
Brooks Automation
CTI-Cryogenics
8600 Compressor Installation,
Operation, and Maintenance
Instructions

Revision 03

8600 Compressor Installation, Operation, and Maintenance Instructions

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1

Safety

Overview

This section describes safety conventions for the Brooks Automation Product. All personnel involved in the operation or maintenance of the product must be familiar with the safety precautions outlined in this section.

NOTE: *These safety recommendations are basic guidelines. If the facility where the Product is installed has additional safety guidelines they should be followed as well, along with the applicable national and international safety codes.*

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Introduction

Follow all safety precautions during installation, normal operation, and when servicing CTI-Cryogenics products.

This chapter explains the safety conventions used throughout this manual. CTI-Cryogenics uses a specific format for cautions and warnings, which includes standard signal words and safety shapes.

See also the *Customer Support* appendix or call your local Customer Support Center for assistance.

Signal Word Descriptions

All cautions and warnings contain signal words, which call attention to safety messages and designate the degree of hazard seriousness. The following table shows the signal words and their meanings that may be used in this document.

Table 1-1: Safety Signal Words

Term	Example	Definition
CAUTION		A signal word that indicates a situation or unsafe practice, which if not avoided may result in equipment damage . A CAUTION is highlighted in yellow.
CAUTION		A signal word accompanied by a safety shape that indicates a potentially hazardous situation or unsafe practice. If not avoided, the action may result in minor or moderate personal injury or equipment damage . A CAUTION is highlighted in yellow.
WARNING		A signal word accompanied by a safety shape that indicates indicates a potentially hazardous situation. If not avoided, the action may result in serious injury or death . A WARNING is highlighted in orange.

Safety Shape Descriptions

All cautions and warnings contain safety shapes, which have specific safety meanings. The following table shows some of the safety shapes used in this document and their meanings.

Table 1-2: Safety Shapes

Example	Term	Shape Definition
	General Warning	Indicates a general hazard. Details about this hazard appear in the safety notice explanation.
	High Voltage	Indicates a high voltage hazard.
	Hot Surface	Indicates a surface is hot enough to cause discomfort or a burn.

References

For more information about safety standards, see the following documents:

- ISO 7010: 2003(E), Graphic symbols - Safety colours and safety signs - Safety signs used in workplaces and public areas
- ISO 3864-1: 2002(E), Graphic symbols - Safety colours and safety signs - Part 1: Design principles for safety signs in workplaces and public areas

2

Compressor Description

Overview

This manual provides the information required to install, operate, and maintain the CTI-Cryogenics 8600 Compressor.

NOTE: *All personnel with installation, operation, and maintenance responsibilities should become familiar with the contents of both the 8600 Compressor Installation, Operation, Maintenance Instructions, and appropriate cryopump manuals to ensure safe, high quality and reliable system performance.*

Refer to [Appendix A: Customer Support Information on page 7-2](#) to contact the local Customer Support Center for information on connecting the 8600 Compressors to a manifold with other CTI-Cryogenics compressors.

NOTE: *This manual addresses both Type 01 and Type 02 8600 Compressors, unless otherwise noted.*

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CTI-Cryogenics Helium Refrigeration System

NOTE: *The 8600 Compressor, part number 8175001G001, supports a single Cryo-Torr 20HP Cryopump.*

The operation of CTI-Cryogenics cryopumps is based upon a closed loop helium expansion cycle. The *system* is made up of two major components: the cryopump, which contains the cold head, and the helium Compressor which compresses the helium gas.

Refrigeration is produced in the cryopump cold head through periodic expansion of high pressure helium in a regenerative process. The high pressure helium is provided by the Compressor. Low pressure helium returning from the cold head is compressed into the necessary high pressure to be returned to the cold head. The energy required to compress the helium is rejected as heat through the cooling water.

High pressure room temperature helium is transferred to the cold head through the supply lines. After expansion, low pressure helium is returned to the Compressor (at or near room temperature) to repeat the cycle in a closed loop fashion. Large separation distances can be accommodated between the Compressor and the cryopump.

In the Compressor, helium is compressed using a highly reliable oil lubricated commercial Compressor. Helium purification takes place via several stages of oil removal. The final stage of purification is performed with a replaceable adsorber cartridge. In order to maintain peak efficiency, the adsorber must be replaced every three years. The 8600 Compressor is shown in [Figure 2-1 on page 2-3](#).

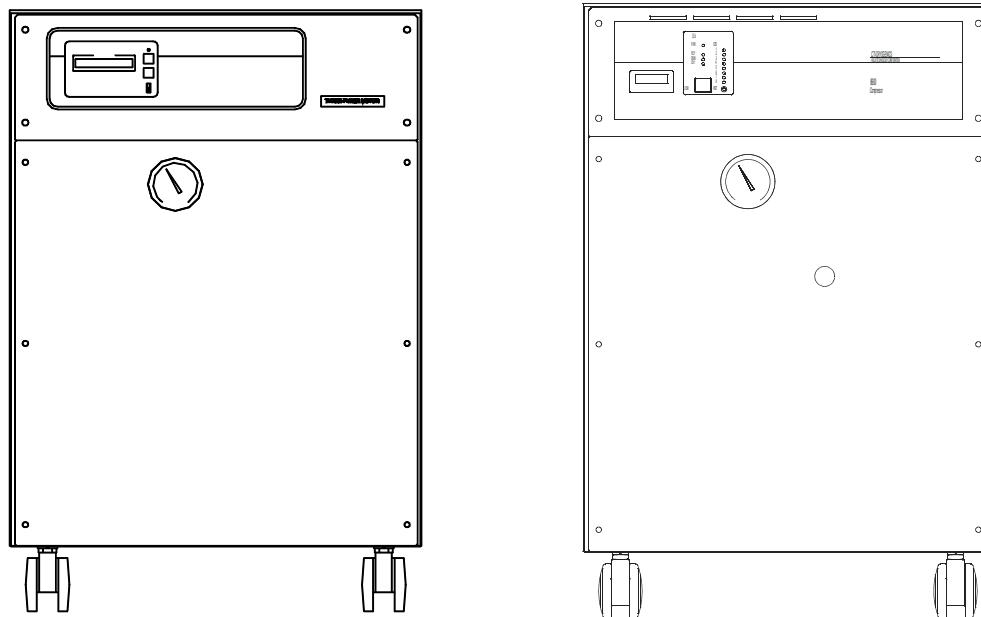


Figure 2-1: The 8600 Compressor, Type 01 and Type 02

Specifications

Dimensions

[Figure 2-2](#) shows the side and front dimensions of the 8600 Compressor. [Figure 2-4](#) on [page 2-6](#) shows the rear dimensions of the 8600 Compressor.

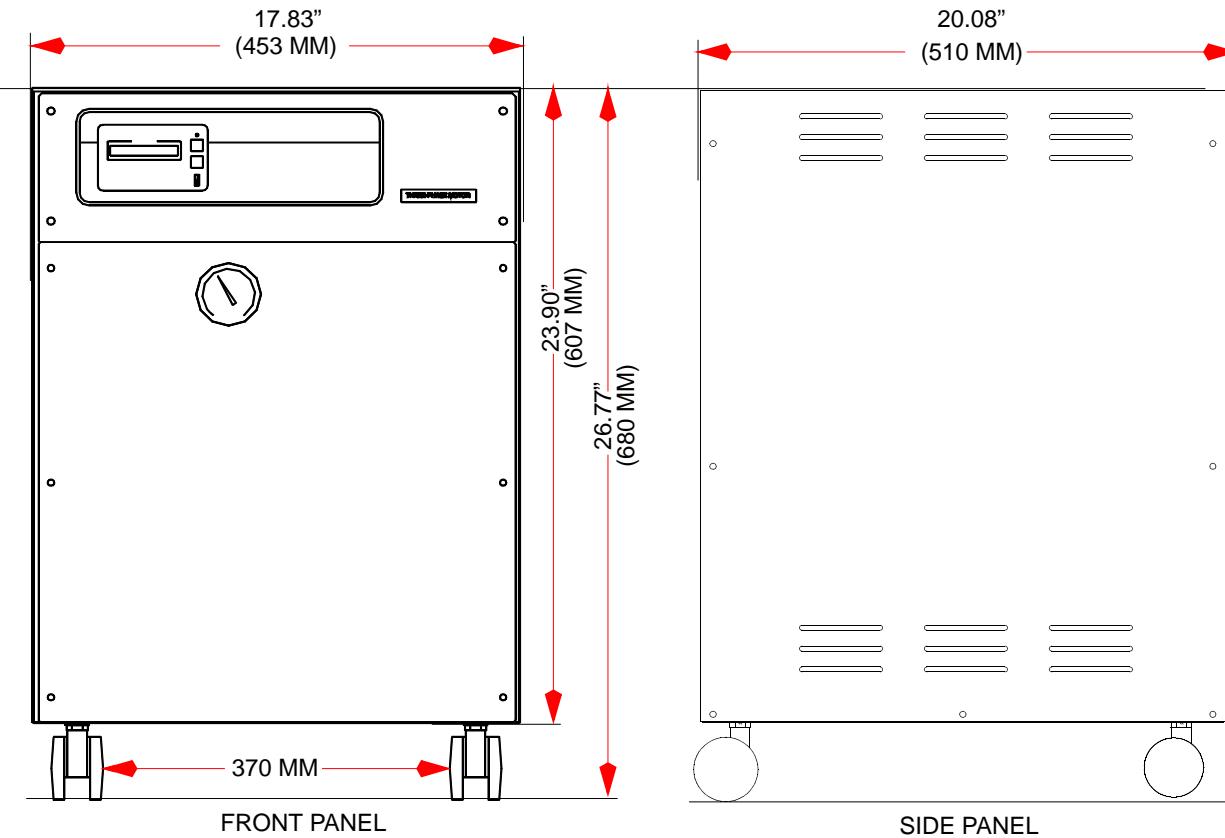


Figure 2-2: 8600 Compressor Side and Front Dimensions, Type 01

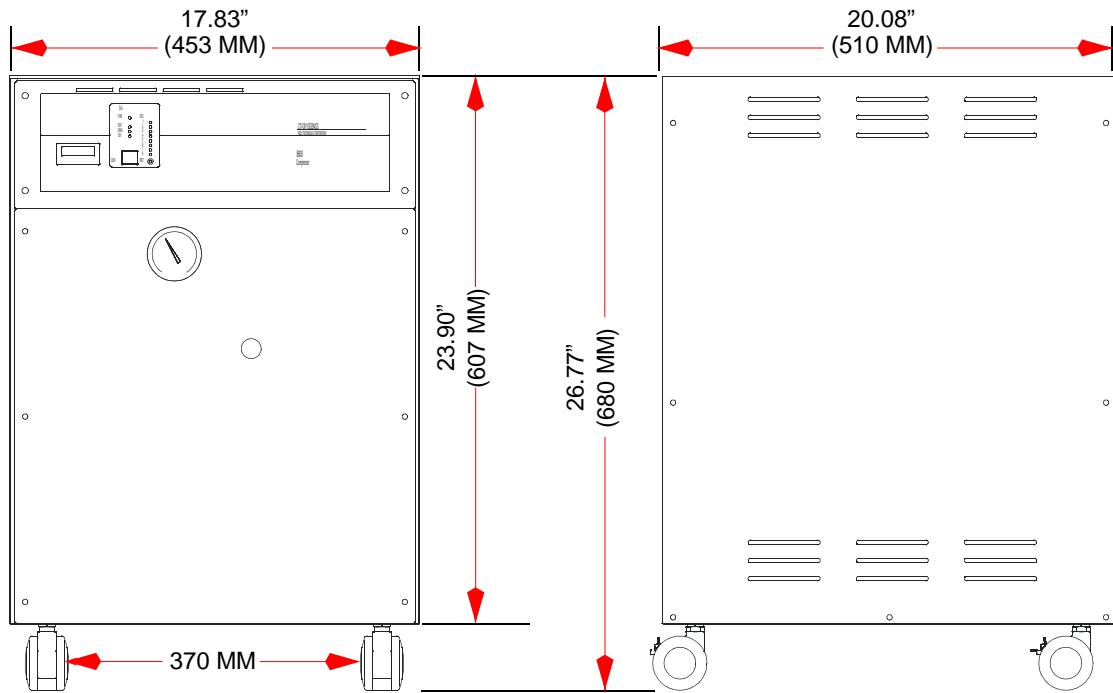
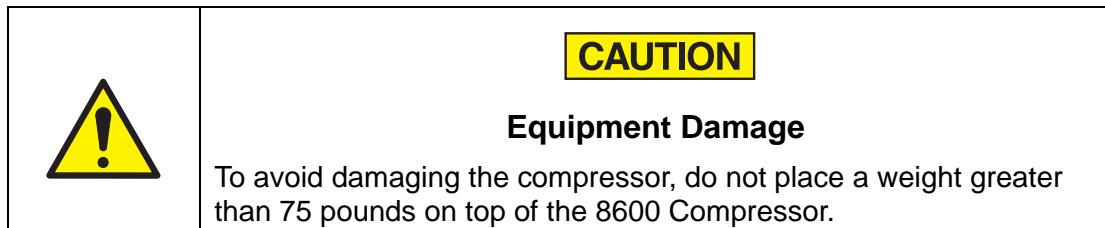


Figure 2-3: 8600 Compressor Side and Front Dimensions, Type 02



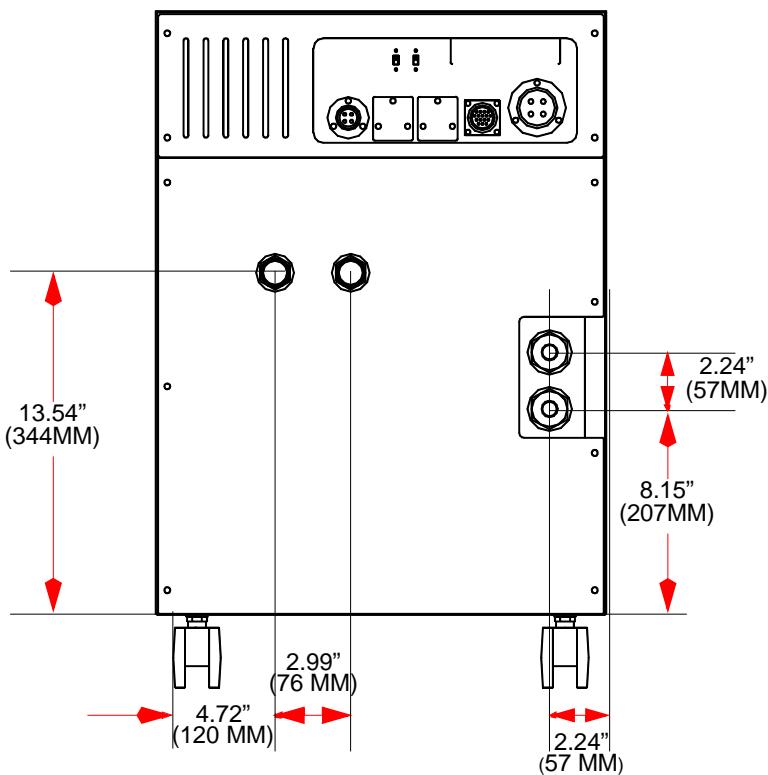


Figure 2-4: 8600 Compressor Rear Dimensions, Type 01

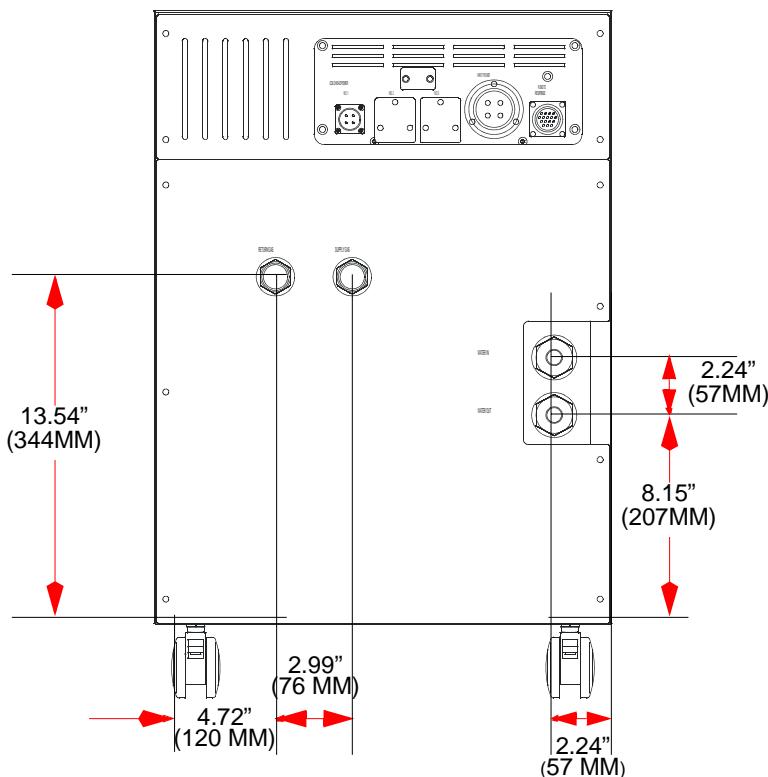


Figure 2-5: 8600 Compressor Rear Dimensions, Type 02

Weight

269 lbs (122kg)

Electrical

Table 2-1: Electrical Input Specifications

Parameter	Value
Operating Voltage Range	190 - 220VAC @ 50Hz 200 - 230VAC @ 60Hz
Line Frequency	50/60Hz
Phase	3
Power (Normal Operation)	5.2kW @ 50Hz 6.8kW @ 60Hz

Table 2-1: Electrical Input Specifications

Parameter	Value
Nominal Input Power	Type 01: 5.5kW Type 02: 5 kW
Nominal Power Factor	0.85
Current (Normal Operation)	Type 01: 19A (50Hz), 24A (60Hz) Type 02: 17A (50Hz), 21A (60Hz)
Minimum Electrical Service	30 Amps

Cooling Water

The water used to cool the 8600 Compressor must meet the specifications shown in [Table 2-2](#) for proper system operation. The correct pressure drop (illustrated in [Figure 2-6 on page 2-9](#)) must be provided in the water supply system to ensure that the water flow condition meets the requirements specified in [Table 2-2](#).

