

Name: **Doe, John**Accession ID: **20078682**DOB: **2/15/1953**

MRN:

Sex: **Female**

Referring facility:

Race/Ethnicity:

Referring physician: **Physician, Ordering**

Family #:

Copies to:

Specimen: **Buccal swab**Date of Collection: **10/9/2020**Date of Receipt: **11/1/2020**Date of Report: **12/30/2020**Test(s) Performed: **Cardiology Full Panel**Indication for test: **Other cardiomyopathies, Bradycardia, unspecified, Abnormal electrocardiogram [ECG]****RESULT: Negative**

No clinically significant variants were identified.

APPROACH

Sequencing of select genes was done using Next Generation Sequencing and the data was analyzed to identify both previously classified and novel variants in targeted genes. A total of 174 genes with previous implications in various mendelian disorders (see Supplement for a list of genes and coverage information) were covered with minimum read depth of 20X. Note that this test cannot exclude the possibility of variants in genes not analyzed or assayed with incomplete coverage.

VARIANTS RELEVANT TO INDICATION FOR TESTING

DNA sequencing did not identify any clinically significant variants relevant to the patient's phenotype or family history in the requested genes. A negative test result reduces but does not eliminate the possibility this individual's personal/family history of heart disease has a genetic cause, as it may be due to variation in genomic regions not covered by the test; a negative test result can also be due to inherent technical limitations of the assay. It is recommended that this individual and any 1st degree relative receive continued clinical evaluation. The mean depth coverage is 295x with a quality threshold of 98.8%.

OTHER VARIANTS OF MEDICAL SIGNIFICANCE (INCIDENTAL FINDINGS)

No incidental findings are possible due to targeted sequencing.

Monogenic Disease Risk

There were NO monogenic disease risk variants identified in this individual in genes unrelated to this individual's clinical presentation. Please see limitations for more detail.

Carrier Status

There were NO variants inferring a carrier status of a recessive disorder identified in this individual in genes unrelated to this individual's clinical presentation. Please see limitations for more detail.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Genetic counseling is recommended for this individual and their family. Genesys Diagnostics provides assistance in genetic counseling services, please contact the laboratory at (860) 5749172 for further information. A medical provider can request reanalysis of the variants, and this is recommended on an annual basis. Data from this next generation sequencing analysis can be reassessed for the presence of any new variants that may be newly linked to established genes or to newly characterized genes and/or disorders identified since the data used in this report was generated. A charge may be applied for reanalysis. Please contact the laboratory for more information at the time reanalysis is requested.

DETAILED VARIANT INFORMATION (VARIANTS RELEVANT TO INDICATION FOR TESTING)

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METHODOLOGY

Genomic DNA was extracted from the patient's sample submitted to our laboratory using QIAamp mini kit. The Nextera Flex for Enrichment (Illumina) and Illumina's TruSight Cardio Enrichment Oligos were used to target the requested genes of fragmented genomic DNA. These targeted regions were then sequenced using Illumina MiSeq Dx with pair end reads. The DNA sequence was mapped to, and analyzed in comparison with, the published human genome build (UCSC hg19 reference sequence). The targeted coding genes and splice junctions of the known protein coding RefSeq genes were assessed for the average depth of coverage and the data quality threshold values. All reportable pathogenic/likely pathogenic sequence variants are confirmed by Sanger sequencing analysis using a separate DNA preparation. All genes in the panel were evaluated for large deletions and/or duplications. However, small deletions or duplications only involving several exons may not be detected by this assay, nor will copy number alterations in regions of genes with poor coverage or pseudogenes. Putative deletions or duplications identified are confirmed by microarray or qPCR analysis using a separate DNA preparation.

The values below represent metrics from this individual's exome sequencing:

Mean depth of coverage refers to the sequence mean read depth across the targeted region. The quality threshold refers to the percentage of the defined target region where read depth was at least 20x coverage to permit high quality exome variant base calling, annotation and evaluation. Average quality thresholds may range from >85 of the targeted region, indicating a small portion of the target region may not be covered with sufficient depth or quality to confidently call variant positions. The genes covered in this panel and the accession numbers of the reference are: *ABCC9* (NM_020297.3), *ABCG5* (NM_022436.3), *ABCG8* (NM_022437.3), *ACTA1* (NM_001100.4), *ACTA2* (NM_001141945.2), *ACTC1* (NM_005159.5), *ACTN2* (NM_001278344.1), *AKAP9* (NM_005751.4), *ALMS1* (NM_015120.4), *ANK2* (NM_001148.6), *ANKRD1* (NM_014391.2), *APOA4* (NM_000482.4), *APOA5* (NM_052968.5), *APOB* (NM_000384.3), *APOC2* (NM_000483.5), *APOE* (NM_001302690.1), *BAG3* (NM_004281.3), *BRAF* (NM_001374258.1), *CACNA1C* (NM_001129827.2), *CACNA2D1* (NM_001366867.1), *CACNB2* (NM_021571.4), *CALM1* (NM_001363670.1), *CALR3* (NM_145046.5), *CASQ2* (NM_001232.3), *CAV3* (NM_033337.3), *CBL* (NM_005188.4), *CBS* (NM_001321072.1), *CETP* (NM_000078.3), *COL3A1* (NM_000090.3), *COL5A1* (NM_001278074.1), *COL5A2* (NM_000393.5), *COX15* (NM_001372025.1), *CREB3L3* (NM_032607.3), *CRELD1* (NM_001374318.1), *CRYAB* (NM_001885.3), *CSRP3* (NM_003476.5), *CTF1* (NM_001330.3), *DES* (NM_001927.4), *DMD* (NM_004010.3), *DNAJC19* (NM_001190233.1), *DOLK* (NM_014908.4), *DPP6* (NM_130797.4), *DSC2* (NM_004949.5), *DSG2* (NM_001943.5), *DSP* (NM_004415.4), *DTNA* (NM_032975.3), *EFEMP2* (NM_016938.5), *ELN* (NM_001278939.1), *EMD* (NM_000117.3), *EYA4* (NM_004100.5), *FBN1* (NM_000138.5), *FBN2* (NM_001999.4), *FHL1* (NM_001159704.1), *FHL2* (NM_021555.2), *FKRP* (NM_001039885.3), *FKTN* (NM_001351502.2), *FXN* (NM_181425.3), *GAA* (NM_000152.5), *GATAD1* (NM_021167.5), *GCKR* (NM_001486.4), *GJA5* (NM_005266.6), *GLA* (NM_000169.3), *GPD1L* (NM_0015141.3), *GPIHBP1* (NM_178172.6), *HADHA* (NM_000182.5), *HCN4* (NM_005477.3), *HFE* (NM_139006.3), *HRAS* (NM_176795.4), *HSPB8* (NM_014365.2), *ILK* (NM_001014795.3), *JAG1* (NM_000214.3), *JPH2* (NM_020433.5), *JUP* (NM_001352773.1), *KCNA5* (NM_002234.4), *KCND3* (NM_004980.4), *KCNE1* (NM_000219.6), *KCNE2* (NM_172201.1), *KCNE3* (NM_005472.4), *KCNH2* (NM_000238.4), *KCNJ2* (NM_000891.3), *KCNJ5* (NM_001354169.2), *KCNJ8* (NM_004982.4), *KCNQ1* (NM_000218.3), *KLF10* (NM_001032282.3), *KRAS* (NM_003360.4), *LAMA2* (NM_000426.3), *LAMA4* (NM_001105206.3), *LAMP2* (NM_002294.3), *LDB3* (NM_000232.4), *LDLR* (NM_000527.5), *LDLRAP1* (NM_015627.3), *LMF1* (NM_001352018.2), *LMNA* (NM_170707.4), *LPL* (NM_000237.3), *LTBP2* (NM_000428.3), *MAP2K1* (NM_002755.3), *MAP2K2* (NM_030662.3), *MIB1* (NM_020774.3), *MURC* (NM_001018116.2), *MYBPC3* (NM_000256.3), *MYH11* (NM_001040113.2), *MYH6* (NM_002471.3), *MYH7* (NM_000257.4), *MYL2* (NM_000432.3), *MYL3* (NM_000258.3), *MYLK* (NM_053025.4), *MYLK2* (NM_033118.4), *MYO6* (NM_001368865.1), *MYOZ2* (NM_016599.5), *MYPN* (NM_001256268.1), *NEXN* (NM_144573.3), *NKX2-5* (NM_001166175.2), *NODAL* (NM_018055.5), *NOTCH1* (NM_017617.5), *NPPA* (NM_006172.4), *NRAS* (NM_002524.5), *PCSK9* (NM_174936.4), *PDLIM3* (NM_014476.6), *PKP2* (NM_004572.3), *PLN* (NM_002667.5), *PRDM16* (NM_022114.4), *PRKAG2* (NM_016203.4), *PRKAR1A* (NM_212471.2), *PTPN11* (NM_001330437.2), *RAF1* (NM_002880.3), *RANGRF* (NM_001177802.2), *RBM20* (NM_001134363.3), *RYR1* (NM_000540.3), *RYR2* (NM_001035.3), *SALL4* (NM_020436.5), *SCN1B* (NM_199037.5), *SCN2B* (NM_004588.5), *SCN3B* (NM_018400.3), *SCN4B* (NM_174934.3), *SCN5A* (NM_000335.5), *SCO2* (NM_001169109.1), *SDHA* (NM_004168.4), *SEPN1* (NM_020451.3), *SGCB* (NM_000232.4), *SGCD* (NM_000337.5), *SGCG* (NM_000231.2), *SHOC2* (NM_001324337.1), *SLC25A4* (NM_001151.4), *SLC2A10* (NM_030777.4), *SMAD3* (NM_005902.4), *SMAD4* (NM_005359.6), *SNTA1* (NM_003098.3), *SOS1* (NM_005633.3), *SREBF2* (NM_004599.4), *TAZ* (NM_001303465.2), *TBX20* (NM_001077653.2), *TBX3* (NM_016569.4), *TBX5* (NM_000192.3), *TCAP* (NM_003673.4), *TGFB2* (NM_001135599.3), *TGFB3* (NM_003239.4), *TGFBR1* (NM_001306210.2), *TGFBR2* (NM_001024847.2), *TMEM43* (NM_024334.2), *TMPO* (NM_001032283.2), *TNNC1* (NM_003280.3), *TNNI3* (NM_000363.5), *TNNI2* (NM_001276347.2), *TPM1* (NM_001365776.1), *TRDN* (NM_006073.4), *TRIM63* (NM_032588.3), *TRPM4* (NM_017636.4), *TTN* (NM_001267550.2), *TTR* (NM_000371.3), *TXNRD2* (NM_001352300.2), *VCL* (NM_003373.4), *ZBTB17* (NM_001287603.1), *ZHX3* (NM_015035.4), *ZIC3* (NM_003413.4)

