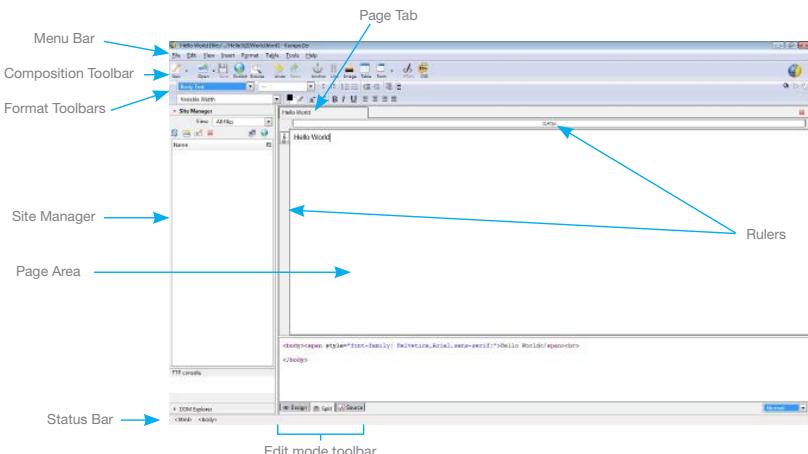


Web Editing

This quick reference is for KompoZer 0.8

Quick Reference

KompoZer Menus / Windows



Certification Test Goals

This module sets out essential concepts and skills relating to the ability to understand key web publishing concepts and to create, upload and maintain a static web site.

Successful candidates will be able to:

- Understand key web concepts and terms.
- Know about the basic principles of HTML and use common HTML mark-up tags to modify the layout of a web page.
- Use a web authoring application to design and format web pages, format text, and work with hyperlinks and tables.
- Recognise and use common web image formats and create forms in a web page.
- Understand and use cascading style sheets.
- Prepare web pages for publishing to a web server.

Keyboard Shortcuts

General	Editing
Open the file menu	Alt+F
New file	Ctrl+N
Open a file	Ctrl+O
Close the current file	Ctrl+W
Preview Page	
Browse Page	F5
Formatting	
Bold	Ctrl+B
Italics	Ctrl+I
Underline	Ctrl+U

1 Web Concepts

1.1 Key Terms

1.1.1 Understand that the Internet supports a range of services like:

- The World Wide Web (WWW)
- File transfer
- Email
- Instant messaging (IM)

1.1.2 Understand the term client/server.

- In a **client/server** network, the server stores data which can be requested and used by the client.

1.1.2 Understand the functionality and relationship between the browser, web server.

- A **web server** stores and delivers web documents.
- A **web browser** displays pages sent by a web server.

1.1.3 Understand the terms domain, Uniform Resource Locator (URL), hyperlink, web hosting, search engine.

- **Domain** - Identifies ownership of a web address
- **Uniform Resource Locator (URL)** - A website address that is unique for every website
- **Hyperlink** - A graphic or text with an embedded cross reference that connects to a web page, or portion of a web page
- **Web hosting** - A service which allocates space for websites on computer servers
- **Search engine** - Software designed to search for information on the World Wide Web

1.1.4 Understand the use of primary protocols:

- **Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** - The protocol suite upon which the Internet is based
- **Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)** - Used to request and transport World Wide Web pages across the Internet
- **File Transfer Protocol (FTP)** - Used to transfer files from one computer to another over a TCP/IP network

1.2 Web Publishing

1.2.1 Identify the main advantages of having a website:

- Access to a global audience
- Ease of updating
- Audience interactivity
- Cost benefits

1.2.2 Understand the process of getting a website online like:

- **Registering a domain** - To obtain exclusive use of a unique domain for a period of time
- **Choosing a web hosting service** - To store and display your website on computer servers that are connected to the Internet

1.2.3 Recognize search engine optimization techniques like:

- Including relevant meta data
- Including a site map and website links
- Registering with a search engine

1.2.4 Recognize factors that impact on web page download speed: audio, video, graphical objects, animation content, file compression.