Table 2-2: Cooling Water Specifications

Parameter	Value
Maximum Inlet Temperature	90°F (32°C)
Minimum Inlet Temperature	41°F (5°C)
Flow Rate	1.0 - 3.3gpm (5 - 15Lpm)
Pressure Drop (Inlet-to-Outlet)	0.02 - 0.17MPa (See Figure 2-6 on page 2-9 .)
Maximum Inlet Pressure	100psi (0.7MPa)
pH @ 77°F (25°C)	6.5 - 8.0
Calcium Carbonate	<50mg/L (75ppm)
NOTE: Water conditioning may be required for applications not meeting these requirements.	

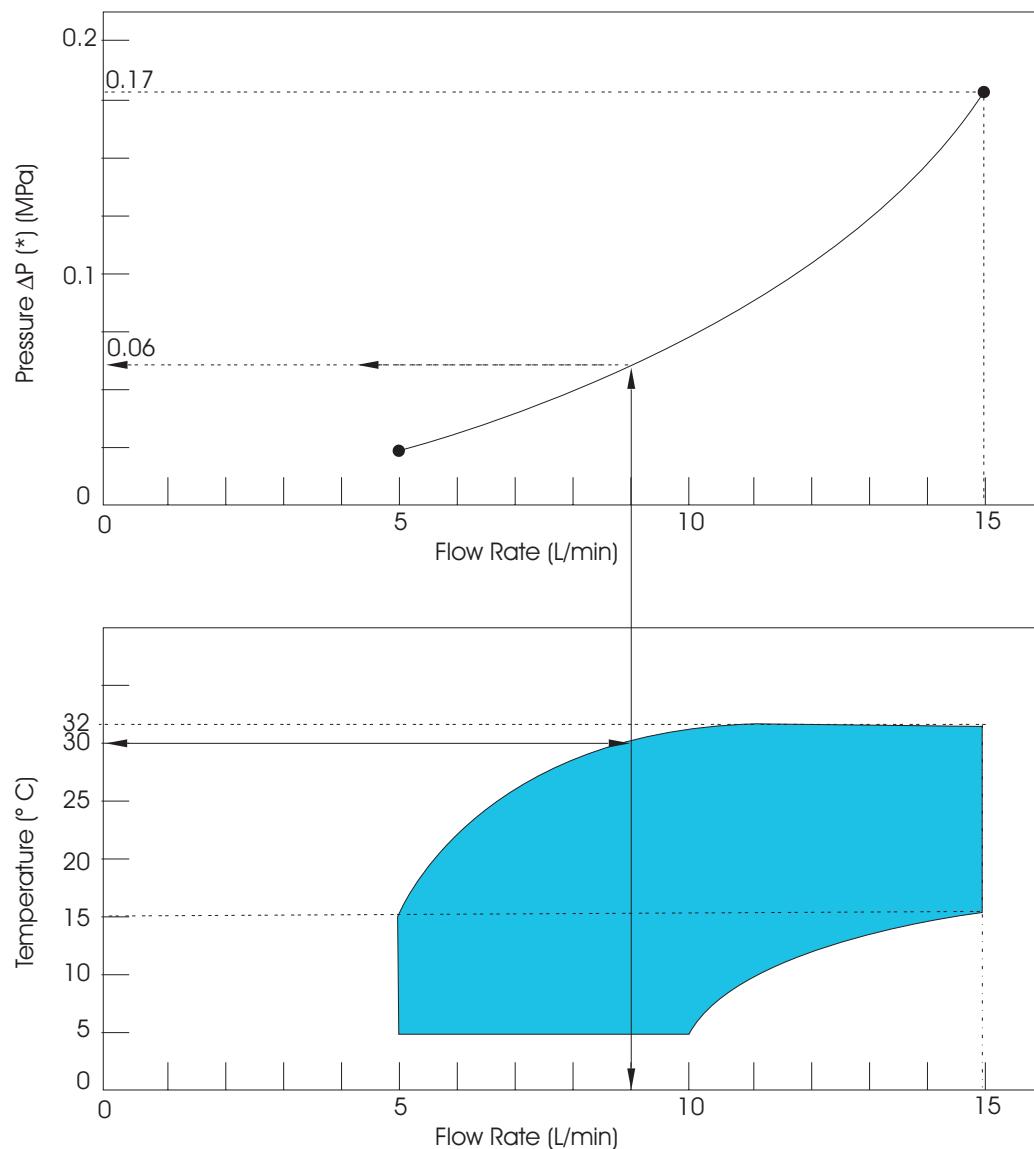


Figure 2-6: Water Flow Rate Versus Pressure Drop

NOTE: *Figure 2-6 defines the water flow rate through the 8600 Compressor as a function of the pressure drop from water inlet to water outlet. You must provide the correct pressure drop in your water supply system to ensure that the water flow condition meets the requirements specified in [Table 2-2 on page 2-8](#). The water pressure drop (ΔP) means differential pressure between cooling water supply pressure and return pressure. An arrow in the graph (→) illustrates the minimum required water flow rate 2.36gpm (9lpm) and water pressure drop 8.57psi (0.06MPa) at the water supply temperature of 86°F (30°C).*

General*Table 2-3: General Compressor Operating Specifications*

Specification	Values
Part Number	8175001G001, 8175001G002, 8175001G003
Input Power Cable (Supplied with Compressor)	Copper wire, 600 VAC, 3 conductor with ground (yellow and green wire), #10 AWG
Nominal Helium Pressure	200psig \pm 6psi (1.4 \pm 0.04MPa)
Ambient Operating Temperature Range	50 - 100° F (10 - 38° C)
Interface	Cryo-Torr 20HP Cryopump Power Receptacles: mates with the CTI-Cryogenics supplied cryopump power cable for single pump use.
Gas Supply Connector	1/2 in. Aeroquip self-sealing coupling
Gas Return Connector	1/2 in. Aeroquip self-sealing coupling
Remote Control Receptacle	Supplied with compressor.
Adsorber Service Schedule	24,000 hours (3 Years)

Component Description

The following figure shows the 8600 Compressor components accessible from the front panel. [Figure 2-9 on page 2-13](#) shows the 8600 rear panel components.

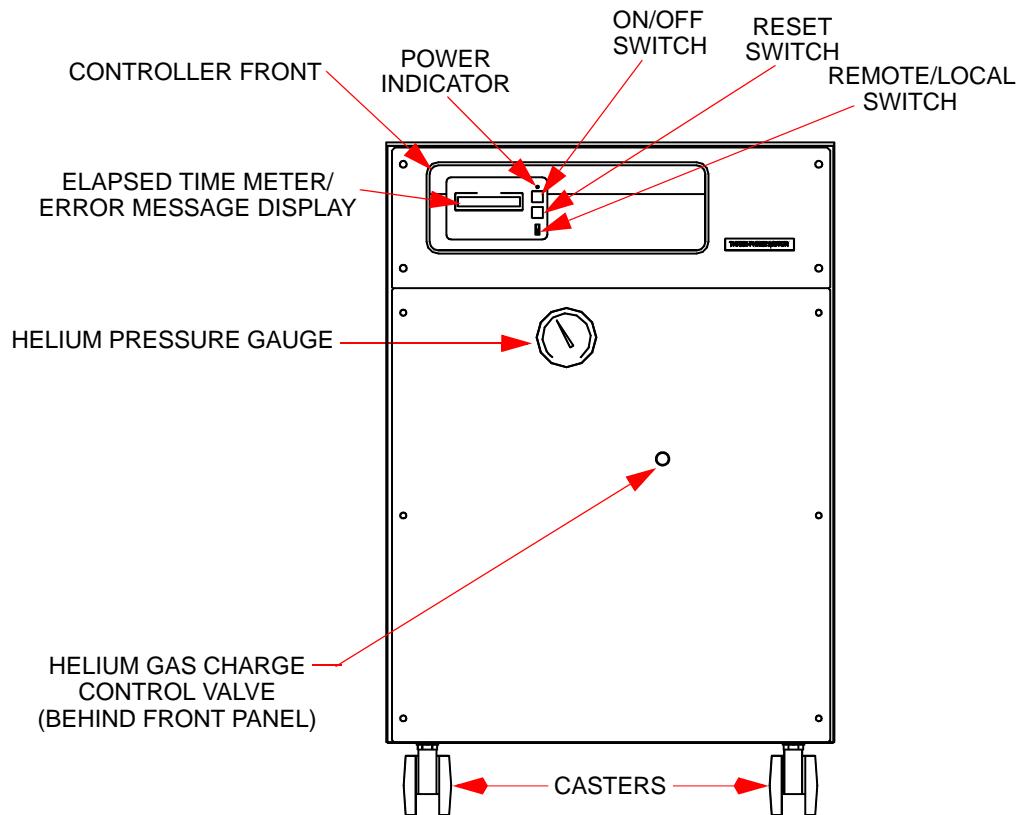


Figure 2-7: 8600 Compressor Front View Component Locations, Type 01

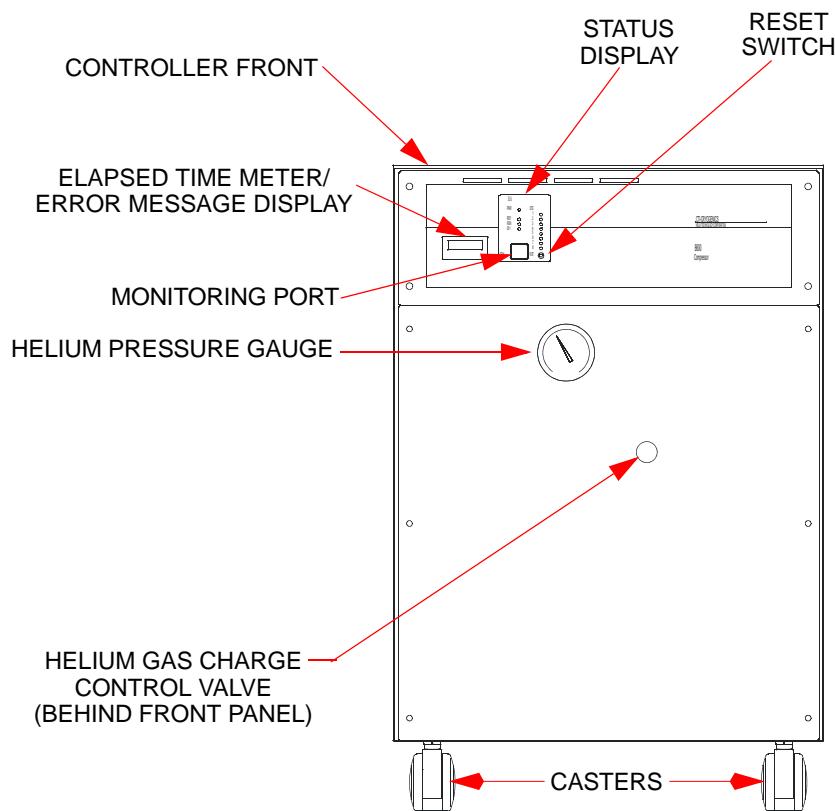


Figure 2-8: 8600 Compressor Front View Component Locations, Type 02

NOTE: To turn the compressor on and off with the Reset Switch, you must use the allen wrench provided with the compressor, part number 7024020P001. See [Turn On the Type 02 Compressor \(Use Local Mode\)](#) on page 5-5 for more information.

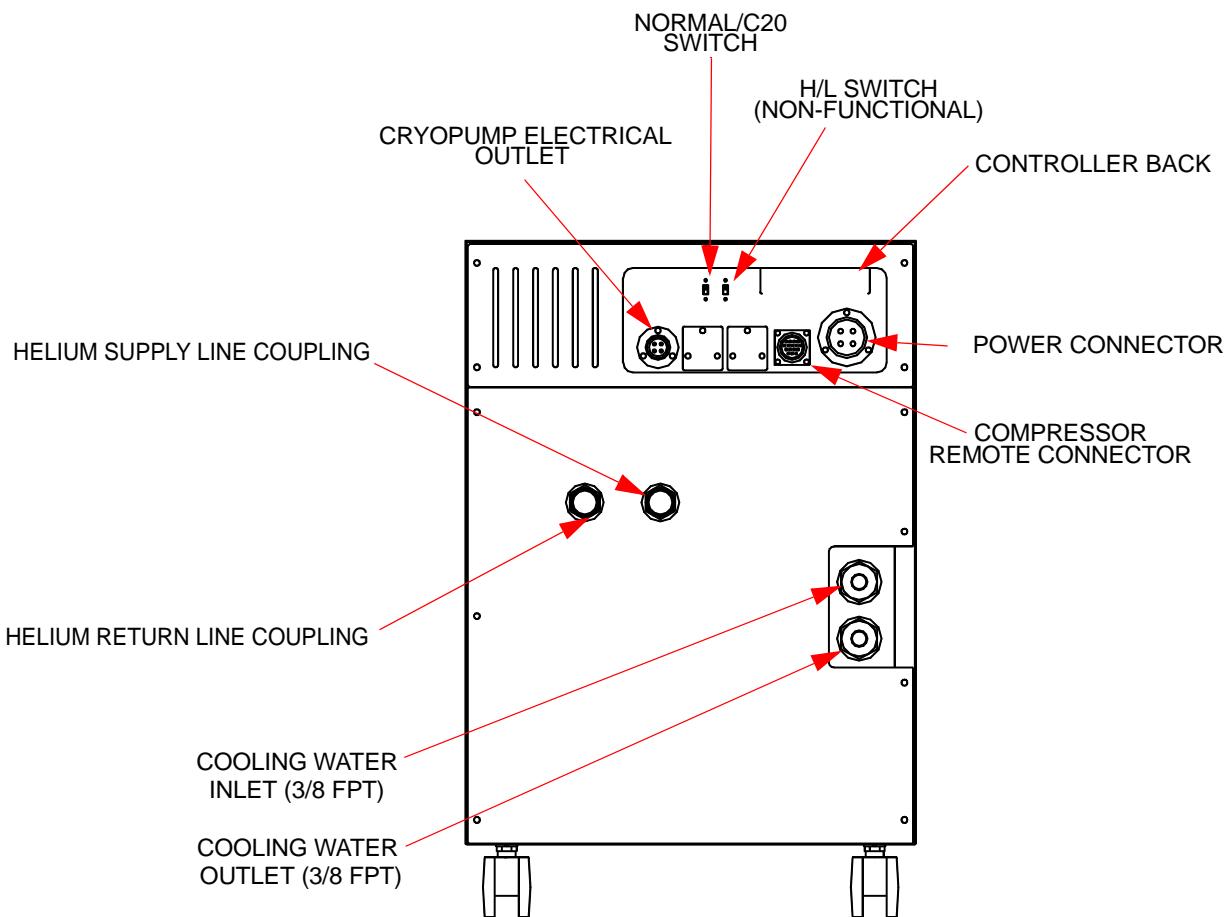


Figure 2-9: 8600 Compressor Rear View Component Locations, Type 01

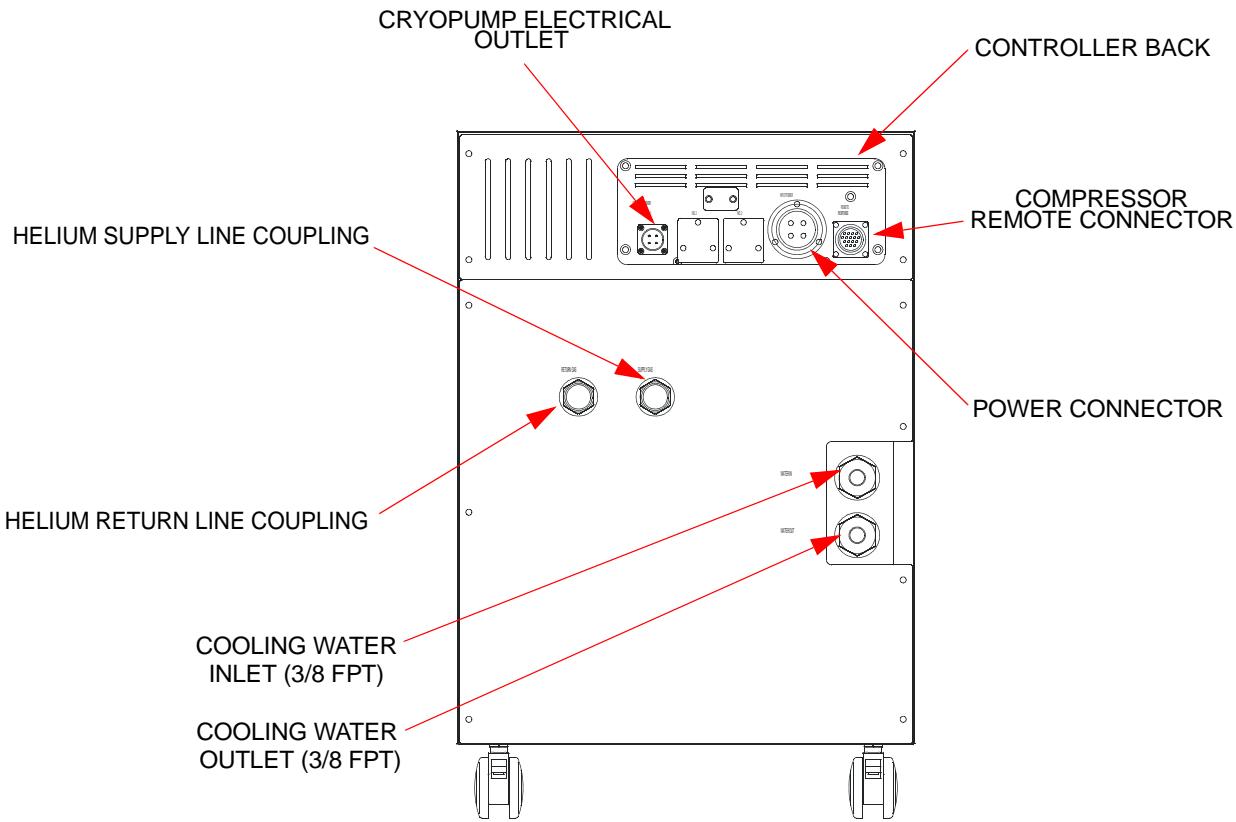


Figure 2-10: 8600 Compressor Rear View Component Locations, Type 02

Controller Front Panel Components

The 8600 Compressor controller on the front panel (see [Figure 2-11 on page 2-15](#)) enables the user to control and monitor the 8600 Compressor.



