case, they decided to design a new one. Extensive historical research was conducted for this purpose (see above), and the requirements are described below. The coat of arms was designed in collaboration with the Netherlands Heraldic College (NGV). Official registration took place through this channel in 2023. Permission was also granted to the CBG for further publication.

Heraldic principles

When designing a new coat of arms, several principles must be observed to achieve a heraldically stylish and strong coat of arms. It is also essential to ensure that the coat of arms is unique to the family in question and does not create confusion or suggest affinities or pretenses. One of the most important things to do is to avoid shield divisions (intersected, divided, quartered, etc.). In most cases, this suggests a combination of several separate coats of arms. Even if one does not combine complete shields, but only symbols in this way as a kind of collage, this does not create unity; it essentially becomes a jigsaw puzzle. Instead, it is important to find a way to merge the various characteristic family motifs into a complete coat of arms. This can be achieved by choosing symbols and colours (heraldic colours and ‘metals’) in such a way that a clear and uncluttered, unified coat of arms is created. It is important to limit the colours used and the variety of pieces to what can be seen at a glance. (That is an essential characteristic of heraldic expression.) Colours (the basic colours and the two ‘metals’ gold and silver alternating), and ideally only two, and preferably no more than three; because with colours it already starts to become a gaudy carnival. The number of pieces used should also not be too excessive. You should be able to say: ‘that coat of arms with the horseshoes’, etc., and not also have to try to spot a tree, plough, etc. Certain symbolism can sometimes also be expressed through colour.

Justification of heraldic elements of the Boerkoel family coat of arms design:

The chosen priority was the portrayal of the name castle owl (original German name: Burkuhl: i.e. Burg-Uhl, in old German). This is vividly represented by an owl on top a castle. A bird or other animal on a castle (tower) is more common in heraldry, but this is not known for an owl and does not exist in these colors. This creates a strong unique image. Given the aforementioned heraldic principles and limitations, it is a combination

not possible with the horse heads, but it is possible in the colors. The colors chosen are therefore in accordance with the main colors of the characteristic symbols in Saxon regions (in the regional coats of arms), the Saxon steed, the stiepels with horse heads, the castles: all are generally depicted in silver on red. Three stalks of corn have been placed as a helmet sign; These are also in the coat of arms of the municipality of Uchte, which Warmssen falls under, thus symbolizing the region of origin and agricultural background of the family.

The motto under the coat of arms: “DICERE ET AGERE IN SCIENTIA ET SAPIENTIA” means: “Speak and Act with Knowledge and Wisdom”

The motto itself was designed with considerations on the one hand, the owl in the coat of arms, and on the other hand, the relationship of many Boerkoelen with education and science as well as (agricultural) nature. Due to the fact that the Boerkoel family was originally of evangelical Lutheran origin, the castle also refers to the Lutheran motto: “Eine feste Burg ist unser Gott”. (**“A solid castle is our God”**)

6. Ancestor numbering.

In genealogy, various numberings are possible to designate people in the family tree. First of all, the question is whether you start from the current person to all parents and ancestors, or whether you start with the earliest ancestor and from there start numbering to the children and grandchildren and beyond. The latter is then called a lineage, and you start with the oldest known ancestor. You then have the choice to work out the family tree with only the male descendants (patrilineal series), or only the female descendants (matrilineal series), or with male and female descendants (called parentage). However, if you start from the current person (called the proband(us) or quarter bearer) to all ancestors, then there is a pedigree chart.

Numbering in the written family tree of 1989.

In the 1989 edition, Jeannet Pasterkamp-Boerkoel uses the patrilineal series, employing the numbering system I.a, whereby the Roman numeral I represents the generation and the successive letters represent the children born into that generation. The progenitor is the word for the first male person in the family tree. Only the male descendants are numbered here. Because it is not always clear whether living male descendants will start a family, they are also numbered.

I.a Progenitor

II.a Son

III.a Grand Son

III.b Grand Son

II.b Son

III.c Grand Son

III.d Grand Son

II.c Son

III.e Grand Son

And so on.....

The numbering system above is somewhat similar to that of the Meurgey de Tupigny system, where the number appearing in the written line of descent is replaced by a letter. While this is a nice, simple numbering system, it has the disadvantage that with increasing generations, 26 letters are no longer sufficient, and it's also no longer clear from which lineage someone descends.

Numbering in the new digital family tree.

Therefore, in addition to this old numbering, a new numbering system will be used in the digital family tree. For those interested, this is the numbering system according to Jacques d'Aboville, also known as the d'Aboville system. We will apply this numbering system here to the sons only. This is how it works:

- 1. Progenitor
 - 1.1 Son
 - 1.1.1 Grand Son
 - 1.1.2 Grand Son
 - 1.2 Son
 - 1.2.1 Grand Son
 - 1.2.2 Grand Son
 - 1.3 Son
 - 1.3.1 Grand Son
- And so on.....

The disadvantage is that with each subsequent generation, the numbering becomes increasingly longer. The advantage is that numbering can now be done "infinitely," and on the other hand, the lineage line has now become visible. The number 1.2.5.3.6.4 therefore signifies the 6th generation (6 digits), where the person in question is the 4th child of the 6th child of the 3rd child of the 5th child of the 2nd child of the progenitor.

This digital version uses both numbering schemes. That's the convenience of a digital version. This way, on the one hand, a connection can always be established with the original written version from 1989, and on the other hand, the new numbering scheme can continue indefinitely. The old numbering scheme ends in the digital version when new generations are mentioned that were not included in the original 1989 edition. So on top of each familychart you will find two numbers, the one according the Meurgey de Tupigny, and a second number according the d'Aboville system.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BURKUHL</i>	Generation: VIII.31
Familie/Family A.B. Burkuhl	No: 1.3.2.1.3.1.2.1

In this version, however, the family tree remains an elaboration of only the male descendants, because of the added stories, deeds, newspaper clippings, etc. A complete family tree without these stories is worked out as a pedigree chart.

Privacy.


This publication also distinguishes between generations from more than 100 years ago and later. Many of the later generations, which include family members less than 100 years old, may still be alive and may object to publication. This boundary is therefore extended every year. The family tree will therefore never be complete; new generations will always be added.

6. Legend and remarks

The following symbols may have been used in this document:

Symbol	Betekenis / Meaning
♂	Man / Man
♀	Vrouw / Woman
∅	Andere sekse / Other sex
★	Geboorte / Birth
♂	Geadopteerd / Adopted
~	Doop / Baptise
○	Ondertrouw / Betrothal
⚭	Getrouwd / Married
⚭	Einde huwelijk / Gescheiden / Divorce
✝	Overleden / Death
✕	Gesneuveld / Killed in action
□	Begraven / Interment
urn	Crematie / Cremation

7. Generations Germany until emigration.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>		Generation: I
Familie/Family: Hermann Burkuhl		No: 1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>	Burkuhl	?
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>	Hermann	?
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmesen, ±1606
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmesen, ?-10-1693
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmesen, 25-10-1693
	Geloof/Religion	
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer
	Vader/Father	
	Moeder/Mother	
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⊙	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⊗	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	

Sources of birth and death::

- Burkuhl, Hermann, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 24 (buried)
This scan shows that Hermann died at the age of 87 and that he must therefore have been born around 1606. Nothing else about Hermann can be found in the church records I examined.

The birth of Hermann Burkuhl's ancestors therefore lies somewhere in the last quarter of 1500, estimated around 1575. Around that time, the Peace of Augsburg was concluded in 1555. This peace established the freedom for Lower Saxony to practice the Lutheran faith. At that time, Warmesen was located in the county of Hoya, where the Evangelical Lutheran faith was primarily practiced. The Burkuhls therefore always adhered to this faith initially. This early period was characterized by relative peace, which allowed agriculture to flourish. Warmesen was (and still is) located in a large agricultural area, and the Burkuhls were therefore also farmers. A noteworthy article has also been written about the peasantry of that period; see the end of this publication.

Kinderen/Children: 1^e huwelijk

Voornamen/First Names Geslacht/Gender Stamboomnummer		Geboorte/Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/Marriage	Overleden/Deceased
		Doop/Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/Marriage	Begrafenis/Funeral
♂	Rolant 1.1	Warmesen, ± 1643	Margarethe ?	
				Warmesen, 23-07-1693
♀	Lisabeth	Warmesen, ± 1647	1671, Victor Bok	
♂	Hinrich 1.2	Warmesen, ± 1650	1677, A. Tatenhorst	
			1707, I. Riechmann	?
♂	Hermann 1.3	Warmesen, ± 1655	?	
				?
♀	Anne Margrethe			
				Warmesen, 12-05-1719


Indirect birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Rolant, because Rolant had reached the age of 50 when he died in 1693, his year of birth can be determined as approximately 1643
- Burkuhl, Hinrich, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 5, marriage. These first entries in the Warmesen church register reveal a Hinrich Burkuhl, who married Anna Tatenhorst in 1677. However, no ages or parents are given. Another name is mentioned, Johan Hillman (see the Source Book), presumably a deceased first husband. Hinrich was married to Anna for 30 years, until her death in 1707. If Hinrich married at, say, 27, he would have been born around 1650.
- Burkuhl, Hermann, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** Scan 15, 1685. (baptism) Hermann had his child Maria baptized in 1685. I haven't been able to find any further information about Hermann, only the birth is estimated around 1655.

Death sources:

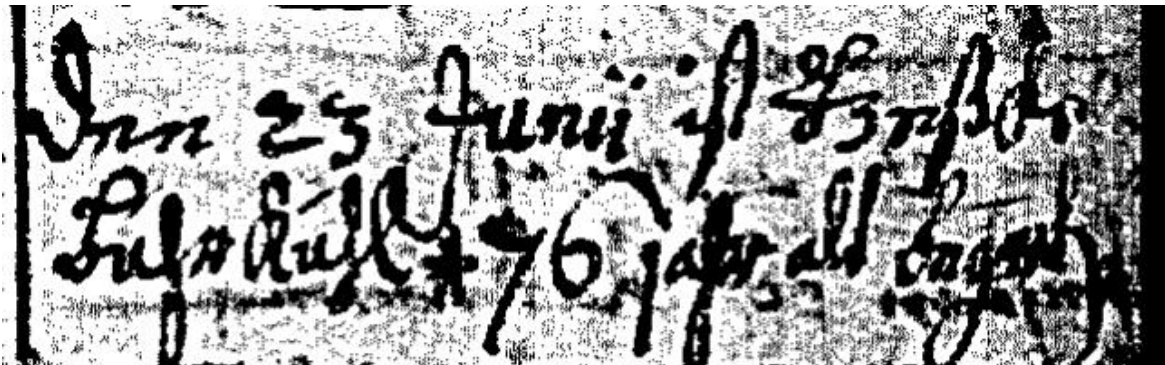
- Burkuhl, Rolant, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** Scan 24, 1693 (buried) shows that because of the age of 50 he must have been born around 1643. Burkuhl, Anne Margarethe, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch**, Scan 52, 1719. Since no age, parents, etc. are given, this is a mystery, added here as 2nd daughter.

The name Rolant:

- From the church records and consulted old first name lists, it's not clear whether  Rolant, Rolant, or... is meant. I'll stick with Rolant, as that's a bit more common. In principle, anything is possible: Rolof, Rolaf, Roelof, etc., etc. In later generations, a Rolf (with and without a double f) is clearly mentioned several times.

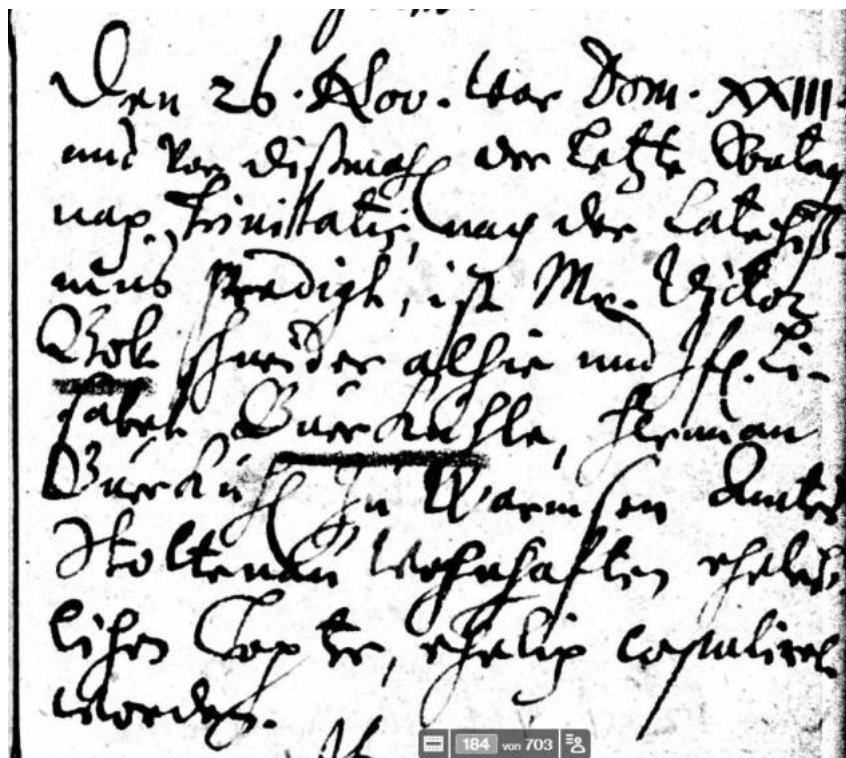
A riddle:

Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784 Scan 42, 1713




Transcription: Den 23 Junij 1713 ist ??? Buhrkuhle 76 Jahr alt begraben.

Because a dash is always written above the name Buhrkuhl on both u's, which is characteristic of the letter "u" written at that time, it really is the name Burkuhl. However, the given name is unclear to me. Considering his age, the person in question must have been born around 1637. However, his parents are not listed. Given the year of birth, he could have been a brother of Rolant (1643). However, I have been unable to find any further clues. This information is therefore too insufficient to do anything beyond these speculations.



- Sammlung Bremen, Evangelischer Kirchenbücher 1574-1945
- Transcription: Heirat in 26-11-1671: ...?...Trinitatis enz..ist Mr (Meister?) Victor Bok, Hader of Hoder (Beruf) alhier (=Bremen) und jfr (jungfrau) (E)lisabeth Burkuhle (in der Sankt Petri Dom Bremen,) Hermann Burhkuhls zu Warmesen in Amt Holtzhausen Wohnhaften, eheliche Tochter, ehelich copuliert worden.

- The above would mean that the aforementioned Hermann Burkuhl from Warmesen could be this first known Burkuhl. The marriage took place in 1671, so Lisabeth could have been born around 1645, which means Hermann had this daughter at about age 35. Unfortunately, no mother is mentioned here either.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL			Generation: II.1
Familie/Family: Rolant Burkuhl			No: 1.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	?	
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Rolant	Margarethe	
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmсен, ± 1643	±1638
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
☐	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmсен, 23-07-1693	Warmсен, 11-04-1690
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer	
	Vader/Father	Hermann Burkuhl	?
	Moeder/Mother	?	?
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	?	
⚰	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Birth source:

- It can be indirectly deduced from Rolant's date of death in 1693 that he must have been born around 1643 with the stated age of 50.
- It can be indirectly deduced from Margarethe's date of death in 1690 that she must have been born around 1638 with the stated age of 52 years.

Death source:

- Burkuhl born? , Margarethe, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 20, (buried)
- Burkuhl, Rolant, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 24, (buried)

Kinderen/ Children:

Voornamen/ First Names Geslacht/ Gender Stamboomnummer		Geboorte/ Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Overleden/ Deceased
		Doop/ Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Begrafenis/ Funeral
♂	Dirck	Warmesen, ± 1667	Ilse Nitert	
				Warmesen, 16-07-1734
♂	Hinrich 1.1.1	Warmesen, ± 1669	Christine Rodenberg	?
		?		Warmesen, 07-03-1679
♂	Hermann 1.1.2	Warmesen, ± 1671	1701, Lucia Geseke Ziegenhirt	
		?		Schinna, 21-08-1737
♂	Rolant			?
		Warmesen, 19-07-1676		?
♂	Johan Harm 1.1.3	Warmesen, ?	Lucia Ehrichs	
♀	Margarethe Elisabeth	?		?
		Warmesen, 04-07-1680		Warmesen, 28-02-1685

Indirect birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Hinrich, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan , (bapt.)
- Burkuhl, Hermann, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan , (bapt.)

Birth sources:


- Burkuhl, Rolant, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 4, (bapt.)
- Burkuhl, Margarethe Elisabeth, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 9, (bapt.)

Death sources:

- **Kirchenbuch Warmesen**, Scan 79, 1734 Den 16 July ist Dirck Burkuhle 66 Year old begraben, (buried)
- Burkuhl, Margarethe Elisabeth, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 15, (buried)
- Burkuhl, Hermann, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1672-1774**, scan 94 (buried)

Matrimonial Sources:

- Burkuhl, Dirck – Ilse Nitert, **Kirchenbuch Warmesen**, Scan 82, 1736, Den 10 Febr is Dirck Burkuhle Frau Ilse Nitert 60 year old buried.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL			Generation: II.2
Familie/Family: Hinrich sr. Burkuhl			No: 1.2
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :		Burkuhl	Tatenhorst
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :		Hinrich	Anna
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmesen, ±1650	±1657
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		Warmesen, 13-07-1707
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer	
	Vader/Father	Hermann Burkuhl	
	Moeder/Mother		
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Hi(b)ben, 18-11-1677	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
Hertrouwd/New Marriage			Ilpha Riechmanns
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
~	Plaats?City, Datum/Date		
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.	
	Beroep, Profession		
	Vader/Father		
	Moeder/Mother		
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmesen, 19-11-1707	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Birth sources:

- See the estimate for this at the birth of the child.

Matrimonial Sources:

- 1e marriage: Burkuhl, Hinrich, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 5 with Anna Tatenhorst, widow of deceased Johann Hilman
- 2e marriage, Burkuhl, Hinrich, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 35 with Ilpha Riechmann ex of Bachmanns? unclear

Death sources:

- Burkuhl, Anna born Tatenhorst, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 35
Note: It's unclear from the church records whether she was 50 or 80 years old at the time of her death. I assume 50, because she would have been 28 at the birth of her son Hermann (otherwise 58...). Hinrich remarried Ilpha Riechmann that same year. However, I haven't found anything else about Hinrich since then.

Kinderen/ Children: 1^e Marriage

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doopt/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	Hermann	Warmesen, 01-03-1678	Hi(b)ben, 18-11-1677	Warmesen, 07-03-1678
		Warmesen, 06-03-1678		Warmesen, 09-03-1678

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Hermann, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 8, 1678 (baptism)

Death sources:

- Burkuhl, Hermann, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 8, overlijden (buried)
Note: Buried on March 9, 1678, 8 days old, born on March 1. Burial usually takes place two days after death, so death would have occurred on March 7. Father Hinrich was probably already in his thirties at the time, having married Anna Tatenhorst the year before.

