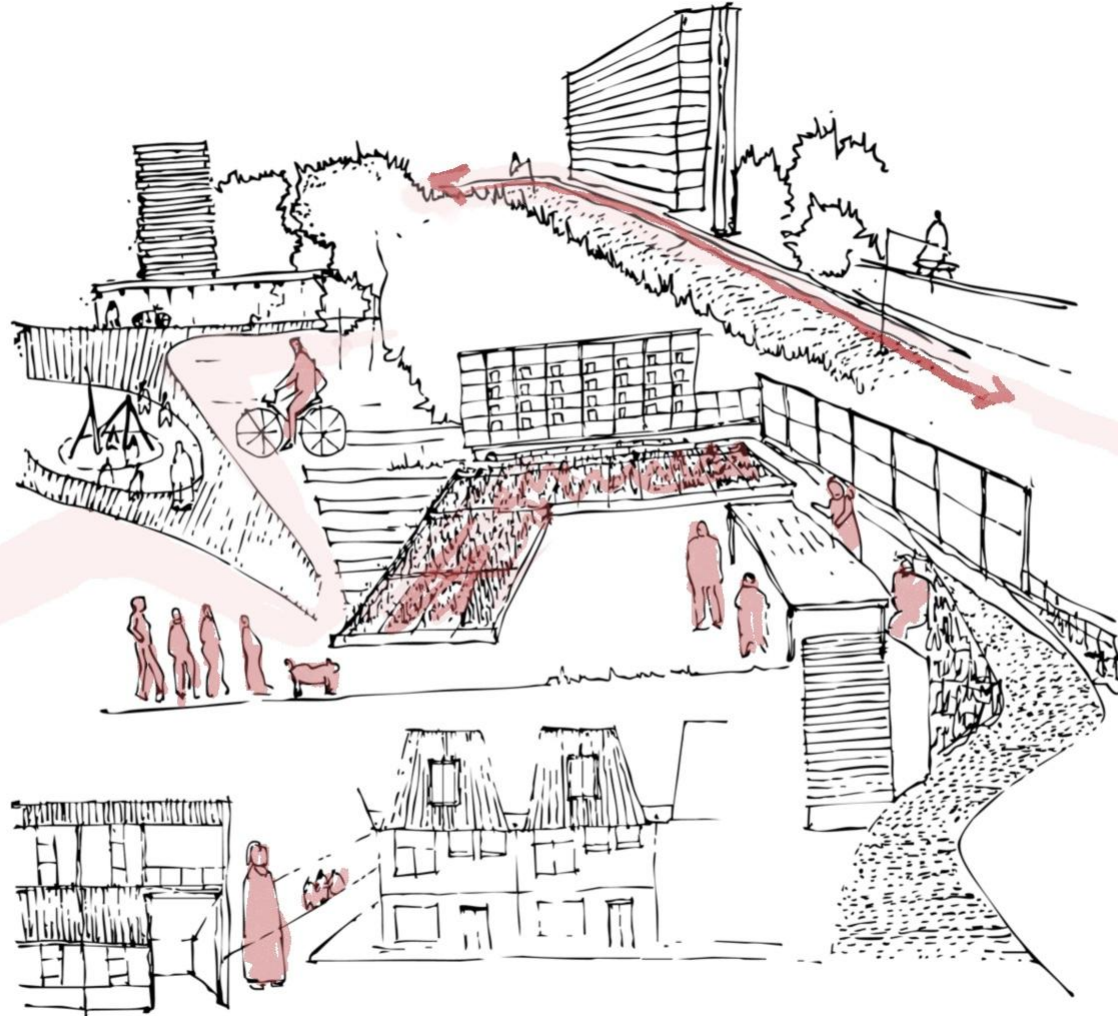


Third Spaces of Care

Nurturing People and Ecologies

Bayley, Diego, Estella, Jaden, Jae, Marie, Nastia, Prajna



OBSERVATIONS

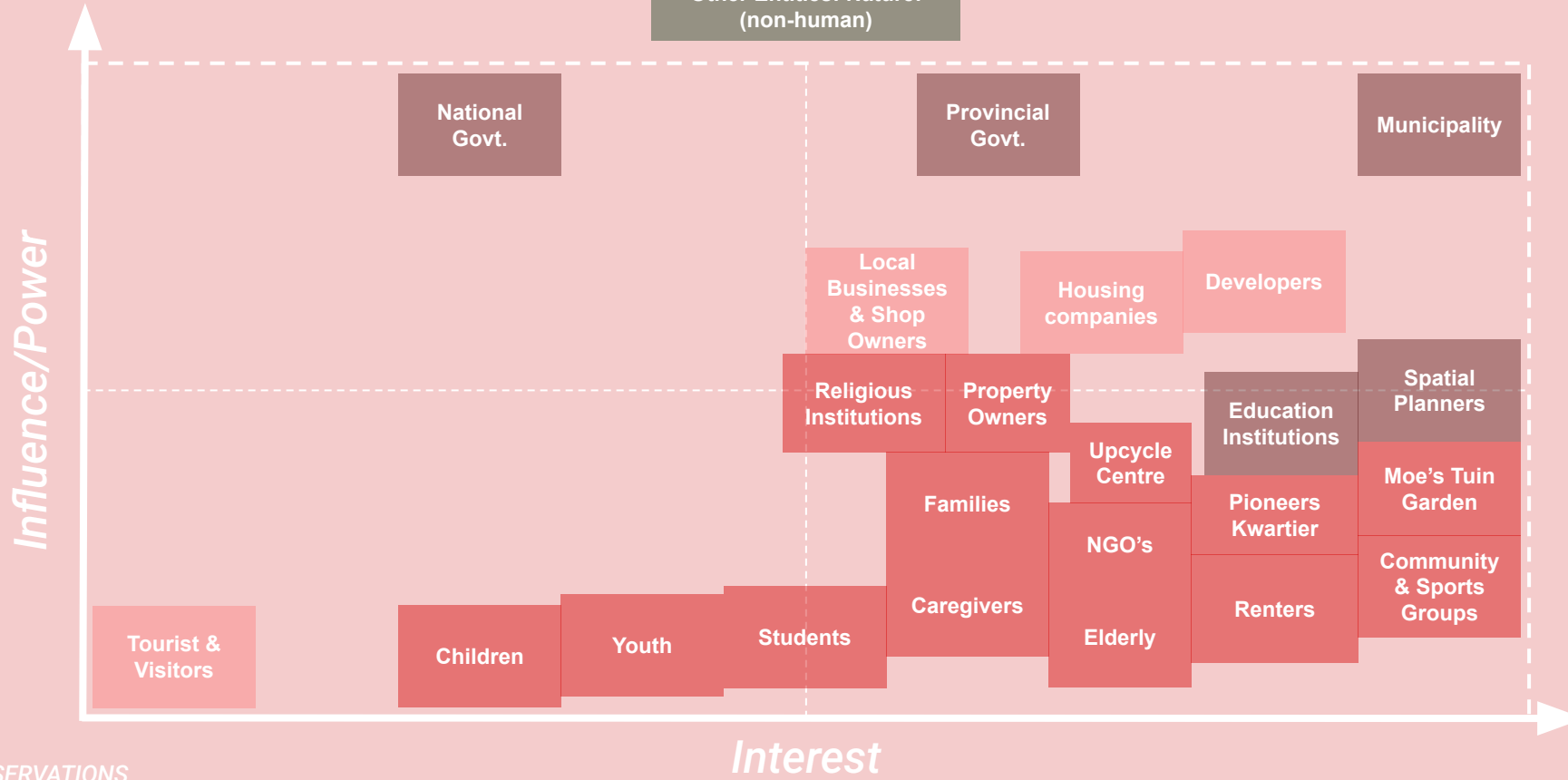
STAKEHOLDERS

Government & Institutional Stakeholders

Community & Social Stakeholders

Economic & Private Sector Stakeholders

Other Entities: Nature! (non-human)