Figure 2-11: 8600 Compressor Controller Front Panel, Type 01

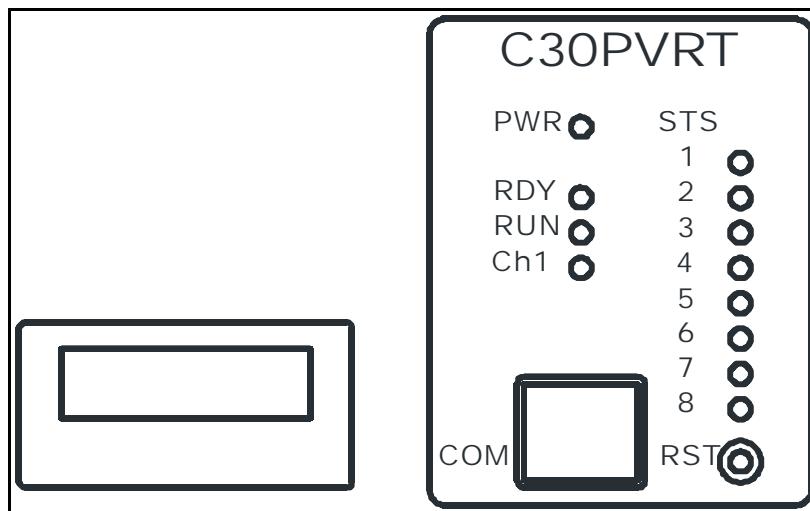


Figure 2-12: 8600 Compressor Controller Front Panel, Type 02

The following sections describe each of the 8600 Compressor Controller front panel components.

ON/OFF Switch (Type 01 Only)

This switch enables you to turn the compressor and cold head on or off.

NOTE: *The On/Off switch cannot be used when the LOCAL/REMOTE switch is in the REMOTE position.*

Power Indicator (Type 01 Only)

The Power indicator illuminates when the ON/OFF switch is placed in the ON position. The 8600 Compressor pump is energized when the power indicator is illuminated and the elapsed time meter records system operation time.

Remote/Local Switch (Type 01 Only)

Enables you to designate if the compressor is being operated from a remote or local location. The switch must be in the REMOTE position when operating from a remote location. Conversely, the switch must be in the LOCAL position when operating the unit from the local site.

NOTE: *The ON/OFF switch cannot be used when the LOCAL/REMOTE switch is in the REMOTE position.*

Reset Switch (Type 01 Only)

When a failure message appears on the error message display, the light on this switch flickers.

Status Display and Reset Button (Type 02 Only)

Six LED indicators and eight STS LED indicators show the status of the compressor unit.

- PWR indicator (RED) lights up when compressor unit is powered ON.
- RDY indicator (GREEN) lights up when the compressor unit is ready to operate.
- RUN indicator (GREEN) lights up when compressor is operating.
- CH1 indicator (GREEN) lights up when the cold head is operating.

NOTE: *CH2 and CH3 indicators are valid only for multiple cold head operation.*

When a failure occurs inside or outside of the compressor unit, one or more STS LED indicators light up, in an Alarm. A buzzer sounds from the compressor also. When an Alarm occurs, check the ALARM CODE TABLE beside the STS LED indicators.

The STS LED indicators and the buzzer continue after the alarm event is finished. To clear the alarm status, push the reset button through the RST hole with a proper-sized instrument. The RDY light appears.

Controller Back Panel Components

The 8600 Compressor Controller on the back panel (see the following figure) enables the user to make connections to and set the operation mode for the 8600 Compressor.

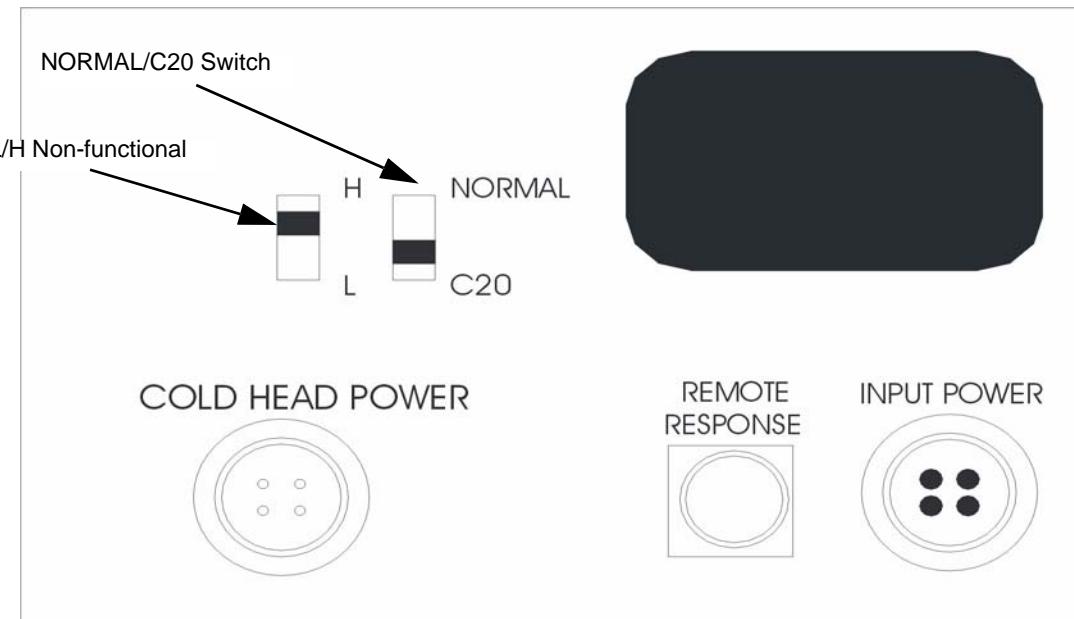


Figure 2-13: 8600 Compressor Controller Back Panel, Type 01

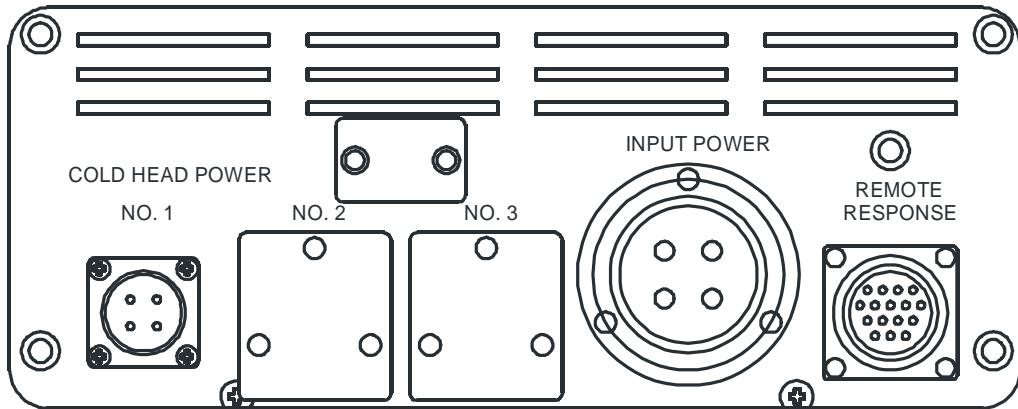
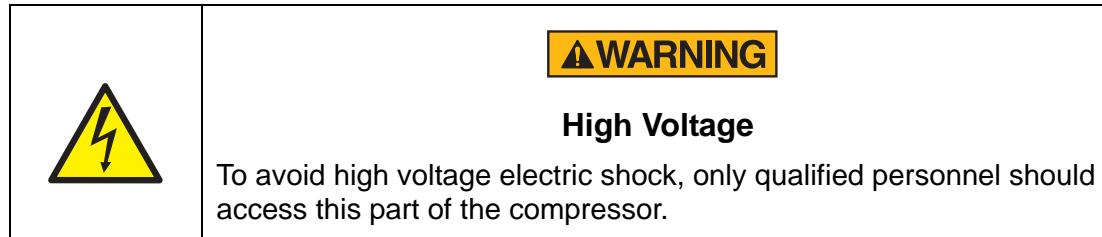


Figure 2-14: 8600 Compressor Controller Back Panel, Type 02

Each of the 8600 Compressor Controller back panel components are described in the following sections.

Circuit Protector (Inside the Panel, Type 02 Only)

Applies current to the compressor unit, and is normally turned ON. To turn OFF the circuit protector, remove the rear panel of the compressor unit, and turn OFF the near side circuit protector. If the circuit protector is turned OFF, the power of the compressor unit is cut off.



Cold Head Power Connector

When connected, this connector provides power to the refrigerator (cold head) motor.

Input Power

The receptacle for connecting incoming power to the compressor. The power source can be:

- 190 - 220 VAC @ 50Hz
- 200 - 230 VAC @ 60 Hz

L/H Switch (Type 01 Only)

This switch is non-functional with this compressor model.

Normal/C20 Switch (Type 01 Only)

This switch enables you to select the input signal when you operate the 8600 Compressor. The switch has two settings:

- **NORMAL** - this is used during normal (non-remote operation).
- **C20** - this is used when the Remote Response switch provides the input signal.

Remote Input-Output Connector

This switch enables you to operate the 8600 Compressor from a remote location. Refer to the remote interface wiring diagram in [Figure 7-4 on page 7-18](#).

With Type 02, you can control the compressor and cryopump operation through the remote cable. You can also receive “answer-back” signals of the compressor and cryopump operations, and an “ALARM” signal when a failure occurs.

Fuse Panel, Type 01

The fuse panel (see the following figure) enables you to control the fuses associated with the 8600 Compressor.

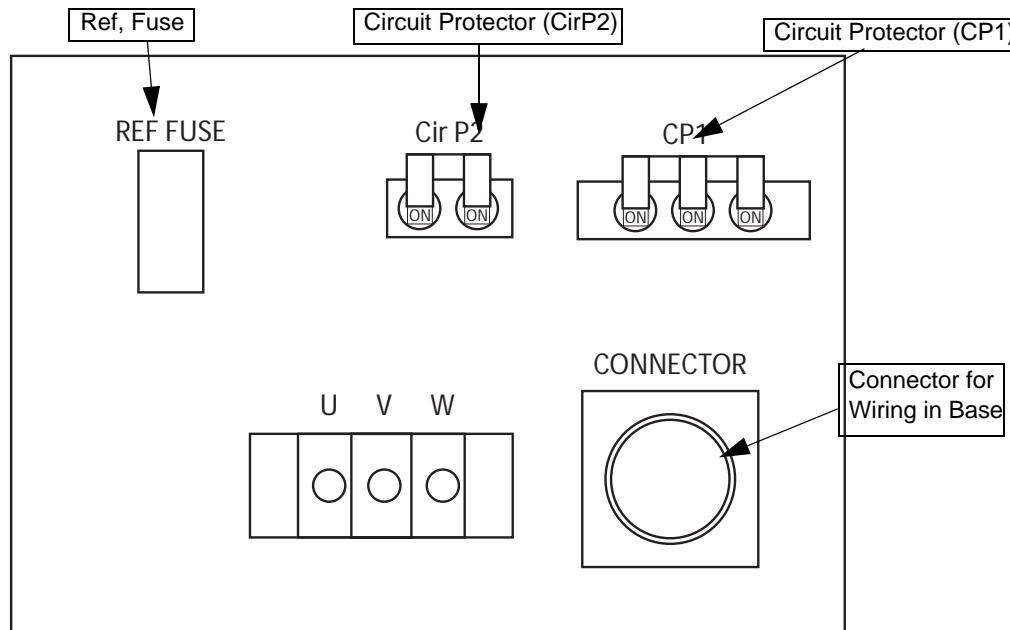


Figure 2-15: Fuse Panel

The following sections describe each 8600 Compressor circuit protector.

CP1 Circuit Protector (manual reset)

The CP1 breaker lever shuts off power to the 8600 Compressor if any line in the compressor circuitry is shorted. You can power on the 8600 Compressor by lifting up the CP1 breaker lever on the fuse panel. The rated current for this circuit is 30A.

Cir P2 Circuit Protector (manual reset)

This switch shuts off power if any line in the cold head circuitry is shorted. The rated current for this switch is 1A.

Refrigerator Fuse

This fuse protects the refrigerator motor. The rated current is 1A.

Cooling Water INLET

The Cooling Water INLET connector provides water to the 8600 Compressor from your facility to cool the compressor during operation. The connector thread size is a

3/8 in. female pipe thread. The water must meet the specifications outlined in [Table 2-2 on page 2-8](#).

Cooling Water OUTLET

The Cooling Water OUTLET connector returns the water that has been used to cool the 8600 Compressor to your facility. The connector thread size is a 3/8 in. female pipe thread.

Cryopump Electrical Outlet

The electrical outlet provides 3-phase power to a single Cryo-Torr 20HP Cryopump. Refer to the following table for connector pin identification.

Table 2-4: Cryo-Torr 20HP Cryopump Electrical Outlet Pin Assignments

Identifier	Voltage Output
1 - 2	190 - 220VAC @ 50Hz 200 - 230VAC @ 60Hz
2 - 3	190 - 220VAC @ 50Hz 200 - 230VAC @ 60Hz
3 - 1	190 - 220VAC @ 50Hz 200 - 230VAC @ 60Hz

Helium Gas Charge Control Valve

The Helium Gas Charge Control Valve is used to connect a 99.999% pure helium supply to the 8600 Compressor when helium charging is required. The gas charge fitting is a 1/4 in. male flare fitting.

Helium Pressure Gauge

The Helium Pressure Gauge indicates the following:

- Static helium system pressure when the 8600 Compressor and Cryo-Torr 20HP Cryopump are not operating.
- Helium supply pressure when the compressor is operating.

Helium Return Line Coupling

The ½-inch self-sealing Helium Return Line coupling returns the helium (which has been cycled through the Cryo-Torr 20HP Cryopump) back to the 8600 Compressor.

Helium Supply Line Coupling

The ½-inch self-sealing Helium Supply Line coupling provides a connection for high pressure compressed helium to the Cryo-Torr 20HP Cryopump cold head.

Power Connector

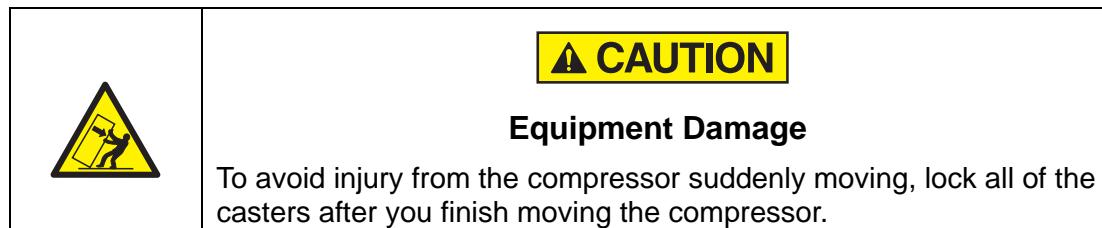
The Power connector is used to connect your power cable (supplied by CTI-Cryogenics) to the 8600 Compressor.

Alarm Status Table (Type 02 Only)

Shows the alarm codes with corresponding status indicated by an STS LED indicator. The table describes the alarm. For troubleshooting procedures, see [Appendix D: Troubleshooting Procedures, Type 02 Only on page 7-13](#). If the compressor unit has no defect for the operation, all of STS LEDs are off.

Casters

Attached to ensure the easy transportation of the compressor unit.



COM Monitoring Port (Type 02 Only)

The COM Port is used only for service and troubleshooting and is not utilized during the normal operation of the compressor.

Elapsed Time Meter/Error Message Display

The Elapsed Time Meter/Error Message Display has two functions:

- Elapsed Time Meter - during normal operation, the meter records the number of hours the 8600 Compressor has been operating since being turned on for the first time.
- Error Message Display (Type 01 Only) - when an error condition occurs, this indicator shows an error message on the display. An error condition appears on the display when the RESET switch flickers (refer to [Reset Switch \(Type 01 Only\) on page 2-16](#) in this subsection for more information). See [8600 Compressor Error Messages on page 7-6](#) for error message descriptions.

NOTE: *The Elapsed Time Meter cannot be reset.*

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3 Unpacking and Inspection

Overview

This section provides instructions for unpacking and inspecting your 8600 Compressor.

Chapter Contents

Shipping Carton Inspection	3-2
Compressor Inspection	3-2
Compressor	3-2
Static Helium System Pressure Verification.	3-2
Shipping Carton Contents	3-3

Shipping Carton Inspection

Inspect the exterior of the shipping carton for visible signs of damage before opening the shipping carton. Report any damage to the shipping company at once. Inspect the contents to ensure that you have received all ordered equipment. See [Table 3-1](#) on [page 3-3](#) for a list of the shipping contents.

Compressor Inspection

Inspect the 8600 Compressor for visible signs of damage as indicated in the following sections.

Compressor

Inspect the exterior of the 8600 Compressor for visible signs of damage and evidence of an oil leak, and check the Helium Pressure Gauge for proper helium pressure. Report any damage to the shipping company and CTI-Cryogenics at once.

Static Helium System Pressure Verification

Refer to the ["OFF" Condition Helium System Pressure Verification on page 5-3](#) for more information on the static helium system pressure of the 8600 Compressor.