Kinderen/ Children: 2^e Marriage


Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doopt/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	Hinrich	Warmesen, 28-07-1708		
			Warmesen, 19-11-1707	Warmesen, 28-07-1708

Birth source:

- Since Hinrich was not older than 3 days, he was probably not baptized, and the real date of birth is therefore 25-07-1708.

Death source:

- Burkuhl, Hinrich, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 36, (buried)

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>		Generation: II.3
Familie/Family: Hermann Burkuhl		No: 1.3
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>	Burkuhl	???
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>	Hermann	
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmesen, ± 1655
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth. Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer
	Vader/Father	Hermann Burkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	

Birth source:


- Nothing further has been found about this Hermann: no birth, no marriage, no death. Only the birth of his daughter places him in this situation.

Kinderen/ *Children: 1^e huwelijk*

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>	Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
	Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	Maria	Warmesen, Mei 1684	
			Warmesen, 12-02-1685

Death source:

- Burkuhl, Maria, **Kirchenbuch Warmesen**, Scan 15, 1685, (buried), old 37 weeks, so born around May 1684

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL		Generation: III.1
Familie/Family: Hinrich Burkuhl		No: 1.1.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Rodenberg
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Hinrich	Christine
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmсен, ±1668	
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
☐ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmсен, 02-11-1730	
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer
	Vader/Father	Rolant Burkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Margarethe?
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⚭ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmсен, 26-09-1693	
⚰ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Birth source:

- Since Hinrich's death was recorded as being 62 years old, he must have been born around 1668

Matrimonial Source:

- Burkuhl, Hinrich, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 24

Death source:

- Burkuhl, Hinrich, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 74 (buried)

Kinderen/ Children:

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i> Stamboomnummer		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	Rolant	?		?
		Warmesen, 30-11-1694		Warmesen, 07-09-1706
♀	Ilse Margarete	?	1710, Cord Heinrich Siemann	?
		Warmesen, 19-05-1696		
♂	Cord Hinrich 1.1.1.1	Warmesen, ±1697	±1715, Ilse Margrete Hartmanns	?
				Warmesen, 11-11-1770
♂	Johann Ernst	?		?
		Warmesen, 30-09-1698		Warmesen, 02-01-1726
♀	Ilpha	?		?
		Warmesen, 24-06-1708		Warmesen, 08-09-1708
♀	Anna Elisabeth	?		?
		Warmesen, 08-05-1710		
♂	Rolf Hinrich	Warmesen, 1715 ??	1744, Anne Ilse Fincken	?

Only Cord Hinrich is further developed through the emigration of his two sons to the Netherlands. See part 2. The developing of the German family tree can be found in part 1.

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Rolant, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 26 (baptism)
- Burkuhl, Ilse Margarete, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 27 (baptism)
- Burkuhl, Johan Ernst, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 29 (baptism)
- Burkuhl, Ilpha, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 36 (baptism)
- Burkuhl, Anne Elisabeth, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 37 (baptism)

Indirect birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Cord Hinrich, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 202, At his death, he was 73 years old, so his birth year was around 1697. His parents are not mentioned anywhere. Given his birth year, there are essentially two possibilities: either a child of Rolant or a child of Hinrich. Given the births, he best fits the Hinrich lineup..
- Burkuhl, Rolf Hinrich, married Anne Ilse Fincken in Warmesen on November 12, 1744. If he married between the ages of 25 and 30, he would have been born sometime between 1714 and 1719. That also gives him the best possible place here. He had two children, but shortly afterward the Seven Years' War began. I have not found anything about this family since then.

Death sources:

- Burkuhl, Rolant, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 35 (buried)
- Burkuhl, Cord Hinrich, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 202 (buried)
- Burkuhl, Ilpha, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 36 (buried)
- Burkuhl, Johan Ernst, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 66, 1726, unfortunately partly damaged...., but this could be his only remaining son...

Matrimonial Sources:

- Cord Hinrich's marriage date is derived from the birth year of their first child. The wife's name can be found indirectly in her death certificate and the various births of her children. See there.
- Ilse Margrete married Cord Heinrich Siemann in 1710, she had the age of 14 years? and the following children were born:
 - o Rolf Hinrich op 13-04-1713,
 - o Ilse Marie op 21-03-1723, en
 - o Johan Hinrich op 16-05-1726
- Rolf Hinrich with Anne Ilse Fincken, Warmсен **Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** Scan 97, married 12-11-1744, 2 children, but nothing to be find after that.
 - o Burkuhl, Hans Hinrich, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** Scan 102, buried Warmсен 25-03-1746, about $\frac{3}{4}$ year old
 - o Burkuhl, Cord Hinrich, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** Scan 102, baptised Warmсен 27-02-1747

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>			Generation: III.2
Familie/Family: Hermann Burkuhl			No: 1.1.2
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>	Burkuhl	Ziegenhirt(en)	
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>	Hermann	Anne Lucia Geseke	
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmesen, ±1671	Warmesen, ± 1666	
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Schinna, 21-08-1737	Warmesen, 12-04-1745	
	Geloof/Religion	Ev.-Luth.	Ev.-Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer	
	Vader/Father	Rolant Burkuhl	
	Moeder/Mother	Margarethe ?	
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			
⚭ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Schinna, 05-04-1701		
⚰ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			

Birth sources:

- Hermann Burkuhl's death was recorded as 66 years old. His birth year of 1671 can be inferred from this, according to family who lived in Warmesen at the time.
- At her death in 1745, the widow Anne Lucia Geseke was 79 years old, so her year of birth was approximately 1666.

Matrimonial Sources:

- Burkuhl, Hermann, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1672-1774**, Scan 35, 1701, married Lucia Geseke Ziegenhirt(en)

Death source:

- Burkuhl, Hermann, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1672-1774**, Scan 94, (buried)) age 66 years
- Burkuhl, Anne Luise Geseke, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1672-1774**, Scan 96, 1745 (buried)

Kinderen/ Children:

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	Dietrich Berend		1732, Anne Bitkens	Buchhorst, 08-04-1775
		Buchhorst, 01-05-1702		Buchhorst, 10-04-1775
♀	Anna Margarethe			
		Buchhorst, 03-05-1705		28-05-1722
♀	Anna Maria		1735, Johan Hinrich Hohrman	Ziegenhoken, 04-09-1776
		Buchhorst, 0109-1707		Ziegenhoken, 06-09-1776
♂	Rolf		±1742, Anne Adelheid Hasfeld	
		Buchhorst, 13-03-1710	1757, Catharine Margarethe Schomburg	
♂	Johan Dieterich 1.1.2.2	Buchhorst, ± 1712	1735?	

Note: Rolf (1.1.2.1) is not further elaborated in this Dutch version, but only Johan Dieterich (1.1.2.2), because his 1st son Cord Hermann (1.1.2.2.1) emigrated to the Netherlands together with Johan and Dirk

Birth sources:


- Burkuhl, Dietrich, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1672-1774**, scan 50, 1702
- Burkuhl, Anne Margrethe, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1672-1774**, scan 51, 1705
- Burkuhl, Maria, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1672-1774**, scan 51, 1707
- Burkuhl, Rolf, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1672-1774**, Scan 51, 1710
- Johan Diedrich was placed here because he was reported as the father at the birth of Johan Rolff. In principle, it would also have been possible to place him with the Hinrich Burkuhl/Rodenberg family, but that family was already (too) busy.

Death sources:

- Burkuhl Dietrich, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1763-1791** Scan 162, 1775
- Burkuhl, Anne Margrethe, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1672-1774**, scan 91, 1722
- Burkuhl, Maria, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1672-1774**, scan 109, 1776

Matrimonial Sources:

- Burkuhle – Bitkens, Dietrich, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1674-1763** Scan 22, 1732, nothing more found.
- Burkuhl – , Anna Maria, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1674-1763** Scan 23, 1735
- Anne Adelheid Hasfeld had her first child in 1743, when she was 23. She probably married the year before. See also Rolf Burkuhl (1710)
- Nothing further has been found about Johan Dietrich's marriage than the record of his children, the first of whom was born in 1736.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>		Generation: III.3
Familie/Family: Johan Harm Burkuhl		No: 1.1.3
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>	Burkuhl	Ehrichs
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>	Johan Harm	Lucia
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer
	Vader/Father	Rolant Burkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Margarethe ?
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	

- Nothing further has been found about this Johan Harm, nor about his son Johan Rolf

Kinderen/ *Children:*


Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>	Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
	Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	Johan Rolf	Warmesen, ± 1706	Buchhorst, 27-02-1788
			Buchhorst, 03-03-1788

Birth source.

- Since Johan Rolf was stated to have reached the age of 82 when he died, his year of birth must have been approximately 1706.

Death source:

- Burkuhle, Johann Rolf, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, scan 424, 1788

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL			Generation: IV.1
Familie/Family: Cord Hinrich Burkuhl			No: 1.1.1.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Hartmans	
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Cord Hinrich	Ilse Margrete	
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmсен, ± 1697	
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		Warmсен, 24-01-1696
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmсен, 11-11-1770	
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmсен, 13-11-1770	Warmсен, 14-03-1742
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer	
	Vader/Father	Hinrich Burkuhl	Johan Hinrich Hartmans
	Moeder/Mother	Christine Rodenberg	?
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmсен, ± 1715	
⚰	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Birth source:

- Hartmans, Ilse Margrete, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 27 (baptism)

Indirect birth source:

- Burkuhl, Cord Hinrich, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 202 (buried)

Indirect Matrimonial Sources:

- Hartmans, Ilse Margrete, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 93 (bured)
- Birth of first child

Death sources:

- Burkuhl, Ilse Margrete, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 93 (buried)
- Burkuhl, Cord Hinrich, **Warmсен Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 202 (buried)

Kinderen/ Children: 1^e huwelijk



Voornamen/ First Names Geslacht/ Gender		Geboorte/ Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Overleden/ Deceased
		Doop/ Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Begrafenis/ Funeral
♂	Johann Hermann			
		Warmesen, 03-04-1716		
♀	Ilse Maria	Warmesen, ± 1723		
				Warmesen, 25-09-1726
♀	Johann 1.1.1.1.1		1760, Maria van Wateringen	Haarlem, 11-12-1806
		Warmesen, 28-11-1729	1789, Anna Sophia Magdalena Holms	
♂	Catrine Margrete			
		Warmesen, 12-09-1732		Warmesen, 21-06-1739
♂	Johann Dirck 1.1.1.1.2		1764, Jannetje Besseling	Oudekerk a/d Amstel
		Warmesen, 31-07-1735		

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Johann Herman, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 46 (baptism)
- Burkuhl, Ilse Maria, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784**, scan 67 (indirectly)
- Burkuhl, Johann, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 72 (baptism)
- Burkuhl, Catrine Margrete, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 77 (baptism)
- Burkuhl, Johan Dirck, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784**, scan 81 (baptism)

Death sources:

- Burkuhl, Ilse Maria, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784**, scan 67 (buried)
- Burkuhl, Johann, Haarlem 1806, emigrated to The Netherlands.
- Burkuhl, Catrine Margrethe, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784** scan 88 (buried)
- Burkuhl, Johan Dirck, Oudekerk a/d/ Amstel dec. 1803, emigrated to The Netherlands.
- What happened to son Johann Hermann is unclear.
- Two other sons of Cord Hinrich, Johann and Johan Dirck, appear to have emigrated to the Netherlands in 1757. His daughters are all deceased as well. However, he apparently always stayed in Warmesen, given his death in 1770 there. Although he seems also to have frequently been in Haarlem, see further on under Johann and the treatment of the estate in 1772 after his death, but also as a witness at baptism and marriage by his sons.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BOERKOEL</i>		Generatie: IV.2	
Familie/Family: Rolf Hinrich Burkuhl		No: 1.1.1.2	
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>	Burkuhl	Fincken	
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>	Rolf Hinrich	Anna Ilse	
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmсен	
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession		
	Vader/Father		
	Moeder/Mother		
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmсен, 21-11-1744	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Matrimonial source:

- Burkuhl, Rolf Hinrich with Anna Ilse Fincken, , **Kirchenbuch Warmсен 1675-1784** scan 97, 1744

Kinderen/*Children:*


Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>	Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i> Plaats/ <i>City</i>	Overlijden/ <i>Death</i> Plaats/ <i>City</i>	Relatie/ <i>Relation</i>
♂ Hans Hinrich	Warmсен, 6-1745	Warmсен, 25-03-1746	
♀ Cord Hinrich	Warmсен, 27-02-1747		

Birth source:

- Hans Hinrich became 36 weeks and 2 days old, so apparently born in june 1745
- Burkuhl, Cord Hinrich, **Kirchenbuch Warmсен 1675-1784** scan 97, 1747

Death source:

- Burkuhl, Hans Hinrich, **Kirchenbuch Warmсен 1675-1784** scan 100, (burried) 1746

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BOERKOEL		Generatie: IV.3
Familie/Family: Rolff Burkuhl		No: 1.1.2.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :		Burkuhl
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :		Rolff
Plaats/City, Datum/Date		Buchhorst, 13-03-1710
Plaats/City, Datum/Date		Ong. 1720
Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
Plaats/City, Datum/Date		Riessen, 6-10-1756
Geloof/Religion		Ev. -Luth.
Beroep, Profession		Ev. -Luth.
Vader/Father		Hermann Burkuhl
Moeder/Mother		Lucia Geseke Ziegenhirt
Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
Plaats/City, Datum/Date		Buchhorst, ±1742
Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
Hertrouwd/New Marriage		Cath. Margarethe Schomburg
Plaats/City, Datum/Date		Ong. 1721
Plaats?City, Datum/Date		
Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
Plaats/City, Datum/Date		Riessen, 4-6-1801
Geloof/Religion		
Beroep, Profession		
Vader/Father		Johan Harm Schomburg
Moeder/Mother		
Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
Plaats/City, Datum/Date		Riessen, 7-5-1757
Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Matrimonial sources:

- Their first child was born in 1743; therefore, it is expected their marriage could be in 1742.
- Rolf Buhrkuhl with Cath. Marg. Schomburg, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 27

Death sources:

- Burkuhl, Anne Adelheit geb. Hasfeld, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 364, 1756
- Burkuhl geb. Schomburg, Cath. Margr. **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 336, 1801

Kinderen/Children: 1^e huwelijk

Voornamen/First Names Geslacht/Gender		Geboorte/Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/Marriage	Overleden/Deceased
		Doop/Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/Marriage	Begrafenis/Funeral
♀	Sophie Rudolfine			
		Buchhorst, 22-3-1743		
♂	Johan Diederich 1.1.2.1.1		1769, Catharine Marlene Ahrens	Buchhorst , 09-12-1820
		Buchhorst, 10-2-1746	1795, Sophia Agnese Hartmanns	Buchhorst , 15-12-1820
♂	Ernst Hinrich			Buchhorst , 26-03-1828
		Buchhorst, 11-9-1748		Buchhorst , 31-03-1828
♀	Anne Geseke		1764, Cord Hinrich Schomburg	
♀	Anne Dorothea Elisabeth	Bruchhagen, 14-05-1751		Bruchhagen, 07-08-1779
		Bruchhagen, 16-05-1751		Bruchhagen, 09-08-1779
♀	Anna Margrethe	Bruchhagen, 03-09-1752		
				Bruchhagen, 03-09-1752
♀	Anne Hedewig	Bruchhagen, 05-05-1754		Buchhorst,13-04-1758
		Bruchhagen, 12-05-1754		Buchhorst,17-04-1758

Birth sources:

- Burkuhle, Sophie Rudolfin, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 105, 1743 (bapt)
- Burkuhle, Johan Diederich, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 107, 1746 (bapt)
- Burkuhle, Ernst Hinrich, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 111, 1748 (bapt)
- Burkuhle, Anne Dorothea Elisabeth, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 121, 1751
- Burkuhle, Anne Hedewig, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 138, 1754

Death sources:

- Buhrkuhl, Johann Dieterich, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 420, 1820
- Burkuhle, Ernst Hinrich, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 450, 1828
- Buhrkuhl, Anna Margr, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1674-1763**, Scan 256, 1752
- Burkuhlen, Anne Hedewig, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 370, 1758

- Burkuhlen, Anne Dorothea, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 409, 1779

Matrimonial sources:

- Anne Geseke Burkuhl (te Buchhorst) is married with Johan Hinrich Schomburg (in Nendorf) on 12-11-1764, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 36, 1764, children:
 - o Heinrich Friedrich Wilhelm, 21-06-1820
 - o Johan Friedrich, 20-07-1822

Kinderen/Children: 2^e huwelijk

Voornamen/First Names Geslacht/Gender		Geboorte/Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/Marriage	Overleden/Deceased
		Doop/Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/Marriage	Begrafenis/Funeral
♀	Anne Margarethe Elisabeth	Buchhorst, 16-04-1758	1780, Johan Ernst Nietdfeld	Buchhorst, 10-05-1809
		Buchhorst, 18-04-1758		
♀	Christine Margarethe	Buchhorst, ±1759		
♂	Johan Wilhelm 1.1.2.1.2	Buchhorst, 12-07-1761	1816, Marie Catharine Westhofe	Buchhorst, 16-01-1823
		Buchhorst, 14-07-1761		Buchhorst, 18-01-1823
♀	Catharine Margarethe	Buchhorst, 07-05-1765		
		Buchhorst, 12-05-1765		

Birth sources:

- Burkuhle, Anne Margarethe Elisabeth, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 158, 1758
- Burkuhle, Johan Wilhelm, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 173, 1761
- Burkuhle, Catharine Margarethe, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 191, 1765

Death sources:


- Burkuhle, Johann Wilhelm, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 428, 1823
- Burkuhl, Christine Margarethe, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 165, 1786

Matrimonial sources:

- Burkuhl, Anna Margaretha Elisabeth with Johan Ernst Nietdfeld, **Rießen / Familienbuch II 1800-1850**, Scan 114
- Anne Margarethe Elisabeth Burkuhle (te Buchhorst) is married with Johan Ernst Nietdfeld (in Mensinghausen) on 24-4-1780, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 47, 1780
 - o Anna Margaretha Catharina (born 27-4-1781)
 - o Johann Heinrich (born 3-10-1785)
 - o Anna Maria Catharina (born 8-10-1888),

Death sources:

- Death Anna Marg. El., see matrimonial source **Familienbuch II**
- Burkuhle, Johann Wilhelm, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 428, 1823

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL		Generation: IV.4
Familie/Family: Johann Dieterich Burkuhl		No: 1.1.2.2
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	???
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Johann Dieterich	
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Circa 1712	
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer
	Vader/Father	Hermann Burkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Luci Geseke Ziegenhirt
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⚭ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⚰ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

- Johann Dietrich's existence is known only through the baptismal records of his children in church records. These records (initially) never mention who the mother was. No marriage record for him has been found, nor has a death record for his wife. So, who his wife was remains a mystery for now.