OBSERVATIONS



SWOT Analysis

STRENGTHS

Diverse (multicultural) community

Available public green spaces

Accessible area in the city

Active individuals and presence of youth demographic

WEAKNESS

Limited improvements from municipality

Fragmented housing structure

Limited community activation

Lack of eyes on the streets

Isolated communities

Isolating streetscapes

Lack of different forms of public space

Disconnected public space

THREATS

Gentrification of existing area

Lack of sustained public investment

Uncertainty in sustained community participation

Destruction of the natural environment

OPPORTUNITIES

Good connectivity between the different urban systems.

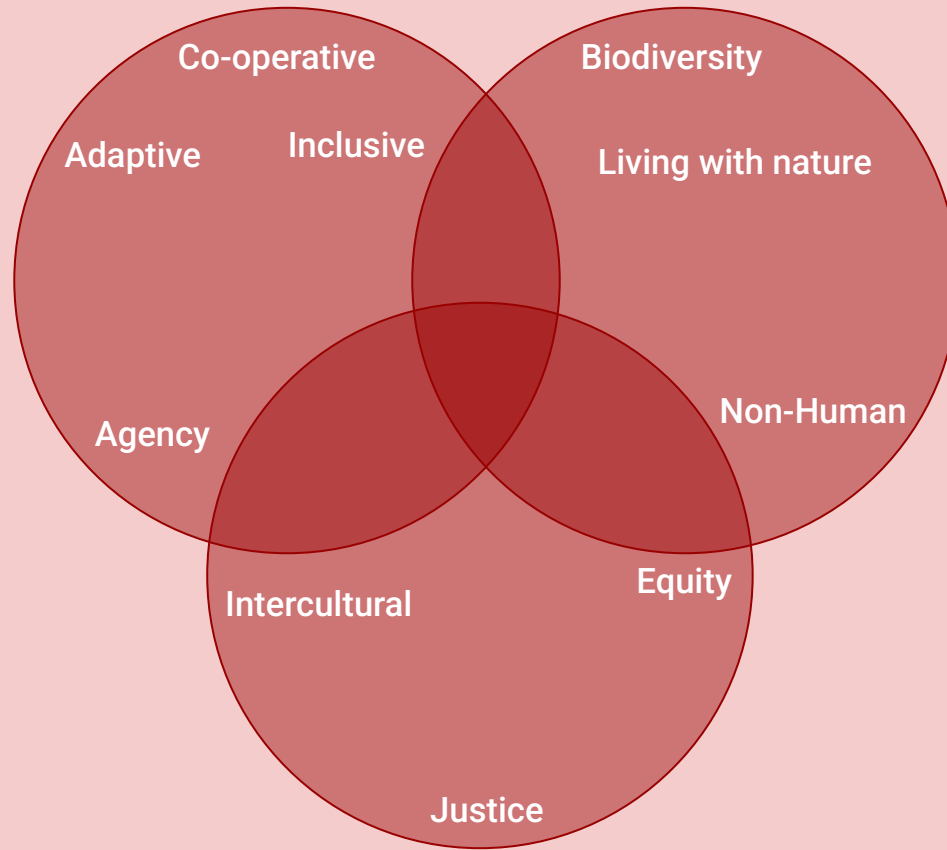
Women, children and elder people in the neighborhood