Shipping Carton Contents

The shipping carton contains the items in the following table.

Table 3-1: *Shipping List*

Description	Quantity
Compressor Unit	1
Aeroquip Gasket for Helium Flexlines	4
*Input Power Cable (5.5mm ² X 4 wire X 3m)	1
*Cold Head Power Cable (0.5mm ² X 4 wire X 3m)	1
Remote/Response Connector	1
**Helium Flex Lines (3m)	2
**Helium Wrench	3
Allen wrench, part number 7024020P001	1
<i>8600 Compressor Quick Installation Guide</i> part number 8040705 for 8175001G001 or 8040743 for 8175001G003	1
<i>8600 Installation, Operation, and Maintenance Instructions</i> part number 8040707	1
NOTE: *The cable length must be specified by the customer at the time of purchase.	
NOTE: **The addition of the installation kit with the helium flex lines and the helium wrench must be requested by the customer at the time of purchase.	

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4

Installation

Overview

This chapter provides the installation procedures for the 8600 Compressor and connecting it to the Cryo-Torr 20HP Cryopump. [Figure 4-1 on page 4-2](#) highlights the major tasks for 8600 Compressor installation and refers to the appropriate installation procedures within this section.

Chapter Contents

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Installation Tasks

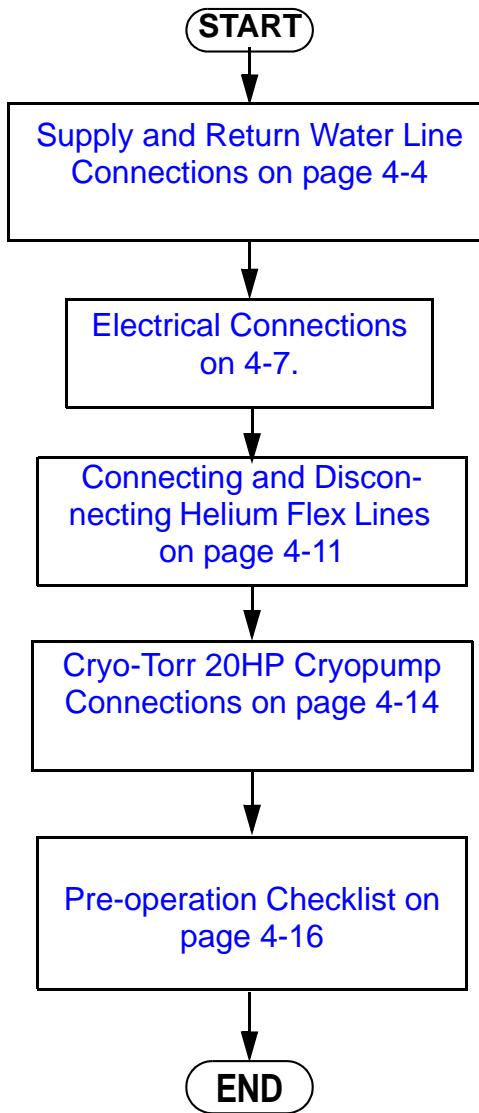


Figure 4-1: 8600 Compressor Installation Flowchart

Environmental Specifications

Install the 8600 Compressor in an environment that meets the specifications listed in the following table, and that receives little or no resistant electromagnetic waves or dust. Dust on the electric terminal can cause leakage or short-circuiting.

Table 4-1: Environmental Specifications

Specification	Environment
Area	Must be installed on a flat floor with an inclination angle of less than 5°.
Room Temperature	Ambient temperature between 10° C and 38° C (50° - 100.4° F).
Positioning	Enough clearance must be provided to easily gain access to inspect the pressure gauge, charge valve operation and to replace the adsorber. The clearance distances are provided in the following figure.

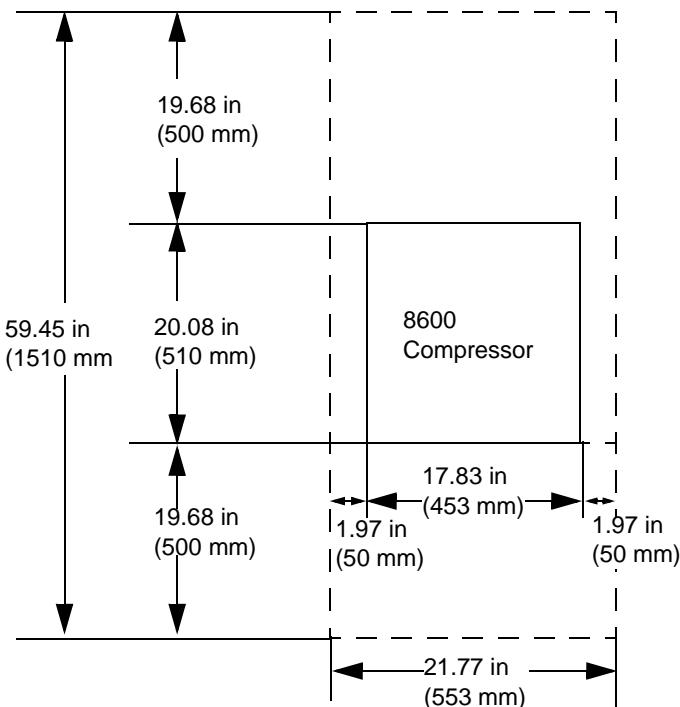


Figure 4-2: Clearance Requirements, Top View

NOTE: Maintain 300mm clearance above the compressor.

Supply and Return Water Line Connections

The following subsections describe how to install hard and flexible water lines. Before you begin, you should read and adhere to the information provided in the following section.

Prerequisites to Installing Supply and Return Water Line Connections

Brooks CTI-Cryogenics recommends the following prior to connecting water lines to the 8600 Compressor:

- The water used for cooling the 8600 Compressor must meet the specifications outlined in [Table 2-2 on page 2-8](#)
- A water filter should be installed in the line between the cooling water main valve and the 8600 Compressor to remove water scales that can restrict the cooling water flow.

	<p>CAUTION</p> <p>Over-Temperature Shutdown</p> <p>To avoid an over-temperature shutdown due to built up dust and scale in the cooling water line, which raises the helium temperature, ensure you install a water filter between the cooling water main valve and the compressor.</p>
---	--

- Install a flow meter between the water filter and the 8600 Compressor for coolant observation purposes.

	<p>CAUTION</p> <p>Over-Temperature Shutdown and Equipment Damage</p> <p>To avoid an over-temperature shutdown or damaging the heat exchanger, monitor the cooling water for the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Temperature below 41°F (5°C).2. Temperature above 89.6°F (32°C).3. An overflow rate that may damage the compressor. See Figure 2-6 on page 2-9.
---	---

NOTE: If the cooling water temperature goes below 50°F (10°C), shut down the cooling water line while the compressor is not operating. If the cooling water is at or below 50°F (10°C), and continues to flow even though the compressor is stopped, it may be difficult to start the compressor because the compressor oil becomes more viscous.

Drain and purge the water in the compressor when any of the following conditions occur:

- The compressor is subjected to freezing conditions.
- The compressor is not run more than one week.
- The compressor unit is shipped.

You can purge water from the compressor by opening the Cooling Water Inlet and blowing air into the compressor inlet for 30 seconds at a pressure of 30psi (0.2MPa) (gage).

Installing Hard Water Lines

The following procedure describes how to install the input and output for hard water lines. Water lines must be able to withstand pressure 1.5 times higher than the cooling water supply pressure.

1. Apply a light coating of standard plumbing thread sealant to the hard line pipe threads.
2. Install the water supply line to the Cooling Water Inlet connection on the rear panel of the 8600 Compressor.
3. Install the water return line to the Cooling Water Outlet connection on the rear panel of the 8600 Compressor.

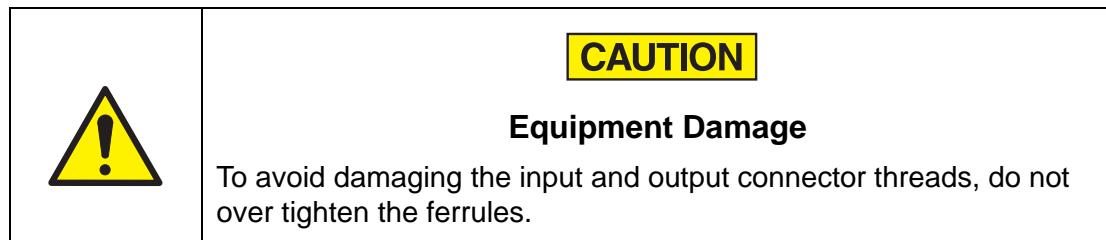
	<p>CAUTION</p> <p>Equipment Damage</p> <p>To avoid damaging the input and output connector threads, do not over tighten the ferrules.</p>
---	---

4. Using a wrench, tighten the fittings.
5. Allow water to flow and check for leaks at the rear of the 8600 Compressor.

Installing Flexible Water Lines

The following procedure describes how to install the input and output for flexible water lines. Water lines must be able to withstand pressure 1.5 times higher than the cooling water supply pressure.

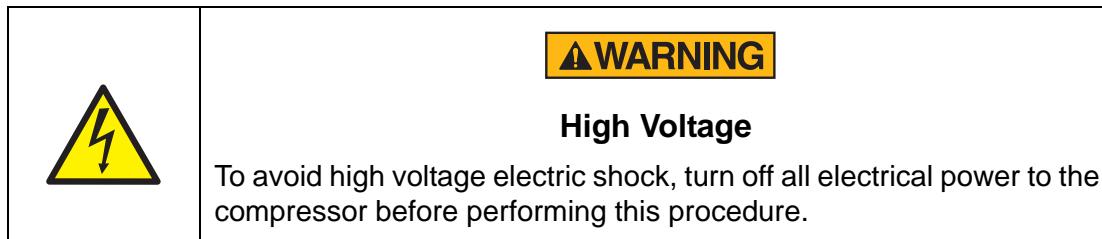
1. Apply a light coating of standard plumbing thread sealant to the water line fitting threads.
2. Install the water line fittings into the Cooling Water Inlet and Cooling Water Outlet connections on the rear panel of the 8600 Compressor.



3. Using a wrench, tighten the water line fittings.
4. Connect the Supply flexible water line to the Cooling Water Inlet water line fitting and secure with a hose clamp.
5. Connect the Return flexible water line to the Cooling Water Outlet water line fitting and secure with a hose clamp.
6. Allow water to flow and check for leaks at the rear of the 8600 Compressor.

Electrical Connections for Type 01 8600 Compressor

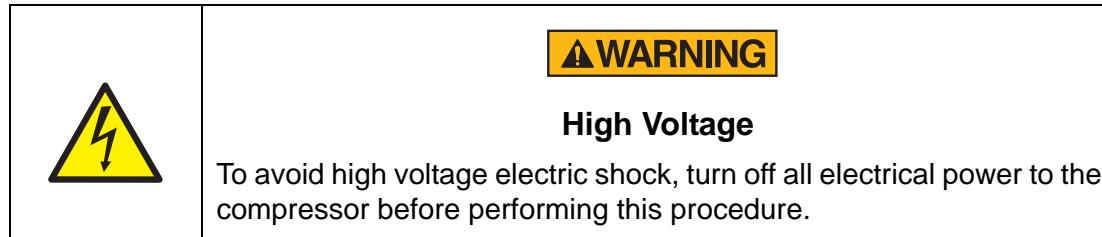
The input power cable is supplied with the compressor. Refer to [Table 2-1 on page 2-7](#) for power specifications.



1. If used, connect the REMOTE/RESPONSE wiring according to [Remote/Response Wiring on page 7-18](#).
2. Set the LOCAL/REMOTE switch to either the LOCAL or REMOTE position. See [Controller Front Panel Components on page 2-14](#) for more information.
3. Set the NORMAL/C20 switch to the appropriate position. See [Controller Back Panel Components on page 2-17](#) for more information.
4. Connect the compressor input power cable from the compressor to its power source.

Electrical Connections for Type 02 8600 Compressor

The input power cable is supplied with the compressor. Refer to [Table 2-1 on page 2-7](#) for power specifications.



1. Connect the REMOTE/RESPONSE wiring according to [Wiring Procedure for Remote Connector on page 4-9](#).
2. Connect the compressor input power cable from the compressor to a power source. This controls the On/Off operation for the compressor.

NOTE: *A high voltage transformer is available from CTI-Cryogenics if you use more than 208V.*

Wiring Procedure for Remote Connector

The instructions in this section refer to [Figure 4-3](#). Also see [Remote/Response Wiring on page 7-18](#).

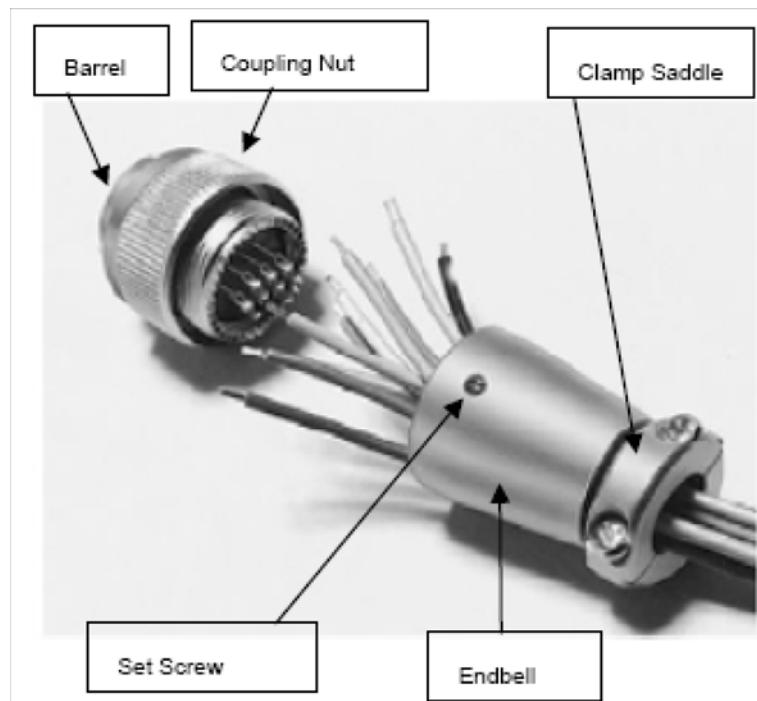


Figure 4-3: Connector Parts

1. Loosen the set screw for fixing the endbell in counter clockwise, and take it off from the connector body by turning the endbell.
2. Remove the clamp saddle.

Handling the Cable

1. Peel off the wire covering and show 3/16 in. (0.5mm) of the copper wire.
2. Thread the endbell with wires, and then solder the wires to connector pins. Use of heat shrink tube is recommended for the connection.
3. If the cable diameter is smaller than clamp saddle diameter, apply taping or etc. to adjust the size and fix the cable with the clamp saddle.

Installing the Connector

1. Install the endbell to the barrel by turning it.
2. Turn the set screw in clockwise and fix the endbell.
3. Install the clamp saddle.
4. Put the identification label of the solder which is used on the connector or cable.

Connecting and Disconnecting Helium Flex Lines

The following subsections describe how to connect and disconnect the 8600 Compressor helium flex lines. Specifications for flexible helium lines are listed in the following table.

	CAUTION Equipment Damage To avoid damaging o-rings and creating a helium leak, follow the procedure in this section, including Figure 4-4 on page 4-12 .
---	--

Table 4-2: Flexible Helium Supply and Return Lines

Specification	Value
Length Flexible Supply Line	Customer Specific
Length Flexible Return Line	Customer Specific
Gas	Helium gas (Purity more than 99.999%)
Pressure	Maximum 360psi (2.45MPa) (gage)
Maximum Temperature	104°F (40°C)
Material	SUS304
Connection	1/2B Self-sealing coupling

Connecting Flexible Helium Lines

Make sure that you do the following when connecting flexible helium lines to the 8600 Compressor:

- Ensure that you read and adhere to the specifications listed in [Table 4-2](#) before connecting the flexible helium lines.
- Always use two wrenches when connecting flexible lines.
- Do not forcibly bend the flexible helium hose. Bending the flexible hose can damage the line and cause gas leakage.

- Frequent connection and disconnection of the flexible helium lines can cause gas leakage. If a line leaks, replace it with a new one.

The following procedure describes how to properly and safely connect the 8600 Compressor flexible helium supply and return lines.

1. Remove all dust plugs and caps from the Helium Supply Line and Helium Return Line and the 8600 Compressor and 20HP Cryopump Supply and Return connectors (see [Figure 4-5 on page 4-14](#)). Check for the presence of a flat gasket in the male connector and no gasket in the female connector. Make sure that the gasket is dust free.
2. Connect one end of the Helium Return Line to the Helium Return connector on the rear of the 8600 Compressor, and connect the other end to the Helium Return connector on the 20HP Cryopump. Tighten the connection by using a 1 1/8-inch wrench to hold the coupling stationary and a 1 3/16-inch wrench to tighten the self-sealing coupling connector as shown in the following figure.