- High quality **Audio**
- High definition **Video**
- Too many **graphical objects** on a web page
- **Animation Content** - Too much on a web page can decrease web page download speed
- **File compression** - to decrease file size and decrease web page download speed

1.2.5 Recognize appropriate audio, video, graphical file formats to optimize web page download speed.

- **Audio** - MIDI, MP3
- **Video** - Flash Video .flv files
- **Graphical file formats** - jpeg, gif

1.3 Legal Issues

1.3.1 Understand the term copyright and its implications for text, images, audio, video available on websites.

- **Copyright** is a legal way to protect the rights of ownership of a website and any text, audio, images and video it may contain.

1.3.2 Understand that website content is subject to the laws of the country in which it is hosted.

- **Website content** is subject to the laws of the country in which it is hosted rather than the country in which it was originally created.

2 HTML

2.1 Fundamentals of HTML

2.1.1 Understand the term Hypertext Markup Language (HTML).

- **Hypertext Markup Language (HTML)** is a tag based notation language used to format documents on the world wide web.

2.1.2 Understand the role of the W3C consortium in developing HTML recommendations.

- **World Wide Web Consortium (W3C)** is a standards body that gives recommendations for the development of open web standards, HTML.

2.1.2 Understand the benefits these recommendations offer like:

- **Interoperability of websites across browsers** - Allows the viewing of web pages across a range of devices and browsers
- **Enhanced accessibility** - Improves search result rankings, reduces maintenance costs, and increases audience reach
- **Consistent document type declarations** - Give web pages a consistent look

2.2 Using HTML

2.2.1 Use the browser to view web page source code.

- Click to open **Internet Explorer**.
- Browse to the web page you want to view. Click the **View** menu.
- Click **Source**.

2.2.2 Use markup tags to structure a web page layout: <html>, <head>, <title>, <body>.

- Open a text editor and enter the following tags:
<html>
<head>
<title> This is a title</title>
</head>
<body> This is body text. </body>
</html>

2.2.3 Use markup tags to develop the layout of a web page: <h1>, <h2>, <p>,
, , .

- Open a text editor and enter the following tags:
<html>
<head>
<title> This is a title</title>
</head>
<h1>This is a heading</h1>
<h2>This is a smaller heading</h2>

 creates a single line break in a block of text
<p>This is a paragraph.</p>
This is a link

</html>

3 Web Authoring

3.1 Design

3.1.1 Recognize planning and design techniques like:

- Evaluating the needs of the **target audience**
- Creating **storyboards**
- Organising the **site structure**
- Creating a page **layout template**
- Deciding on a **navigation scheme**

3.1.2 Recognize good practice in font selection. Using sans serif fonts like: Arial, Courier, Helvetica.

- A **sans serif** font is suitable for a web page because it can be easily viewed in both high and low resolution.

3.2 Using the Application

3.2.1 Open a web authoring application.

- Click the **Start** button.
- Select **All Programs**.
- Click **KompoZer**.

3.2.1 Close a web authoring application.

- On the **File** menu, click **Exit**.

3.2.1 Open web pages.

- On the **File** menu, click **Open File**.
- Select web pages(s) to open and click **Open**.

3.2.1 Close web pages.

- On the **File** menu, click **Close or Close All**.

3.2.2 Create a new web page.

- On the **File** menu, click **New**.
- Click **A blank document**.
- Click **Create**.

3.2.2 Create, save a new website to a location on a drive.

- On the **Edit** menu, click **Publishing Site Settings**.
- Enter the local site folder details.
- Enter site information.
- Click **OK**.

3.2.2 Save a new web page to a location on a drive.

- On the **File** menu, click **Save**.
- Enter a page title.
- Click **OK**.
- Create a file name and navigate to the location required.
- Click **Save as type** and click **HTML Files**.
- Click **Save**.

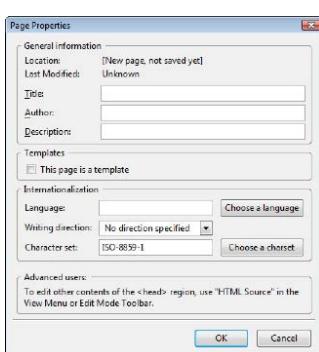
3.2.3 Create a new web page based on an available template.