Kinderen/ Children:



Voornamen/ First Names Geslacht/ Gender Stamboomnummer		Geboorte/ Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Overleden/ Deceased
		Doop/ Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Begrafenis/ Funeral
♂	Conrad Hermann			
		Holzhausen, 16-08-1733		
♂	Alexander (Sander) 1.1.2.2.1		1764, Catharine Marie Dorothea Döpken	Holzhausen, 1790
		Holzhausen, 10-07-1735		
♂	Johan Rolf 1.1.2.2.2.		1772, Anne Ilsebe Döpken	?
		Holzhausen, 05-05-1738		?
♀	Anna Maria			
		Holzhausen, 24-10-1740		
♀	Anna Margaretha Dorothea			
		Holzhausen, 09-02-1743		
♂	Cord Harm	Holzhausen, 15-12-1744		
				Holzhaus, 15-12-1744
♀	Anna Catharina Margaretha			
		Holzhausen, 25-03-1745		Holzhaus, 24-04-1746
♂	Johan Diederich 1.1.2.2.3		±1779, Catharina Magdalena Meijer	Sehnsen, 19-02-1816
		Holzhausen, 27-08-1748		Sehnsen, 23-02-1816

Birth sources:

- Buhrkuhl, Conrad Hermann, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1674-1763** Scan 134, 1733
- Buhrkuhl, Alexander (Sander), **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1674-1763** Scan 134, 1735
- Sander died at the age of 54 in 1790, so born approximately in 1736.
- Burkuhl, Johan Rolf, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1674-1763**, Scan 146, 1738 (bapt.)
- Burkuhl, Anna Maria, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1674-1763**, Scan 154, 1740 (bapt.)
- Burkuhl, Anna Marg. Dor. **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1674-1763**, Scan 159, 1743 (bapt.)
- Burkuhl, Anne Cath. Marg., **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1674-1763**, Scan 164, 1745 (bapt.)
- Burkuhlen, Johan Diederich, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1674-1763** Scan 171, 1748

Death sources:










- Buhrkuhl, Sander, alt 54 J, 1790 nō 1, **Kirchbuch Stolzenau Taufen und Beerdigungen 1790-1807**, Bild? Note: Sander is listed in the Names Register, but that page in that church book appears to have disappeared. The Archion helpdesk had no explanation for this.
- Burkuhl, Cord Harm, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1674-1763**, Scan 252, 1744
- Burkuhl, Anna Catharina Marg., **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1674-1763**, Scan 253, 1746
- Burkuhl, Johan Dietrich (witwer), **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 176, 1816

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL			Generation: V.1
Familie/Family: Johann Burkuhl			No: 1.1.1.1.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Boerkoel (Burkuhl)	Van Wateringen	
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Jan (Johan)	Maria	
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmesen (Germany),	Lisse, ± 1731
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmesen, 28-11-1729	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Haarlem, 11-12-1806	
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Haarlem, 16-12-1806	Haarlem, 21-05-1787
	Geloof/Religion	Luthers	N.H.
	Beroep, Profession		
	Vader/Father	Cord Heinrich Burkuhl	Reinier van Wateringen
	Moeder/Mother	Ilse Margrete Hartmans	Maartje Jans van der Jerk
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Haarlem, 20-4-1760	
⊙	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Haarlem, 4-5-1760	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Birth source:

- Burkuhl, Johann, **Kirchenbuch Warmesen 1675-1784** scan 72:


Johan emigrated to the Netherlands with his brother Dirck and started a family there. See the Dutch branch (part 2) for more information elaborated named as family Boerkoel, and in part 4 in English for the family Boerkoel in the US.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>		Generation: V.2
Familie/Family: Johan Dirck Burkuhl		No: 1.1.1.1.2
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>	Boerkoel (Burkuhl)	Besseling
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>	Dirk (Johan Dirck)	Jannetje
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmesen (Germany),
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmesen, 28-11-1729
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Haarlem, 11-12-1806
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Haarlem, 16-12-1806
	Geloof/Religion	Luthers
	Beroep, Profession	Weelwright
	Vader/Father	Cord Heinrich Burkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Ilse Margrete Hartmans
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Ouderker a/d Amstel, 5-10-1764
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Ouderkerk a/d Amstel, 25-10-1764
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	

Birth source:

- Burkuhl, Johan Dirck, **Warmesen Kirchenbuch 1675-1784**, scan 81 (bapt.)

Note: Dirck and his brother Johan emigrated to the Netherlands. In part 2, the Dutch branch will be further elaborated named as family Boerkoel, and in part 4 in English for the family Boerkoel in the US.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL		Generation: V.3
Familie/Family: Johann Dietrich Burkuhl		No: 1.1.2.1.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :		Burkuhl Ahrens
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :		Johann Dietrich Catharina Marlena
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Buchhorst, 10-2-1746
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Buchhorst, 28-10-1794
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth. Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer (Köthner)
	Vader/Father	Rolff Burkuhl Hinrich Ahrens
	Moeder/Mother	Anne Adelheid Hasfeld
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⊙	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Bult, ambt Siedenburg, 24-11-1769
⌘	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
Hertrouwd/New Marriage		Cath. Marlene Siemering
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
~	Plaats?City, Datum/Date	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
	Geloof/Religion	
	Beroep, Profession	
	Vader/Father	
	Moeder/Mother	
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⊙	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	±1786
⌘	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	

Hertrouwd/New Marriage		Marie Elisabeth Hoppe
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
~	Plaats?City, Datum/Date	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
	Geloof/Religion	
	Beroep, Profession	
	Vader/Father	
	Moeder/Mother	
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	±1791
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
Hertrouwd/New Marriage		Sophie Agnese Hartmanns
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
~	Plaats?City, Datum/Date	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
	Geloof/Religion	
	Beroep, Profession	
	Vader/Father	
	Moeder/Mother	
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Buchhorst, 29-5-1795
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	

Matrimonial resources:

- Johan Ditrach Burkuhl, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 36, 1769
- Johann Dietrich Burkuhl mit Catharina Marlena Ahrens, **Rießen / Familienbuch III 1800-1850**, Scan 24
- Johan Ditrach Burkuhle, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 60, 1795
- Johann Dietrich Burkuhl mit Sophie Agnese Hartmanns, **Rießen / Familienbuch III 1800-1850**, Scan 24

Death sources:

- Burkuhle geb. Hartmann, Sophia Agnese, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1830-1850**, Scan 364, 1831

Here too, the probable marriage dates have been estimated. Nothing further is known about the second and third marriages. Because no further information is available, the most obvious solution is that these marriages took place between 15 years of the first and fourth marriages. In the Riessen Family Book III, only the two marriages to Ahrens and Hartmanns are listed. The question remains how, when, and how this information was obtained in a Church Book.

Kinderen / Children: 1^e huwelijk

Voornamen / First Names Geslacht / Gender		Geboorte / Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk / Marriage	Overleden / Deceased
		Doop / Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk / Marriage	Begrafenis / Funeral
♂	Johan Cord	Buchhorst, 27-10-1770		
		Buchhorst, 31-10-1770		
♂	Ernst Hinrich	Buchhorst, 06-10-1771		
		Buchhorst, 10-10-1771		
♀	Anne Marie Elisabeth	Buchhorst, 02-03-1773		-
		Buchhorst, 04-03-1773		Buchhorst, 06-07-1773
♂	Johan Hinrich Ludwig	Buchhorst, 18-10-1775		
		Buchhorst, 22-10-1775		
♂	Johan Friedrich	Buchhorst, 12-04-1777		Buchhorst, 04-02-1803
		Buchhorst, 17-04-1777		Buchhorst, 10-02-1803
♂	Johann Ditrich	Buchhorst, ?-08-1780		
				Buchhorst, 30-11-1780

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl. Johann Cort, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 221, 1770
- Burkuhl, Ernst Hinrich, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 224, 1771
- Burkuhl, Anna Maria Elisabeth, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 229, 1773
- Burkuhl, Johan Hinrich Ludwig, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 237, 1775
- Burkuhl, Johan Friedrich, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 237, 1777

Death sources:

- Burkuhl, Anna Maria Elisabeth, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 411, 1780
- Burkuhl, Johan Friedrich, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 343, 1803
- Burkuhle, Johann Ditrich, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 412, 1780

Kinderen/ Children:2^e huwelijk

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♀	Christine Margrete	Sehnsen, 09-09-1787	1816, Johan Gerd Christian Schmidt	
		Sehnsen 12-09-1787		

Birth source:

- Burkuhl, Christine Margarethe, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 69, 1787

Matrimonial resource:

- Burkuhl, Christine Margarethe, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 28, 1816

This also provides an estimate of the estimated wedding date of Johan Dietrich's second marriage. What happened next is unknown, but he remarried a few years later:

Kinderen/ Children:3^e huwelijk

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♀	Marie Dorothea Elisabeth	Holzhausen, 07-11-1792	1810, Johan Hinrich Hillemann?	
		Holzhausen, 11-11-1792		

Birth source:

- Burkuhl, Marie Dorothea Elisabeth, **Stolzenau taufen und Beerdigungen 1790-1807** Scan 13, 1792

Matrimonial resource:

- Burkuhl – Hillemann?, Maria Dorothea Elisabeth, **Stolzenau Konfirmationen und Trauungen 1788-1825** Scan 48, 1810

Kinderen/ Children: 4^e huwelijk

Voornamen/ First Names Geslacht/ Gender Stambomnummer		Geboorte/ Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Overleden/ Deceased
		Doop/ Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Begrafenis/ Funeral
♂	Johan Dieterich Wilhelm 1.1.2.1.1.1	Buchhorst, 27-09-1795	Sophie Agnese Schröder	Bruchhagen, 26-04-1864
		Buchhorst, 30-09-1795		Bruchhagen, 29-04-1864
♀	Anna Margaretha Dorothea	Buchhorst, 23-01-1797	±1821, Friedrich Gottmuller	Buchhorst, 23-01-1797
		Buchhorst, 23-01-1797		Buchhorst, 24-01-1797
♀	Anna Maria Dorothea	Buchhorst, 26-01-1798		
		Buchhorst, 29-01-1798		
♂	Johann Hinrich	Buchhorst, 02-05-1800		
		Buchhorst, 04-05-1800		
♀	Sophie Marie Charlotte	Buchhorst, ?		
♂	Johann Otto	Buchhorst, 01-01-1803		Buchhorst, 05-01-1803
		Buchhorst, 02-01-1803		Buchhorst, 06-01-1803
♂	Johann Gerd	Buchhorst, 28-03-1804		Buchhorst, 31-03-1804
		Buchhorst, 29-03-1804		Buchhorst, 02-04-1804
♀	Hanna Maria Elisabeth	Buchhorst, 14-07-1805	±1823, Ludwig Nussbaum	Bremen, 10-04-1857
		Buchhorst, 16-07-1805		Buchhorst, 23-05-1857
♂	Johan Ludewig 1.1.2.1.1.2	Buchhorst, 25-09-1808	1819, Sophie Agnese Schröder	
		Buchhorst, 28-09-1808		
♀	Anna Maria Sophia	Buchhorst, 05-12-1811		Buchhorst, 20-05-1829
		Buchhorst, 08-12-1811		Buchhorst, 23-05-1829
♂	Totgeborenen Sohn	Buchhorst, 28-04-1814		
				Buchhorst, 28-04-1814
♂	Gerd Harm Friedrich	Buchhorst, 12-03-1817		
		Buchhorst, 17-03-1817		

Birth sources:


- Burkuhle, Johann Dietrich Wilhelm, Riessen **Kirchenbuch 1714-1795**, Scan 237, 1795
- Burkuhle, Anna Margrethe Dorothea, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 73, 1797
- Burkuhle, Anna Maria Dorothea, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 78, 1798
- Burkuhle, Johann Hinrich, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 92, 1800
- Burkuhle, Johan Otto, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 108, 1803
- Burkuhle, Johann Gerd, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 119, 1804
- Burkuhle, Hanna Maria Elisabeth, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 127, 1805
- Burkuhle, Johann Ludwig, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 148, 1808
- Burkuhle, Anne Maria Sophia, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 175, 1811
- Burkuhle, Gerd Harm Friedrich, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 221, 1817

Death sources:

- Burkuhl, Johann Dietrich Wilhelm, **Riessen, Beerdigungen 1853-1879** Scan 68
- Burkuhle, Anna Margaretha Dorothea, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 325, 1797
- Burkuhle, Johann Otto, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 342, 1803
- Burkuhle, Johann Gerd, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 348, 1804
- Burkuhl, Hanna Marie Elisabeth, **Riessen, Beerdigungen 1853-1879** Scan 27
- Burkuhle, Anne Marie Sophia, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 457, 1829

Matrimonial resources:

- Burkuhl, Sophie Maria Charlotte, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Bild 50, vader is Johan Dietrich Burkuhl, op 28-02-1819 married with widower Dietrich Wilhelm Schomburg.
- Anne Marie Dorothea Gottmuller geb. Burkuhl, birth Johann Cord Heinrich, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 261, 1822, the marriage is estimated ± 1821
- The marriages with Siemering and Hoppe are derived from the respective births of each of their children. No further births are found here, nor are the deaths of Siemering and Hoppe. It is also unclear whether this refers to Rolf's Johan Diederich (1946) or his nephew, Johan Diederich (1948), whose brother, Rolf, Johan Diederich (1712), was married. Since you can only be married to one person at a time, this solution was chosen. According to the church records, no other Johan Diederichs were born, so this is technically the best solution. Despite the fact that only the marriages with Ahrens and Hartmanns are recorded in the Riessen Family Book III, how these Family Books were compiled remains completely unclear. It is equally possible that children from both cousins may have been exchanged, for whatever reason. Riessen and Stolzenau are not far apart, and both cousins are almost the same age. Due to a lack of conclusive information and the impossibility of other good solutions, this most elegant solution was chosen
- Burkuhle, Marie Sophie Wilhelmine, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Bild 286, 1824 in marriage with Ludwig Nussbaum. Second child: Burkuhle, Maria Christine Doris, Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829, Bild 307, 1828

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL			Generation: V.4
Familie/Family: Johann Wilhelm Burkuhl			No: 1.1.2.1.2
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Westhofe	
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Johan Wilhelm	Marie Catharine	
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Buchhorst, 12-7-1761	Warmen, Ong. 1785	
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Buchhorst 16-1-1823		
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession		
	Vader/Father	Rolf Burkuhl	Martin Westhofe
	Moeder/Mother	Catharine Margarethe Schomburg	Ilse Marie Schmidt
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			
∞ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Warmen, 28-10-1816		
⚭ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			

Matrimonial resource:

- Johan Wilhelm Burkuhl und Marie Catharine Westhofe, **Rießen Familienbuch III 1800-1850**, Scan 32
After the death of Johan Wilhelm, Marie Catharine Westhofe remarried Ernst Heinrich Rode in 1829
- Maria Catharina Westhofe, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829** Scan 67, 1829

Kinderen/ *Children:*


Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i> Stamboomnummer		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	Stillborn son	Buchhorst, 29-10-1817		Buchhorst, 29-10-1817
				Buchhorst, 30-10-1817
♂	Johann Heinrich Dieterich 1.1.2.1.2.1	Buchhorst, 14-2-1819		

Birth sources:


- Burkuhl, Stillborn son, **Rießen / Familienbuch III 1800-1850**, Scan 32 en 64
- Burkuhl, Johan Heinrich Dieterich, **Rießen / Familienbuch III 1800-1850**, Scan 32 en 64

Death sources:

- Burkuhl, Johan Heinrich Dieterich, **Rießen / Familienbuch III 1800-1850**, Scan 32 en 64

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>		Generation: V.5
Familie/Family: Cord Hermann Burkuhl/ Court Hendrik Boerkoel		No: 1.1.2.2.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>	Boerkoel	Oldenhof, van den
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>	Coert Hendrik	Hendrina
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		Zetten, circa 1738
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	16-8-1733	
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. Luth. NH
	Beroep, Profession	
	Vader/Father	Johan Dieterich Burkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	?
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Hillegom, 9-1-1758	
⊙ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Hillegom, 5-2-1758	
⊗ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Note: After this, we will end with Cord Hermann (1.1.2.2.1) because of his emigration to the Netherlands. In part 2, the Dutch branch will be further elaborated in Dutch named as family Boerkoel, and in part 4 in English for the family Boerkoel who emigrated into the US.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL		Generation: V.6
Familie/Family: Sander Burkuhl		No: 1.1.2.2.2
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Döpken
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Sander	Catharine Marie Dorothea
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	±1712	
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer (Meiermann)
	Vader/Father	Johan Diedrich Burkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	?
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⚭ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 09-11-1764	
⚭ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Matrimonial resource:

- Burkuhl – Döpken, Sander, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1763-1791** Scan 4, 1764

Kinderen/ Children:


Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i> Stamboomnummer		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	Christian Dietrich	Holzhausen, 31-03-1766		Holzhausen, 11-04-1766
		Holzhausen, 02-04-1766		Holzhausen, 13-04-1766
♂	Dieterich Ludewig	Holzhausen, 30-08-1767		Holzhausen, 06-04-1768
		Holzhausen, 04-09-1767		Holzhausen, 10-04-1768
♀	Ilse Marie Dorothea	Holzhausen, 22-03-1769	1801, Johan Christian Heineking	
		Holzhausen, 27-03-1769		
♂	Johan Dietrich 1.1.2.2.1.1	Holzhausen, 08-04-1772	1781, Anne Marie Elisabeth Deking	
			Dorothea Ho(o)rman's	
		Holzhausen, 12-04-1772	1820, Louise Buchholz	
			Sophie Charlotte Graue	
♀	Anna Margaretha	Holzhausen, 20-09-1775		Holzhausen, 09-09-1778
		Holzhausen, 21-09-1775		Holzhausen, 11-09-1778
♂	Johan Henrich	Holzhausen, 10-02-1779		Holzhausen, 16-02-1779
		Holzhausen, 14-02-1779		Holzhausen, 18-02-1779
♂	Gerhard Henrich Conrad 1.1.2.2.1.2	Holzhausen, 28-04-1780	1825, Anne Marie Elisabeth Fullriede	
		Holzhausen, 30-04-1780	1830, Sophie Elisabeth Witte	
♂	Johan Ludwig 1.1.2.2.1.3	Holzhausen, 07-04-1786	1810, Anne Tweitmann	
		Holzhausen, 09-04-1786		

Birth sources:

- Buhrkuhl, Christian Dietrich, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1763-1791** Scan 38, 1766
- Burkuhl, Dietrich Ludewig, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1763-1791** Scan 44, 1767
- Burkuhl, Ilse Marie Dorothea, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1763-1791** Scan 51, 1769
- Burkuhl, Johan Dietrich, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1763-1791** Scan 69, 1772
- Burkuhl, Anna Margaretha, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1763-1791** Scan 84, 1775
- Burkuhl, Johan Henrich, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1763-1791** Scan 97, 1779
- Burkuhl, Gerhard Henrich Conrad, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1763-1791** Scan 103, 1780
- Burkuhl, Johan Ludwig, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1763-1791** Scan 131, 1786

Death sources:

- Buhrkuhl, Christian Dieterich, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1763-1791** Scan 138, 1766
- Buhrkuhl, Dieterich Ludewig, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1763-1791** Scan 144, 1768
- Burkuhl, Johan Dietrich, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1824-1844**, Scan 217, 1827
- Burkuhl, Anna Margaretha, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1763-1791** Scan 170, 1778
- Burkuhl, Johan Henrich, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1763-1791** Scan 171, 1779

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL		Generation: V.7
Familie/Family: Johan Rolf Burkuhl		No: 1.1.2.2.3
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Döpken
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Johan Rolf	Anna Ilse Mar. Dorothea
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		Nenndorf, ±1743
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 05-05-1738	
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	24-1-1819	Wiehofe, 05-07-1791
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		Wiehofe, 07-07-1791
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	
	Vader/Father	Johan Dietrich Burkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	?
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⊙ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Wiehofe, 19-01-1772	
⊙ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Matrimonial resource:

- Burkuhl- Döpken, Johan Rudolf, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1672-1774**, Scan 43, 1772

Death sources:

- Buhrkuhl (Dopken), Anne Ilse, **Kirchbuch Stolzenau Taufen und Beerdigungen 1790-1807**, Scan 84, 1781

Kinderen/ Children:

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i> Stamboomnummer		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	Johan Diedrich Ludwig	Wiehofe, 11-12-1772		
		Wiehofe, 13-12-1772		
♀	Anne Sophie Marie Elisabeth	Wiehofe, 02-01-1776	1793, Johan Heinrich Wieking	
		Wiehofe, 04-01-1776		
♂	Johan Dietrich	Wiehofe, 01-09-1777		Wiehofe, 05-03-1778
		Wiehofe, 04-09-1777		Wiehofe, 07-03-1778
♂	Johan Cord	Wiehofe, 07-12-1780		Wiehofe, 17-12-1780
				Wiehofe, 19-12-1780
♂	Johan Cord	Wiehofe, 09-04-1781		
		Wiehofe, 12-04-1781		
♀	Christine Margrethe Elisabeth	Wiehofe, 10-03-1782	1800, Diederich Heinrich Schmidt	
		Wiehofe, 15-03-1782		
♂	Johan Friedrich Ludolf	Wiehofe, 23-08-1784		Wiehofe, 01-09-1784
		Wiehofe, 26-08-1784		Wiehofe, 04-09-1784
♀	Sophie Marie Dorothea Charlotte	Wiehofe, 10-01-1790		Wiehofe, 31-01-1791
		Wiehofe, 14-01-1790		Wiehofe, 02-02-1791
♂	Dietrich Ludwig 1.1.2.2.2.1		1800, Marie Sophie Elisabeth Hilmanns	

Birth sources:


- Burkuhl, Johan Diedrich Ludwig, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1672-1774**, Scan 80, 1772
- Burkuhl, Anne Sophie Marie Elisabeth, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 41, 1776
- Burkuhl, Johan Dietrich, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 44, 1777
- Burkuhl, Johann Cord, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 54, 1781
- Burkuhl, Christine Margarethe, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 54, 1782
- Burkuhl, Johan Friedrich Ludolf, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 64, 1784
- Burkuhl, Sophie Marie Dorothea Charlotte, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 75, 1790

Death sources:

- Burkuhl, Johan Dietrich, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1672-1774**, Scan 110, 1778
- Burkuhl, Johan Friedrich Ludolf, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 163, 1784
- Burkuhl, Johan Cord, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 156, 1780
- Burkuhl Sophie Marie Dorothea Charlotte, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 170, 1791

Matrimonial resources:

- Burkuhl, Sophie Marie Elisabeth, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 9, 1793
- Burkuhl, Christine Margrethe Elisabeth, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 14, 1800

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL			Generation: V.8
Familie/Family: Johann Diederich Burkuhl			No: 1.1.2.2.4
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Meijer	
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Johann Diederich	Catharina Magdalena	
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	± 1748	Holzhausen, ± 1754
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	19-02-1816	Sehnsen, 02-07-1799
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	23-02-1816	Sehnsen, 05-07-1799
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession		
	Vader/Father	Johan Diederich Burkuhl	
	Moeder/Mother	?	
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
∞	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	± 1779	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Matrimonial resource:

- Probably a year before the first birth, so probably 1779

Death source:

- Burkuhl, Catrine Magdalene geb. Meijer, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 181, 1799
- Burkuhl, Johan Dietrich (witwer), alt 67 ½ J, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, bild 176, 1816

Kinderen/ Children:

Voornamen/ First Names Geslacht/ Gender Stamboomnummer		Geboorte/ Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Overleden/ Deceased
		Doop/ Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Begrafenis/ Funeral
♂	Gerd Hinrich 1.1.2.2.3.1	Sehnsen, 10-02-1780	1808, Ilse Margrete Dorothea Morsch	
		Sehnsen, 13-02-1780		
♂	Johan Cord	Sehnsen, 09-04-1781		Sehnsen, 23-01-1791
		Sehnsen, 12-04-1781		Sehnsen, 27-01-1791
♀	Catrine Dorothea Marie Elisabeth	Sehnsen, 23-06-1785	1813, Cord Heinrich Mühlenbrock	
		Sehnsen, 26-06-1785		
♂	Didrich Hinrich Gottlieb	Sehnsen, 23-02-1789		Sehnsen, 08-03-1789
		Sehnsen, 26-02-1789		Sehnsen, 10-03-1789
♀	Sophie Margarethe Charlotte	Sehnsen, 05-02-1790	1819, Diedrich Wilhelm Schomburg	
		Sehnsen, 07-02-1790		
♂	Johan Christian Ludwig	Sehnsen, 05-02-1792		Sehnsen, 01-12-1795
		Sehnsen, 07-02-1792		Sehnsen, 03-12-1795
♀	Sophie Marie Elisabeth	Sehnsen, 07-08-1794	1824, Johan Friedrich Taete	
		Sehnsen, 10-08-1794		
♂	Johan Heinrich Conrad Carl	Sehnsen, 21-01-1799		Sehnsen, 10-06-1799
		Sehnsen, 25-01-1799		Sehnsen, 14-06-1799

Birth sources:


- Burkuhl, Gerd Hinrich, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 50, 1780
- Burkuhl, Johann Cord, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 54, 1781
- Burkuhl, Catrine Dorothea Marie ELisebeth, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 66, 1785
- Burkuhl, Dietrich Hinrich Gottlieb, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 73, 1789
- Burkuhl, Sophie Margarethe Charlotte, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 75, 1790
- Burkuhl, Johan Christian Ludwig, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, bild 79, 1792
- Burkuhl, Sophie Marie Elisabeth, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 84, 1794
- Burkuhl, Johan Heinrich Conrad Carl, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 95, 1799

Death sources:

- Burkuhl Johan Cord, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 169, 1791
- Burkuhl, Diedrich Hinrich Gottlieb, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 167, 1789
- Burkuhl, Johan Christian Ludwig, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 176, 1795
- Burkuhl, Johan Heinrich Conrad Carl, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 181, 1799

Matrimonial sources:

- Burkuhl, Catharine Dorothea Marie Elisabeth, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 28, 1813
- Burkuhl, Sophie Marie Charlotte, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 30, 1819
- Burkuhl, Sophie Marie Elisabeth, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 34, 1824

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL			Generation: VI.6
Familie/Family: Johann Dietrich Wilhelm Burkuhl			No: 1.1.2.1.1.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Schröder	
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Johann Dietrich Wilhelm	Sophie Agnese	
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Buchhorst, 27-09-1795	11-05-1798
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Bruchhagen, 26-04-1864	1861
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Bruchhagen, 29-04-1864	
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer (Köthner)	
	Vader/Father	Johan Dietrich Burkuhl	Johan Albert Schröder
	Moeder/Mother	Sophie Agnese Hartmanns	
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Kuppendorf, 25-06-1819	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Matrimonial sources:

- Burkuhl, Johann Dietrich Wilhelm mit Sophie Agnese Schröder, **Rießen / Familienbuch III 1800-1850**, Scan 24
- Johann Dieterich Wilhelm Burkuhl, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 50.

Kinderen/ Children: 1^e huwelijk

Voornamen/ First Names Geslacht/ Gender Stamboomnummer		Geboorte/ Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Overleden/ Deceased
		Doop/ Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Begrafenis/ Funeral
♂	Johan Heinrich Ludwig 1.1.2.1.1.1.1	Buchhorst, 20-12-1819	1851, Anna Maria Hoelscher	Washington (Ill.) 19- 02-1879
		Buchhorst, 02-01-1820		
♀	August Dietrich Ferdinand	Buchhorst, 15-02-1822		Buchhorst, 22-03-1823
		Buchhorst, 24-02-1822		Buchhorst, 22-03-1823
♂	Cord Friedrich Wilhelm 1.1.2.1.1.1.2	Bruchhorst, 12-01-1824	1854, Maria Margaretha Seeger	
		Bruchhorst, 12-01-1824		
♂	Sophie Marie Charlotte	Bruchhorst, 26-11-1826		
		Bruchhorst, 26-11-1826		
♂	Marie Sophie Catharine	Bruchhorst, 13-12-1829	1850, Friedrich August Dietrich Fischer	
		Bruchhorst, 13-12-1829		
♀	Marie Dorothee Wilhelmine	Buchhorst, 16-12-1832		
		Buchhorst, 16-12-1832		
♂	Ludwig Friedrich Wilhelm	Buchhorst, ±1836		Buchhorst, 20-02-1840
				Buchhorst, 20-02-1840
♀	Maria Sophia Wilhelmina	Buchhorst, ±1840		Buchhorst, 09-04-1842
				Buchhorst, 09-04-1842
♂	Marie Wilhelmine Dorothea	Buchhorst, 12-05-1844	Wilhelm, Friedrich Georg	Washington (Ill.) 13- 09-1883
		Buchhorst, 12-05-1844		

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Johann Heinrich Ludwig, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 242, 1819
- Burkuhle, August Dietrich Ferdinand, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 258, 1822
- Burkuhle, Cord Friedrich Wilhelm, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 274, 1824
- Burkuhle, Sophia Maria Charlotte, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 299, 1826
- Burkuhle, Marie Sophie Catharine, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829**, Scan 320, 1829
- Burkuhle, Marie Dorothee Wilhelmine, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1830-1850**, Scan 25, 1832
- Buhrkuhl, Marie Wilhelmine Dorothee, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1830-1850**, Scan 119, 1844

Death sources:

- Burkuhle, August Ditrich Ferdinand, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1796-1829, Scan 429**, 1823
- Burkuhl, Ludwig Friedrich Wilhelm, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1830-1850, Scan 407**, 1840
- Buhrkuhl, Maria Sophia Wilhelmina, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1830-1850, Scan 420**, 1842


Matrimonial resources:

- Sophie Marie Catharina Burkuhl, **Kirchenbuch 1830-1850 Riessen**, Scan 350, 10-05-1850, but also in Kirchenbuch St-Petri-Addieville in Illenois, VS, mentioning 4 children,
 - o Regina Augusta (1853)
 - o Anne Marie Wilhelmine (1856)
 - o Heinrich Friedrich (1858)
 - o Elisabeth Margarethe Emma (1869)
- See the emigration remark by Gerhard Heinrich Conrad Burkuhl, it is possible that Marie Dorothee Wilhelmine emigrated with Gerd Heinrich Christiaan in 1866 to the United States
-
- See the emigration remark by Gerhard Heinrich Conrad Burkuhl, it is possible that Marie Dorothee Wilhelmine emigrated with Gerd Heinrich Christiaan in 1866 to the United States

Brief Life History of Johann Heinrich Ludwig

When Johann Heinrich Ludwig Burkuhl was born on 29 December 1819, in Bruchhagen, Stolzenau, Hanover, Prussia, Germany, his father, Johann Dieterich Wilhelm Burkuhle, was 24 and his mother, Sophia Agnese Schroeder, was 21. He married Anna Maria Hoelscher on 23 March 1851, in St. Louis, St. Louis, Missouri, United States. They were the parents of at least 1 son and 4 daughters. He lived in Illinois, United States in 1870. He died on 19 February 1879, in Washington, Illinois, United States, at the age of 59, and was buried in Stone Church, Washington,

- **Marie Wilhelmine Dorothea (Doris) Burkuhl**, like her brother Johan Heinrich Ludwig, left for the US, and married Friedrich Georg Wilhelm there, and they had at least 1 child Anna Louise in 1871

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL		Generation: VI.7
Familie/Family: Johann Ludwig Burkuhl		No: 1.1.2.1.1.2
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Horstmann
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Johann Ludwig	Sophie Dorothea Hedwig
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Buchhorst, 25-06-1808	Bruchhagen, 19-10-1819
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer (Häusling)
	Vader/Father	Johann Dietrich Burkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Sophie Agnese Hartmann
		Catharina Maria Schmidt
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Aufgeboden XVI en XVII-Trinitatis	
⚭ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Bruchhagen, 07-10-1838	
⚭ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Matrimonial resources:

- Johan Ludwig Burkuhl mit Sophie Horstmann, **Kirchenbuch 1830-1850 Riessen, Scan 288**, 1838 nö 7
(Note.: Ludwig's date of birth is mentioned here as 24 Sept, in the birth source as 25 June)

Kinderen/ Children:


Voornamen/ First Names Geslacht/ Gender Stamboomnummer		Geboorte/ Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Overleden/ Deceased
		Doop/ Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Begrafenis/ Funeral
♂	Heinrich Friedrich August 1.1.2.1.1.2.1	Bruchhagen, 29-12-1838	1865, Marie Sophie Elisabeth Radensleben	1903
		Bruchhagen, 06-01-1839		
♂	Wilhelm Ludwig	Bruchhagen, 04-07-1841		
		Bruchhagen, 18-07-1841		
♂	Friedrich Carl Heinrich	Horst, 27-01-1844		
		Horst, 11-02-1844		
♀	Marie Wilhelmine Charlotte	Horst, 30-10-1847		
		Horst, 07-11-1847		
♀	Sophie Dorothee	Horst, 26-04-1850	1874, Cord Heinrich Tweitman	
		Horst, 28-04-1850		
♂	Diedrich Hinrich Friedrich	Bruchhagen, 17-09-1853		
		Bruchhagen, 02-10-1853		
♂	Ernst Heinrich	Bruchhagen, 23-09-1857		
		Bruchhagen, 11-10-1857		
♀	Dorothea Maria Wilhelmina	Bruchhagen, 02-07-1861		
		Bruchhagen, 14-07-1861		

Birth sources:

- Buhrkuhl, Heinrich Friedrich August, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1830-1850**, Scan 73, 1838
- Buhrkuhl, Friedrich Carl Heinrich, Riessen **Kirchenbuch 1830-1850**, Bild 116/117, 1844
- Buhrkuhl, Wilhelm Ludwig, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1830-1850**, Scan 95, 1841
- Buhrkuhl, Marie Wilhelmine Charlotte, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1830-1850**, Scan 152, 1847
- Buhrkuhl, Sophie Dorothee, **Riessen Kirchenbuch 1830-1850**, Scan 181, 1850
- Burkuhl, Diedrich Hinrich Friedrich, **Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 8, 1853
- Burkuhl, Ernst Heinrich, **Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 46, 1857
- Burkuhl, Dorothe Maria Wilhelmine, **Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 88, 1861

Matrimonial resources:

- Burkuhl, Heinrich Friedrich August, **Riessen Trauungen 1853-1874**, Scan 54
- Burkuhl, Sophie Dorothea mit Cord Heinrich Tweitman, **Riessen Trauungen 1853-1874**, Scan 96, 22-03-1874

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL			Generation: VI.8
Familie/Family: Johan Heinrich Diedrich Burkuhl			No: 1.1.2.1.2.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Stöteler	
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Johan Heinrich Diedrich	Sophie Dorothea	
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Buchhorst, 14-2-1819	Kirchdorf, 11-10-1820	
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession		
	Vader/Father	Johan Wilhelm Burkuhl	Johan Heinrich Stöteler
	Moeder/Mother	Marie Catharine Westhofe	Marie Elisabeth Koopmann
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			
⊙ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Kirchdorf, 30-06-1850		
⊙ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			

Matrimonial resource:

- Johan Hinrich Ditrich Burkuhl-Stöteler, **Kirchenbuch 1830-1850 Riessen**, Scan 351, 1850

Kinderen / Children:


Voornamen / <i>First Names</i> Geslacht / <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte / <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk / <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden / <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop / <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk / <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis / <i>Funeral</i>
♀	Sophie Wilhelmine Charlotte	Bösenhausen, 15-07-1855		Bösenhausen, 29-07-1855
		Bösenhausen, 26-07-1855		Bösenhausen, 31-07-1855
♀	Wilhelmine Marie Sophie	Bösenhausen, 19-09-1857		
		Bösenhausen, 27-09-1857		
♂	Friedrich Dietrich Carl	Bösenhausen, 21-05-1864		Bösenhausen, 03-07-1864
		Bösenhausen, 29-05-1864		Bösenhausen, 05-07-1864

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Sophie Wilhelmine Charlotte, **Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 25, 1855
- Burkuhl, Wilhelmine Marie Sophie, **Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 45, 1857
- Buhrkuhl, Friedrich Diedrich Carl, **Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 122, 1864

Death sources:

- Buhrkuhl, Sophie Wilhelmine Charlotte, **Riessen, Beerdigungen 1853-1879** Scan 16, 1855
- Burkuhl, Friedrich Diedrich Carl, **Riessen, Beerdigungen 1853-1879** Scan 68, 1864

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>		Generation: VI.9
Familie/Family: Johann Dietrich Burkuhl		No: 1.1.2.2.1.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>		Burkuhl
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>		Johan Dietrich
Deking		Anne Marie Elisabeth
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 08-04-1772
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 12-04-1772
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Ev. -Luth.
	Vader/Father	Sander Burkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Catharine Marie Dorothea Döpken
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⊙	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 14-10-1791
⌘	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
Hertrouwd/New Marriage		Anne Dorothea Hoormann
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
~	Plaats?City, Datum/Date	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	
	Vader/Father	
	Moeder/Mother	
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⊙	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⌘	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	

Hertrouwd/New Marriage		Louise Buchholz
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
~	Plaats?City, Datum/Date	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	
	Vader/Father	
	Moeder/Mother	
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 22-05-1820
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	

