

Day 1: 1st September



There was a very pleasing number of volunteers and visitors for the first day of our dig at Hunting Hall Farm. As always we began with the day's briefing by Kristian outlining the plans for the day. More cleaning up of the trenches is still required to further reveal our principal features, mainly in our new trench 5 that is thought to contain Bronze Age burials. Just before lunch we found our first piece of bone. There's going to be a lot more. We still need to remove more of the trench surfaces to get to the depth that's likely to be more



rich in finds. I've attached a couple of photos.

Unless otherwise advised we shall have our rest days on Sundays and Mondays but this is a flexible plan to accommodate progress and bad weather. Keep checking the dig diary for any updates. We've opened a very large area in which to work safely and there's plenty of room for everyone. It would be great to see you, even if it's only for a quick visit. Our normal day is 10.00 until 16.00

Day 2: 2nd September



Quite an intensive day today. Still at the very careful trowelling stage, A bit early yet to be digging deeper but as the attached photo shows we're finding some teasing features. Most of us were cleaning our new area in trench 5 but exposing a previously untouched area of trench 3 has suddenly thrown up a whole cluster of bone fragments indicated by the white plant labels. Only careful digging around them will resolve their importance. It was great to see some new volunteers today together with a couple of visitors and we really hope they enjoyed the experience. Whether you have 10 years or just 10 minutes of archaeology experience you are just as likely to uncover something of major importance to the whole dig.

Day 3: 3rd September

We're still at the stage of revealing the possible features that will be identified for further investigation later. Trench 5 is definitely becoming as exciting as we'd hoped. It's looking superficially as though it contains a number of separate pits and today's task has been to establish the boundaries around the pits that separate them from each other. Could these be cremation pits? More work needed to find out.



Today's photos show two visitors who were encouraged to try 'the archaeology experience' and thoroughly enjoyed it sufficiently enough to suggest that they may return to volunteer for a couple of days. The second photo shows a demonstration of using our new 1 metre grid to 'map' an area of interest.



Day 4: 4th September



I wrote yesterday that we were using light trowelling to establish the extent of the multiple pits that have appeared despite only removing a couple of centimetres of the subsoil. I've attached two photos, the first (Pit 1) from our new trench 5 that shows a circular area of soil that differs from the surrounding by a sharp edge. The tapering pit (Pit 2) is in trench 4. It takes a huge amount of patience to reveal these features but we all find this very absorbing, rewarding and strangely relaxing.



We had our first find of worked flint today, photo attached. Kristian is an expert in this particular field and has identified the fingernail sized piece as from the Neolithic / Early Bronze Age period. Given that we've almost literally only scratched the surface of our trenches this is very promising.



Day 5: 7th September

With weather more like Lanzarote than Lowick it was a great day for all sorts of things except archaeology. Strong sunshine and warm temperatures play havoc with our attempts to differentiate the subtle differences in soil appearance. Today's photograph shows us trying to moisten the surface of trench 5 prior to covering the important features with tarpaulin for the night. Hopefully that will allow us to make a quick start tomorrow morning. Despite that we had a wonderful number of volunteers who were still able to find new features by the 'feel' of the soil when trowelling. A new linear feature may have been revealed stretching from trench 5 through trench 4. More work is required to confirm though.



Day 6: 8th September

The hot sunshine has stopped play. Our 'work' at the site today was curtailed early and with the sunshine continuing tomorrow morning and only a chance of much needed rain tomorrow afternoon Kristian decided that there was little to be gained by being there tomorrow. He is very concerned that despite

trowelling with a very gentle touch in our principal areas there is significant risk of damaging features in what are described as 'sensitive' because of their association with mortuary deposits. The first attached photo shows how the dry surface (despite copious

wetting) has dried out leaving the trench without discernible features such as were visible on Saturday. The second photo shows a pattern of large stone that we returned to this afternoon in trench 3. These were partially uncovered in 2019 and it was good to clean around them and see them again. They would form a circular structure of about 4m diameter.



Day 7: 10th September

Yesterday's rain and today's dappled sunshine has given us a perfect day for archaeology, enjoyed by a healthy number of volunteers. Time was spent in all three trenches and the first of today's photos shows Kristian patiently trowelling in trench 5. I've mentioned a few times that trench five

is considered to be potentially very important given that the geophysical survey image of 2018 showed significant 'activity' at its centre. The exciting news today is that it's just possible that Kristian's very careful work has revealed pottery and this may be the first evidence of a Bronze Age burial cyst. If so, it's another 'Wow' moment in this year's dig. The second photo shows the pottery, about 10cm so far revealed. Lots more work is required to determine the nature of the find.