- On the **File** menu, click **New**.
- Click **A new document based on a template**.
- Select a site that contains the template or choose a local template.
- Select a template.
- Click **Create**.

3.2.3 Save a new web page based on an available template.

- On the **File** menu, click **Save**.
- Enter a page title.
- Click **OK**.
- Create a file name and navigate to the location required.
- Click **Save as type** and select **HTML templates**.
- Click **Save**.

3.2.4 Add, edit a descriptive page title.



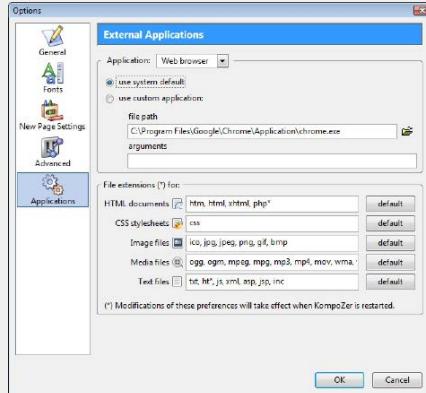
- On the **Format** menu, click **Page Title and Properties**.
- Enter a new page title in the **Title** box.
- Click **OK**.

3.2.5 Change between source code and design view.

- Click the **Source** button on the **Edit mode** toolbar to show the source code.
- Click the **Design** button on the **Edit mode** toolbar to show the design view.

3.3 Enhancing Productivity

3.3.1 Set basic options/ preferences in the application: default preview browser.



- On the **Tools** menu, click **Preferences**.
- Click **Applications** in the category box.
- Click **use system default** or **use custom application** to browse for a specific browser.
- Click **OK**.

3.3.1 Set basic options/ preferences in the application: default document type, encoding.

- On the **Tools** menu, click **Preferences**.
- Click **Advanced** in the category box.
- Check the markup **Language and DTD** (document type definition) checkbox required.
- Click **New Page Settings** in the category box.
- Click **Choose a charset** and click the default encoding required.
- Click **OK** twice.

3.3.1 Set basic options/ preferences in the application: fonts.

- On the **Tools** menu, click **Preferences**.
- Click **FONTS** in the category box.
- Click an encoding type from the **FONTS for list**.
- Click a font typeface and size.
- Proportional font** - Used to display normal text
- Click **OK**.

3.3.2 Use available Help functions.

- On the **Help** menu, click **Help Contents**.

3.4 Text Input and Formatting

3.4.1 Insert text.

- Enter text into the design page area.

3.4.1 Edit text.

- Select the text and edit as required.

3.4.1 Delete text.

- Select the text to delete.

3.4.2 Understand relative font size.

- Makes websites more accessible and readable
- Can be set relative to surrounding elements
- Allows a user to change the text size in browsers

3.4.2 Use relative font size.

- Select the text to format.
- On the **Format** menu, select **size**.
- Click a relative size, for example, medium.

3.4.3 Apply text formatting: bold, italic.

- Select the text to format.
- To embolden the text, on the **Format** menu, select **Text Style** and click **Bold**.
- To italicize the text, on the **Format** menu, select **Text Style** and click **Italic**.

3.4.3 Apply text formatting: font type.

- Select the text to format.
- On the **Format** menu, select **Font**.
- Click on a font.

3.4.3 Apply text formatting: colour.

- Select the text to colour.
- On the **Format** menu, click **Text Color** and select a colour.
- Click **OK**.

3.5 Paragraph Formatting

3.5.1 Set paragraph properties: alignment.

- Select the paragraph to align.
- On the **Format** menu, select **Align**.
- Click **Left, Center, Right, Justify**.

3.5.1 Set paragraph properties: indentation.

- Select the paragraph to indent.
- On the **Format** menu, click **Increase Indent** or **Decrease Indent**.

3.5.2 Insert, remove paragraph break.

- To insert position the cursor to force a line break.
- Click the **Format** menu.
- Select **Paragraph** and click **Paragraph**.
- To remove click at the beginning of the paragraph and press the **Backspace** key.

3.5.2 Insert, remove line break.

- To insert press the **Return** key.
- To remove click at the beginning of the line break and press the **Backspace** key.