Potential articulation with academia and other institutions

Potential economic support in some levels of governance

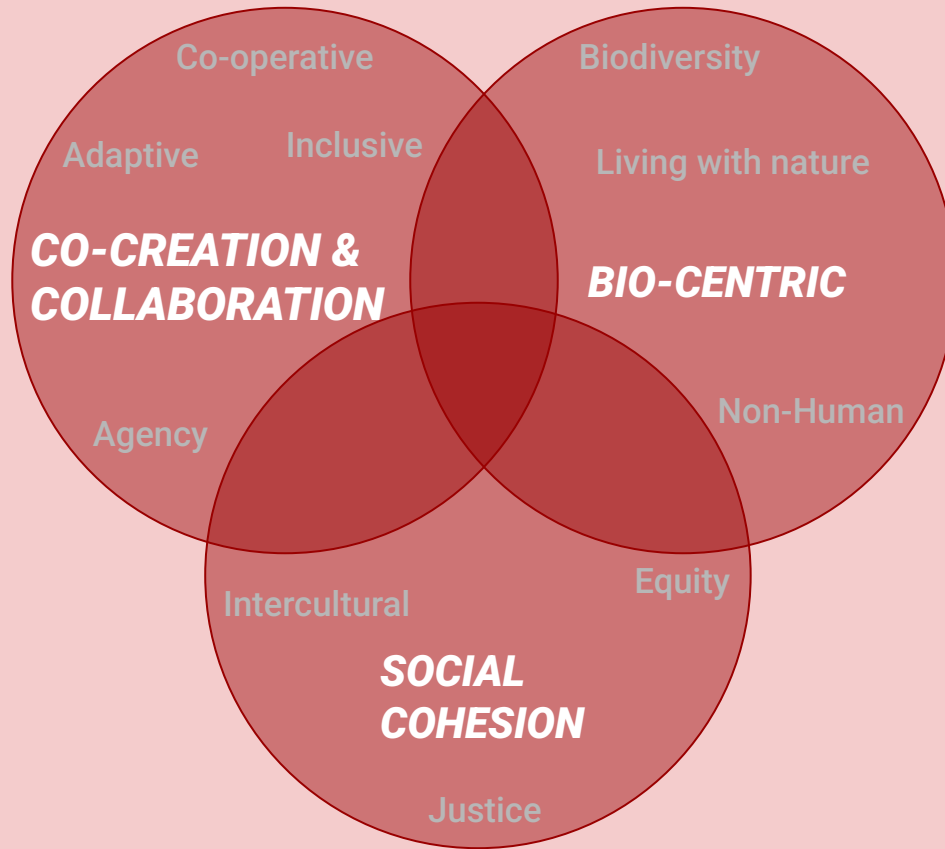
OBSERVATIONS



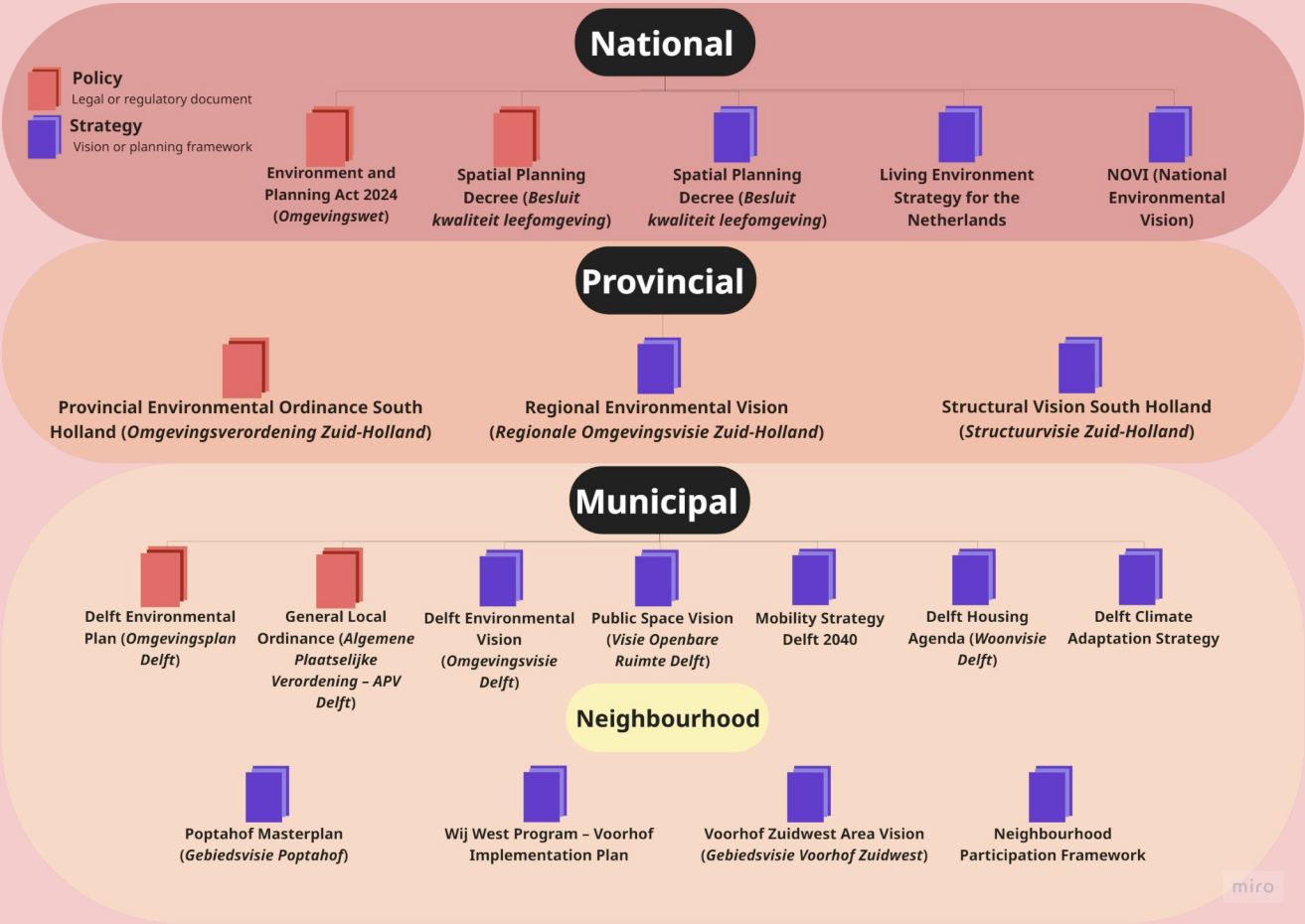


VALUES





In 2040, Voorhoof will be bio-centric, socially cohesive, collaborative. To promote/foster empowered communities and regenerative ecologies through co-creating community spaces, revitalisation strategies. To ensure a dynamic/thriving/ just way of life.



miro

National



Environment and Planning Act 2024 (*Omgevingswet*)

Enables flexible land uses and temporary permits, making it easier to repurpose vacant plots (e.g. local surface parking or leftover municipal land) for community gardens or pop-up neighbourhood spaces.



NOVI (National Environmental Vision)

Promotes compact, socially inclusive cities with shared communal spaces, supporting multifunctional community and green areas.



Policy

Legal or regulatory document



Strategy

Vision or planning framework

*Some policy summaries and translations were generated with support from AI tools. These may not fully reflect the nuance, accuracy, or intent of the original documents.

Provincial



Provincial Environmental Ordinance South Holland (*Omgevingsverordening Zuid-Holland*)

Sets regional standards for the quality of public and open spaces, encouraging municipalities to incorporate climate-resilient green infrastructure which can double as social space



Regional Environmental Vision (*Regionale Omgevingsvisie Zuid-Holland*)

Encourages integrated neighbourhood development, combining housing with community amenities and green areas

Municipal



Delft Environmental Plan (*Omgevingsplan Delft*)

Allows for community uses such as gardens and informal gathering spaces through flexible zoning. However, while permitted, these spaces are rarely prioritised in development and can still face administrative hurdles like permit processes and unclear responsibilities



Delft Environmental Vision (*Omgevingsvisie Delft*)

Calls for vibrant, liveable neighbourhoods with multi-use public and shared indoor/outdoor spaces



Delft Housing Agenda (*Woonvisie Delft*)

Encourage new developments to include social plinths (community or amenity spaces at ground-floor), shared courtyards, and community gardens



General Local Ordinance (*Algemene Plaatselijke Verordening – APV Delft*)

Tries to simplify permitting for neighbourhood-led events, markets, and temporary installations in public or semi-public spaces



Public Space Vision (*Visie Openbare Ruimte Delft*)

Provides design guidance for safe, accessible, and engaging public realm (including seating, natural elements, and community interaction zones)

Neighbourhood



Wij West Program – Voorhof Implementation Plan

allocates municipal funding and support for community-driven public space improvements, including garden plots, seating areas, small event hubs, community art, or pocket plazas created with resident participation.



Voorhof Zuidwest Area Vision (*Gebiedsvisie Voorhof Zuidwest*)

identifies underused spaces in the southeast corner as sites ripe for revitalisation and encourages shared green spaces, informal gathering spots, and small community facilities embedded within housing areas.