Day 8: 11th September

A bit of an up and down day today. Probably nothing unusual on an archaeology dig. The up is that we've now begun to 'section' four of the perceived pits that were imaged purely by looking at the difference in soil colour. The first photo shows how a string is tied across the pit diameter and the contents of half of the pit will be scooped out to reveal a 3D version of the construction. A bit like emptying your bath with a teaspoon but the patience pays off. We already have bone fragments and charcoal. The second photo is one I showed last

Saturday when we have the soil colour difference indicating the presence of a pit and the final photo showing we weren't wrong with carefully placed large stones found



within. Just possibly a burial.

The down of today is that the content of one of the linear features we've been investigating is suggesting a boring old field drain. Never mind, better luck next week.

Day 9: 14th September



For a number of different reasons, today's team was a little smaller than normal but that hasn't got in the way of a very promising and productive day. Firstly the frustrating news from Saturday that our linear feature was a field drain was only partially correct. Having decided that it was a drain, today we brought in the heavy artillery, a mattock! After only a couple of swings we found a significant piece of bone consistent with and similar in appearance to the bones of Iron Age origin that we found in 2019. What we now think is that a late 19th century drain has been cut through a prehistoric feature so our linear feature is back in the game (at least for the time being).



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The pace picked up sharply after lunch when further excavation of the features currently being investigated began to bear fruit. The first photo is a drone image taken yesterday and I've used it to indicate the location of a couple of the items of interest. Photo 2 is lower left and is a roughly circular pit but within is another much smaller pit, only about 6 in across. Could this smaller pit contain cremated burial remains? Much more obvious is the feature in the third photo that's to the right in the drone photo. There is every likelihood that this contains yet another burial but much more very careful 'work' still to do to confirm.



Day 10: 15th September

A bit of a quieter day today with not much in the way of 'finds'. Much of the time has been spent trying to determine the edges of the numerous pits we have under investigation. Within one of these we uncovered another post hole (photo 1). The intriguing difference being that this may form one of several in a straight line. If confirmed this could be quite exciting as others in the line show some evidence of having been burned.



In our attempts to find the outer edges of the larger features we're now finding trenches that intersect with each other (photo 2). Possibly dug many hundreds of years apart it's adding to the complexity (or confusion depending on your point of view) of the site. Hopefully more finds tomorrow.



Day 11: 16th September

Today marked the beginning of the second half of our 20 day dig that's scheduled to finish at the end of the month. Still loads to do if we are to improve our understanding of the site so if you can spare the time it would be great to see you.

A good number of us were there this morning but a bit depleted in the afternoon because we accepted an invitation to visit the open day at another dig at Ad Gefrin.

The first photo is of today's star find, a piece of worked agate (a find sheepishly claimed by Ailsa but the rest of us aren't convinced !),

dated by Kristian to late Neolithic / early Bronze Age. That's consistent with the age of the small piece of worked flint found just a few feet away. It was found in the small section shown in the second photo that's only a few inches across but has taken more than a day to get to this stage. A lot of patience is required but that's the name of the game at the moment.



Day 12: 17th September



A beautiful day today. There was even a timely shower at lunchtime to wet the surface for us. We're still trying to establish the extent of the most important features but a find today of another piece of worked flint. Kristian has so far not committed a period to it. A photo is attached.

We also had some younger visitors today, one of whom rolled up his sleeves and tried his hand at investigating a feature.



Day 13: 21st September

A good day today. Good weather (if a bit of a cool breeze), a good turnout of volunteers and a very interested group of visitors this morning. This afternoon we had the pleasure of a visit by another professional archaeologist, Roger Miket. Roger is very envious of us because we have our very own site that is packed with so many interesting features. We hope he'll join us again before the end of our dig. The first photo shows Roger deep in conversation with Kristian about the site. I wonder



if there's a collective term for a group of archaeologists. Any suggestions?



The second photo shows what is clearly a post hole. What makes this one more interesting is that it seems to form one of a series that's becoming apparent and may explain some of the difficulties in interpretation that we've had. It's caused Kristian to reconsider the possibilities near trench 5. I'll say no more for now but let's see whether tomorrow brings a bit more light at the end of this complex tunnel. Tune in tomorrow for more news about KP's thoughts!