3.5.3 Create a single-level ordered numbered list.

- Select the text to list.
- On the **Format** menu, select **List** and click **Numbered**.

3.5.3 Modify a single-level ordered numbered list.

- Click the list text to modify.
- On the **Format** menu, select **List** and click **List Properties**.

3.5.3 Create an unordered bulleted list.

- Click the list text to list.
- On the **Format** menu, select **List** and click **Bulleted**.

3.5.3 Modify an unordered bulleted list.

- Click the list text to modify.
- On the **Format** menu, select **List** and click **List Properties**.

3.6 Page Formatting

3.6.1 Set page margins: top, bottom, left, right.

- On the **File** menu, click **Page Setup**.
- On the **Margins & Header/Footer** tab, enter a left, right, top, bottom, margin.
- Click **OK**.

3.6.2 Add, modify a page background color.

- On the **Format** menu, click **Page Colors and Background**.
- Check the **Use custom colors** checkbox.
- Click the **Background** colour box.
- Select a colour from the colour picker.
- Click **OK**.

3.6.2 Remove a page background color.

- On the **Format** menu, click **Page Colors and Background**.
- Check the **Use custom colors** checkbox.
- Click the **Background** color box.
- Click the **Transparent** checkbox.
- Click **OK**.

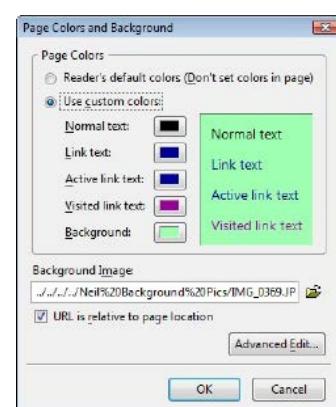
3.6.2 Add, modify a background image.

- On the **Format** menu, click **Page Colors and Background**.
- Click the **Choose File** icon beside the **Background Image** dialog box.
- Navigate to the image required and select the image.
- Click **Open** and click **OK**.

3.6.2 Remove a background image.

- On the **Format** menu, click **Page Colors and Background**.
- Select the text in the **Background Image** dialog box.
- Press the **Delete** key.
- Click **OK**.

3.6.3 Change a page hyperlink colour: visited, active, unvisited.



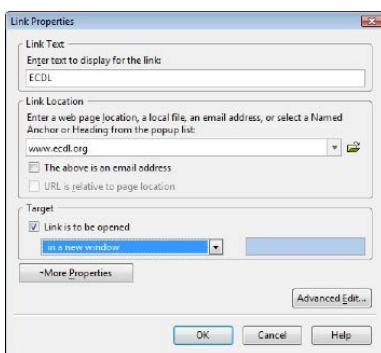
- On the **Format** menu, click **Page Colors and Background**.
- Check the **Use custom colors** checkbox.
- Click the appropriate links colour picker and click a color.
- Click **OK** twice.

3.7 Hyperlinks

3.7.1 Understand the terms absolute and relative hyperlinks.

- **Absolute hyperlinks** - used when linking to pages outside of the current site that have a different domain name
- **Relative hyperlinks** - addresses that are relative to the current domain or location

3.7.2 Insert a hyperlink: text, image.



- Click in the web page where the link should appear.
- On the **Insert** menu, click **Link**.
- Enter the link text in the **Link Text** box.
- Click in the **Link Location** box and enter the name of the file to link to or click the **Choose File** icon to browse for a file.
- Click the relevant box if **The above is an email address** or the **URL is relative to page location**.
- Click in the **Target** box and enter or select the name of the window in which the file should open.
- Click **OK**.

3.7.2 Edit a hyperlink: text, image.

- Select the hyperlink to edit.
- On the **Format** menu, click **Link Properties**.
- Enter the new file or URL details.
- Click **OK**.

3.7.2 Remove a hyperlink: text, image.

- Select the hyperlink to remove.
- On the **Format** menu, click **Link Properties**.
- Select the text in the **Link Location** box.
- Press the **Delete** key.
- Click **OK**.