***OBJECTIVE
S***

STRATEGIES

INDICATORS

STRATEGY



OBJECTIVE

S

Enhance Community
Gathering Spaces to Pause,
Connect, and Play

Improve Public Amenities for
Better Quality of Life

Revitalize Underused Lawns
into Biocentric Green Spaces

Activate Ground Floors as
Spaces for Connection, Care,
and Play

Facilitate Co-Creation of
Third Spaces for Children
and Youth

Increase Stakeholder
Capacity in Shaping
In-Between Spaces

STRATEGIES

INDICATORS

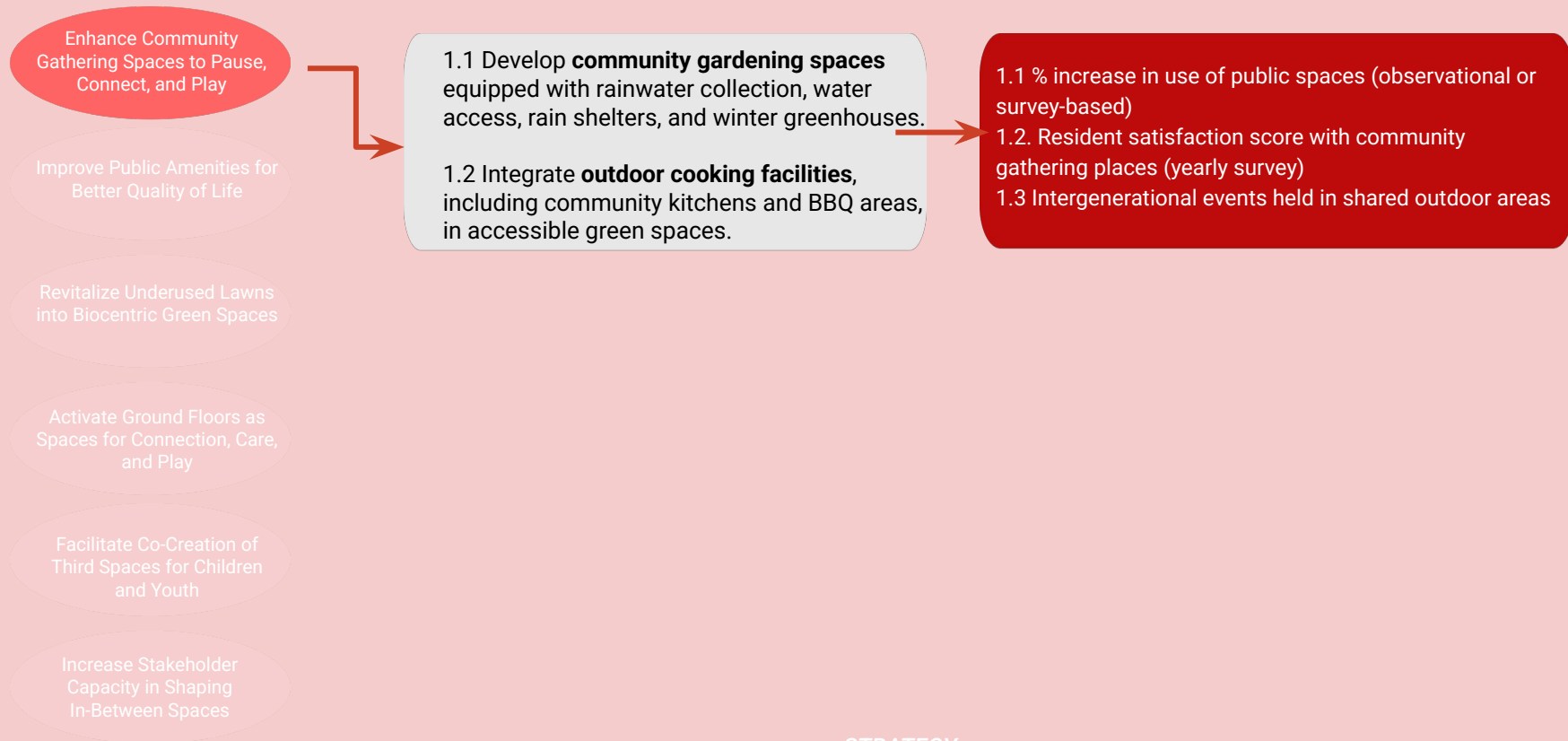
STRATEGY



OBJECTIVE S

STRATEGIES

INDICATORS



STRATEGY

OBJECTIVE S

STRATEGIES

INDICATORS

Enhance Community
Gathering Spaces to Pause,
Connect, and Play

- 1.1 Develop **community gardening spaces** equipped with rainwater collection, water access, rain shelters, and winter greenhouses.
- 1.2 Integrate **outdoor cooking facilities**, including community kitchens and BBQ areas, in accessible green spaces.

- 1.1 % increase in **use of public spaces** (observational or survey-based)
- 1.2. **Resident satisfaction** score with community gathering places (yearly survey)
- 1.3 **Intergenerational events** held in shared outdoor areas

Improve Public Amenities for
Better Quality of Life

- 2.1 Install **street furniture** such as tables and benches near playgrounds, riversides, and open green areas to promote comfort and social use.
- 2.2 Ensure the availability of **public toilets** in strategic locations for everyday usability and accessibility.

- 2.1 Two new or upgraded public seating with tables and weather protection
- 2.2 One toilet facility in every green space.
- 2.3 % of users reporting increased comfort and usability of public spaces

Activate Ground Floors as
Spaces for Connection, Care,
and Play

- 3.1 Launch a **mobile and pocket libraries** to promote literacy and flexible public engagement.
- 3.2 Create a **bike repair and fix-it station** to support active mobility and circular practices.
- 3.3 Establish a **circular resource center** (e.g., tool/kitchen appliance library) to promote sharing economies.
- 3.4 **Integrating the frontages of buildings** with in-between spaces for play areas for children, parent-friendly mobile cafés, hobby spaces, and swap shops for intergenerational interaction.

- 3.1 Increase in resident **access to shared tools, items or circular services**
- 3.2 Increased **use of public spaces around buildings**
- 3.3 Increased interaction between community members and improved well-being (satisfaction score)

Facilitate Co-Creation of
Third Spaces for Children
and Youth

- 4.1 Form a **Children and Youth Council** to involve young voices in public space planning.
- 4.2 Establish an **indoor youth activity center** offering creative, social, and learning opportunities.

- 4.1 % of youth participants involved in informal and formal planning and design processes
- 4.2 Youth satisfaction with third-space offerings (annual feedback tool)

Increase Stakeholder
Capacity in Shaping
In-Between Spaces

- 5.1 Provide space for **co-creation skill-building workshops** (e.g. woodworking, design) through mobile or pop-up workshops with access to materials and collaborative tools. Led by community members for community members and residents.
- 5.2 Integrating local needs into municipal plans

- 5.1 % of co-designed elements in public realm interventions
- 5.2 Stakeholder self-reported access and satisfaction in contributing to spatial design catering for maximum user-groups.

Revitalize Underused Lawns
into Biocentric Green Spaces

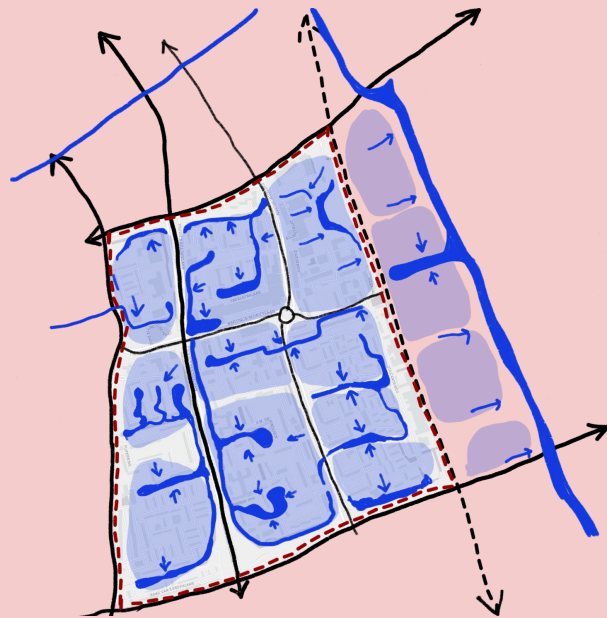
- 6.1 Introduce **flower patches** and biodiverse plantings to increase ecological and aesthetic value.
- 6.2 Establish **green classrooms** to support environmental education and outdoor learning for all ages.