Matrimonial resources:

- Burkuhle – Deking, Johan Dietrich, **Stolzenau Konfirmationen und Trauungen 1788-1825** Scan 7, 1791
- Burkuhl , Johan Dietrich – Buchholz, **Stolzenau Konfirmationen und Trauungen 1788-1825** Scan 88, 1820

Death sources: none

Kinderen/ Children: 1^e huwelijk

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♀	Catrine Margarethe Louise	Holzhausen, 20-01-1796		
		Holzhausen, 24-01-1796		
♂	Johan Christoph Conrad	Holzhausen, 11-12-1798		
		Holzhausen, 19-12-1798		
♀	Anne Sophie Marie Dorothea	Holzhausen, 10-10-1800		Holzhausen, 21-10-1800
		Holzhausen, 12-10-1800		

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Catharine Margrete Louise, **Stolzenau taufen und Beerdigungen 1790-1807**, Scan 36, 1796
- Burkuhl, Johan Christoph Conrad, **Stolzenau taufen und Beerdigungen 1790-1807**, Scan 55, 1798
- Burkuhl, Anne Sophie Maria Dorothea, **Stolzenau taufen und Beerdigungen 1790-1807**, Scan 66, 1800

Death sources:

- Buerkuhl, Anna Sophie, Kirchbuch Stolzenau Taufen und Beerdigungen 1790-1807, Scan 120, 1800

Kinderen/Children: 2^e huwelijk

Voornamen/First Names Geslacht/Gender		Geboorte/Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/Marriage	Overleden/Deceased
		Doop/Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/Marriage	Begrafenis/Funeral
♂	Conrad Christiaan	Holzhausen, ± 1799		Holzhausen, 06-10-1779
				Holzhausen, 07-10-1799
♂	Diedrich	Holzhausen, ± 1803		Holzhausen, 07-02-1805
				Holzhausen, 09-02-1805
♂	Johan Friedrich Christiaan	Holzhausen, 07-11-1804		Holzhausen, 07-02-1805
		Holzhausen, 10-11-1804		
♂	Friedrich Christiaan	Holzhausen, 09-02-1805	± 1825, Sophie Charlotte Graue	Holzhausen, 01-09-1833
		Holzhausen, 13-02-1805		Holzhausen, 04-09-1833
♀	Catharine Sophie Charlotte	Holzhausen, 05-05-1807	1832, Johan Heinrich Ludwig Hoppe	
		Holzhausen, 10-05-1807		
♂	Dietrich Christiaan	Holzhausen, 08-01-1810		Holzhausen, 29-05-1831
		Holzhausen, 14-01-1810		Holzhausen, 01-06-1831
♀	Catharine Charlotte	Holzhausen, 21-12-1811		Holzhausen, 24-05-1831
		Holzhausen, 24-12-1811		Holzhausen, 27-05-1831
♂	Heinrich	Holzhausen, ± 1814		Holzhausen, 17-06-1838
				Holzhausen, 20-06-1838
♂	Johan Conrad Ludewig	Holzhausen, 28-03-1817		
		Holzhausen, 07-04-1817		

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Johan Friedrich Christian, **Stolzenau taufen und Beerdigungen 1790-1807** Scan 76, 1802
- Burkuhl, Friedrich Christian, **Stolzenau taufen und Beerdigungen 1790-1807**, Scan 154, 1805, his death is also mentioned there, 7-2-1805
- Burkuhl, Cath. Sophie Charlotte, **Stolzenau taufen und Beerdigungen 1790-1807**, Scan 166, 1807
- Burkuhl, Dietrich Christian, **Stolzenau Taufen und Beerdigungen 1807-1823**, Scan 72, 1810
- Burkuhl, Catharine Charlotte, **Stolzenau Taufen und Beerdigungen 1807-1823**, Scan 82, 1811
- Burkuhl, Heinrich, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1824-1844**, Scan 275, 1838
- Burkuhl, Johan Conrad Ludwig, **Stolzenau Taufen und Beerdigungen 1807-1823**, Scan 122, 1817

Death sources:

- Buerkuhl, Conrad Christiaan, alt 9 W, **1799 nō 28, Kirchbuch Stolzenau Taufen und Beerdigungen 1790-1807**, Scan 117
- Burkuhl, Dietrich, alt 2 J, 1805 nō 7, **Kirchbuch Stolzenau Taufen und Beerdigungen 1790-1807**, Scan 133
- Buhrkuhl, Friedrich, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1824-1844**, Scan 248, 1833
- Buhrkuhl, alt 21 J, 1831 nō 53, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1824-1844**, Scan 237, born 1810.
- Buhrkuhl, Charlotte Catharine, alt 19 J, 1831, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1824-1844**, Scan 234
- Buhrkuhl, Heinrich, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1824-1844**, Scan 275, 1838

Matrimonial resources:

- The marriage is derived from the birth of their daughter, and thus also the estimated year of marriage a year earlier.
- Burkuhl – Hoppe, Cath. Elis. Sophie, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1832-1852** Scan 138, 1832

Kinderen/ Children: 3^e huwelijk

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doopt/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begraffenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♀	Catharine Sophie Luise Maria	Holzhausen, 10-06-1821	1847, Conrad Diedrich Carl Schröder	
		Holzhausen, 11-06-1821		
♀	Luise Caroline	Holzhausen, 07-07-1822		
		Holzhausen, 14-07-1822		
♀	Anne Marie Dorette	Holzhausen, 25-04-1825	1851, Heinrich Carl Berghorn	
		Holzhausen, 01-05-1825		


Birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Catharine Sophie Luise Maria, **Stolzenau Taufen und Beerdigungen 1807-1823**, Scan 160, 1821
- Burkuhl, Luise Caroline, **Stolzenau Taufen und Beerdigungen 1807-1823**, Scan 169, 1822
- Burkuhl, Anne Maria Dorette, **Stolzenau Kirchbuch 1824-1844**, Scan 12, 1825

Death sources: none

Matrimonial resources:

- Burkuhl – Schröder, Cath. Louise Marie, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1832-1852**, Scan 182, 1847
- Burkuhl, Anne Marie Dorothea, **Nenndorf Kirchenbuch 1840-1852**, Scan 199, 1851

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>			Generation: VI.10
Familie/Family: Gerhard Heinrich Conrad Burkuhl			No: 1.1.2.2.1.2
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>		Burkuhl	Ratzen
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>		Gerhard Heinrich Conrad	Anne Marie Elisabeth
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 28-04-1780	Wellie, ± 1793
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 30-04-1780	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		Holzhausen, 29-11-1829
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		Holzhausen, 02-12-1829
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession		
	Vader/Father	Sander Burkuhl	Johan Philip Ratzen
	Moeder/Mother	Catharine Marie D. Döpken	Margarethe Schomburg
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⊙	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	10-04-1825	
⊗	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
Hertrouwd/New Marriage			Sophie Elisabeth Witte
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Diethe, ± 1793	
~	Plaats?City, Datum/Date		
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 14-06-1842	
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 17-06-1842	
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.	
	Beroep, Profession		
	Vader/Father	Christof Witte	
	Moeder/Mother	Sophie Waltemate	
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⊙	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 23-10-1830	
⊗	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Birth sources:

- Anne Marie Ratzen was 36 years old at her death, so born around 1793

Matrimonial resources:

- Burkuhl – Fullriede, **Stolzenau Konfirmationen und Trauungen 1788-1825** Scan 105, 1825. According to the record, she was a widow, so her surname would therefore be different from the surname of her father mentioned therein, Kaatzen.
- Burkuhl – Witte, Sophie, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1824-1844** Scan 164, 1830. I think he gave the first names of his brother Johan Rolf's wife here

Death sources

- Buhrkuhl, Anne Marie Elisabeth geb. Ratzen, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1824-1844**, Scan 226, 1829
- Burkuhl, geb. Witte, Elisabeth, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1824-1844**, Scan 289, 1842

Kinderen/ Children: 1^e marriage

- No children in this first marriage

Kinderen/ Children: 2^e marriage

Voornamen/ First Names Geslacht/ Gender Stamboomnummer		Geboorte/ Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Overleden/ Deceased
		Doopt/ Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Begrafenis/ Funeral
♂	Gerd Heinrich Christiaan	Holzhausen, 05-11-1832		
		Holzhausen, 11-11-1832		
♂	Heinrich Ludwig Wilhelm	Holzhausen, 27-02-1838		Holzhausen, 22-03-1840
		Holzhausen, 11-03-1838		Holzhausen, 25-03-1840

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Gerd Hinrich Christian, **Stolzenau Kirchbuch 1824-1844**, Scan 69, 1832
- Burkuhl, Hinrich Ludwig Wilhelm, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1832-1852**, Scan 54, 1838


Death sources:

- Burkuhl, Heinrich Ludewig Wilhelm, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1824-1844**, Scan 281, 1840

Emigration sources: I found something in the census of 1880 Fort Wayne:

47	23	27	Burkuhl Henry	24	24	47+	1	Wagon Maker
			Dora	24	24	47+	1	Reaping House

- Henry 47 years old, wagon maker, is assumingly Gerd Heinrich Christiaan, his mother died when he was 10 years old, he emigrated in 1866, assumingly with Marie Dorothea Wilhelmine Buhrkuhl, also 47 years old, from Bruchhorst, Eltern Johann Dietrich Wilhelm Burkuhl and Sophie Agnese Schröder. In the census of 1910, they are both 67 years old. No kids, no marriage? So, no number.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL			Generation: VI.11
Familie/Family: Johan Ludwig Burkuhl			No: 1.1.2.2.1.3
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Tweitman	
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Johan Ludwig	Anna	
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 07-04-1786	Vorburgdam	
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 09-04-1786		
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			
☐ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer	
	Vader/Father	Sander Burkuhl	Johan Tweitman
	Moeder/Mother	Catharine Marie D. Döpken	
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Aufgeboden 7 – 14 Janauri 1810		
⚭ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Vorburgdam, 21-01-1810		
⚭ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			

Matrimonial resource:

- Burkuhl – Tweitmann, Johan Ludwig, **Stolzenau Konfirmationen und Trauungen 1788-1825** Scan 48, 1810

Kinderen/ *Children*:


Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	Johann Hinrich	Burgdamm, dec. 1813		Burgdamm, 30-05-1814
♂	Diederich	Vorburgdamm, 14-02-1838		
		Vorburgdamm, 21-02-1838		

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl Diederich, **Lesum, Kirchbuch taufen 1715–1751** (Familysearch)

Death sources:

- Burkuhl, Johan Hinrich, **Lesum, Kirchbuch 1814-1830** (Familysearch)

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL		Generation: VI.12
Familie/Family: Dietrich Ludewig Burkuhl		No: 1.1.2.2.2.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Hillmanns
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Dietrich Ludewig	Anne Sophie Elisabeth
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth. Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer
	Vader/Father	Johan Rolf Burkuhl Christian Hillanns
	Moeder/Mother	Anne Ilse Margarethe Döpken
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Aufgebot Anemolter 2 – 18 sept (vermoedelijk)
∞	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Anemolter, 11-10-1799
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	

Matrimonial resources:

- Burkuhl, Dietrich Ludwig, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, bild 14, 1799

Kinderen/ *Children:*


Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i> Stamboomnummer		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♀	Maria Dorothea Charlotte	Wiehofe, 09-01-1800		
		Wiehofe, 12-01-1800		
♀	Sophie Marie Elisabeth	Wiehofe, 20-10-1801		
		Wiehofe, 23-10-1801		
♂	Johan Dietrich Christian	Wiehofe, 01-12-1803		
		Wiehofe, 04-12-1803		
♀	Christine Marie Dorothea	Wiehofe, 05-10-1806		
		Wiehofe, 08-10-1806		
♂	Heinrich Friedrich Ernst	Anemolter 14-12-1810		Anemolter 30-12-1810
		Anemolter, 16-12-1810		Anemolter 04-01-1811
♀	Sophie Marie Dorothea	Anemolter, 02-06-1812		
		Anemolter, 05-06-1812		
♀	Marie Sophie Caroline Charlotte	Anemolter, 28-01-1815		
		Anemolter, 30-01-1815		
♂	Johan Heinrich Christian	Anemolter, 27-03-1817		
		Anemolter, 30-03-1817		
♂	Hinrich Wilhelm August	Anemolter, 07-08-1819		
		Anemolter, 11-08-1819		
♂	Christian Wilhelm Friedrich Ferdinand	Anemolter, 05-08-1822		Anemolter, 06-09-1822
		Anemolter, 11-08-1822		Anemolter, 09-09-1822

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Marie Dorothea Charlotte, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 97, 1800
- Burkuhl, Sophie Marie Elisabeth, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 101, 1801
- Burkuhl, Johan Dietrich Christian, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 106, 1803
- Burkuhl, Christine Marie Dorothea, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, bild 112, 1806
- Burkuhl, Hinrich Friedrich Ernst, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 123, 1810
- Burkuhl, Sophie Marie Dorothea, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 127, 1812
- Burkuhl, Marie Sophie Caroline Charlotte, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, bild 133, 1815
- Burkuhl, Johan Hinrich Christian, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 137, 1817
- Burkuhl, Hinrich Wilhelm August, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 112, 1819
- Burkuhl, Christian Wilhelm Dietrich Ferdinand, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 112, 1822

Death sources:

- Burkuhl, Hinrich Friedrich Ernst, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, bild 197, 1810
- Buhrkuhl, Christian Wilhelm Friedrich Ferdinand, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 218, 1822

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>		Generation: VI.13
Familie/Family: Gerd Hinrich Conrad Burkuhl		No: 1.1.2.2.3.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>	Burkuhl	Morsch
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>	Gerd Hinrich	Ilse Margarethe Dorothea
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Sehnsen, 10-02-1780	
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Sehnsen, 13-02-1780	
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	
	Vader/Father	Johan Diederich Burkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Catharina Magdalena Meijer
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⚭ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Böthel, 05-11-1808	
⚭ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Matrimonial resources:

- Burkuhl, Gerd Hinrich, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 20, 1808
-

Kinderen/ *Children:*

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i> <i>Stamboomnummer</i>	Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
	Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂ Johan Dietrich Christian	Sehnsen, 13-03-1810		Sehnsen, 24-09-1810
	Sehnsen, 16-03-1810		Sehnsen, 27-09-1810

Birth source:

- Burkuhl, Johan Dietrich Christian, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 121, 1810

Death source:

- Burkuhl, Johan Dietrich Christian, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1775-1827**, Scan 197, 1810

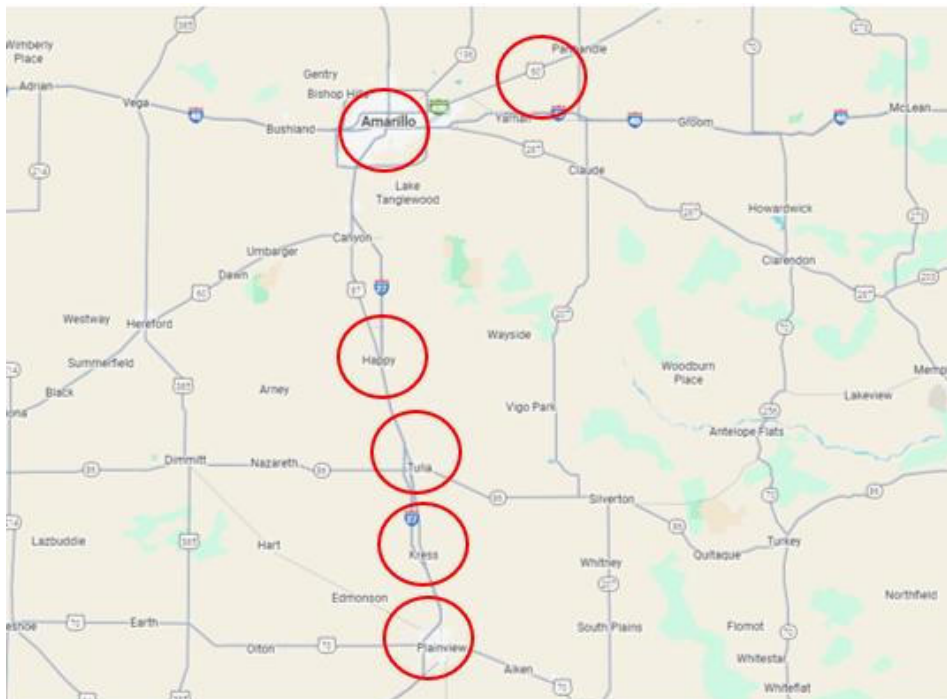
8. Generations after emigration from Germany till 1925.

This map shows where the first families Buhrkuhl started when they arrived after their emigration from Germany. First Johann Heinrich Ludwig's family settled in Illinois


- St. Charles is situated west of St. Louis
- New Minden, Stone Church, Addieville, Lively Grove, Plum Hill, Hoyleton, Centralia, are situated within a circle of 7 miles from each other.



The other family Heinrich Friedrich August first settled in Texas, more south of Amarillo.



But later they all went all directions.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>			Generation: VII.6
Familie/Family: Johan Heinrich Ludwig Burkuhl			No: 1.1.2.1.1.1.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>		Burkuhl	Hoelscher
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>		Johan Heinrich Ludwig	Anna Maria
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Buchhorst, 20-12-1819	1823
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Buchhorst, 02-01-1820	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	StoneChurch (III.) 19-02-1879	StoneChurch (III), 08-09-1866
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		StoneChurch (III), 09-09-1866
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer	
	Vader/Father	Johan Dietrich Wilh. Burkuhl	
	Moeder/Mother	Sophie Agnese Schröder	
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	St. Louis, Missouri, US, 23-03-1851,	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
Hertrouwd/New Marriage			Frederike Horstkotte
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Hannover, 1837	
~	Plaats?City, Datum/Date		
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	St. Louis (MO), 21-1-1876	
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion		
	Beroep, Profession		
	Vader/Father		
	Moeder/Mother		
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	St. Louis (MO), 12-12-1866	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Matrimonial resources:

- I found in Ancestry his first marriage should be with Fredericke Lehmkuhl on 9-1-1848 in Madison. Don't know what happened to her. But he married in 1851 with Anna Maria Hoelscher. I also found in **Familysearch** this:

Indexed Information

Friedericke Christina Katharina K Burkuehle

 EDIT

Marriage • Illinois, County Marriages, 1810-1940

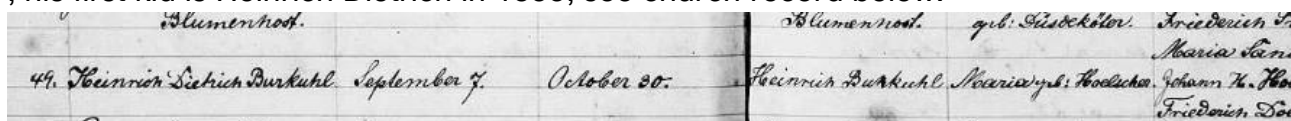
Name	Conradin Friedrich Karl Spruner
Sex	Male
Age	25 years
Birth Year (Estimated)	1853
Father's Name	August Spruner
Mother's Name	Malwina Schaumberg
Spouse's Name	Friedericke Christina Katharina K Burkuehle
Spouse's Sex	Female
Spouse's Age	20 years
Spouse's Birth Year (Estimated)	1858
Spouse's Father's Name	Heinrich Buhrkuehle
Spouse's Mother's Name	Friedericke Lehmkuhle
Event Type	Marriage
Event Date	30 May 1878
Event Place	Madison, Madison, Illinois, United States
Event Place (Original)	Madison, Illinois, United States
Page Number	13

Friedericke Christina Katharina K Burkuehle's Parents and Siblings

This is impossible. I guess the birthyear of Friedericke Christina Katharina Burku(e)hl(e) should be 1848, as that's the marriage year of her parents. And her father married after 3 years in 1851 with Anna Maria Hoelscher in St. Louis. So, this is a problem. Either her birthdate is wrong or the parents of Friedericke are wrong. I think the first.