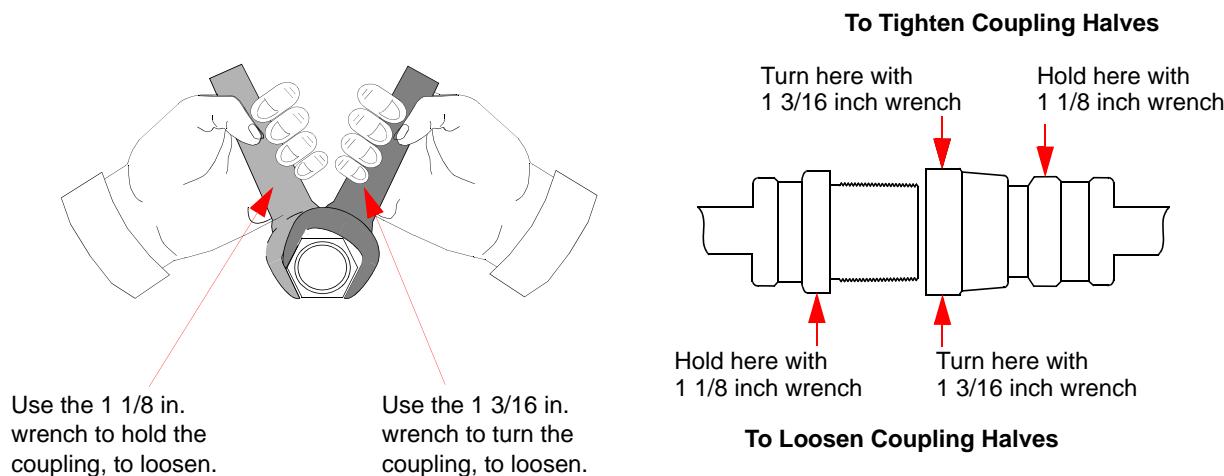


Figure 4-4: Connecting/Disconnecting Helium Flex Line Couplings

3. Connect one end of the Helium Supply Line to the Helium Supply connector on the rear of the 8600 Compressor, and connect the other end to the Gas Supply connector on the 20HP Cryopump. Tighten the connection by using a 1 1/8-inch wrench to hold the coupling stationary and a 1 3/16-inch wrench to tighten the self-sealing coupling connector as shown in [Figure 4-4](#).
4. Attach the Helium Supply Line and Helium Return Line identification labels to the appropriate end of each line.

5. Ensure that the helium gas pressure gauge reads $1.4 \pm 0.04\text{ MPa}$ (gage) at 20°C . If the indicated pressure is higher than the specified value, allow a slight amount of helium gas to discharge by opening the gas charge valve very slowly. If the indicated pressure is lower than the specified value, add helium gas as described in [Increasing Helium Pressure on page 6-9](#).

Disconnecting Helium Flex Lines

The following procedure describes how to properly and safely disconnect the 8600 Compressor helium flex lines.

1. Shut down the 8600 Compressor.
2. Wait until the 20HP Cryopump is warmed up to room temperature prior to disconnecting the flexible lines from the Helium Return and Helium Supply connectors at the rear of the 8600 Compressor. However, if you are performing a helium circuit decontamination procedure, immediately disconnect the flexible lines from the Helium Return and Helium Supply connectors when the pump is cold.
3. Disconnect the two self-sealing coupling connectors quickly to minimize helium leakage by using a $1\frac{1}{8}$ -inch wrench to hold the coupling stationary, and use a $1\frac{3}{16}$ -inch wrench to loosen the self-sealing coupling connector as shown in [Figure 4-4 on page 4-12](#).

Cryo-Torr 20HP Cryopump Connections

The following procedure describes how to connect the Cryo-Torr 20HP Cryopump to the 8600 Compressor. Refer to [Figure 4-5 on page 4-14](#) for connections described in the procedure.

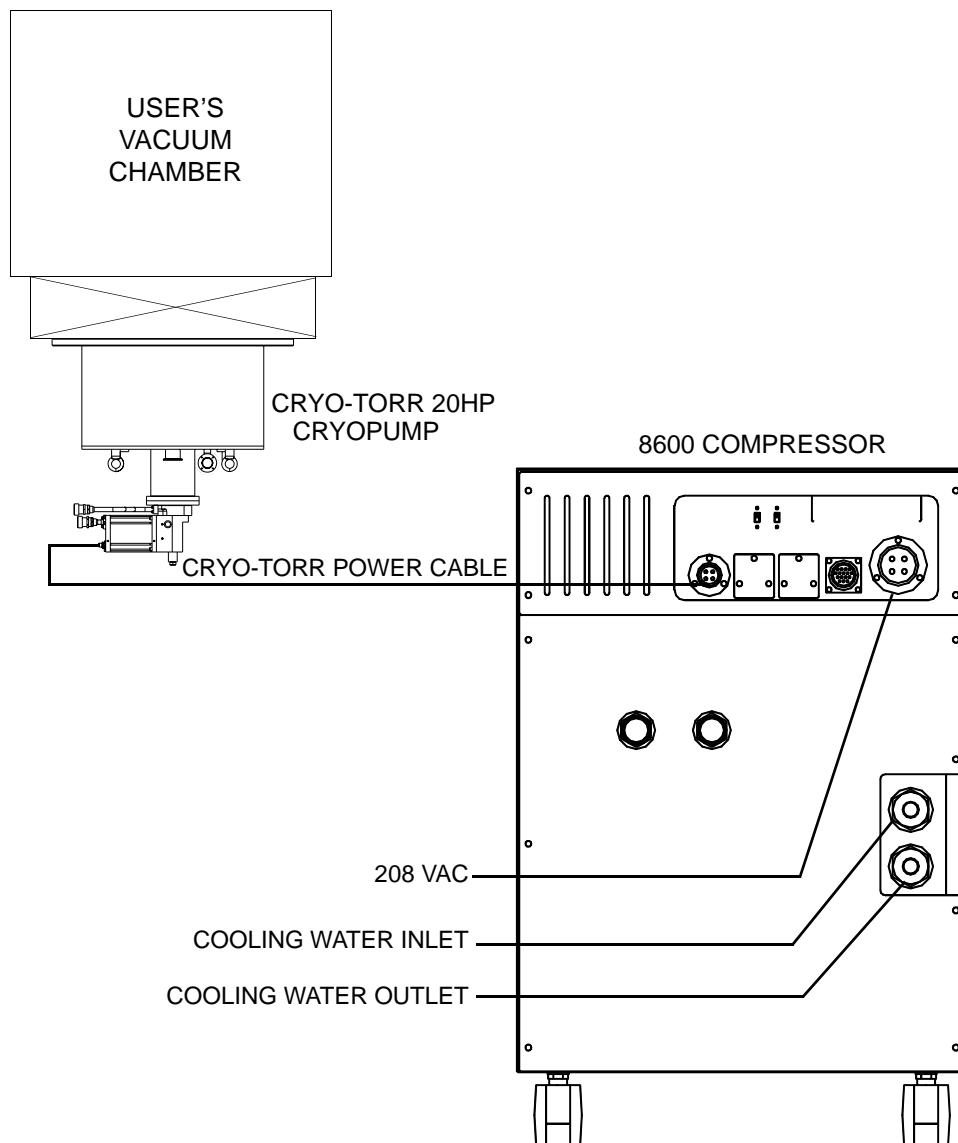
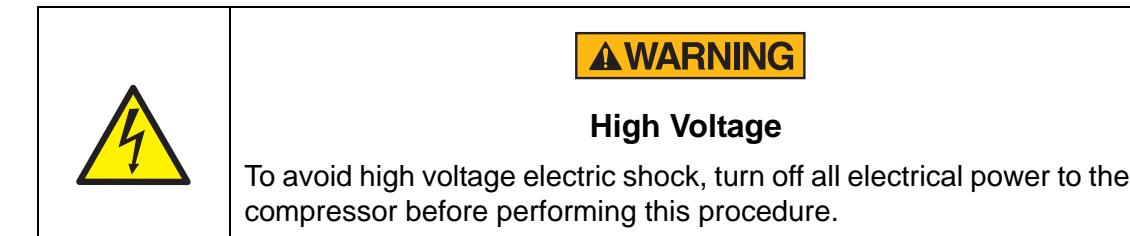
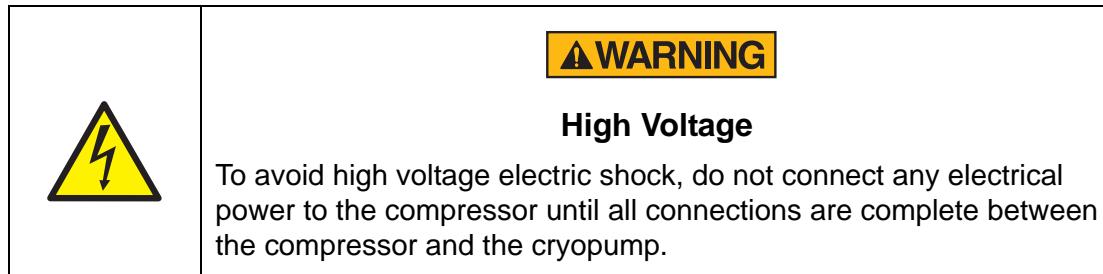


Figure 4-5: Cryo-Torr 20HP Cryopump Connections

1. Connect the Supply and Return lines to the 8600 Compressor as described in [Connecting and Disconnecting Helium Flex Lines](#).
2. Connect the appropriate end of the coldhead power cable to the Cold Head Power on the rear panel of the 8600 Compressor as shown in [Figure 4-5](#).
3. Connect the opposite end of the coldhead power cable to the Cryo-Torr 20HP Cryopump cold head cable connector as shown in [Figure 4-5](#).



4. After you have made all of the connections between the 8600 Compressor and the Cryo-Torr 20HP Cryopump system, connect the 8600 Compressor input power cable from the compressor to its power source.

Pre-operation Checklist

	<p>CAUTION</p> <p>Equipment Damage</p> <p>To avoid damaging the compressor, ensure the helium pressure is not in the red zone of the gauge (too little pressure), or above 260 psig (too much pressure).</p>
---	--

NOTE: See [Adjusting System Helium Pressure on page 6-6](#) to add or remove helium from the compressor.

The following procedure describes how to set up the 8600 Compressor prior to operation:

1. Make sure that the input power requirements are within the specified values shown in the specification tables in [Table 2-1 on page 2-7](#).
2. The POWER LAMP should illuminate when the power is supplied to the 8600 Compressor.
3. The LOCAL/REMOTE switch should be in the appropriate setting for Type 01. See [Controller Front Panel Components on page 2-14](#).
4. The NORMAL/C20 switch should be in the appropriate setting for Type 01. See [Controller Back Panel Components on page 2-17](#) for more information.
5. All connections to the 8600 Compressor should be made, including electrical, water, remote and cryopump connections.
6. Cooling water requirements should be within the specified parameters shown in [Table 2-3 on page 2-10](#).
7. Helium gas static pressure requirements should be within the specified parameters shown in [Table 2-3 on page 2-10](#).

The compressor pressure reading will decrease from the normal system operating pressure during cryopump regeneration or if fewer cryopumps are being operated. These are normal variations in the compressor pressure reading and should not be cause for concern.

If you have concerns about system performance changing, then check the *normal system operating pressure* which was determined in [Compressor Operation on page 5-4](#). If the normal system operating pressure is not correct, check the system for leaks.

After the leaks have been repaired, add helium to return the system to *normal operating system pressure* as described in [Adjusting System Helium Pressure on page 6-6](#).

	<p>CAUTION</p> <p>Equipment Damage</p> <p>To avoid damaging the compressor after startup, ensure the helium pressure is not in the red zone of the gauge (too little pressure), or above 260 psig (too much pressure).</p>
---	--

NOTE: To ensure the helium pressure is correct, see [Table 2-3 on page 2-10](#).

See [Adjusting System Helium Pressure on page 6-6](#) to add or remove helium from the compressor.

After you have verified the final checklist (the previous steps), you are ready to operate the 8600 Compressor and refrigerator.

8600 Compressor Storage

If the 8600 Compressor must be stored, do the following:

1. Disconnect the flexible lines, cables and water piping. Purge the compressor of water.
2. Install the protective caps on the helium gas connectors. Cover the compressor with a vinyl sheet as it was during shipment.
3. Keep the 8600 Compressor away from sunlight, high temperatures, high humidity, vibration, radiation, rain, wind and dust.
4. Store the 8600 Compressor on a flat surface with an inclination angle of less than 5 degrees.
5. Periodically check the helium gas pressure. If the indicated pressure falls and remains below the minimum static pressure, call the CTI-Cryogenics Customer Support center.

NOTE: *If the 8600 Compressor is not used for three or more months, operate the compressor at least once during that time.*

	<p>CAUTION</p> <p>Equipment Damage</p> <p>To avoid damaging the compressor while shipping, package the compressor the same way in which it was originally shipped.</p>
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5

Operation

Overview

This chapter provides the operation procedures for the 8600 Compressor.

Chapter Contents

Adjusting System Helium Pressure	5-2
"OFF" Condition Helium System Pressure Verification.....	5-3
Compressor Operation	5-4
Turn On the Type 01 Compressor.....	5-5
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Adjusting System Helium Pressure

Your CTI-Cryogenics high vacuum pump system is comprised of several pressurized components, such as a compressor, flex lines, and cryopumps. Each component is charged with helium before shipment. After all cryopumps, helium lines, and manifolds are attached to the compressor, the system (*"OFF" Condition*) *helium charge pressure* must be verified *before* system operation. After the (*"OFF" Condition*) helium system pressure has been verified, the system is ready for operation. After cool down, the *normal system operating pressure* is recorded.

NOTE: *The 8600 Compressor is designed for continuous operation and should remain ON even when the cryopumps are in regeneration.*

"OFF" Condition Helium System Pressure Verification

The proper system ("OFF" Condition) helium charge pressure is necessary so that the cryopumps operate at maximum performance as well as to ensure the compressor operates below the maximum motor winding temperature, which maximizes the life of the compressor motor.

1. Make sure the compressor and cryopump are OFF.
2. Make sure all system components are connected together as described in [Chapter 4: Installation](#).
3. Allow all system components to acclimate to a temperature between 60° F and 80° F (15.5° C - 26.6° C).
4. Read the compressor helium pressure gauge located on the compressor rear panel as shown in [Figure 2-9 on page 2-13](#). Compare the gauge reading to the appropriate 50/60 Hz line frequency value in the following table.

Table 5-1: 8600 Compressor Helium ("OFF" Condition) Charge

Line Frequency	Helium ("OFF" Condition) Charge Pressure
50/60 Hz	200 ± 6 psi (1.4 ± 0.04 MPa)

NOTE: *To avoid opening the safety relief valves, do not over-pressurize the system with helium.*

5. If the ("OFF" Condition) helium charge pressure is not within the ranges in the previous table, then adjust the charge pressure as described in [Adjusting System Helium Pressure on page 6-6](#).

Compressor Operation

Before using the compressor, do the following:

1. Check the input power requirements, as specified in [Specifications on page 2-4](#).
2. Set the LOCAL/REMOTE switch for Type 01 8600 Compressors. See [Controller Front Panel Components on page 2-14](#) for more information.
3. Set the NORMAL/C20 switch for Type 01 8600 Compressors. See [Controller Front Panel Components on page 2-14](#) for more information.
4. Check all electrical, water, remote and cryopump connections to the 8600 Compressor.
5. Check cooling water requirements, as specified in [Table 2-2 on page 2-8](#).
6. Check helium gas static pressure requirements, as specified in [Table 2-3 on page 2-10](#).
7. Check the POWER LAMP (PWR LED) illuminates when the power is supplied to the 8600 Compressor.

	<p>CAUTION</p> <p>Equipment Damage</p> <p>To avoid damaging the compressor after it starts, ensure the helium pressure is not in the red zone of the gauge (too little pressure), or above 260 psig (too much pressure).</p>
---	--

NOTE: *To ensure the helium pressure is correct, see [Table 2-3 on page 2-10](#).*

To add or remove helium from the compressor, see [Adjusting System Helium Pressure on page 6-6](#).

Turn On the Type 01 Compressor

The following procedure describes how to turn on the 8600 Compressor, Type 01:

1. Press the ON/OFF key on the front control panel (for Type 01) to turn on the 8600 Compressor, and to start cryopump operation.
2. After the second stage temperature for the cryopumps is below 17K, record the compressor pressure gauge reading as the *normal system operating pressure*.

Turn On the Type 02 Compressor (Use Local Mode)

The following procedure describes how to turn on the 8600 Compressor, Type 02:

1. Ensure the power is connected to the compressor to turn it on and start cryopump operation.
2. Use the allen wrench provided with the compressor (part number 7024020P001) to press the RST switch.

The indicator lights cycle from STS 1 through STS 8 continuously.

3. When the STS 4 indicator lights, press the RST switch.

This switches the compressor to Local mode. You can now control it manually.

The PWR LED and RDY LED indicators light up ([Figure 5-1](#)) and the alarm buzzer stops, which indicates the compressor is ready for operation.



Figure 5-1: Operation Ready

NOTE: If the alarm does not stop and all STS indicators (8) light up, you may be using the reverse phase of input power cable. In this case, rewiring of the input power cable is required. See [Alarm Sounds Continuously When Compressor is Turned On](#) on page 7-13.

4. After the second stage temperature for the cryopumps is below 17K, record the compressor pressure gauge reading as the *normal system operating pressure*.

Turn Off the Type 02 Compressor

The following procedure describes how to turn off the 8600 Compressor, Type 02:

1. Ensure the compressor is in Local mode by following the instructions in the previous section.
2. Use the allen wrench provided with the compressor (part number 7024020P001) to press the RST switch.

The indicator lights cycle from STS 1 through STS 8 continuously.

3. When the STS 4 indicator lights, press the RST switch.

The compressor stops.

Turn the compressor on, follow the instruction in the previous section.

Return the Type 02 Compressor to Remote Mode

The following procedure describes how to return the 8600 Compressor, Type 02 to Remote mode so that a computer or other source can operate the compressor:

1. Ensure the compressor is in local mode by following the instructions in [Turn On the Type 02 Compressor \(Use Local Mode\) on page 5-5](#).
2. Use the allen wrench provided with the compressor (part number 7024020P001) to press the RST switch.

The indicator lights cycle from STS 1 through STS 8 continuously.

3. When the STS 8 indicator lights, press the RST switch.

The compressor switches to Remote mode. The controlling source may turn on the compressor or shut it off, as designated.

Document Compressor Performance

Attach a copy of the data next to the compressor gauge on each compressor. Verify this data for each tool installation, and whenever you make a configuration change that affects the system helium gas and line volume.

The compressor pressure reading decreases from the normal system operating pressure during cryopump regeneration, or if you operate fewer cryopumps. These are normal variations in the compressor pressure.

If you have concerns about system performance changing, then check the *normal system operating pressure*, which was determined in [Compressor Operation on page 5-4](#) within this section.