- 6.1 **Biodiversity index** increase (species count in converted spaces)
- 6.2 One **excursion** per semester in area about biocentric values.
- 6.3 Educational and **interactive boards** near new flower beds teaching about different species/ insects. Sounds of animals.

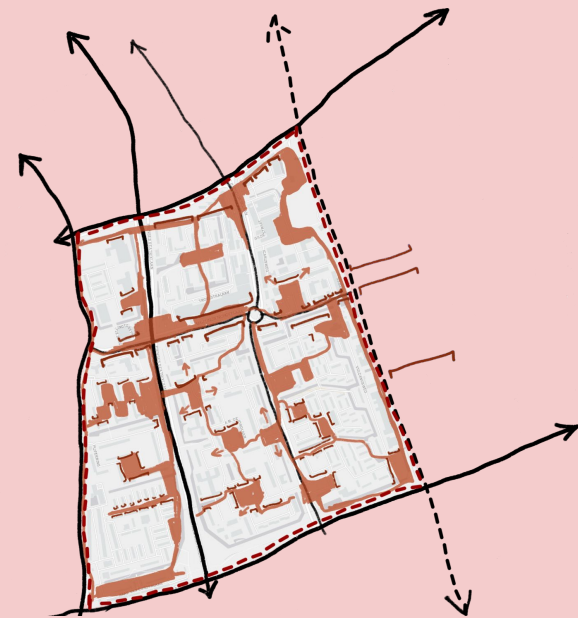
STRATEGY



Green Network
Connection of Ecological Spaces



Blue Network
Water catchments



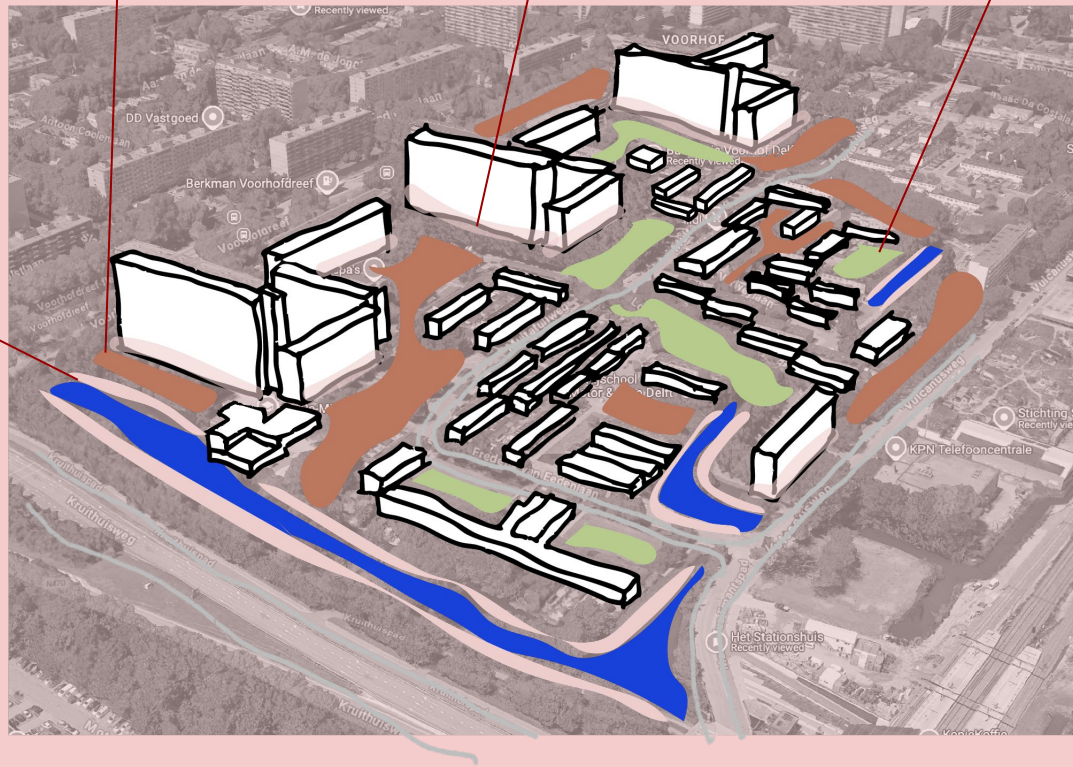
Public Space Network
Community Spaces

**Outdoor public spaces (1.1, 1.2,
2.1, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 4.1)**

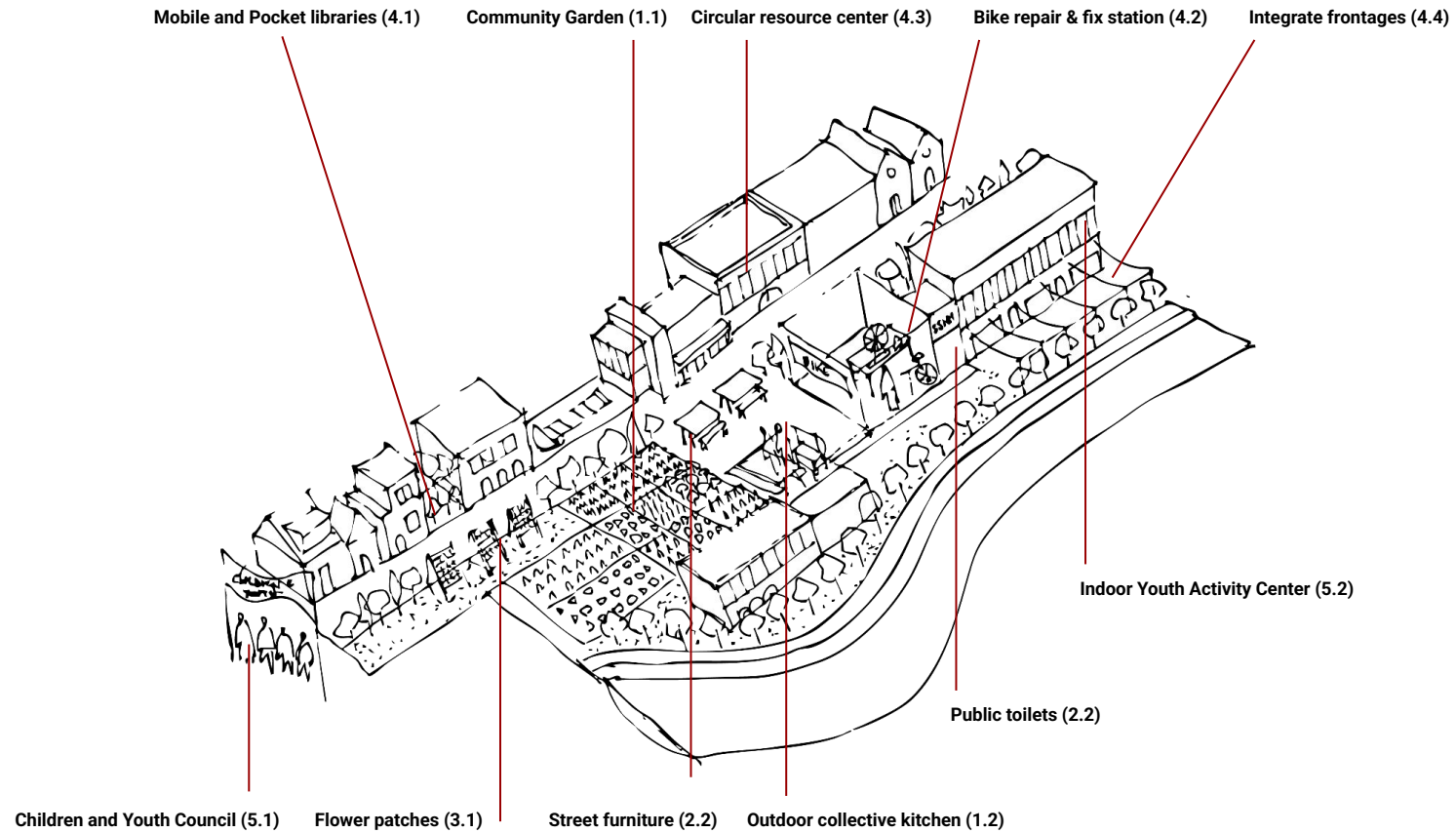
**Activate ground floor spaces
(4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 5.1, 5.2, 6.1)**