3.7.3 Insert, an e-mail hyperlink: text.

- Select where the link should appear in the web page.
- On the **Insert** menu, click **Link**.
- Enter the link text in the **Link Text** box.
- Enter the name of the file to link to in the **Link Location** box or click the **Choose File** icon to browse for a file.
- Check the **The above is an email address** checkbox.
- Click **OK**.

3.7.3 Insert, an e-mail hyperlink: image.

- Click in the web page where the link should appear.
- On the **Insert** menu, click **Image**.
- Enter the location of the image file in the **Image Location** box or click the **Choose File** icon to browse for a file.
- On the **Link** tab, enter the name of the file to link to or click the **Choose File** icon to browse for a file.
- Click the **The above is an email address** box.
- Click **OK**.

3.7.3 Edit an e-mail hyperlink: text.

- Select the link.
- On the **Insert** menu, click **Link**.
- In the **Link Location** box, edit the e-mail address.
- Click **OK**.

3.7.3 Edit an e-mail hyperlink: image.

- Select the link.
- On the **Insert** menu, click **Image**.
- On the **Link** tab, edit the e-mail address.
- Click **OK**.

3.7.3 Remove an e-mail hyperlink: text.

- Click on the hyperlink to remove.
- On the **Format** menu, click **Link Properties**.
- Select the text in the **Link Location** box.
- Press the **Delete** key.
- Click **OK**.

3.7.4 Remove an e-mail hyperlink: image.

- Click on the image hyperlink to remove.
- On the **Format** menu, click **Image and Link Properties**.
- On the **Link** tab, select the e-mail address text.
- Press the **Delete** key.
- Click **OK**.

3.7.4 Define hyperlink target: same window, new window.

- On the **Insert** menu, click **Link**.
- Check the **Link is to be opened** checkbox.
- Click the drop-down list to click an option.
- Click **OK**.

3.7.5 Set an anchor.

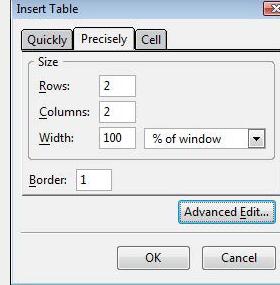
- Click in front of the first letter of the word to be anchored.
- On the **Insert** menu, click **Named Anchor**.
- Enter a name in the **Anchor Name** box.
- Click **OK**.

3.7.5 Insert a link to an anchor.

- Select the text to be linked.
- On the **Insert** menu, click **Link**.
- Click the anchor required in the **Link Location** drop-down list.
- Click **OK**.

3.8 Tables

3.8.1 Insert a table.



- Select the position in the page where the table should appear.
- On the **Insert** menu, click **Table**.
- In the **Table** dialog enter settings as required.

3.8.1 Delete a table.

- Select the table.
- On the **Table** menu, select **Delete** and click **Table**.

3.8.2 Insert a table caption.

- Select the table.
- On the **Table** menu, click **Table Properties**.
- Click the option required from the **Caption** drop-down list.
- Click **Apply**.
- Click **OK**.
- Enter the caption text in the caption row.

3.8.2 Edit a table caption.

- Select the table caption and edit the text.

3.8.3 Align a table: left, centre, right.

- Select the table.
- On the **Table** menu, click **Table Properties**.
- Click **Left, Center, Right** from the **Table Alignment** drop-down list.
- Click **Apply**.
- Click **OK**.

3.8.4 Insert rows.

- Click in a cell above/below the row to insert.
- On the **Table** menu, select **Insert**.
- Click **Row Above** or **Row Below**.

3.8.4 Insert columns.

- Select a cell to the left/right of the column to insert.
- On the **Table** menu, select **Insert**.
- Click **Column Before** or **Column After**.

3.8.4 Delete rows and columns.

- Select a cell within the row or column to delete.
- On the **Table** menu, select **Delete**.
- Click **Row(s)** or **Column(s)**.

3.8.5 Modify column width.

- Click any cell within the table.
- Drag the ruler above the table of the column to change.

3.8.5 Modify row height.

- Click any cell within the table.
- Drag the ruler to the left of the table of the row to change.

3.8.6 Merge cells.

- Select the cells to merge.
- On the **Table** menu, click **Join Selected Cells**.

3.8.6 Split cells.

- Click any cell.
- On the **Table** menu, click **Split Cell**.