Day 14: 22nd September



On the surface (literally) there doesn't seem to be a lot to offer after another very breezy day's 'work'. However, several features have become much clearer today and Kristian is getting closer to letting us loose on a bit of excavation of the priority ones. Another post hole in which very significant stones have been used to support the upright is shown in photo 1. That follows the one shown yesterday that also suggested a stout upright. The jury's still out on the type of structure that these posts supported. Kristian would like more



evidence before committing himself.

We nearly threw the baby out with the bath water with the item shown in the second photo. Originally disregarded as just another lump of stone it is, in fact, a broken quern stone that would have been used to grind cereal during prehistoric times.

Day 15: 23rd September



A very different day today. This morning we were visited by children from Lowick and Holy Island Schools. It was a lively session both at the dig site and in the Piggery but great fun and very rewarding for all of us.

This afternoon it was back to 'work' as normal. Another small piece of flint recovered by the course sieving process is shown in the first photo. The second photo is the latest drone image from trench 5. It's now very busy with lots of archaeology showing up. In the upper right of the photo is a trench that's now suggesting multiple evidence of ancient activity during different times. A little more excavation



tomorrow could be very enlightening. The area in the lower half of the photo is a

multitude of small pits of varying diameter, some overlapping, therefore suggesting they also were dug at different times. How long the time difference is, we don't know (yet). We're currently 'mapping' the position of these pits prior to beginning excavation to hopefully reveal their purpose.

Day 16: 24th September



Yet another sunny but very windy day. Almost everyone is now into excavating their own designated feature, whether trench or pit. It's good to be now going deeper into the earth with more likelihood of finding artefacts and other evidence of life on the farm. The main event of the day relates to the feature that we thought may have been a burial. It would now appear to be a monumental post hole. Shown in the first photo the beautifully stone packed hole would take a post the diameter of a telegraph pole and therefore probably load bearing. This could potentially be very exciting and careful removal of the fill will take place

over the next few days.

The warm sunny weather dries out the surface very rapidly. One solution is to lightly spray the surface to reveal differences in the appearance of the soil. Our young colleague Janet had the task of spraying today. Perhaps someone should have told her she wasn't trying to put out a fire!



Day 17: 25th September

The week has ended with a flourish. It was always likely that once we began working vertically rather than horizontally that things would warm up and that was very noticeable today. It's quite amazing (and exciting!) that just one or two scrapes with a trowel can reveal something incredible. We knew that Pauline was faced with at least four different areas of interest inside a slender trench just a couple of metres long within a complex area of trench 4. Inside that Pauline has uncovered an amazing burned post in situ, shown in the first photo. That isn't the



first evidence of burned posts and I

wonder if some catastrophic event occurred two or three thousand years ago. The whole of trenches 4 and 5 are rich in charcoal.

We've also begun to accurately 'map' the exposed surface and the second photo shows Annie using the metre frame to record the position of every feature of interest.

Just before the close today we may have at last found the primary burial feature in trench 5. This will be the centre of attention next week though there are lots of other features of interest. Plenty for everyone.



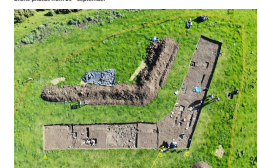
Day 18: 30th September

Volunteers returned refreshed after a 3 day break and Kristian was pleased about the heavy rain as it gave good visibility of the surface of the site. Pauline continued to make good progress with the burnt post hole in trench 4 and all the charcoal now excavated. Section drawing and context sheets completed. More work to be done around that area to draw further conclusions. Kristian is keen to explore the line of post holes in trench 4, circled in yellow.

The attached document shows the drone photo from this morning and in particular trench 5. John continues to excavate a large very organic rich pit (detailed in the close up photos). Several of the pits in trench 5 have included finds of worked flint and continue to be excavated and more will be revealed as the volunteers progress.

It was lovely having some familiar friends returning to the site, Peter Calder came up as he hadn't been to the site for a wee while and Alan Weightmen brought along his metal detector (and showing Gordon how to use it), no new finds but his help and input was appreciated.

Drone photos from 29th September



Day 19: 2nd October



Only half a day unfortunately. After two rained off days we were hoping to get back up to speed but the weather forecast was spot on and it rained heavily during lunch, once again leaving standing water in some of our features under investigation.

Julie has excavated a very unusual stone from deep inside the pit in which she is working. We're not sure of its origin but maybe you may have suggestions. (please keep them clean!). Kristian will consult his colleagues.