Green network (1.1, 3.1, 3.2)

**Connection to water
elements (1.1, 2.1, 3.2)**



STRATEGY



Stakeholders

Short Term

Medium Term

Long Term



Government & Institutional



Community & Social



Economic & Private Sector



**An Active
Community
Core**



Co-design



Bio-centric



policy



Transform
ground
floors



Street
furniture



Public
kitchen



Flower
patches



Revitalize
underused
lawns



Green
classroom



Municipal



Neighbourhood



Provincial &
National



**Broder
Community
Connections**



**Participation of
...**



STRATEGY

Input

Output

what will participants do?

***Short-term
outcomes***

what are the changes?

***Intermediate
outcomes***

Impact

*linked to vision /
spatial justice*

- 1. distributive justice*
- 2. procedural justice*
- 3. recognitional justice*

STRATEGY

Input

1.1
Community gardening spaces equipped with key necessities

Output

Community gardening spaces with all essential equipment are provided for community members

Short-term outcomes

Community members use the existing gardening spaces all year long

Intermediate outcomes

community members create new gardening spaces

Impact

- fair allocation of resources and an improved access to opportunities
- community empowerment and engagement
- support for collective care practices

STRATEGY

Input

Output

Short-term outcomes

Intermediate outcomes

Impact

1.1 Community gardening spaces equipped with key necessities

Community gardening spaces with all essential equipment are provided for community members

community members use the existing gardening spaces all year long

community members create new gardening spaces

- fair allocation of resources and an improved access to opportunities
- community empowerment and engagement
- support for collective care practices

1.2 cooking facilities

Different cooking facilities such as outdoor kitchens and BBQ areas are provided

community members bring their food or cook their national dishes in community kitchens. Residents have a barbecue and start to linger in green spaces.

community members cook together and connect by sharing their cultural traditions. residents explore new ways of using green spaces

- recognition and fostering of the pluriverse
- community empowerment to adapt and adopt

2.1 street furniture

there are different kinds of street furniture which can be adjusted and moved. enough public toilets are provided.

residents feel more comfortable to use urban space, especially elderly people, women and children

residents spend more time in urban areas and adapt them for their needs

- improvement of the access to opportunities
- fostering of internal adaptiveness

2.2 public toilets

3.1 flower patches

all neighbourhood streets have flower patches

residents enjoy a more pleasant cityscape. insects become more essential resources like nectar and pollen

residents have a sense of belonging to their neighbourhood by taking care of street flowers. increasing of insect pollinator density, biodiversity, their pollination of native wildflowers, and reproduction

- fair allocation of resources
- support for collective care practices

4.3 Circular centers for borrowing items e.g. tool library, kitchen appliances, fix/ repair place, mobile library

several circular centers with different functions and pocket/mobile libraries are established

community members borrow and lend different items

community members borrow and lend different items and help each other by using their skills

- community empowerment to adapt and adopt
- recognition and fostering of the pluriverse

5.1 children and youth council

a children and youth council is formed

children participate in community life

children are engaged, included, and motivated to participate in community life and to create public spaces for their own needs

- improvement of the access to opportunities
- institutional responsiveness
- legal empowerment

5.2 activity centers for youth and children

several centers for youth and children are established

children are able to participate in different after-school activities with their friends

children have different after-school activities, they have possibilities and safe spaces to gather and spend time with their friends

- improvement of the access to opportunities
- support for collective care practices

