

Information Sheet - Sugi Lumber

Common Name(s)	Sugi, Japanese Cedar
Scientific Name:	Cryptomeria japonica
Distribution:	Endemic to Japan; commonly grown on plantations within Japan and small amount in Taiwan.
Tree Size:	Height: 100-165 ft (30-50 m) Trunk Diameter: 6-10 ft (2-3 m)
Average Dried Weight:	23 lbs/ft³ (360 kg/m³)
Specific Gravity:	Basic: 0.33 12% MC: 0.36
Janka Hardness:	320 lbf (1,420 N)
Modulus of Rupture:	5,280 lbf/in² (36.4 MPa)
Elastic Modulus:	1,109,000 lbf/in² (7.65 GPa)
Crushing Strength:	4,060 lbf/in² (28.0 MPa)
Shrinkage:	Radial: 2.1% Tangential: 6.8% Volumetric: 10.5% T/R Ratio: 3.2
Color/Appearance:	Heartwood: Typically, reddish-brown.

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	Sapwood: Straw-coloured and clearly demarcated from the heartwood. Knots: Common, but we can grade them to near clear. Traditional Treatment: Sometimes charred black using the shou sugi ban technique to enhance fire and rot resistance. Charred planks are popular for siding.
Grain/Texture:	Grain: Straight. Texture: Medium, even. Natural Luster: Moderate.
Endgrain:	 Resin canals absent. Earlywood-to-latewood transition is fairly gradual with medium-high colour contrast. Tracheid diameter: Small-medium. Diffuse parenchyma.
Rot Resistance:	Moderately durable to durable; moderate insect/borer resistance.
Workability:	General: Easy to work with hand or machine tools. Finishing: Glues, stains, and finishes well.
Odor:	Distinct, lingering, cedar-like odor.
Allergies/Toxicity:	 The tree's pollen is highly allergenic in Japan. See articles on Wood Allergies and Toxicity and Wood Dust Safety for more details.

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Pricing/Availability:	 Not widely exported. Usually good quality heart only for siding/cladding. Available as smaller craft lumber. Mid-range prices for a softwood.
Sustainability:	CITES Status: Not listed. IUCN: Near Threatened. - Extensively and sustainably grown on plantations. - Natural stands are fragmented and small, often indistinguishable from plantations.
Common Uses:	 Siding Paneling Furniture Fences Boatbuilding Small specialty items
Comments:	Sugi, often referred to as Japanese Cedar, belongs to the Cupressaceae family, which includes many cedar-like species. Like most cedars, Sugi is soft, light, aromatic, and decay resistant. Sugi holds commercial importance in Japan, where it is widely used for construction.
Legend:	In the early 1600s, a feudal lord, too poor to donate a stone or bronze lantern at the funeral of the deceased shogun, proposed planting a row of Sugi trees along the path

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	leading to the temple. These trees remain today as a stately and impressive display.
Related Video:	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T6mKfMeN9bQ

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