But when Johann Heinrich Ludwig married Anna Maria Hoelscher in 1851:

- , his first kid is Heinrich Dietrich in 1853, see church record below.



- It is clear that Stone church is meant as a village community in Johannsburg Township, Washington County, Illinois, located about 50 km east of St. Louis.

So Johan Heinrich Ludwig (1819-1879) is the first Burkühl that emigrated to the US in Illinois east of St. Louis, in the year 1851 he married in the US in St. Louis, so all his children are born in the US.

Mary Wilhelmine Dorothe (1844-1883) was a sister of Johan Heinrich Ludwig. She married Friedrich Georg Wilhelm, and also emigrated to the US, in Utah near Salt Lake City. They had one child, Anna Louise (1871) but when she was 5 years old her father died, and when she was 12 years old here mother died. Anna Louise married later with August Herman Ulmer.

Then Heinrich Friedrich August (1838-1903) with Radensleben in Texas, he emigrated with all his children, his youngest one was born in Germany 1884. Also the family Radensleben emigrated to the US, however more in the region of Nebraska.

Also, August Heinrich Wilhelm (1875-1944) emigrated to the US, with his father Heinrich Friedrich August). He also married in the US round 1900 so all his children were born in the US.

Kinderen/ Children: 1^e huwelijk

Voornamen/ First Names Geslacht/ Gender		Geboorte/ Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Overleden/ Deceased
		Doop/ Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Begraffenis/ Funeral
♂	Heinrich Dietrich	Stone Church, 07-09-1853	St. Louis, 5-11-1882 Carrie Wiese	
		Stone Church, 30-10-1853		
♀	Anna Elise	Stone Church, 22-06-1856	1879, Heinrich Oelze	Addieville, 1929
		Stone Church, 03-08-1856	Rehbein	
♀	Regine Wilhelmine	Stone Church, 04-01-1859	Charles Richard Casper	
		St. Louis, 27-02-1859		
♀	Marie Charlotte	Stone Church, 19-04-1861		
				Stone Church, 01-09-1866
♀	Maria Dorothea	Stone Church, 24-08-1864	1885, John Ruhmann	1924
		Stone Church,		

- The name Caspar and Casper are both frequently used.

Matrimonial resources:

- Nothing but his Marriage could be found of Henry D., so he is not numbered.

STATE OF MISSOURI, } ss.
CITY OF ST. LOUIS.

No. 5234

THIS LICENSE authorizes any Judge, Justice of the Peace, Licensed or Ordained Preacher of the Gospel, or other person authorized under the laws of this State, to solemnize marriage between Henry D. Buhrkuhl of the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri who is over the age of twenty-one years, and Carrie Wiese of the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri who is over the age of eighteen years.

WITNESS my hand as Recorder, with the seal of office hereto affixed, at my office in the City of St. Louis, the 21 day of November 1882
C. W. Irwin Recorder.

Copy of seal
RECORD OF DEEDS
ST. LOUIS, STATE OF MISSOURI.

Talcott av.
Buhrkuhl Henry D. feed. r. ss. Pope av. nr.
Ouida av.
Buhrmann Caroline. wid. Henry. r. 817. Wash
Buhre Henry, blksmith, 3819 S. B'way
Buhrkuhl Henry D. team. r. 727 Clarence av.
Buhrman George, clk. St. Louis

And the St. Louis directories where he lived and his job as a? Feed? Team?

- Anna Elise married Heinrich Oelze (Zobbenitz, July 4, 1857 - Addieville 1898) in Plum Hill on October 30, 1879. They had six daughters, one of whom was Laura, born April 19, 1897, in Covington, Illinois. She married Jason W. Swind on February 14, 1931, but he died in 1934 and remained childless. Anna Elise remarried Rehbein, and their son, Roland Rehbein, was born
- Regine Wilhelmine married Charles Richard Casper (born aug. 1853, Germany), see here right their photo



- Maria Dorothea married John Ruhmann in St. Louis on 12-05-1885. You can see Mary on this photo, holding her grandson, Irving Koster. His sister Lorraine Koster is standing on the ground, holding both the hands of her grandmother and her mother Hilda Ruhmann Koster. Photo taken in St. Louis about 1920


Kinderen/ Children: 2^e marriage

Voornamen/ First Names Geslacht/ Gender Stamboomnummer:		Geboorte/ Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Overleden/ Deceased
		Doop/ Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Begrafenis/ Funeral
♂	August Friedrich Wilhelm 1.1.2.1.1.1.1.1	Stone Church, (IL) 29-11-1867	± 1895, Wilhelmina Maria Catharina Schnare	St. Charles, 12-01-1943
♀	Sophia Frederike	Stone Church (IL), 16-11-1874	Plum Hill, 1896, Heinrich Friedrich Christian Hoepker	Plum Hil (IL), 06-04-1902
		Stone Church (IL), 26-12-1874		
♀	Anna Louise	Stone Church (IL), 31-10-1870	William Ernest Kruse	1949
♂	Hermann Heinrich 1.1.2.1.1.1.1.2	Stone Church (IL), 01-01-1873	Louise Florentina Maria Schuette	New Minden, 25-09-1922
		Stone Church (IL), 26-01-1873		New Minden, 28-09-1922

- As their mother died in 1876 and father in 1879 August and Sophie were placed in the family Adam Mittendorf (see census 1880)
- Sophia married Heinrich Hoepker, but died with having her third child in 1902.
- At the right side is a picture of the wedding of Sophie and Heinrich



- Where Louise came after the death of her parents is unknown.
- Hermann became after the death of his parent's part of the family of Hermann and Regina Meyer (census 1880)
- Anna Louise married William Kruse and they had 2 sons and 2 daughters

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL			Generation: VII.7
Familie/Family: Cord Friedrich Wilhelm Burkuhl			No: 1.1.2.1.1.1.2
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Seger	
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Cord Friedrich Wilhelm	Maria Margaretha	
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Bruchhorst, 12-01-1824	Deblinghausen, 28-01-1824
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Bruchhorst, 12-01-1824	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession		
	Vader/Father	Johan Dietrich Wilhelm Burkuhl	Johan Friedrich Wilhelm Seger
	Moeder/Mother	Sophie Agnese Schröder	Anna Maria Dorothe Elisabeth Brümmer
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Aufgebot, Riessen, 24 sept en 1 okt 1854	
∞	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Riessen, 08-10-1854	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Matrimonial resource:

- Burkuhl-Seger, **Riessen Trauungen 1853-1874**, Scan 9, 1854

Kinderen/ Children:


Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i> <i>Stamboomnummer</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♀	Marie Sophie Dorothea	Bruchhagen, 20-08-1855		
		Bruchhagen, 02-09-1855		
♂	Heinrich Friedrich Dietrich 1.1.2.1.1.1.2.1	Bruchhagen, 28-04-1857	Margaretha Louise Ilsabein Buchholz	
		Bruchhagen, 03-05-1857		
♂	NN zoon	Bruchhagen, 15-07-1858		Bruchhagen, 15-07-1858
				Bruchhagen, 17-07-1858
♂	Diedrich Friedrich Wilhelm	Bruchhagen, 15-05-1859		Bruchhagen, 26-05-1860
		Bruchhagen, 29-05-1859		Bruchhagen, 29-05-1860
♂	Heinrich Wilhelm August	Bruchhagen, 07-04-1862		Bruchhagen, 12-04-1862
		Bruchhagen, 12-04-1862		Bruchhagen, 15-04-1862
♂	Hinrich Diedrich Ludwig	Bruchhagen, 10-03-1863		Bruchhagen, 04-04-1866
		Bruchhagen, 22-03-1863		Bruchhagen, 08-04-1866

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Marie Sophie Dorothea, **Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** blad 25, 1855
- Buhrkuhl, Heinrich Friedrich Diedrich, **Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 41, 1857
- Burkuhle, Nn, **Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 56, 1858
- Burkuhle, Diedrich Friedrich Wilhelm, **Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 66, 1859
- Buhrkuhle, Heinrich Wilhelm August, **Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 99, 1862
- Buhrkuhle, Heinrich Friedrich Ludwig, **Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 107, 1863
-

Death sources:

- Burkuhl, Dietrich Friedrich Wilhelm, **Riessen, Beerdigungen 1853-1879** blad 45, 1860
- Burkuhl, Hinrich Wilhelm August, **Riessen, Beerdigungen 1853-1879** Scan 57, 1862
- Burkuhl, Heinrich Diedrich Ludwig, **Riessen, Beerdigungen 1853-1879** Scan 79, 1866

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>		Generation: VII.8
Familie/Family: Heinrich Friedrich August Burkuhl		No: 1.1.2.1.1.2.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>	Burkuhl	Radensleben
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>	Heinrich Friedrich August	Maria Sophia Wilhelmina
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Bruchhagen, 29-12-1838	Deblinghausen, 10-1-1841
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Des Moines, 17-1-1903	Des Moines, 1905
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	
	Beroep, Profession	
	Vader/Father	Heinrich Johann Ludwig Burkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Sophie Dorothea Hedwig Horstmann
		Johan Diedrich Radensleben Marie Sophie Elisabeth Kelkenberg
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
∞ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Riessen, 22-01-1865	
⚭ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Matrimonial resource:

- Heinrich Friedrich August, Kirchenbuch **Riessen Trauungen 1853-1874**, Scan 54, 1865

Heinrich Friedrich August (Fritz) with his Wife Marie Radensleben



Kinderen/ Children:

Voornamen/ First Names Geslacht/ Gender		Geboorte/ Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Overleden/ Deceased
		Doop/ Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Begrafenis/ Funeral
♀	Maria Sophia Wilhelmina	Bruchhagen, 30-06-1865	Bruchhagen, 18-5-1888, Heinrich Wilhelm Ludwig Winkelmann	Penningsehl, 12-4-1939
		Bruchhagen, 16-07-1865		
♀	Caroline Sophia Wilhelmine	Bruchhagen, 11-10-1867		Bruchhagen, 18-11-1871
		Bruchhagen, 20-10-1867		Bruchhagen, 21-11-1871
♂	Friedrich Diedrich Carl 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.1	Bruchhagen, 25-02-1870	Des Moines (IA), 18-9- 1902, Lena Gerling	Center (MO), 1-6-1942
		Bruchhagen, 13-03-1870		
♀	Marie Sophie Dorothe	Bruchhagen, 27-02-1872		Bruchhagen, 08-11-1873
		Bruchhagen, 10-03-1872		Bruchhagen, 13-11-1873
♂	August Hinrich Wilhelm 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2	Bruchhagen, 02-01-1875	Burlington (IA), 31-10- 1899, Dora Schmidt	Kress (TX), 5-5-1944
		Bruchhagen, 24-01-1875		
♀	Marie Wilhelmine Doris	Bruchhagen, 16-03-1877	Davey (NE), 10-2-1898, Oryon Pierce Biggerstaff	Kahoka (MO), 4-6-1959
		Bruchhagen, 02-04-1877		
♂	Diedrich Ludwig Wilhelm	Bruchhagen, 14-07-1879		Jackson (MO), 26-6-1951
		Bruchhagen, 27-07-1879		Kahoka (MO), 28-6-1951
♀	Catharine Wilhelmine Dorothea	Bruchhagen, 26-06-1882		Des Moines (MO), 16-7- 1906
		Bruchhagen, 30-07-1882		
♂	Hinrich Diedrich Wilhelm	Bruchhagen, 09-11-1884		Kahoka (MO), 22-2-1967
		Bruchhagen, 30-11-1884		

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Maria Sophia Wilhelmina, **Kirchbuch Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 132, 1865
- Burkuhl, Caroline Sophia Wilhelmine, **Kichbuch Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 155, 1867
- Burkuhl, Friedrich Diedrich Carl, **Kirchbuch Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 186, 1870
- Burkuhl, Marie Sophie Dorothe, **Kirchbuch Riessen, Taufen 1853-1879** Scan 209, 1872
- Burkuhl, August Hinrich Wilhelm, **Kirchbuch Riessen, Taufen 1874-1879** Scan 3, 1875
- Burkuhl, Marie Wilhelmine Doris, **Kirchbuch Riessen, Taufen 1874-1879** Scan 29, 1877
- Burkuhl, Diedrich Ludwig Wilhelm, **Kirchbuch Riessen, Taufen 1874-1879** Scan 59, 1879
- Burkuhl, Catharine Wilhelmine Dorothea, **Kirchbuch Riessen, Taufen 1874-1879** Scan 98, 1882
- Burkuhl, Hinrich Diedrich Wilhelm, **Kirchbuch Riessen, Taufen 1874-1879** Scan 127, 1884

Death sources:


- Burkuhl, Caroline Sophia Wilhelmine, **Kirchenbuch Riessen, Beerdigungen 1853-1879** Scan 127, 1871
- Burkuhl, Marie Sophie Dorothe, **Kirchbuch Riessen, Beerdigungen 1853-1879** Scan 149, 1873

Friedrich Buhrkuhl went in 1892 to the United States with his whole family, except the two eldest daughters.

His two youngest sons, Diedrich Ludwig Wilhelm (William) and Heinrich Diedrich Wilhelm (Richard) remained unmarried, en were buried together on the cemetery of Kahoka (Missouri). Apparently, they lived all their life together and worked on the farm of their sister Marie Wilhelmine Doris (Minnie), who had married Oryon Biggerstaff. They also were buried on the same cemetery of Kahoka:



From Familysearch: Heinrich Radensleben, the sister of Marie Sophie Wilhelmine Radensleben



Heinrich Radensleben

17 January 1839 – 26 July 1906 • L2Z3-JP

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Brief Life History of Heinrich


When Heinrich Radensleben was born on 17 January 1839, in Deblinghausen, Steyerberg, Nienburg, Lower Saxony, Germany, his father, Johann Dietrich Friedrick Radensleben, was 37 and his mother, Marie Sophie Elizabeth Kelkenberg, was 30. He married Johanna Frederika Henriette Juds in 1890, in Nebraska, United States. They were the parents of at least 4 sons and 1 daughter. In 1890, his occupation is listed as farmer in Richland Township, Saunders, Nebraska, United States. He died on 26 July 1906, in Richland Township, Saunders, Nebraska, ...

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Spouse and Children


**Heinrich Radensleben**
1839-1906


**Johanna Frederika Henriette Juds**
1852-1915


Marriage
1890
Nebraska


Children (5)

**Amelia Louise Augusta Radensleben**
1881-1950


**Karl Diedrich August Radensleben**
1891-1960

**Heinrich Christoph Peter Radensleben**
1893-1915

**Frederick Albert Radensleben**
1894-1921


**Wilhelm Franz August Radensleben**
1896-1981


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 Kent in entry for Edwin P and Kenny Chapel Felder, "United States,..."


[VIEW ALL](#)


Parents and Siblings


**Johann Dietrich Friedrick Radensleber**
1801-1882


**Marie Sophie Elizabeth Kelkenberg**
1808-1873


Siblings (10)


**Maria Sophia Louisa Radensleben**
1830-1898

**Wilhelm Friedrich Radensleben**
1833-1904

**Fritz Radensleben**
1835-1911

**Sophie Dorothee Wilhelmine Radensleben**
1836-1911

**Heinrich Radensleben**
1839-1906

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL		Generation: VII.9
Familie/Family: Friedrich Christiaan Burkuhl		No: 1.1.2.2.1.1.1.
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Graue
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Friedrich Christiaan	Sophie Charlotte
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 09-02-1805
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 13-02-1805
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 01-09-1833
☐	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, 04-09-1833
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	
	Vader/Father	Johan Dietrich Burkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Anna Dorothea Hoormann
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Holzhausen, ± 1825
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	

Matrimonial resource: Estimated date of marriage at birth of first child

Kinderen/ *Children*:


Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>	Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
	Doopt/Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♀ Sophie Wilhelmine Charlotte	Holzhausen, 13-12-1826		Holzhausen, 10-10-1839
	Holzhausen, 17-12-1826		Holzhausen, 14-10-1839

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Sophie Wilhelm. Charlotte, **Stolzenau Kirchbuch 1824-1844**, Scan 26, 1826

Death sources:

- Buhrkuhl, Sophie Wilhelmine Charlotte, **Stolzenau Kirchenbuch 1824-1844**, Scan 278, 1839. So her father died 6 years ago.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> :			Generation: VII.10
Familie/Family: Johan Dietrich Christian Burkuhl			No: 1.1.2.2.2.1.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Wilken	
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Johan Dietrich Christian	Christine Marie Elisabeth	
★	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Wiehofe, 1-12-1803	Anemolter, 18-8-1810
~	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Wiehofe, 4-12-1803	
✝	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
□	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. -luth.	Ev. -luth.
	Beroep, Profession	Landbouwer (Köthner)	
	Vader/Father	Johan Ludewig Burkuhl	
	Moeder/Mother	Sophie Marie Elisabeth Hilmann	
○	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Proclamiert Schinna, 23 en 30 Augustus 1829	
∞	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Schinna, 20-9-1829	
⚭	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Matrimonial resource:

- Burkuhl, Johan Dietrich Christian, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1828-1852**, Scan 6, 1829

Kinderen/ *Children:*


Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♀	Caroline Wilhelmine Christine	Anemolter, 08-02-1830		
		Anemolter, 14-02-1830		
♀	Marie Sophie Elisabeth	Anemolter, 10-07-1834		Anemolter, 26-3-1837
		Anemolter, 13-07-1834		
♂	Heinrich Ludewig Conrad	Anemolter, 19-03-1837		
		Anemolter, 27-03-1837		
♂	Hinrich Friedrich Wilhelm 1.1.2.2.2.1.1.1	Anemolter, 25-04-1841	1867, Maria Sophia Caroline Wilhelmine Strohmeier	
		Anemolter, 02-05-1841		
♂	Dietrich Hinrich Wilhelm	Anemolter, 06-07-1848		
		Anemolter, 16-07-1848		

Birth sources:

- Burkuhl, Caroline Wilhelmine Christine, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1828-1852**, Scan 112, 1830
- Burkuhl, Marie Sophie Elisabeth, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1828-1852**, Scan 45, 1834
- Burkuhl, Hinrich Ludwig Conrad, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1828-1852**, Scan 53, 1837
- Burkuhl, Hinrich Friedrich Wilhelm, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1828-1852**, Scan 64, 1841
- Burkuhl, Dietrich Hinrich Wilhelm, **Schinna Kirchenbuch 1828-1852**, Scan 78, 1848

Death sources:

- The death of Marie Sophie Elisabeth is mentioned in the birth source, not the burial date

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL		Generation: VIII.8
Familie/Family: August Friedrich Wilhelm Buhrkuhl		No: 1.1.2.1.1.1.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Buhrkuhl	Schnare
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	August Friedrich Wilhelm	Wilhelmina Maria Catharina
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Stonechurch, 29-11-1867	± 1874
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	St. Charles, 12-01-1943	
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	
	Beroep, Profession	
	Vader/Father	Johan Heinrich Ludwig Burkühl
	Moeder/Mother	Frederieke Horstkotte
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⊙ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	± 1895	
⌘ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Below is the obituary in the St. Louis Globe Democrat

**AUG. F. BURKUHL
DIES THIS MORNING
AT AGE OF 75 YEARS**

Funeral Service Will Be Held
Thursday Afternoon At St.
John's Church.