We're now very close to our original planned dig duration of 20 days but we're going to use the period of 'extra time' that we'd allowed ourselves, probably a couple of weeks. There are still several pits that Kristian would

like to investigate within trench 5 and further work to 'join the dots' formed by the multitude of post holes we've uncovered.

Day 20: 3rd October



The day began with a spell of baling out our flooded pits and trenches following yet more heavy overnight rain, then a quiet morning. Not for the first time though, things warmed up somewhat in the afternoon. Not too many volunteers today and we're focussing our efforts in the area of trench 5 where there are numerous pits. Some have already been excavated completely and some are yet to be started. No significant finds but perhaps microscopy during the post dig analysis will reveal ash and charcoal consistent with a cremation pit. A small

fragment of burned bone was followed quickly by two more pieces of curious stone. The first, discovered by Ailsa, is a flat, patterned stone that looks almost like a laminate. Once again your opinions would be appreciated. The second, uncovered by Carole, is a stone with a saw-toothed edge that definitely doesn't look natural. Later there were more discoveries of significant looking large flat stones in the same area. More about those tomorrow.



Day 21: 4th October

We made some surprising discoveries today. Foremost was the pit that Ailsa was working in, which afforded a thick stone deposit at the base; these were stacked on top of one another and surrounded by a thick layer of charred material, which was unusually granular. I think that this might represent burning in situ, and we have clearly not hit the bottom of this pit. Please find attached photographs of this remarkable feature.

In the SW corner of Trench 5, Julie exposed some stake holes and these may be associated with a stake hole found in Jonathan's deep pit feature. It may be, therefore, that we have a small structure in this area that follows the main body of activity.



The Day of the Storm: 5th October



There shouldn't have been a report today but I must tell you of the heroics of Helen, Julie, Jonathan and Tom to rescue our site following the severe weather over the last 24 hours.

The photos tell their own story and thanks to their efforts we should be able to begin a clear up tomorrow. Our main tent blew down exposing some of the documentation to the elements. Most have been taken away to be dried and typed up where possible.

All of the features became waterlogged because we are down to the depth of impenetrable clay. The site is probably not going to be workable until

Thursday because of the damage we could cause to delicate features if it's still too wet tomorrow.

We're into the depths where we're now seeing some serious evidence but there's still a lot to be accomplished before we close down the site in a few days time.



Day 22: 7th October

As in 2019 it would appear that most of the 'excitement' is going to happen in the last days of the dig. It's looking like the last day of excavation is likely to be Friday 22nd October with clear up prior to backfilling in the few days following. I'll confirm that early next week. There's still much to accomplish between now and then and plenty for all to do. We had a small team on site today, but made good progress on some of the pits in Trench 5. More features have emerged; they are intercutting other features, and some of these appear to be quite large. Ailsa continued to excavate in the deep pit containing stone, and there is still no sign that it has reached the bottom. However, she did find burnt animal bone in there today so it is providing us with some good dating evidence. The stone lined posthole that Deb was working on is beginning to turn ever so slightly, suggesting that it might be a ditch. If this is so, then perhaps we shall have our palisade with posts in its course.



Day 23: 8th October

A beautiful day today for archaeology. What a change from the carnage of Tuesday following which Tom has kindly built us a protective windbreak of hay bales around our 'tented village'. Our pits in trench 5 seem to go deeper and deeper with lots of evidence of burning. We're still finding 'fill' a couple of feet down and there's definitely more to come. We've still no real clue as to their purpose. Another of our long standing features at the end of trench 4 may yet again have changed its possible identity.

Day 24: 9th October



Such a lot to do and so little time in which to do it. The 'sensitive' areas of trench 5 today revealed bone (probably cattle, photo 1) and teeth (definitely not human!, photo 2) from deep inside one of the trenches currently being worked on by John HR. This is an incredibly complex feature that shows no sign of resolution at the moment.



Kristian would like to investigate all of the pits in trench 5 identified by their superficial appearance before closing the dig on

Friday, 22nd October. We currently have no idea of the purpose of these pits but they need to be completely excavated in the remaining time. One possibility is charcoal production that may have been used during iron production.

The amazing feature in trench 5 of closely packed large stones could be a dwelling, perhaps involving more than one 'room'. The stones are so well embedded that we've decided to get out the 'heavy artillery' and use hoes to take off a couple of inches of soil between the lines shown in photo 3 to give us a better picture of the whole area that also includes burnt posts in situ within their postholes. These features are far more robust and once revealed will be covered and worked on next year.