Generally the pressure should be less than or equal to 2.1MPa (gage), but the length of the flexible hose changes requirements. A hose longer than 3m raises the operating pressure. If the normal system operating pressure is not correct, check the system for leaks.

After the leaks have been repaired, helium must be added to return the system to *normal operating system pressure* as described in [Chapter 6: Maintenance](#).

Secondary Power: CP1 Breaker and Troubleshooting Diagnostic Problems

NOTE: *This applies to Type 01 only.*

Observe the following precautions when powering up the 8600 Compressor.

- You can power on the 8600 Compressor by lifting up the (CP1) breaker lever on the fuse panel. DO NOT switch the breaker lever to OFF immediately after turning on the compressor. If you switch the compressor off too soon, the diagnostic tests will fail, the LCD digits on the Error Display will display a series of black dots, and the alarm will sound continuously. (The LCD displays the elapsed time without an alarm sound after a successful startup.)
- The compressor startup diagnostics also fails if the following conditions occur:
 - The backup battery has no power.
 - The power is unstable one second after the compressor has been started.

If you encounter the following diagnostic failures, do the following:

1. If the compressor diagnostics fail and the alarm sounds within two minutes after power-up, turn the power off for five minutes before restarting the compressor.
2. If the compressor diagnostics fail and the alarm sounds ten or more minutes after power-up, turn the power off for over one hour before restarting the compressor.

Replacement of Helium Circuit Components

On occasion, it may be necessary to replace components such as the cryopump, helium gas lines or compressors, or change the configuration of the system. Whenever any of these conditions occur, perform the procedure described in ["OFF" Condition Helium System Pressure Verification on page 5-3](#) to ensure that static helium system pressure has not changed.

NOTE: *If you use the 8600 Compressor on the same manifold as other CTI-Cryogenics compressors, reduce the helium charge pressure to 200 - 210 psig. This prevents the helium safety valves from opening.*

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6

Maintenance

Overview

This chapter explains the regularly scheduled maintenance recommended for 8600 Compressors.

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Suggested Maintenance Equipment	6-2
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Reducing Helium Pressure.....	6-8
Increasing Helium Pressure	6-9

Scheduled Maintenance

Suggested Maintenance Equipment

It is recommended to have the following equipment and disposable supplies available as listed in the following table.

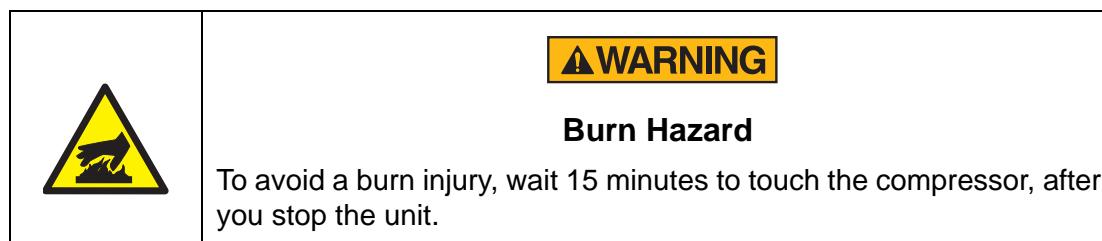
Table 6-1: Suggested Maintenance Equipment

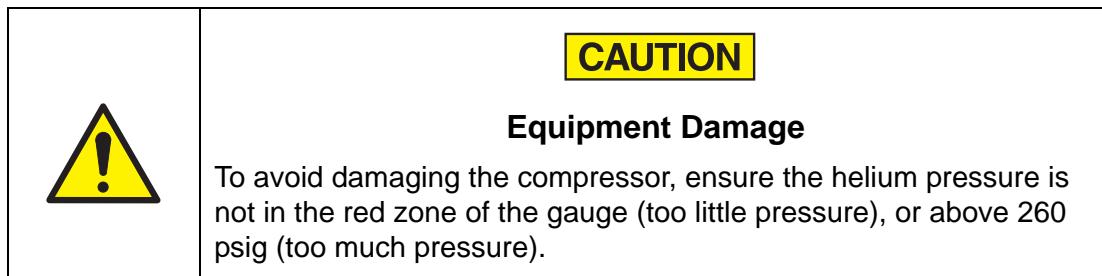
Supply	CTI-Cryogenics Part No.
Helium, 99.999% pure	-
Pressure regulator (0-3000/0-400 psi) Assy.	8031403
Helium charging line terminating in a 1/4-inch female flare fitting	7021002P001
Lint-free gloves and cloth	-
Oakite or equivalent detergent soap	-
Denatured alcohol	-

Refer to [Appendix A: Customer Support Information on page 7-2](#) and contact the local Customer Support Center to obtain the CTI-Cryogenics parts listed in this table.

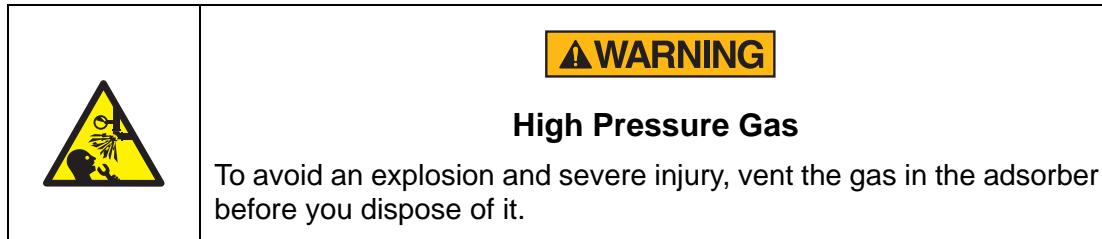
Adsorber Replacement

Use the following procedure to change the adsorber every 24,000 hours.





NOTE: *To ensure the helium pressure is correct, see [Table 2-3 on page 2-10](#).*



1. Close the Cryo gate valve of the high vacuum system and warm the cryopump to room temperature.
2. Shut off power to the compressor by turning off the breaker cabinet panel and locking the breaker in the off position (lock-out and tag-out).
3. Disconnect the flexible lines from the Helium Return and Helium Supply connectors at the rear of the 8600 Compressor.
4. Using an open-ended wrench, remove the two rear panel jam nuts.
5. Using a Phillips screwdriver, remove the 7 screws that secure the rear panel to the 8600 Compressor.
6. Disconnect the flexible line from the adsorber inlet by using a 1 3/16 in. wrench to turn the self-sealing coupling while using a 1 1/8 in. wrench to hold the coupling stationary, as shown in the following figure. Disconnect the two self-sealing coupling connectors quickly to minimize helium leakage.

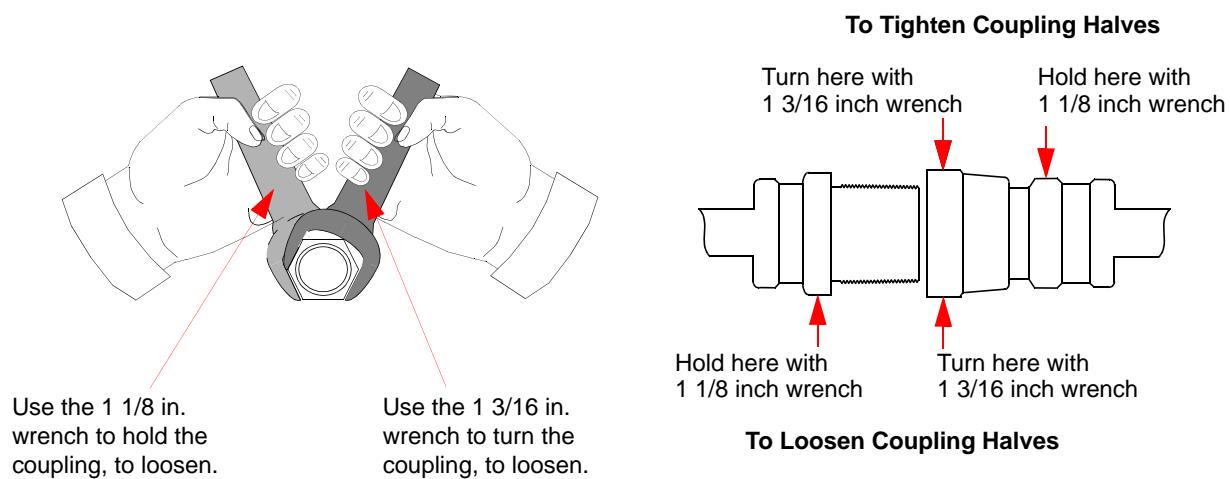


Figure 6-1: Disconnecting Self-Sealing Couplings

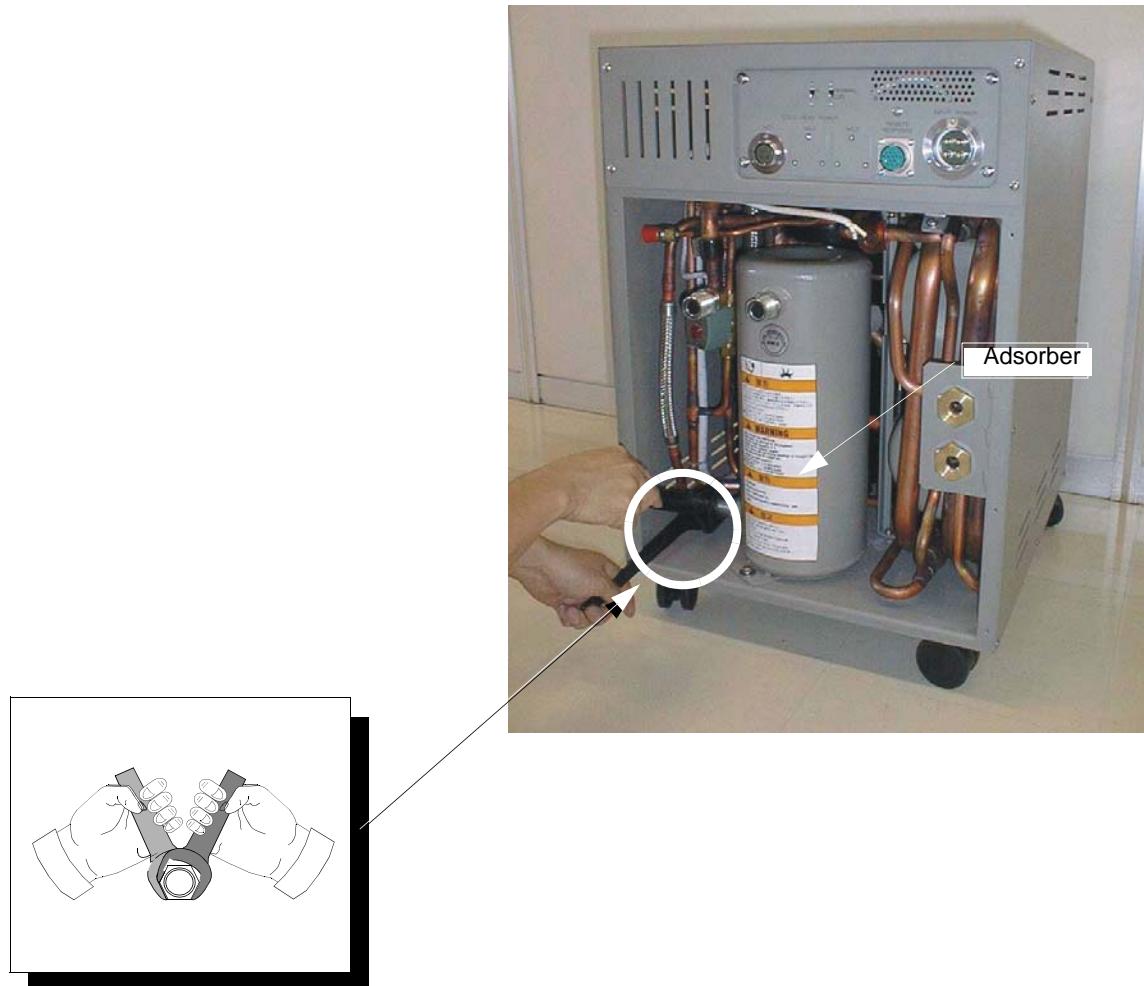


Figure 6-2: Disconnecting the Flexible Line from the Adsorber Inlet

7. Using a 7/16 in. (11mm) wrench, remove the adsorber mounting bolt.
8. Move the adsorber from under the mounting tabs in the base and remove the adsorber from the 8600 Compressor.
9. At each end of the replacement adsorber, remove the dust caps from the self-sealing coupling halves.
10. Install the replacement adsorber under the mounting tabs and secure it into place with the bolt removed in [Step 7](#).
11. Using two wrenches as shown in [Figure 6-1 on page 6-4](#) (a 1 3/16 in. wrench to turn the self-sealing coupling; a 1 1/8 in. wrench to hold the coupling stationary), connect the two self-sealing couplings quickly to minimize helium leakage.
12. Install the 8600 Compressor rear panel and secure the panel by inserting and tightening the seven (7) screws removed earlier in this procedure.
13. Ensure that the helium pressure gauge reads $1.4 \pm 0.04 \text{ MPa}$ (gage) as shown in [Table 5-1 on page 5-3](#). If additional gas pressure is required, refer to [Increasing Helium Pressure on page 6-9](#). If gas pressure needs to be reduced, refer to [Reducing Helium Pressure on page 6-8](#).
14. Record the adsorber replacement date on the adsorber replacement label (similar to the one shown in the following figure), and also note that the next adsorber replacement should be performed every three years.

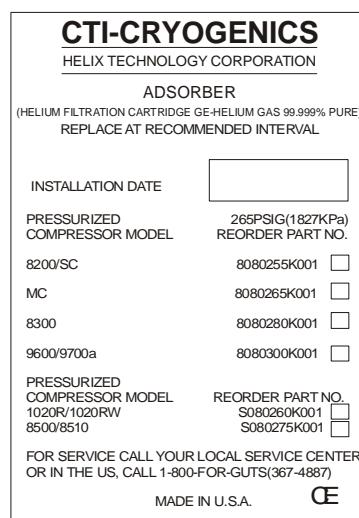


Figure 6-3: Adsorber Maintenance Record Label

Adjusting System Helium Pressure

The procedures in the following subsections describe how to adjust (increase or decrease) the system helium pressure.

NOTE: *The procedures in the following subsections can be performed on an 8600 Compressor that has its ON/OFF switch in either the ON or OFF position. The helium pressure gauge should be set to:*

- Static helium system pressure if the 8600 Compressor is turned OFF. Refer to ["OFF" Condition Helium System Pressure Verification on page 5-3](#) for more information
- Normal system operating pressure if the compressor is turned ON. Refer to [Compressor Operation on page 5-4](#) for more information.