6.1 co-creating public space through skill workshops

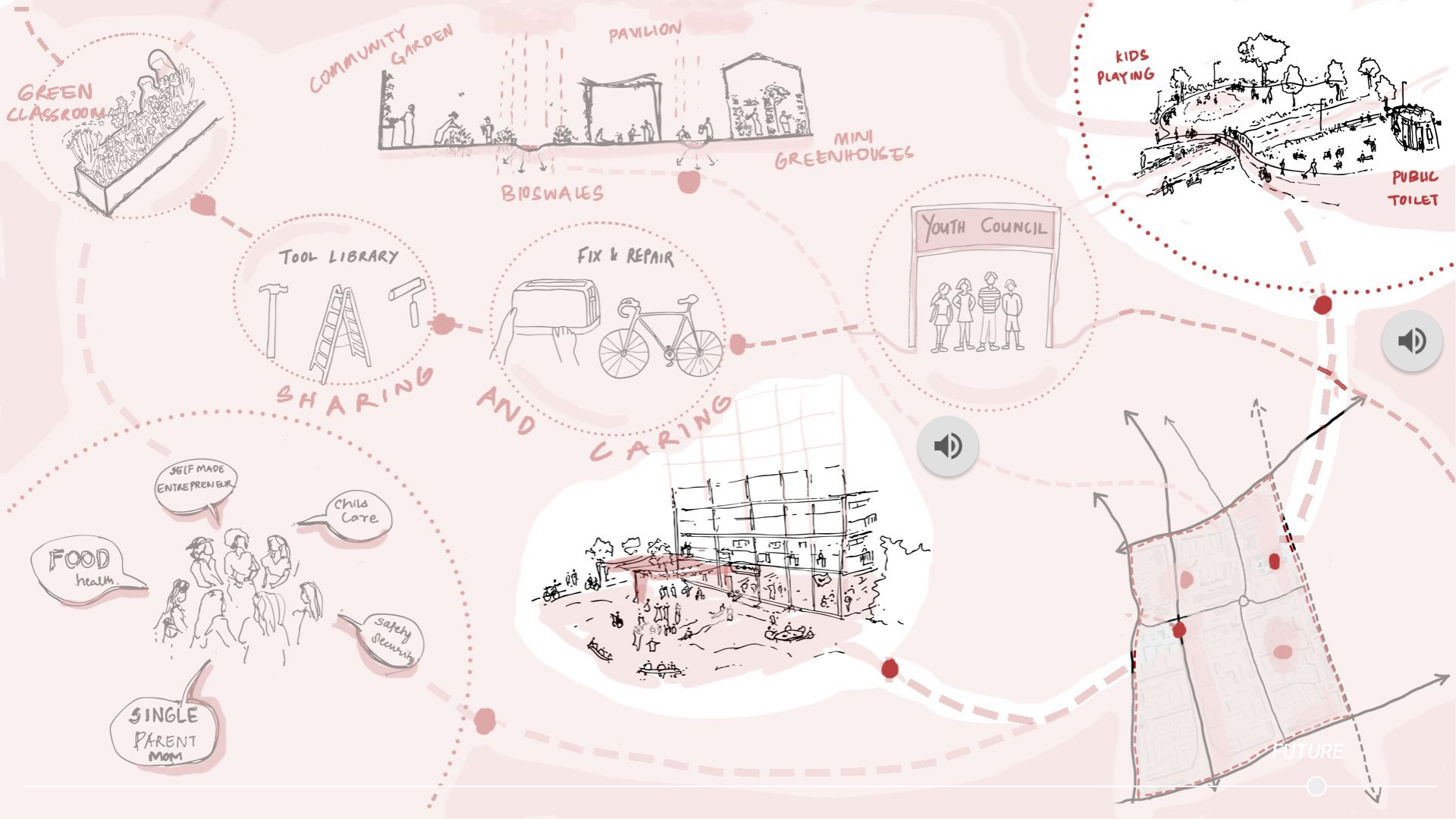
different skill workshops are organised

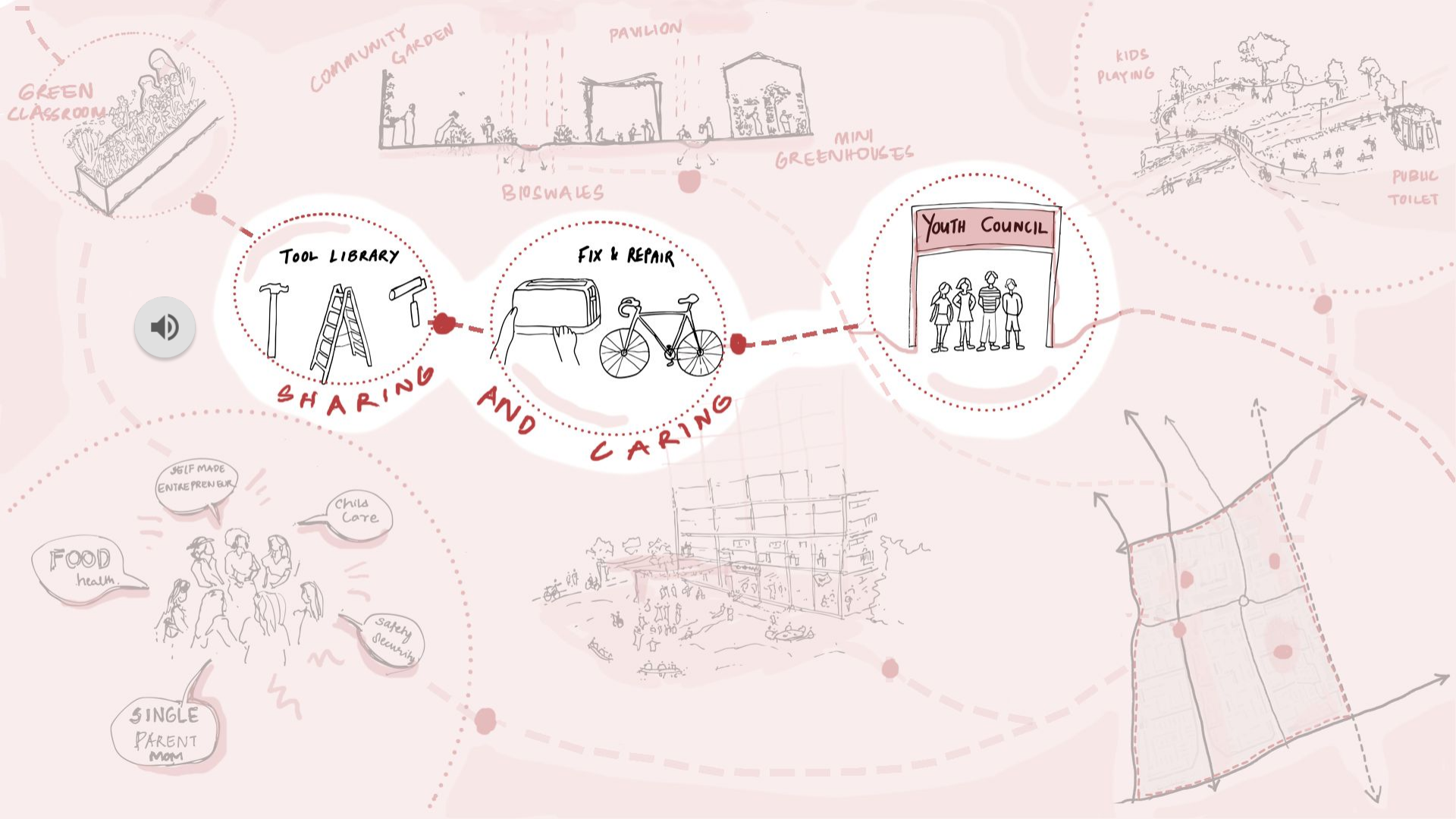
community members learn new skills

community members use their skills to co-create public spaces and organise their own workshops to share the knowledge

- community empowerment to adapt and adopt
- fostering of internal adaptiveness
- legal empowerment