Day 25: 10th October



A bit of a select group on site today but we were still able to stick to our plan to continue careful excavation in the more sensitive pits in trench 5 whilst being a bit more 'heavy handed' in trench 4 to expose the very obvious pattern of large embedded stones that includes at least one post hole in the stretch so far visible. Part linear, part curving and still some doubt about the likely identity of these stones but it looks increasingly likely to be a dwelling. A bit of clearance of the 'interior' surface with a hoe shows a patch of discolouration with charcoal inclusions close to what would be the centre of the structure. Could this be a hearth? The next few days may tell.



Day 26: 11th October

The feature on which John HR is working (shown in photo 1) is now approaching the limit of our safe working depth of 1m and still refuses to give up its likely identity. Being so narrow it's very difficult in which to work but the diagonal placement of significant stones as though climbing up from the bottom is throwing up yet more possibilities. I'm sure there will be an update on that in a few days.



Photo 2 is a drone image of the complex packed stone arrangement in trench 4. Careful hoeing to the right of the stones shows nothing but a uniform soil surface however there are packed cobbles to the left together with yet another burnt posthole. Evidence of at least five post holes showing signs of burning have now been found in close proximity. This part of the trench is likely to become our main target area for the rest of the dig dependent upon the available 'workforce'.



Day 27: 12th October

After a very unpromising drizzly start to the day everything cheered up for our group today with finds of bone (photo 1) that looks like the 'ball' from a hip bone of a small animal. This find came from deep inside the immense pit in trench 5. John HR appears to have at last found the base of this pit



and photo 2 shows what looks like a post hole at the bottom surrounded by a charcoal filled 'sludge'.

Checking back on our 2018 geophysical survey outcome, this 'post' may be at the centre of the curious 15m circular feature that appears in the final geophysical survey image. That has raised some



interesting conjecture about its origins given that we have found at least two more post holes on what would be its perimeter. Hopefully more evidence to come later this week.

Day 28: 13th October



With only a handful of practical days before we close on 22nd October we've just about completed the excavation of the complex pit arrangement in trench 5 (photo 1). That means it's time to begin measuring, drawing and recording each individual feature. The second photo shows Alistair and David busy doing just that in a pit



that's taken many days and several different volunteers to get the job done.

We had another visit by professional archaeologist Roger Miket today who continues to be so impressed by the site. He was very complimentary about the way we've progressed and though it might seem slow to those of us who see it every day, Roger saw a big difference since his previous visit two or three weeks ago. Roger firmly believes that this is going to become a very important site once we get to understand the 'bigger picture'. We realise this may take several more seasons.

We were also visited today by Kevin Archer who specialises in recording podcasts. Several of us were interviewed and the third photo shows Kristian being 'interrogated'.



Day 29: 14th October

A bit of a quieter day today, (brightened for us all by the presence of the farm's sheepdogs Mist and her daughter, Queen, who joined us for the first hour). We were mainly preparing the ground in trench 4 for the big run to the finish line next Friday. Ideally we'd like to expose sufficient of the deeply embedded stones to give us a better indication of the hidden structures that will hopefully give us enough evidence to justify our continued efforts next year.



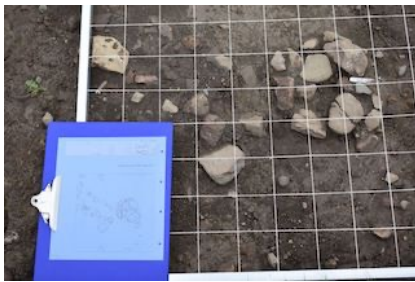


No significant new artefacts today but right at the end of the day a circular feature a couple of feet in diameter appeared. Could be yet another post hole but perhaps more exciting, it's possibly in the right position for a hearth. A 'section' will do the trick to help us decide one way or the other.



Day 30: 16th October

A sizeable team was out today but once again we arrived to find the 'office' flooded after heavy rain overnight on Thursday. We're obviously at the level of impenetrable clay at the bottom of our deeper features and so it was out with the sponges before we could start. However, ten minutes in and the potential hearth mentioned in the last diary entry bore fruit with a significant animal bone (photo 1). Another smaller piece was



found a few inches away. Things look very promising for our round house hearth but whether we have time to 'section' the pit is questionable within the time left. The size of our volunteer workforce before the end of the dig on Friday could be the decider.