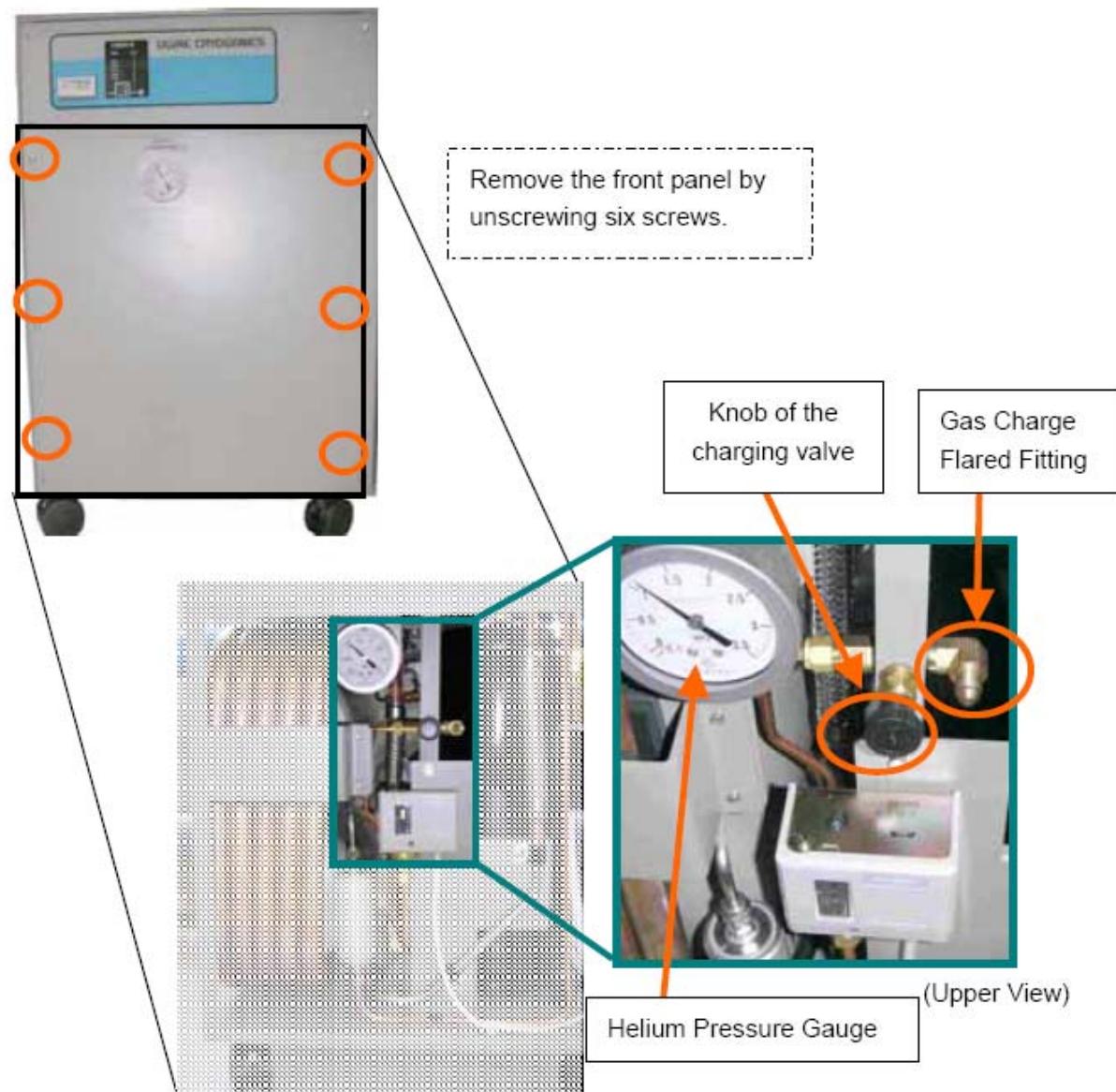


Figure 6-4: Component Locations Behind Front Panel

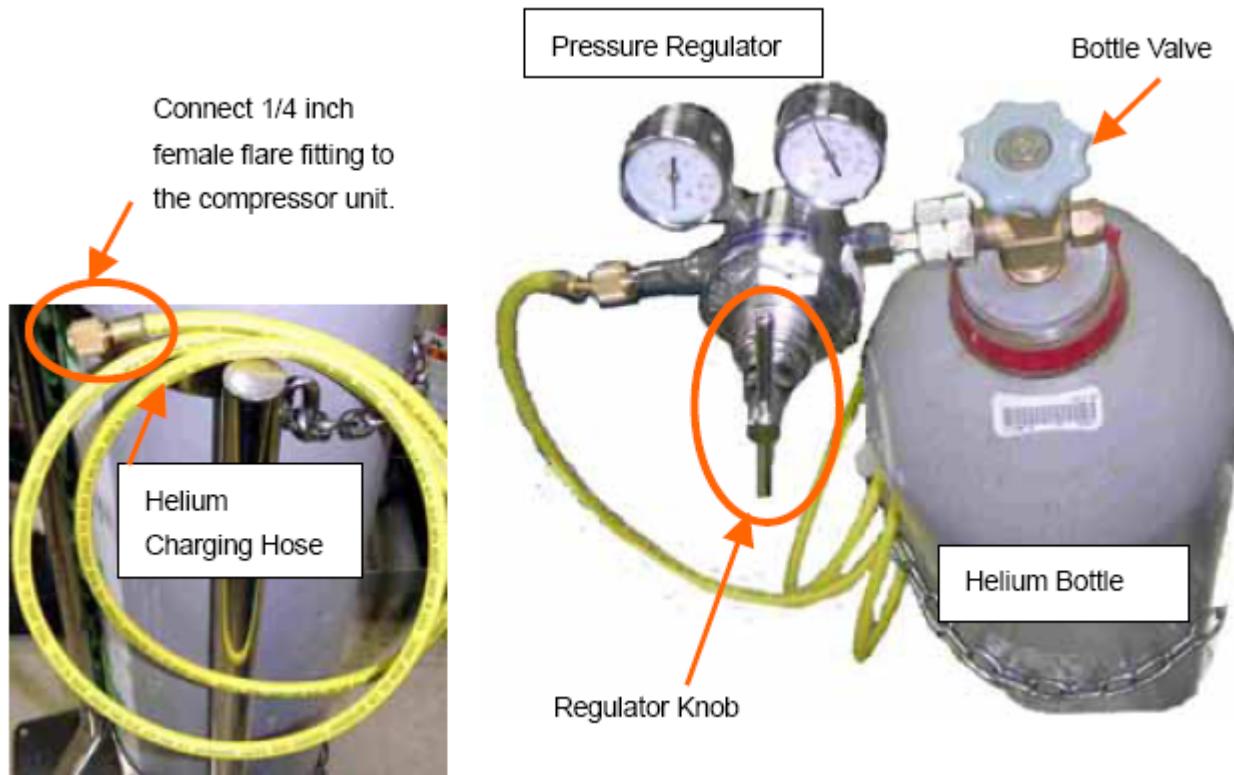


Figure 6-5: Equipment to Add Helium to the System

Reducing Helium Pressure

The following procedure describes how to reduce the helium pressure in your compressor and 20HP Cryopump.

NOTE: Before performing the following procedure, you must do the following:

- Obtain the normal helium system pressure based on the procedure in [Compressor Operation on page 5-4](#).
- If the normal helium system pressure is unknown, then place the ON/OFF switch for the 8600 Compressor in the OFF position and perform the procedure in ["OFF" Condition Helium System Pressure Verification on page 5-3](#) instead.

1. Remove the flare cap from the gas charge control valve fitting as shown in the following figure.

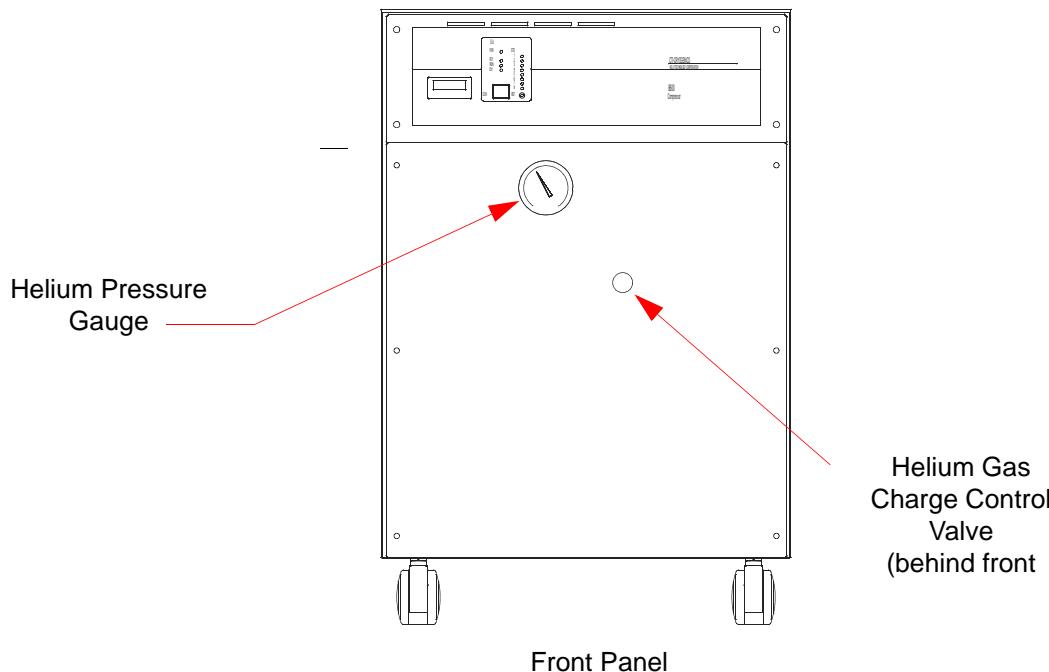


Figure 6-6: Helium Pressure Control Components, Type 02 Shown

2. Open the gas charge control valve *very slowly* to allow a slight amount of helium to escape. Leave the valve open until the helium pressure gauge indicates one of the following:
 - The appropriate value [Table 5-1 on page 5-3](#) if the 8600 Compressor is OFF and acclimated to a temperature between 60° F and 80° F (15.5° C - 26.6° C).
 - The value previously recorded in [Compressor Operation on page 5-4](#) if the 8600 Compressor is ON.
3. Close the gas charge control valve and install the flare cap.

Increasing Helium Pressure

Use the following procedure to increase the helium pressure if the indicated pressure is below the appropriate value shown in [Table 5-1 on page 5-3](#).

NOTE: *If you must add helium more than once every several months, check for leaks caused by improperly connected self-sealing connections or any mechanical joint within the 8600 Compressor.*

You must obtain the normal helium system pressure from [Compressor Operation on page 5-4](#) in order to perform this procedure. If the normal helium system pressure is unknown, then place the 8600 Compressor ON/OFF switch in the OFF position and perform the procedure in ["OFF" Condition Helium System Pressure Verification on page 5-3](#) instead.

Contact Customer Support if the helium pressure gauge reads 0 psig.

This procedure ensures that both the regulator and the charging line will be purged of air and that the air trapped in the regulator will not diffuse back into the helium bottle. For best results, CTI-Cryogenics suggests a dedicated helium bottle, regulator and line (that are never separated) for adding helium.

NOTE: *You are required to supply the helium charging line terminating in a 1/4-inch B male flare fitting, and a two-stage pressure regulator rated at 2-3MPa (gage) for this operation.*

	CAUTION Equipment Damage To avoid contaminating and damaging the compressor and other system components, ensure the helium quality is 99.999% pure.
--	---

	CAUTION Equipment Damage To avoid contaminating and damaging the compressor and other system components, do not open the helium bottle before you attach a regulator and charging line to it.
---	---

1. Attach a 290-435psi (2-3MPa) regulator and charging line to a helium bottle (99.999% pure).

NOTE: *Do not open the helium bottle at this time.*

2. Purge the regulator and charging lines as follows:
 - a. Open the regulator a small amount by turning the adjusting knob clockwise until it contacts the diaphragm, then turn approximately 1/8 to 1/4 turn more, so that the regulator is barely open.
 - b. Loosely connect the charge line to the helium pressure regulator.
 - c. Slowly open the bottle valve, and purge the regulator and line for 5 seconds.
 - d. Close the helium bottle by turning the regulator knob counterclockwise until the helium stops flowing.
3. Remove the 8600 Compressor front panel.
4. Remove the flare cap from the gas charge flared fitting (see [Figure 6-6 on page 6-9](#)).
5. *Loosely* connect the helium charging line from the helium pressure regulator to the 1/4-inch male B flare fitting installed on the helium charge valve.
6. Purge the charge line again, as in [Step a](#), for 30 seconds.
7. Slightly open the charge valve.
8. Tighten the charge line flare fitting onto the gas charge fitting while the helium is flowing.
9. Set the two-stage regulator to 290psi (2MPa) (gage).
10. If the 8600 Compressor ON/OFF switch is in the ON position, proceed to the next step. If the 8600 Compressor ON/OFF switch is in the OFF position, proceed to [Step 12](#).
11. If the 8600 Compressor ON/OFF switch is in the ON position, obtain the previously recorded *normal system operating pressure* from the [Compressor Operation on page 5-4](#) procedure. Open the gas charge control valve *very slowly* and allow helium to flow until the compressor gauge reading is the same as the value obtained. As soon as you reach the desired reading, quickly and tightly close the gas charge control valve. Proceed to [Step 13](#).
12. If the 8600 Compressor ON/OFF switch is in the OFF position, obtain the appropriate (50 or 60 Hz) *static helium system pressure* from [Table 5-1 on page 5-3](#). Open the gas charge control valve *very slowly* and allow helium to flow until the compressor gauge reading is the same as the appropriate value in [Table 4-1](#).

on page 4-3. As soon as you reach the desired reading, quickly and tightly close the gas charge control valve. Proceed to [Step 13](#).

NOTE: *To avoid opening the safety relief valves, add the helium slowly.*

13. Ensure that the helium charge valve on the 8600 Compressor is tightly closed. Shut off the helium pressure regulator on the helium bottle and remove the charging line from the male flare fitting. Then reinstall the flare cap.

Overview

The following appendices are included to provide the user with a single location for specific information related to the Brooks Automation Product.

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Appendix A: Customer Support Information

Customer Support Center Locations

To locate a Customer Support Center near you, please visit our website www.brooks.com on the world wide web and select *CONTACT* on the home page.

Guaranteed Up-Time Support (GUTS®)

For 24-hour, 7-day per week Guaranteed Up-Time Support (GUTS) dial:

1 800-367-4887 - Inside the United States of America

+1 508-337-5599 - Outside the United States of America

Product Information

Please have the following information available when calling so that we may assist you:

- Product Part Number
- Product Serial Number
- Product Application
- Specific Problem Area
- Hours of Operation
- Equipment Type
- Vacuum System Brand/Model/Date of Manufacture

E-mail

For your convenience, you may also e-mail us at:

techsupport@brooks.com

Appendix B: Flow Diagram

The 8600 Compressor flow diagram is shown in the following figure. The flow through the compressor starts when low-pressure helium gas returning from the cryopump cold head enters the compressor. A small quantity of oil is injected into the gas stream. Compression then transforms the low-pressure helium gas and oil to high-temperature and high-pressure helium gas. The oil, separated from the helium flow, pools at the bottom of the compressor and lubricates the inside of the compressor. Then, a portion of the heated oil goes through the oil injection line to be cooled and returns to the compressor.

The high-temperature and high-pressure helium gas from the compressor passes through the helium heat exchanger and is cooled down with water. Helium at a normal temperature enters the oil separator, where the helium flow is separated into oil and helium gas. Separated oil runs through the oil return filter and orifice and once again meets with the low-pressure helium at the front of the compressor. Then helium gas and oil return to the compressor. The helium gas that came out of the oil separator goes through the adsorber to adsorb and remove the oil mist. Then, high-purity helium gas is supplied through a flexible hose to the cold head.

Note the safety devices in the compressor that are explained in the following figure.

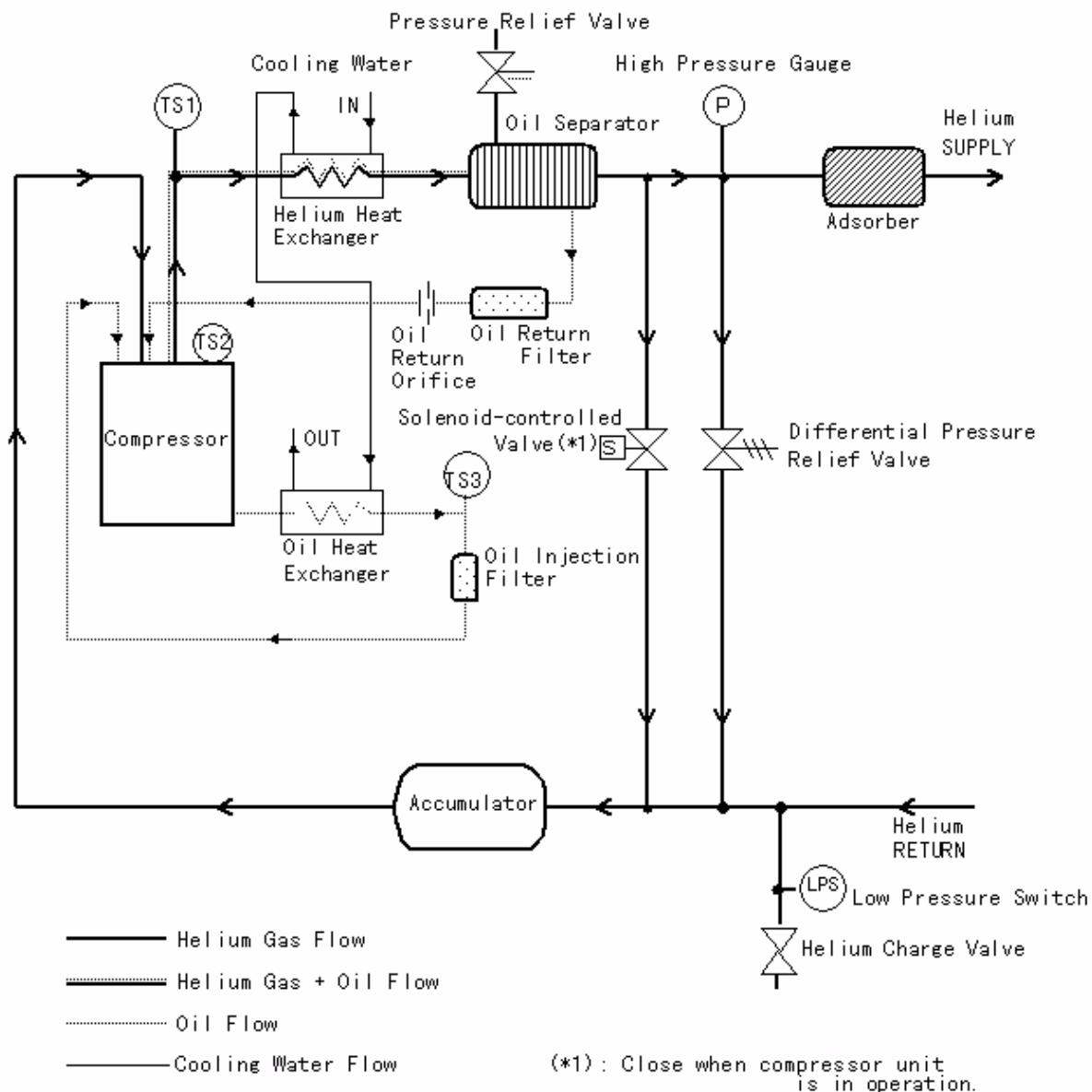


Figure 7-1: 8600 Compressor Flow Diagram

Table 7-1: 8600 Compressor Safety Devices

Name	Function	Specification
Pressure Relief Valve	Located in the helium supply line and operates automatically when the pressure exceeds the specified value.	2.55MPa (gage) (370 psig)
Differential Pressure Relief Valve	Located in the spacing between the supply and return helium lines and stabilizes the differential pressure automatically.	1.74MPa (250 psi)

Appendix C: Troubleshooting Procedures

Technical Inquiries

See [Appendix A: Customer Support Information on page 7-2](#) for information on contacting customer support.