STRATEGY



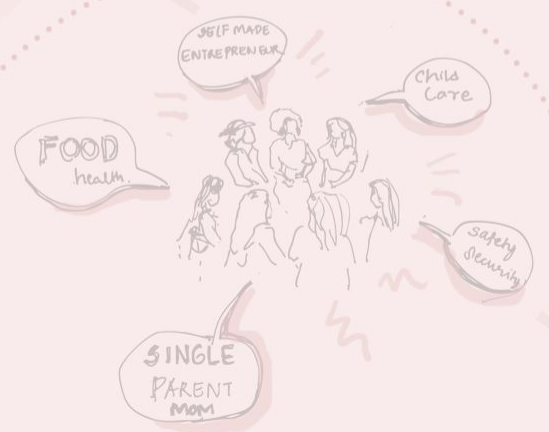


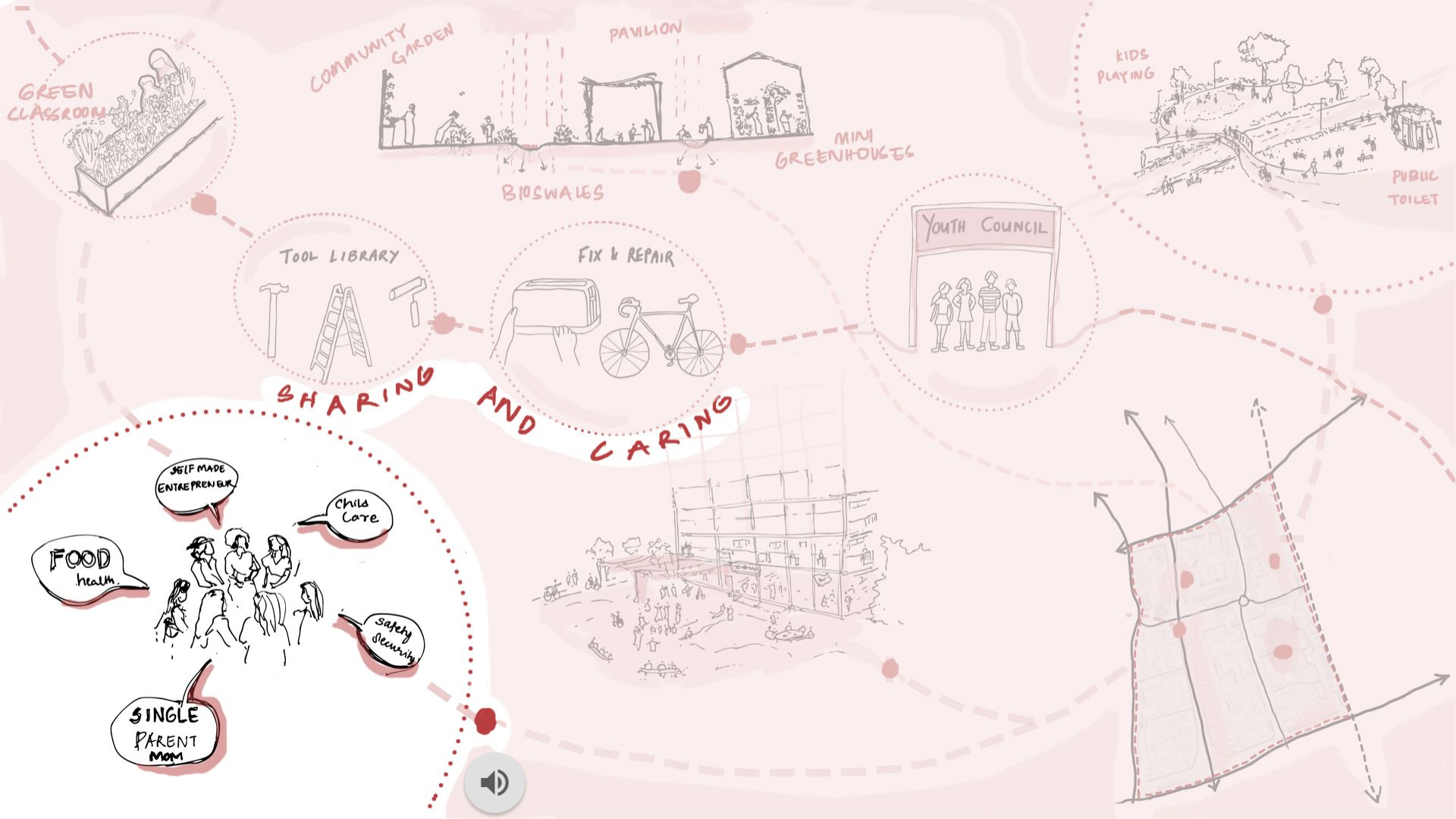


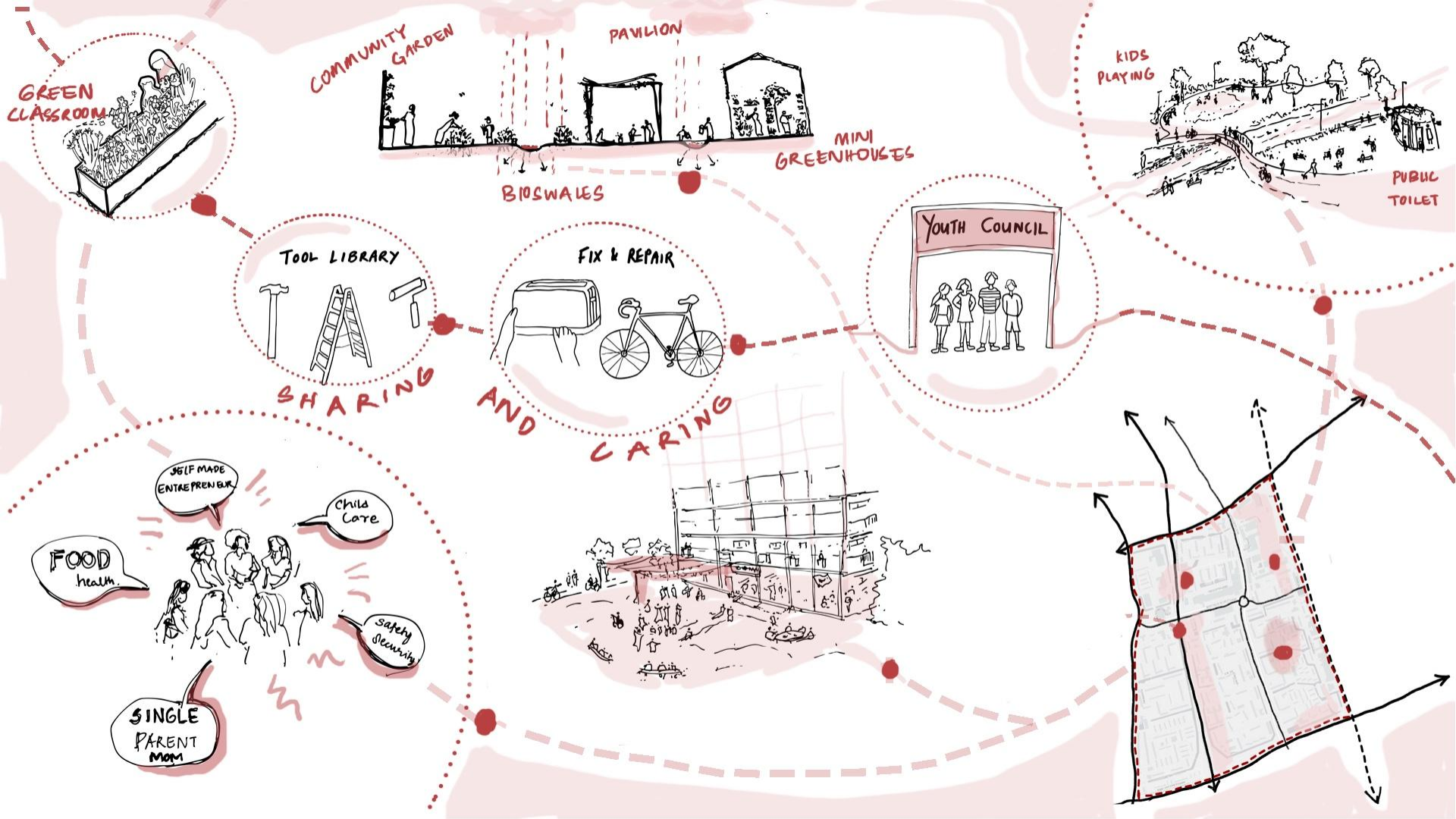
COMMUNITY GARDEN



MINI GREENHOUSES









THANKYOU