It's not all about 'backbreaking' digging and scraping. We need to record all of our findings before closing and the second photo shows an example of drawing the plan of a feature, in this case one of our numerous postholes. If you think you can help with this task we'd love to see you on site.

Day 31: 17th October



Another lovely day for archaeology. Most of our 'workforce' is now assigned to trench 4 to expose as much of the embedded sub-surface stone as possible before next Friday. Photo 1 shows trowelling and recording going on simultaneously. We're also measuring the spot heights above sea level of all of our features using the 'Dumpy Level' (photo 2).



Everything became much more exciting after lunch when several pieces of bone were uncovered, all of them of significant size from in and around our presumed roundhouse hearth. Some were very delicate and in danger of crumbling but others were in reasonable condition and able to be easily photographed. All of the bones are probably cattle, maybe even from the same beast. As we found in 2019 the final week looks like being the most exciting.



Day 32: 18th October



As we approach the end of this year's dig and all of the huge amount of effort and enjoyment that it's provided for us over the last two months it's exciting (or sobering, depending on your point of view) to look at the drone image shown in photo 1. It emphasises how little of the area within the double ring ditch system that we've so far investigated. Probably only about 2%. The 2018 geophysical survey image implied that there has been human activity across the whole area and so there are potentially many more seasons of digging at Hunting Hall. Kristian's assessment is at least another 10 seasons but this will depend on permissions and, of course, funding. We'll start applying for permission to dig in 2022 almost as soon as this excavation is over. This year Kristian is keeping a dig journal and the second photo is a

page from today that shows his imaging of the stone features within trench 4, superimposed on the drone photo taken at the end of yesterday. Our hope is that enough of the embedded stonework will be obvious by the end of the week to be sufficient to allow Kristian to make a tentative assessment of the nature of the structures.



Day 33: 20th October



Today we made a breakthrough. We positively identified two features with reasonably accurate dating. We found two very crude clay field drains probably from the 19th Century! In fairness we were deliberately looking for them deep beneath very linear features in order to 'eliminate them from our inquiries'. The position of the first is shown at the lower right of trench 3 in photo 1. This drone image also shows what may be more features that we could investigate at some point. Photo 2 shows a section of the drain that looks very coarse and is probably handmade.



We're revisiting trench 3 for the first time during this dig in order to formulate our plans for next year. This trench was very rich in bone and pottery finds during our 2019 dig and it hasn't let us down during the last couple of days this time with several more pieces of bone recovered.

Day 34: 21st October

Today was our penultimate day of excavation and, as in the last few days, it's been a combination of trowelling and recording. We're trying to expose as many of the embedded stones as possible before close of play tomorrow and at the same time Annie and colleagues are accurately recording the position of just about every single stone so far uncovered. A mammoth task, especially for an amateur group such as ourselves. This could be done by



photograph but the official record is a pencil drawing. This is an element of our 'work' that sets us aside from other similar groups that never get the opportunity to experience this depth of investigation. It's very satisfying for us to see the whole job through to completion. Photo 1 shows just one of Annie's recordings. There are so many more.

The second photo shows the growing collection of soil samples bagged up prior to processing by flotation and microscopy in our 'Hunting Hall laboratory' during the autumn. Another element not enjoyed by most other similar groups and will take many weeks to complete.

Day 35: 22nd October



Well that's it for another season of digging at Hunting Hall but not before a few more last day finds. The first was a significant piece of animal bone (photo 1) found in trench 4 close to where we've found lots of others in what we believe is a hearth. The second is a very small shard of worked agate (photo 2) found in one of the deep pits in trench 5. Agate was a stone tool used from the late Neolithic period to the early Bronze Age, so from around 2000 BC.

Quite a fun afternoon (a bit like the last day of term!) and lots of photos including one of our leader, Kristian, enjoying a bit of well deserved R and R after the two months of hassle we've given him.



All that remains now is some heavy duty clearing up to do over the weekend prior to inviting Graham Cross back with his digger to push back the mountains of soil that we've removed over the last couple of months. In a very short while nature will reclaim its own and no one will know we've ever been there.

On behalf of Lowick Heritage Group I'd like to thank everyone who's volunteered, whether it's been almost every day or for just a few hours here and there. Every hour has been a contribution towards what's

ultimately become a very successful dig. Many thanks too to Karen and Tom for their hospitality and allowing us access to the farm and its buildings. The full archaeology reports will appear on the LHG website in a few weeks. All being well we'll be back at Hunting Hall during the summer of 2022. Hope to see you all there.