VARIANT ASSESSMENT PROCESS

The following databases and insilico algorithms are used to annotate and evaluate the impact of the variant in the context of human disease: 1000 genomes, gnomAD, ClinVar, OMIM, dbSNP, NCIB RefSeq Genes, ExAC Gene Constraints, VSSIFT, VSPolyPhen2, PhyloP, GERP++, GeneSplicer, MaxEntScan, NNSplice, PWM Splice Predictor. Analysis was reported using the to HGVS nomenclature (www.hgvs.org/mutnomen) as implemented by the VarSeq transcript annotation algorithm. The reported transcript matches that used most frequently by the clinical labs submitting to ClinVar. Following variants are not reported but are available upon request: (1) variants classified as likely benign or benign; (2) synonymous or noncoding variants which are predicted not to affect splicing by insilico algorithms; (3) variants of uncertain clinical significance in a gene associated with autosomal recessive diseases without a second hit; (4) variants in a gene of uncertain clinical significance; (5) rare missense variants or inframe insertions/deletions in the TTN gene as several recent studies have demonstrated that these variants are unlikely to be causative for heart diseases (PMID: 26567375, 27886618, 29750433, 30858397).

LIMITATIONS

Certain regions in various genes have poor coverage and are not included in the panel (if you would like more coverage information regarding any specific genes of interest, please contact Genesys Diagnostics Inc.). All genes that have pseudogenes will have poorer performance on the MiSeq instrument. Variants in genes with their pseudogenes may not be reliably detected. DNA alterations in regions not covered by this test such as deep intronic or regulatory regions, or in poorly covered regions will not be detected using Next Generation Sequencing analysis. There are technical limitations on the ability of Next Generation Sequencing to detect small insertions and deletions and these types of alterations are not detected as reliably as single nucleotide variants. This assay is not designed or validated for the detection of low-level mosaicism or somatic mutations. This assay will not detect certain types of genomic aberrations such as translocations, inversions, or repeat expansions. Large deletions or duplications may be identified, but not guaranteed to be detected by this test. Rare diagnostic errors can result from incorrectly assigned specimens (e.g. sample mixup), family relationships (e.g. nonpaternity), or DNA alterations (e.g. DNA variant under a primer or probe binding site and the presence of pseudogene artifacts). Additionally, the classification and interpretation of variants reported reflects the current state of scientific understanding at the time this report is issued. It is possible that a particular genetic abnormality may not be recognized as the underlying cause of the genetic disorder due to incomplete scientific knowledge about the function of all genes in the human genome and the impact of variants in those genes.

Disclaimer:

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Genesys Diagnostics Inc (CLIA# 07D2046796). The U.S. Food and Drug Administration has not approved or cleared this test; however, FDA clearance or Approval is not currently required for clinical use. The results are not intended to be used as the sole means for clinical diagnosis or patient management decisions.

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Kirchhof P, B. S. (2016). 2016 ESC Guidelines for the management of atrial fibrillation developed in collaboration with EACTS: The Task Force for the management of atrial fibrillation of the European Society of Cardiology (ESC). *European Heart Journal*, 28932962.

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Santani A, M. J.G. (2017). Development and Validation of Targeted NextGeneration Sequencing Panels for Detection of Germline Variants in Inherited Diseases. *Arch Pathol Lab Med.*, 141(6):787797.

Approved by:

Jun Liao (1/22/2021)