3.8.7 Modify table border width, cell padding, cell spacing.

- Select the table.
- On the **Table** menu, click **Table Properties**.
- Enter a value in the **Border** box.
- Enter a value in the **Spacing** box.
- Enter a value in the **Padding** box.
- Click **Apply**.
- Click **OK**.

3.8.8 Change background colour of cells, entire table.

- Select the cell, cell(s) or table.
- On the **Table** menu, click **Table or Cell Background Color**.
- Click the **Background** for **Table** or **Cell(s)** box.
- Click the colour required.
- Click **OK**.

3.8.8 Change background graphic, image of cells, entire table.

- On the **View** menu, click **HTML Tags**.
- Click the tag for the table (or cell) while pressing the Ctrl key.
- On the status bar right-click on the highlighted tag.
- Click **Inline Styles** and click the **Background** tab.
- Click the **Choose file** button and click the image required.
- Click the tiling and/or position properties as required.
- Click **OK**.

3.8.9 Add a table background graphic, image.

- On the **View** menu, click **HTML Tags**.
- Click the tag for the table while pressing the Ctrl key.
- On the status bar right-click on the highlighted tag.
- Click **Inline Styles** and click the **Background** tab.
- Click the **Choose file** button and click the image required.
- Click the tiling and/or position properties as required.
- Click **OK**.

3.8.9 Remove a table background graphic, image.

- On the **View** menu, click **HTML Tags**.
- Click the tag for the table while pressing the Ctrl key.
- On the status bar right-click on the highlighted tag.
- Click **Inline Styles** and click the **Background** tab.
- Click the existing image location.
- Press the **Delete** key.
- Click **OK**.

4 Using Objects

4.1 Graphical Objects

4.1.1 Add an image on a web page.

- On the **Insert** menu, click **Image**.
- Select the image using the **Choose file** button.
- Click **OK**.

4.1.1 Remove an image on a web page.

- Select the image.
- Press the **Delete** key.

4.1.2 Set, modify attributes of an image: size, border, alignment, alternative text.

- Select the image.
- On the **Format** menu, click **Image Properties**.
- On the **Location** tab, enter the image description in the **Alternate text** box.
- On the **Dimensions** tab, enter the image width and height in the **Custom Size** box.
- On the **Appearance** tab, and enter the width in the **Solid Border** box.
- Click the image wrap required from the **Align Text to Image** drop-down list.
- Click **OK**.