From Tuesday's Daily:—
August F. Basrauhl, 1000 N.
Sixth street, died at 4:35 o'clock
this morning at the age of 75
years.

The remains will lie in state
at Dallmeyer's parlors until 12
o'clock noon Thursday when
they will be taken to St. John's
church where they will lie in
state until 2:30 o'clock when
the funeral service will begin.
Burial will be made in St. John's
cemetery.

Besides his wife, Mrs. Kathryn
Burkuhl, are his children, Wil-
liam Burkühl of St. Clair,
Mich., Richard Burkühl of De-
troit, Mich., and Arthur Bur-

BURKUHL, AUGUST F.—Of St. Charles,
Mo., January 12, 1943, aged 75 years,
dear husband of Mrs. Katherine Burkühl
(nee Schnarre), father of William Bur-
kuhl of St. Clair, Mich., Richard of De-
troit, Mich., and Arthur of St. Charles,
Missouri.

Remains will lie in state at Dallmeyer
Funeral Parlors, 800 N. Second st., St.
Charles, Mo., until 12 o'clock noon Thurs.,
Jan. 14, then will lie in state at St.
John's Church until 2:30 p. m. same day,
when services will be held. Burial St.
John's Cemetery.

August Friedrich's obituary in the 1943 St. Charles Weekly Banner

Kinderen/Children:

Voornamen/First Names Geslacht/Gender		Geboorte/Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/Marriage	Overleden/Deceased
		Doop/Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/Marriage	Begrafenis/Funeral
♂	William Henry August 1.1.2.1.1.1.1.1.1	St. Charles, 22-07-1896	Myrtle Pearl Rector	Tampa, 15-06-1969
♂	Arthur Charles	St. Charles, 28-02-1898	Mabel Lee Norred	St. Charles, 31-05-1964
♂	Nn	St. Charles?		
♂	Richard William 1.1.2.1.1.1.1.1.2	St. Charles, 28-09-1904	Mercedes Eberius	Roseville, 30-12-1984

- Arthur has no known children, Richard does. He has at least two daughters, Mary Kay and Nancy. But no other male descendants. Roseville is in Detroit.
 - No name is known for Nn, probably a son, who may have lived a short time
- From St. Charles Banner News:


Banner-News 1 Jun 1964

BURKUHL, ARTHUR C., 1327
N. Third st., Sunday, May 31, St.
Joseph's Hospital at age 66.

Husband of the late Mabel
Burkuhl, nee Norred, dear bro-
ther of William of Tampa, Fla.,
and Richard of Detroit, Mich.
Dear son of Mrs. Catherine Bur-
kuhl, nee Schnare, dear uncle.

Mr. Burkuhl at Arthur C.
Baue Funeral Home, 620 Jeffer-
son st., until noon Wednesday.
Services same day, 2 p.m., St.
John United Church of Christ. In-
terment church cemetery.

Member Palestine Lodge 241
A. F. & A. M. Masonic services
Tuesday evening at the funeral
home.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL			Generation: VIII.9
Familie/ <i>Family</i> : Hermann Heinrich Buhrkuhl			No: 1.1.2.1.1.1.1.2
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Buhrkuhl	Schuette	
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Hermann Heinrich	Louise Florentine Maria	
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Stonechurch, 01-01-1873	Hoyleton, 14-4-1880	
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Stonechurch, 26-01-1873		
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	New Minden, 25-9-1922	Hoyleton, 1-6-1960	
☐ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	New Minden, 28-9-1922		
	Geloof/Religion		
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer	
	Vader/Father	Johan Heinrich Ludwig Burkühl	Friedrich Schuette
	Moeder/Mother	Frederike Horstkotte	Wihelmine Knollhoff
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			
⊙ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	?		
⌘ Plaats/City, Datum/Date			

In the census of 1940 you can see that the head (Herman Buhrkuhl) because of his death in 1922 has changed in the head Charles Harre, her stepson from the first marriage, born in 1905

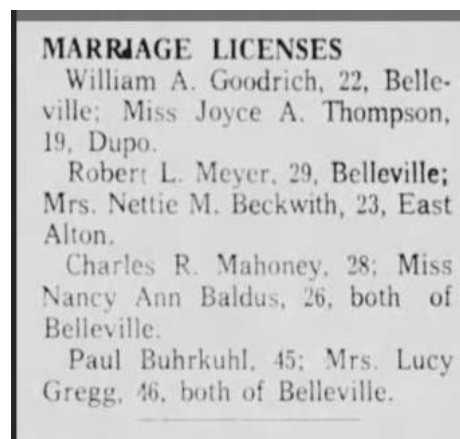
yes	Harre Charles	Head	0	m	71	35	S	no	7
	Buhrkuhl Mary	Mother	3	f	71	59	Wid	no	7
	Paul	Son	2	m	71	24	S	no	7
	Alvin	Son	2	m	71	20	S	no	7
	Corine	Daughter	2	f	71	17	S	no	7
	Schuette Edmer	Nephew	5	m	71	16	S	no	4
yes	Schmitter Harold	Head	0	m	71	26	m	no	8


- Mary Schette has been married before with Charles Harre and they had three children, 2 daughters and a son. The son is also called Charles Harre as his father

Kinderen/ Children: 2e marriage

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	Elmer A	New Minden, 16-07-1911		Hoyleton, 16-09-1933
♂	Walter William Heinrich	New Minden, 20-2-1913		New Minden, 10-7-1918
		Nahsville, 6-3-1913		New Minden, 13-7-1918
♂	Paul Friedrich Jakob	New Minden, 22-04-1915	1960, Lucy Gregg	Hoyleton, 09-05-1988
♀	Leona	New Minden, 11-09-1916	1938, Alphonsa Henry Brandhorst	Centralia, 29-03-1943
♂	Alvin F	New Minden, 01-01-1920		Holeyton, 21-06-2000
♀	Corinne Anne Elisabeth	New Minden, 27-03-1922	Edwin Ernst Wilhelm Heinrich Rohlfing	Avon, 30-04-2013

- Elmer had the Hodgkin-decease which caused his death.
- Walter died from pneumonia
- Paul married Lucie Gregg, but there were no kids
- Leona married Alphonsa Henry Brandhorst (Hoffman, 27-08-1909 Hyattsville 00-03--1976) in St. Louis, 27-05-1938, and they had a daughter Mildred Brandhorst in 1941 (Carlyle, 04-12-1941 Peoria, 21-11-2006)
- Alvin didn't marry but helped the family farming as their father died in 1922
- Corinne Anne Elisabeth should have been married Edwin in the fifties, and got a son, Dennis Edwin Rohlfing (1955-1978) who died in Centralia 23 years old. (Avon lies east of Indianapolis, 400 km west of St. Louis).
- Since there are no further male descendants, this branch ends here. Paul married when he was 45 and Lucy 46 years, so no kids are to expect.



Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL		Generation: VIII.11
Familie/Family: Friedrich Dietrich Carl		No: 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Burkuhl	Gerling
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Friedrich Dietrich Carl	Magdaline Caroline
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Bruchhagen, 25-2-1870	Des Moines (IA), 16-8-1879
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Bruchhagen, 13-3-1870	
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Center (MO), 1-6-1942	Rolla (MO), 14-12-1964
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	Ev. Luth.
	Beroep, Profession	
	Vader/Father	Heinrich Friedrich August Buhrkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Marie Sophie Wilhelmine Radensleben
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⊙ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Des Moines (IA), 18-9-1902	
⊗ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Census 1930, Missouri, county Rolla, Clay Township, the family Fred Buhrkuhl

222224	Buhrkuhl, Fred	Head R	7	W	12	S	Des Moines, Missouri
	Leah	Daughter	7	W	10	S	Des Moines, Missouri
	Dorothy	Daughter	7	W	10	S	Des Moines, Missouri
	Lena	Wife-H	7	W	58	M	33 no yes Germany-Berlin
	Thomas	Son	7	W	58	S	no yes Iowa
	William	brother	7	W	58	S	no yes Missouri
	Richard	brother	7	W	45	S	no yes Germany-Berlin
	Gerling, Alma	sister-in-law	7	W	48	S	no yes Iowa
222225	Howard	Head O	7	W	55	M	26 no yes Canada-Berlin
	Katie	Wife-H	7	W	49	M	20 no yes Missouri
	William	Son	7	W	21	S	no yes Missouri

This is the census 1905 of township Washington in county Des Moines. Wm Buhrkuhl is 24 years old, and was therefore born around 1881 in Germany. From my information, this seems to be Catharina Wilhelmine Dorothea (Dora) Buhrkuhl, born in 1882 in Bruchhagen, and who indeed accompanied her parents (Buhrkuhl/Radensleben) to America at a young age. What happened to her afterward is unclear.

Card No. 407 POPULATION SCHEDULE—1905
 County Des Moines
 Township Washington
 City Ward
 Name Wm Buhrkuhl
 P. O. Address Roscoe
 Sex, Male—Female Male Can you read? Yes Can you write? Yes
 Color, White—Black—Yellow—Red White Age 24
 Place of birth, Self Germany
 Place of birth, Mother Germany
 Place of birth, Father Germany
 Do you own your home or farm? Yes Entire value of home or farm? \$ 0
 How much insurance on your home or farm? \$ 0
 If you are foreign born, are you naturalized? Yes
 Years in U. S. 13 Years in Iowa 6
 Conjugal condition Married Single—Married—Widowed—Divorced—Separated
 Months in school in 1904. Public 0 High 0 Private 0 College 0
 Occupation Harm-laboren
 Months unemployed in 1904 3
 Service in Civil War—Mexican War—Spanish War
 Company 0 Regiment 0 State 0
 Class of service 0 Cavalry—Infantry—Artillery—Navy
 Date of enlistment 0
 Date of discharge 0
 Remarks 0
 Signed Ray Redfern Assessor.

But it's more likely that it could be her brother, assuming that Wm is short for William, who was born in 1879, and could therefore just as easily be him. His other brother, Richard, is also there, both as farm workers, while Fred, the farmer, is the head, as you can see in the census 1930 here above.


I found a picture of Lena in Familysearch:



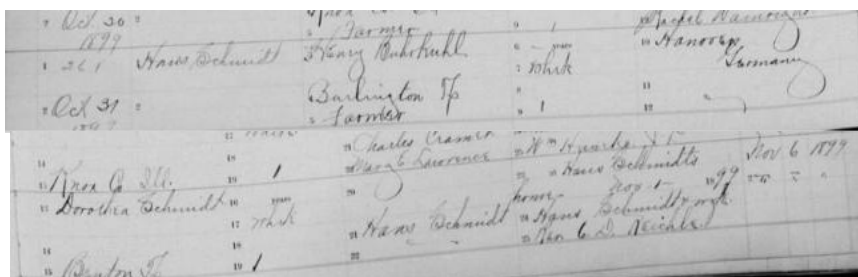
Kinderen/Children:

Voornamen/ First Names Geslacht/ Gender		Geboorte/ Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Overleden/ Deceased
		Doopt/Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Begrafenis/ Funeral
♂	Edward Carl 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.1.1	Roscoe (IA), 28-12-1903	Laura Ruth Harvey, Hannibal (MO), 21-1-1928	Sacramento (CA), 9-2-1985
♂	Fred William 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.1.2	Sperry (IA), 28-2-1906	Daisy Gertrude Harris	Kansas City (MO), 22-2-1969
♂	Thomas Henry	Center (MO), 9-1-1912	Velma Ruth Palliser Center (MO), 1931	Center (MO), 11-8-1932

- Just after one year marriage Thomas Henry died unfortunately.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL		Generation: VIII.12
Familie/Family: Heinrich Wilhelm August Buhrkuhl		No: 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Buhrkuhl	Schmidt
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	Heinrich Wilhelm August	Dorothea Marie
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Bruchhagen, 2-1-1875	Des Moines (IA), 2-2-1881
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Bruchhagen, 24-1-1875	
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Kress (TX), 5-5-1944	Coatesville (PA), 9-5-1955
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	
	Beroep, Profession	
	Vader/Father	Heinrich Friedrich August Buhrkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Marie Sophie Wilhelmine Radensleben
		Hans Henning Schmidt
		Dorothea Christian Kraul
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
∞ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Burlington (IA), 31-10-1899	
⚭ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

- Marriage record of Henry and Dora



- Picture of Heinrich Wilhelm August about 1911




Kinderen/ Children:

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	William Frederick 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2.1	Des Moines (IA), 13-3-1900	Mary L Gray, Detroit (MI), 10-3-1923	Bradenton (FL), 16-9-1976
♀	Elma Louise	Roscoe (IA), 13-5-1901	Herman Henry Kunkel, Tulia (TX), 13-11-1917	Junction City (OR), 23-6-1989
♀	Minnie Marie	Iowa City (IA), 13-5-1902	Alfred William Berner, 1921	Springdale (MO), 29-2-1992
♀	Mary Sophanie	Roscoe (IA), 20-9-1903	Oscar Theodore Kunkel,	Roswell (NM), 27-12-1996
♂	Albert Hans 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2.2	Mediapolis (IA), 26-4-1905	Elsie Ehresman, Plainview (TX), 19-5-1934	Amarillo (TX), 2-12-1990
♀	Agnes Frances	Des Moines (IA), 29-5-1906	Adolf Henry Obenhaus, Canyon (TX), 25-7-1926	Tulia (TX), 20-7-1993
♂	Henry August 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2.3	Des Moines (IA), 17-4-1908	Alice Hurst Rosser, Amarillo (TX), 4-8-1935	Amarillo (TX), 16-10-1986
♀	Dorothea Emma	Des Moines (IA), 30-4-1909	Charlie Millon Parks, Plainview (TX), 23-12-1934	Plainview (TX), 31-5-1983
♂	Robert George 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2.4	Tulia (TX), 11-7-1916	Margarette Evelyn Regeon, 1936	Sierra Vista (AZ), 20-1-2008
			Annabelle Piercy, 1973	

- Elma Louise married Herman Kunkel, and they had 5 children, 2 daughters and 3 sons
- Minnie Marie married Alfred Berner and they had 6 children, 2 daughters and 4 sons
- Mary Sophanie married Oscar Kunkel, and they had 3 children, 2 daughters and a son
- Agnes Frances married Adolf Obenhaus and they had 5 children, 4 daughters and a son
- Dorothea Emma married Charlie Millon Parks and they had 3 children, 2 daughters and a son



Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>		Generation: IX.13
Familie/Family: William Henry August Buhrkuhl		No: 1.1.2.1.1.1.1.1.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>	Buhrkuhl	Rector
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>	William Henry August	Myrtle Pearl
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	St. Charles, 22-07-1896	
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Tampa, 15-06-1969	
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	
	Beroep, Profession	Police Department Detroit
	Vader/Father	August Friedrich Wilhelm Buhrkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Wilhelmina Maria Catharina Schnare
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⊕ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	21-5-1918	
⌘ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

Sergeant W H Burkuhl

AUGUST 3, 1929. ANDERSON DAILY BULLETIN PAGE FIVE RADIO TOPICS

A Radio Set For Every Policeman!

Detroit Officer **Burkuhl** Designs Tiny Receiver to Bring Broadcast Crime Reports Direct to Men on Beats. BY ISRAEL KLEIN..



(Continuing newspaper article....)

Burkuhl of his own staff was already working on a miniature radio receiver for: police officers. Today this small receiver, weighing less than four pounds, batteries, earpiece and all, is almost ready for actual use as a means to combat crime with the of radio, At the same time **Burkuhl** has been experimenting on an improved receiver installation in police cars that cruise about the city constantly in touch with the central radio station of the Detroit police department. Detroit the first city in the world to operate its own radio broadcasting station in an effort to catch the criminal in his unlawful act. Its success has been so overwhelming that plans are being made to equip every car in the department, not only the police cruisers, with receive ers that would keep the entire force on wheels informed of every reported crime almost at the moment of its occurrence. .

Sgt. Burkuhl had been interested in radio ever since it became popular in the early '20's. "I used to build radio receivers at my home," he says. "My 13-year-old daughter plays the piano and she used to perform on the air at station WBMH, where I first met O. F. Gabbert, one of owners of this station." "I had been thinking of a little receiver for police officers, and so got Gabbert to help me with his technical training.


"Nearly every night, sometimes up to 3 in the morning until our wives chased us to bed, we worked on this tiny set. We had it done in five months, Now we are corresponding with some battery makers to provide us with the smallest plate batteries possible, and we are trying to get an earpiece that will fit right into the ear." The little receiver is four inches wide, six inches long and an inch deep. (See for more the newspaper total story).

(End of the article)

Kinderen/ Children:

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂				
♀				

No kids are known.

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>		Generation: IX.15
Familie/Family: Edward Carl Buhrkuhl		No: 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.1.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>	Buhrkuhl	Harvey
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>	Edward Carl	Laura Ruth
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Roscoe (IA), 28-12-1903	New London, 6-1-1905
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Sacramento (CA), 9-2-1985	Stockton (CA), 8-6-1985
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	
	Beroep, Profession	Farmer
	Vader/Father	Friedrich Diedrich Carl Buhrkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Magdaline Caroline Gerling
		Walter Grove Harvey
		Verna Lee Woollen
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⊙ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Hannibal (MO), 21-1-1928	
⌘ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

The census of 1940 showed his occupation as a farmer

11	0	1000	Edwin Buhrkuhl	Head	M	W	26	5	10	8
12	0	12	Laura Ruth Buhrkuhl	Wife	F	W	35	11	10	6
			Vernon Buhrkuhl	Son	M	W	10	5	10	3
			Melvin Buhrkuhl	Son	M	W	9	5	10	3
			Berna Buhrkuhl	Daughter	F	W	7	5	10	3
			Edith Buhrkuhl	Daughter	F	W	21	5	10	8
13	0	5	Harold Buhrkuhl	Son	M	W	21	5	10	8

- The census of 1950 shows that Vernon already left home. Edward Carl had a new job: Tractor land levelling.

6	46	Yes	52	Payne	Ezra C.	Head	W	M	56	M
7	34 Mi on water				Nellie M	Wife	W	F	57	M
8				Richins	LeNore	Friend	W	F	54	W
9	34 Mi on water from spring	97-No	NO	Bahrkuhl	Edwara	Head	W	M	46	M
10					Laura	Wife	W	F	45	M
11					Melvin	Son	W	M	19	No
12					Buena	Daughter	W	F	17	No
13					Dale	Son	W	M	7	M
14	9/10 Mi.	98- No	NO	Oliver	Ephraim	Head	W	M	20	M

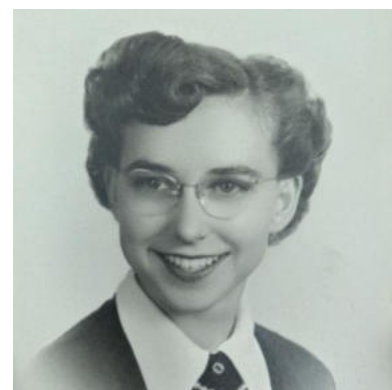



Edward Carl and his wife Laura Ruth Harvey

Kinderen/Children:

Voornamen/ First Names Geslacht/ Gender		Geboorte/ Birth	1 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Overleden/ Deceased
		Doop/ Baptism	2 ^e Huwelijk/ Marriage	Begrafenis/ Funeral
♂	Vernon Carl 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.1.1.1	Center (MO), 28-4-1929	Betty Ann Firsich, Long Beach (CA) aug 1953	Spring Valley (CA), 23-6-2025
♂	Melvin Harvey 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.1.1.2	Center (MO), 20-8-1930	Mathilde Janzen Warkentin, Reedley (CA), 1961	Stockton (CA), 19-4-2021
♀	Buena Lucille	New London (MO), 23-10-1932	Robert Howard Gregory, Reno (NV), 1951	
			Donnel Evan Ravenscraft, San Diego (CA) 1958	
♂	Dale Lavon 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.1.1.3	Hannibal (MO), 30-8-1942	Ruth Keeley, Timaru 1972 New Zealand	deceased

- Buena Lucille had one son in her first marriage, and 2 sons and 2 daughters in her second marriage, see her old picture here right on this page:
- Dale Lavon has emigrated to New Zealand. It is noticed that he has deceased, but unknown when, how and where. He had at least one daughter Maria and one son Daren Carl.



Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>		Generation: IX.16
Familie/Family: Friedrich Wilhelm Buhrkuhl		No: 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.1.2
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>	Buhrkuhl	Harris
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>	Fred William	Daisy Gertrude
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Sperry (IA), 28-2-1906	Slater (MO), 16-5-1914
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Kansas City, 22-2-1969	Slater (MO), 8-1-1994
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	
	Beroep, Profession	Clerl retail drugstore
	Vader/Father	Friedrich Diedrich Carl Buhrkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Magdaline Caroline Gerling
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⊙ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Hilsborough (FL), 1942	
⌘ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

- First Fred married first Evelyn M Ping (born 1910 Huron, Des Moines) in 1932, but later divorced. There were no children in this first marriage. His 2nd marriage was in 1942.
- The census of Slater (MO) in 1950 shows the whole family in the 2nd marriage

19	953/115-70	No	No	Buhrkuhl, Fred W	Head	W	M	44	Mar Iowa	642
20				Daisy G	Wife	W	F	35	Mar Missouri	
21				Fredrick T	son	W	M	6	Mar Florida	659
22				Robert P	son	W	M	2	Mar Missouri	
23										
24										


Kinderen/ *Children*: 2nd marriage

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	Frederick Thomas	Slater (MO),13-11-1943	Mary Ella Rueter, Rock (SD) 12-8-1972	
♀	Robert Lee	Slater (MO),5-8-1947	Bonnie L Bruce,	10-9-2012

[illegible]

Fred also had to take part in WW2; he was registered in October 1940. His occupation in that time was Barber. He married in 1942, had a son in 1943, but only in 1945 he was sent to? but returned in September 1945 safely, no injuries, at the well-known Jefferson Barracks, and was enlisted. At that time, he was electrician....









[illegible]

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL		Generation: IX.17
Familie/Family: William Frederick Buhrkuhl		No: 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2.1
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>		
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :	Buhrkuhl	Gray
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :	William Frederick	Mary L
★ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Des Moines (IA), 13-3-1900	Texas, 5-5-1901
~ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
✝ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Bradenton (FL), 16-9-1976	Bradenton (FL), 5-6-1985
□ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	
	Beroep, Profession	Operator electronical plant
	Vader/Father	August Hinrich Wilhelm Buhrkuhl
	Moeder/Mother	Dorothea Marie Schmidt
○ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
⊙ Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Detroit (MI), 10-3-1923	
⌘ Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

- I suppose he worked as an operator near Philadelphia called the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, later Tinicum Industrial Park.
- As you can see in the census of 1940 there were no kids in this family.

III R: 25	No	BUHRKUHL	WILLIAM	HEAD	M	W	40	M	No	8
			MARY	WIFE	F	W	39	M	No	8
		TOMASSON	CECIL	SON	M	W	21	M	No	8

- No further information can be found.









Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>		Generation: IX.18	
Familie/Family: Albert Hans Buhrkuhl		No: 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2.2	
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>		Buhrkuhl	Ehersman
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>		Albert Hans	Elsie
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Mediapolis (IA), 26-4-1905	Miller (NE), 12-10-1908
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Amarillo (TX), 2-12-1990	Hereford (TX), 26-2-2005
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion		
	Beroep, Profession	Livestock trucking, Insurance salesman in Kress (TX)	
	Vader/Father	August Hinrich Wilhelm Buhrkuhl	Daniel Ehresman
	Moeder/Mother	Dorothea Marie Schmidt	Alice Elizabeth Pearce
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Plainview (TX), 19-5-1934	
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

- In the census of 1950, the whole family together:

120	73	yes	yes	22	Buhrkuhl, Albert H	Head	w	m	43	mar.	Laura	042		Wk
					Elsie E	wife	w	f	42	mar.	Nebraska	046		H
					Gerald A	son	w	m	13	rev.	New Mexico	085		
					Ralland R	son	w	m	12	rev.	New Mexico	085		
					Bobbie D	son	w	m	9	rev.	Texas			

Kinderen/ *Children:*

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	Gerald Albert 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2.2.1	Swisher (TX), 15-6-1936	Aleta Fern Burch	Swisher (TX), 5-6-1994
♂	Rolland Royce 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2.2.2	Dexter (NM), 2-2-1938	Elizabeth Ann Brooks, Plainview (TX) 2-1-1958	Canyon (TX), 7-11-2022
				Canyon (TX), 14-11-2022
♂	Bobby Dale 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2.2.3	Plainview (TX), 4-8-1940	Norma Jean Bush	Plainview (TX), 20-7-1971

Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline</i> : BUHRKUHL		Generation: IX.19	
Familie/Family: Henry August Buhrkuhl		No: 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2.3	
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name</i> :		Buhrkuhl	Rosser
Voornamen: <i>First Name</i> :		Henry August	Alice Hurst
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Des Moines (IA), 17-4-1908	Hale (TX), 1910
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Amarillo (TX), 16-10-1986	Amarillo (TX), 28-8-2002
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion		Roman Catholic
	Beroep, Profession	Farmers mill and elevator company in Kress	
	Vader/Father	August Hinrich Wilhelm Buhrkuhl	James Leon Rosser
	Moeder/Mother	Dorothea Marie Schmidt	Ora Emily Hickmann
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Amarillo (TX), 4-8-1935	
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

- His WW2 registration, with clear facts

SERIAL NUMBER 402		1. NAME (Full) Henry August Buhrkuhl Jr		ORDER NUMBER 525	
2. ADDRESS (Full) Box 646 Kress Swisher Texas					
3. TELEPHONE 48		4. AGE IN YEARS 32		5. PLACE OF BIRTH Des Moines	
6. DATE OF BIRTH April 17, 1908		7. COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP U.S.A.			
8. NAME OF PERSON WHO WILL ALWAYS KNOW YOUR ADDRESS Mrs. Alice Hurst Buhrkuhl					
9. RELATIONSHIP OF THAT PERSON wife					
10. ADDRESS OF THAT PERSON Box 646 Kress Swisher Texas					
11. PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT OR BUSINESS Farmers Mill and Elevator Company Kress Swisher Texas					
I AFFIRM THAT I HAVE VERIFIED ABOVE ANSWERS AND THAT THEY ARE TRUE. Henry August Buhrkuhl Jr.					









REGISTRAR'S REPORT			
DESCRIPTION OF REGISTRANT			
RACE	HEIGHT (Approx.)	WEIGHT (Approx.)	COMPLEXION
White	5' 10"	156	Yellow
EYES	HAIR		
Blue	Blonde		Light
Gray	Red		Dark
Brown	Brown		Freckled
Black	Black		Light brown
	Gray		Dark brown
	Red		Black
Other obvious physical characteristics that will aid in identification.....			
I certify that my answers are true; that the person registered has read or has had read to him his own answers; that I have witnessed his signature or mark and that all of his answers of which I have knowledge are true, except as follows:			
Registrar for 13 Ruby Blamire Date of registration October 16, 1940			
LOCAL BOARD OCT 17 1940 TULSA, SWISHER CO., TEXAS STAFF OF LOCAL BOARD			

- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----------------|-----------------|------|------|-----|---|---|-------|------|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|
| | Lindsey Kathryn | Lodger | | | v | F | W | 26 | 5 | No | Yes | Texas | Alabama |
| | Bayer Lela H. | Lodger | | | v | F | W | 28 | 5 | No | Yes | Illinois | Texas |
| 148/51 | Burkhardt Henry | Head | 0 | | Yes | M | W | 55 | M 75 | No | Yes | Germany | Germany |
| | Dora | Wife - H | | | x | F | W | 49 | M 18 | No | Yes | Germany | Germany |
| | Helen Willie F | Son | | | x | M | W | 30 | M 23 | No | Yes | Germany | Germany |
| | Mary J | Daughter-in-law | | | x | F | W | 28 | M 21 | No | Yes | Pennsylvania | Scotland |
| | Albert | Son | | | x | M | W | 23 | 5 | No | Yes | Germany | Germany |
| | Henry E | Son | | | x | M | W | 21 | 5 | No | Yes | Germany | Germany |
| | Dorothy | Daughter | | | x | F | W | 20 | 5 | No | Yes | Germany | Germany |
| | Robert | Son | | | x | M | W | 13 | 5 | Yes | Yes | Texas | Germany |
| 149/52 | Shaw Enos T | Head | R 16 | R 16 | No | M | W | 41 | M 29 | No | Yes | South Dakota | Illinois |
| | Nell E | Wife - H | | | v | F | W | 38 | M 26 | No | Yes | Missouri | Missouri |
| | Mary J | Daughter | | | v | F | W | 8 | 5 | Yes | | Oklahoma | South Dakota |
| | Evel V | Daughter | | | v | F | W | 3 1/2 | 5 | No | | Texas | South Dakota |
| 150/53 | Kasser James T | Head | R 30 | | No | M | W | 52 | M 28 | No | Yes | Texas | Alabama |
| | Irene E | Wife - H | | | v | F | W | 42 | M 18 | No | Yes | Louisiana | Missouri |
| | Mae — ab | Daughter | | | v | F | W | 22 | 5 | Yes | Yes | Louisiana | Texas |
| | Effie | Daughter | | | v | F | W | 20 | 5 | No | Yes | Louisiana | Texas |
| | Alice | Daughter | | | v | F | W | 18 | 5 | No | Yes | Texas | Texas |
| | Harry Russell T | Lodger | | | v | M | W | 23 | 5 | No | Yes | Texas | Arkansas |
| | — | — | | | v | M | W | 23 | 5 | No | Yes | Texas | Arkansas |

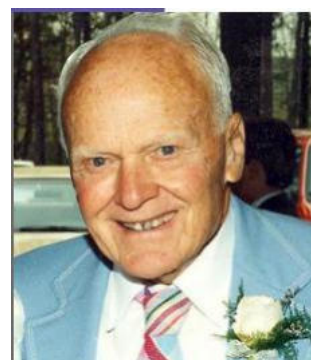
- 
- BUHRKUHL
- ALICE HURST
OCT. 9, 1909 - AUG. 28, 2002
- HENRY AUGUST
APR. 17, 1908 - OCT. 16, 1986

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♀	Alice Emily	1937	Bruce Dowdy	2018
♂	James Henry 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2.3.1	Amarillo (TX), 16-8-1940	Martha Ann Welch, Gaines (TX)	Big Springs (TX), 20-11-2011
♂	George Richard 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2.3.2	Plainview (TX), 12-5-1945	Francis A McGregor	Grapevine (TX), 15-8-2018
♂	David Rosser 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2.3.3	1948	Marcella Green	
			Catharina Deborah Schutte	

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Genealogie van het geslacht/ <i>Familyline: BUHRKUHL</i>		Generation: IX.20	
Familie/Family: Robert George Buhrkuhl		No: 1.1.2.1.1.2.1.2.4	
Familiewapen <i>Coat of Arms</i>			
Achternaam: <i>Last Name:</i>		Buhrkuhl	Regeon
Voornamen: <i>First Name:</i>		Robert George	Margarette Evelyn
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Tulia (TX), 11-6-1916	Scurry county (TX), 26-5-1920
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	Sierra Vista (AZ), 20-1-2008	Ruskin (FL), feb. 1972
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Geloof/Religion	Baptist God is good ministeries	
	Beroep, Profession	drill press operator, Farmer	
	Vader/Father	August Hinrich Wilhelm Buhrkuhl	William Knox Regeon
	Moeder/Mother	Dorothea Marie Schmidt	Eula Mae Adams
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date	About 1936	
	Plaats/City, Datum/Date		

- When he married Margarette, she was very young, his first son Robert Knox, was born in 1937. Robert Knox unfortunately died a year later.
- After the death of his first wife Margarette in 1972, Robert George had a second marriage with Annabel Piercy, but there were no kids, she also had already two sons of her first marriage with Lange.
- I suppose Robert George wanted to have money with his drill press work, before starting farming. In the census of 1950, he was already farming.



- Kinderen/ *Children*:

Voornamen/ <i>First Names</i> Geslacht/ <i>Gender</i>		Geboorte/ <i>Birth</i>	1 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Overleden/ <i>Deceased</i>
		Doop/ <i>Baptism</i>	2 ^e Huwelijk/ <i>Marriage</i>	Begrafenis/ <i>Funeral</i>
♂	Robert Knox	1937		1938
♀	Euletta Ann	Los Angeles (CA), 29-5-1939	Sohl/Thompson	
♀	Roberta Evelyn	Plainview (TX), 15-4-1941	Lyman Austin Benefield, Hillsborough (FL), 1992	Ruskin (FL), 15-8-2021
♀	Jeanne K	1945	Bob Gaddis	
♂	William Royce	Swisher (TX), 21-1-1947	Anna Maria	Tampa (FL), 31-8-1996
♂	David Lee	Springdale (MO), 1953	Diane Dabbour	Dunnellon (FL), 1-10-2024
♀	Becky		Chris Petersen	



Robert Georg with his wife Margaretha Regeon and the two youngest kids Becky and David, and here under when he was young



9. Generations after 1925

In this public edition this part is not shown due to privacy regulations. If you want further information, please contact me.

(Note, the next pages are therefore not numbered as shown in The Table of Contents)

10. Afterword

Jeannet's afterword from the old 1990 publication on which this edition is based

NAWOORD.

Dit is al weer de laatste bladzijde van het boek.
Het is tot stand gekomen met de hulp van heel veel mensen.
Ik wil dan ook graag van deze gelegenheid gebruik maken, om iedereen die er aan heeft meegewerkt, heel hartelijk te bedanken. Allereerst Rita Boerkoel uit Baarn, die naar verschillende archieven in Rotterdam, Utrecht en Arnhem is gegaan, en Jan Boerkoel uit Edam, die voor mij het Gemeente Archief in Amsterdam heeft bezocht. En verder natuurlijk alle mensen, die gegevens, verhalen, foto's e.d. hebben verzameld en opgestuurd. Door al die leuke brieven die telkens met de post kwamen, had ik steeds weer zin om door te gaan!

Helemaal compleet is het boek niet, maar waarschijnlijk voor ongeveer 95 %.

Van enkele oude aktes en sommige krantenknipsels en foto's is de kwaliteit niet zo goed. Maar ze zijn toch té interessant om ze niet te gebruiken.

Ik hoop, dat u dit boek met veel plezier gelezen hebt.
En wie weet, is het voor u het begin van een nieuwe hobby...

Vriendelijke groeten van

Jeannet Parkerkamp
Boerkoel

Lisse, 24 maart 1989.

Afterword

Ultimately, a family tree story is never finished. Hopefully, many more will follow. The first publication was by Jeannet in 1990. It's now 35 years later, and a generation and a half have been added, and Jeannet has sadly passed away. Initially, Jeannet and I were able to collaborate on this new edition. Due to her passing, the project was halted for a while, but now it's moving again. The biggest task was tracing the ancestors in Germany, with the first traceable ancestor, the progenitor Hermann Burkuhl (1606-1693). In addition, the Boerkoel family in the United States has also been mapped, which will appear in a separate publication as part 2. The Buhrkuhl family in Germany from the late 1800s to the present is still a new project, which will result in part 3. Several people also emigrated from Germany to the United States. This German branch, Buhrkuhl (note the extra H), has also been mapped and appears in volume 4. In the meantime, I also received all sorts of responses from various family members in the form of requests for information, additions, and corrections, for which I am very grateful.

The intention is to try to maintain this publication so that a major periodic catch-up effort is no longer necessary. None of this is possible without the family's own cooperation. I would therefore be grateful if additions, corrections, stories, photos, videos, etc. could be included, while respecting privacy. The publication's purpose is to provide a glimpse into the history of our roots and the special facts that have emerged from the family. And last but not least, it would be wonderful if this led to new contacts, referring to Jeannet's motto, "What unites us Boerkoels." I therefore hope for many responses. Sincerely,

Ronald Jan Boerkoel

October, 2025