4.2 Forms

4.2.1 Insert a form on a web page.

- Select the location required to insert the form.
- On the **Insert** menu, select **Form** and click **Define Form**.
- Enter the name required for the form in the **Form Name** box.
- Enter the URL in the **Action URL** box.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click on the Method drop-down list to select the method to transmit the form data to the server. Click OK. <p>4.2.2 Add single-line, multi-line text fields.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On the Insert menu, select Form and click Form Field. To add a single-line text field, click the Field Type drop-down list and select Text. Enter a Field Name and Initial Value. Click OK. To add a multi-line text field, click the Insert menu, select Form and select Text Area. Enter a Field Name and enter a value for Rows and Columns. Click OK. <p>4.2.2 Remove single-line, multi-line text fields.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select the field to remove and press the Delete key. <p>4.2.3 Add form fields: drop-down, check box, radio button.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On the Insert menu, select Form. To add a drop-down field, click Selection List. To add a check box field, select Form Field and click Check Box. To add a radio button field, select Form Field and click Radio Button. Enter the field settings required. Click OK. <p>4.2.3 Remove form fields: drop-down, check box, radio button.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select the field to remove and press the Delete key. <p>4.2.4 Set, modify form field properties: text field.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Double-click on the text field and set, modify the Form Field properties. Field Name - Enter the name for the field Initial Value - Enter default text or value Tab Index - Enter the position in the tab order for the field Access Key - Enter a shortcut key that will take a user to that form field Field Size - Enter the maximum number of characters that can be displayed in the field Max Length - Enter the maximum number of characters that can be entered in a text field Click OK. <p>4.2.4 Set, modify form field properties: drop-down.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select the drop-down list to modify. On the Format menu, click Selection List Properties to set, modify properties. List Name - Enter a unique name Height - Enter the number of items displayed in list Tab Index - Enter the position in the tab order for the field Add Option - Click Add Option to add items in the menu Select a list option to Remove, Move Up or Move Down. <p>4.2.4 Set, modify form field properties: check box.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select the check box to modify. On the Format menu, click Form Field Properties to set, modify properties. Field Name - Enter the name for the field Field Value - Enter default value Initially Checked - Select to have checked or unchecked Tab Index - Enter the position in the tab order for the field Access Key - Enter a shortcut key that will take a user to that form field <p>4.2.4 Set, modify form field properties: radio button.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select the radio button to modify. On the Format menu, click Form Field Properties to set, modify properties. Group Name - Enter the name for the field group Field Value - Enter default value Initially Selected - Select to have selected or unselected Tab Index - Enter the position in the tab order for the field Access Key - Enter a shortcut key that will take a user to that form field 	<p>4.2.5 Add submit button.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On the Insert menu, select Form and click Form Field. Click Submit Button as the Field Type. <p>4.2.5 Add reset button.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On the Insert menu, select Form and click Form Field. Click Reset Button as the Field Type. <p>4.2.5 Remove submit, reset buttons.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click to the right of the button and press the Backspace Key. <p>4.2.6 Set, modify properties for submit, reset buttons.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Double-click on the button to set, modify properties. Field Name - Enter the name for the field Value - Enter the text to appear on the button Tab Index - Enter the position in the tab order for the field Access Key - Enter a shortcut key that will take a user to that form field <p>4.2.7 Set, modify form action to send form output by email.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select the location required to insert the form. On the Insert menu, select Form and click Define Form. Enter a name for the form in the Form Name box. Enter the URL in the Action URL box. Click the Method box arrow to select the method to transmit the form data to the server. Click OK. 	<p>5 Styles</p> <h2>5.1 CSS Concepts</h2> <p>5.1.1 Understand the term Cascading Style Sheets (CSS), their use and benefits.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A CSS page layout uses the Cascading Style Sheets format to organise the content on a web page. Benefits: easier to edit, load faster, smaller in size, quick to develop, greater control of design. <p>5.1.2 Recognize the main approaches to applying styles:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inline Internal External <p>5.1.3 Understand the structure of a CSS rule: selector and declaration (property, value).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Declaration - It has two parts, property and value Selector - Specifies which items in the web page will be affected by the declaration Selector {property:value} H2 {color:yellow} <h2>5.2 Using CSS</h2> <p>5.2.1 Create, save a new CSS file.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On the Tools menu, click CSS Editor. Click the name of the stylesheet internal stylesheet in the Sheets and rules panel. Click the drop-down list beside the artist's palette button and select Linked stylesheet. Click Create Stylesheet. Click the name of the stylesheet internal stylesheet in the Sheets and rules panel again. Click Export stylesheet and switch to exported version. Name the new style sheet with a .css extension. Click Save. <p>5.2.2 Create CSS rules: font.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On the Tools menu, click CSS Editor. Click the name of the stylesheet in the Sheets and rules panel. Click the style applied to all elements of type or class. Click to create a new style applied to an element with specified ID attribute or a custom style rule. Enter a name for the rule or choose an existing option from the drop-down list. Click Create Style rule. On the Background tab, set the style properties for background. Click OK.
<h2>6 Prepare Upload</h2> <h3>6.2 Publish</h3> <p>6.2.1 Understand the process of uploading a website to a web server.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Obtain a web hosting account. Enter details about the web hosting account. Create the web pages for upload to the website. Define the upload method to be used, usually FTP. Upload the web page files to the web server. Test the website by using a web browser. <p>6.2.1 Understand the process of downloading a website from a web server.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create a local folder containing the website files. Set up an FTP connection. Select and download files from the web server. <p>6.2.2 Upload, download a website to, from a server.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On the File menu, click Publish. On the Settings tab, enter a Site Name. Enter the HTTP address (URL) of the site. Enter the Publishing address, the FTP address to use for publishing. Enter the User name and Password and check Save Password if required. Click Publish. Click Close. 	<p>For more information, visit: www.icdl.org</p>	