8600 Compressor Error Messages

When error messages appear on the front panel elapsed time meter/error message display of the 8600 Compressor (see display in the following figure), perform one of these procedures according to the NORMAL/C20 switch setting:

- [Troubleshooting when the NORMAL/C20 Switch is Set to NORMAL on page 7-7](#)
- [Troubleshooting when the NORMAL/C20 Switch is Set to C/20 on page 7-8](#)

NOTE: *The NORMAL/C20 switch location on the back panel can be seen in [Figure 2-9 on page 2-13](#).*

Table 7-1: Alarm Status Table

Status	Description	Status	Description
1	Reverse Phase, Low Volt	5	LPS Low Helium Pressure
2	TS2 Over Temperature	6	CP2 Cold Head Trip
3	TS1 Over Temperature	7	OL1 Comp. Over Current
4	TS3 Over Temperature	8	Controller Fault

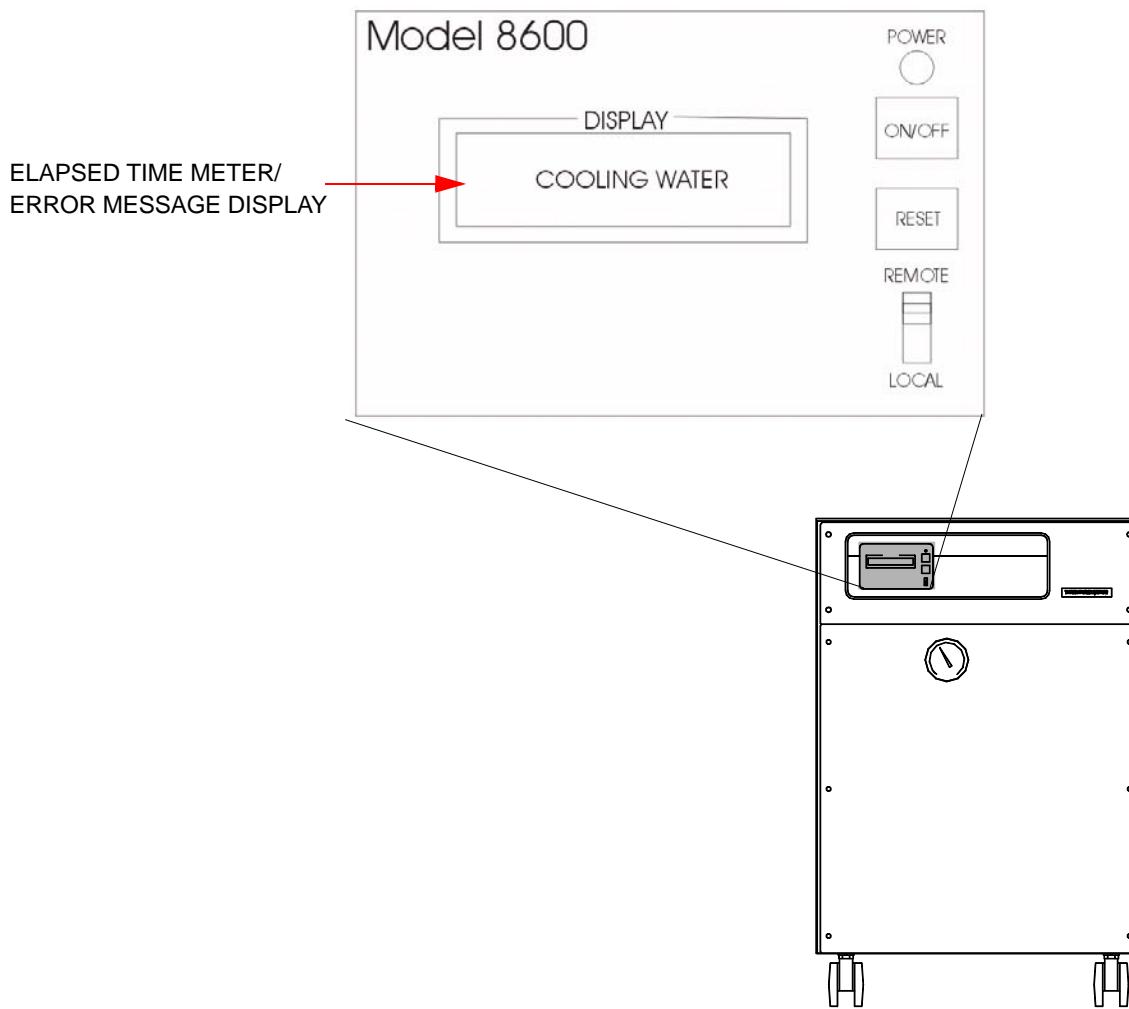


Figure 7-2: 8600 Compressor Elapsed Time Meter/Error Message Display, Type 01

Troubleshooting when the NORMAL/C20 Switch is Set to NORMAL

Perform the following procedure if an error message appears on the elapsed time meter/error message display and you have the NORMAL/C20 switch set to NORMAL:

1. Look in [Table 7-2 on page 7-9](#) to find the error message that is displayed on the 8600 Compressor elapsed time meter/error message display.

NOTE: *If the failure message is not cancelled when the RESET switch is pressed, wait fifteen minutes and press the RESET switch again. If the thermal switch operates, it takes about 15 minutes to reset.*

2. Press the RESET switch. This cancels the failure signal and the status display shows the elapsed time. (For example, it may display **120.5h** to indicate that the unit has operated 120 hours and 30 minutes.)
3. Restart the 8600 Compressor.

Troubleshooting when the NORMAL/C20 Switch is Set to C/20

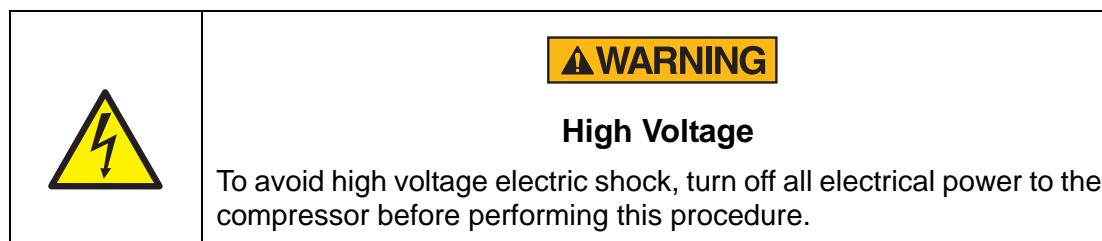
Perform the following procedure if an error message appears on the elapsed time meter/error message display and you have the NORMAL/C20 switch set to C/20:

1. Look in [Table 7-2 on page 7-9](#) to find the error message that is displayed on the 8600 Compressor elapsed time meter/error message display.
2. Press the RESET switch. This cancels the failure signal, and the status display will show the elapsed time. For example, the display may read "COOLING WATER" when the error occurs, but after you press the RESET switch, a message similar to the following may appear: "ETM: 120.5h" to indicate that the unit has operated 120 hours and 30 minutes.

NOTE: *If the failure message is not cancelled when the RESET switch is pressed, wait fifteen minutes and press the RESET switch again. If the thermal switch operates, it takes about 15 minutes to reset.*

3. Restart the 8600 Compressor by performing one of the following actions:
 - Turn off the power and then turn on the power by pressing the ON/OFF switch.
 - Turn off the input signal and turn on the input signal.

NOTE: *For your convenience, there is an operating log ([Table 7-3 on page 7-12](#)) that you can use to log significant statistical events related to your 8600 Compressor.*



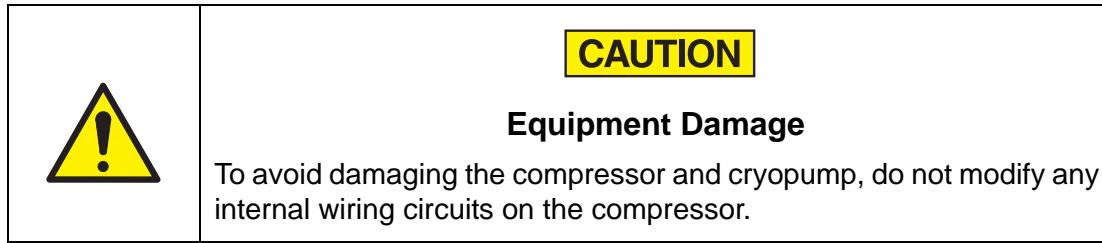
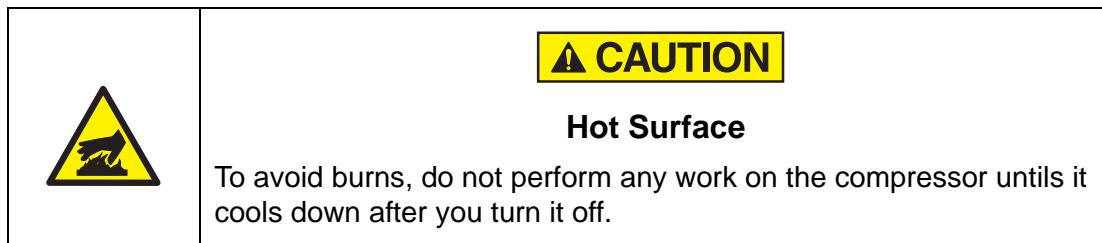
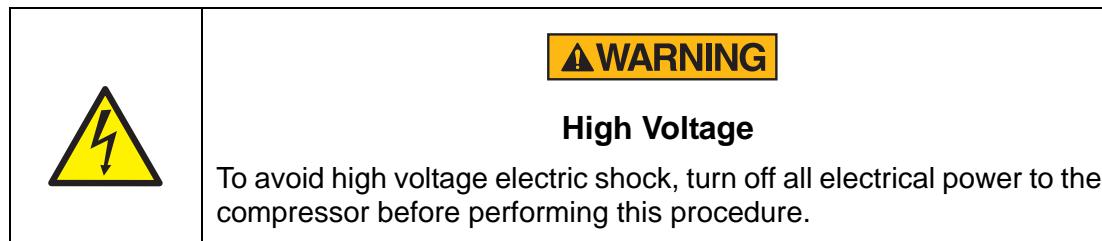


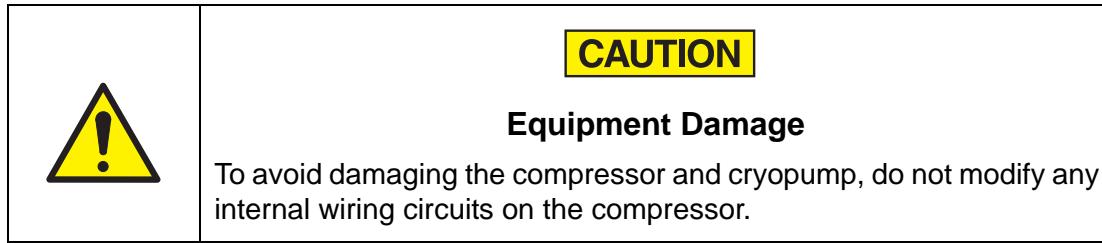
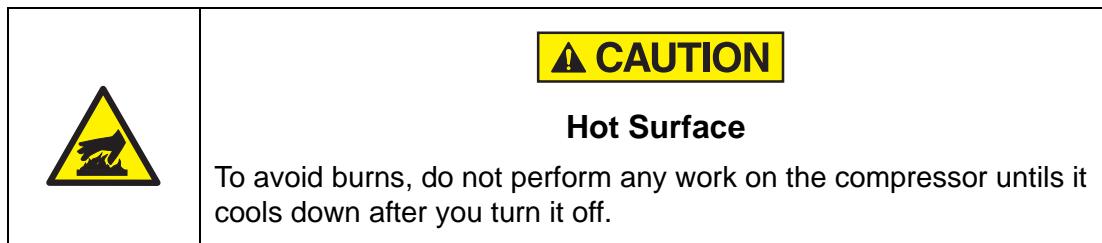
Table 7-2: 8600 Compressor Error Messages

No.	Message	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
1	COOLING WATER	Thermal switch (TS3) operates.	Check the cooling water requirements.
2	LOW PRESSURE	Low pressure switch (LPS) operates.	Add helium gas.
3	OVERLOAD	Overcurrent relay (TS) operates.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Check the power source requirements.2. Check the cooling water and ambient temperature.3. Check the static helium pressure.
4	OTHERS	Thermal switch (TS1 or TS2) operates.	Contact Customer Support.
5	REVERSE PHASE	Reverse 3-phase at input power.	Change phase at input power connector.

Table 7-2: 8600 Compressor Error Messages

No.	Message	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
6	Cir PROTECTOR-2	Circuit Protector (CP2) operates.	Turn on the Cir P2. Contact the customer support center.
7	POWER FAILURE	Power failure of more than 2 seconds.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> When the NORMAL/C20 switch is in the NORMAL position, the 8600 Compressor runs automatically when power fails within seconds. When the NORMAL/C20 switch is in the C20 position, the following occurs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The POWER FAILURE message is not displayed if the operation signal is OFF within 50 msec after the power is cut. Pushing the RESET button is unnecessary. When the operation signal will be OFF after 50 msec, the 8600 Compressor runs automatically when power fails within seconds. Regeneration: If the temperature of the 20HP Cryopump second stage is 20K or more (or at a pressure of 1×10^{-2}Pa or more) due to the power failure, regenerate the cryopump.
8	REF. FUSE (C30V ONLY)	The fuse blows.	Replace the fuse and contact Customer Support.





When an irregular stop occurs due to a failure not listed in [Table 7-2 on page 7-9](#), power cycle the compressor by shutting off the power supply and then turning it on.

Table 7-3: Operating Log

Appendix D: Troubleshooting Procedures, Type 02 Only

These troubleshooting procedures apply to Type 02 compressors only. See the previous sections for Type 01 and Type 02 troubleshooting procedures.

Alarm Sounds Continuously When Compressor is Turned On

Normally, after the Type 02 compressor is turned on (see [Turn On the Type 02 Compressor \(Use Local Mode\) on page 5-5](#)), the PWR LED and RDY LED indicators light up and the alarm buzzer stops, which indicates the compressor is ready for operation.

If the alarm does not stop and all STS indicators (8) light up as shown in [Figure 7-3](#), you may be using the reverse phase of input power cable. In this case, rewire the input power cable.

1. Turn OFF the breaker for the compressor unit from equipment side to cut off the power source.
2. Ensure that the wire gauge and wire color is wired in the correct order.

For reverse phase, switch R(L1) with T(L3) especially when S(L2) is close to GND potential.

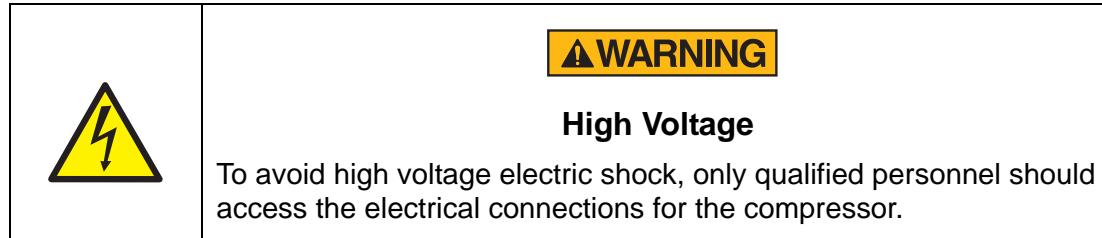
3. Turn on the compressor unit from the equipment side.

The LED indicators light up as shown in [Figure 7-3](#) in a few seconds, and the compressor unit is ready for the operation.



Figure 7-3: Reverse Phase or Phase Loss

NOTE: ALL STS indicators will also light up when there is a phase loss or lower supply voltage than rated voltage. In case the phase sequence is correct, check the supply voltage or input power cable.



Alarm Code Description

Reverse Phase, Low Volt (Improper Phase Sequence, Lower Voltage)

- 1 Detect reverse phase or lower voltage of AC mains. Check that the line voltage (R-S,S-T,T-R) at input power cable is rated appropriately. If the voltage is correct, then re-check the AC main wiring. See [Alarm Sounds Continuously When Compressor is Turned On on page 7-13](#).
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6 For lower voltage, check the input power line of the compressor unit and distribution power circuit in the equipment side. Phase loss of AC mains may cause
- 7
- 8 LED indicators to flash.

NOTE: *Improper phase sequence will not occur during normal operation in general. The problem may occur during start-up of the system installation.*

TS2 Over Temperature (Overtemperature)

- 1 Detects the temperature of the compressor. When TS2 is working, the compressor has unrecoverable abnormal conditions. Contact your local customer support center immediately.
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8

TS1 Over Temperature (Overtemperature)

- 1 Detects the temperature of helium supply line. When TS1 is working, the compressor has unrecoverable abnormal conditions. Contact your local customer support center immediately.
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8

TS3 Over Temperature (Overtemperature)

- 1 Detects when cooling water and its lines are in an abnormal condition. Check the temperature and flow rate of cooling water. Wait for 15 minutes until the switch recovers. After that, clear the alert by pushing the RST switch.
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8

LPS Low Helium Pressure (Lowered Helium Pressure)

- 1 Detects lowered pressure of helium return line. There is a possibility of helium leakage or damage of helium lines.
- 2
- 3 The set-point of LPS is $0.1 \pm 0.02 \text{ MPaG}$.
- 4 Check the connections of flexible hoses between compressor unit and cold head.
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8

CP2 Cold Head Trip (Cold Head Overcurrent)

- 1 Alerts the over-current status of the cold head or the wirings. Check the line short of the cold head cable and the ground short of the cable when CP2 trips. If there is a short, disconnect the cable from the cold head connector and then check if the failure is caused from the cable or the cold head.
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5 This alert stops operation of the compressor and the cold head.
- 6
- 7
- 8

OL1 Comp. Over Current (Overload, or Phase Loss)

- 1 Alerts when over-current and/or phase loss of compressor are detected. Refer to [Appendix E: Electrical Schematic for the 8600 Compressor on page 7-17](#) for OL1.
- 2
- 3
- 4 Check the helium pressure, and then open controller and check the set-point of OL1. Ensure it is set to the appropriate position.
- 5
- 6 To clear the alert, turn off the power for at least 5 minutes, and then turn on the power.
- 7
- 8

Controller Fault

- 1 Control module always checks the hardware for the safety operation. The alert
- 2 indicates MC fault during running operation, loosened wiring in controller.
- 3 When the alert occurs, turn OFF power of the compressor unit and check the
- 4 loosened wirings if it is possible. After a few minutes have passed, turn the
- 5 power ON. If the same alert occurs again, contact Customer Service.
- 6
- 7
- 8

Appendix E: Electrical Schematic for the 8600 Compressor

Introduction

The following schematic supports the 8600 Compressor, part number 8175G001.

Table 7-4: Basic Control Assembly Legend

Identifier	Name	Description
TS	Over Current Relay (AUTO RESET)	This relay automatically stops the compressor if the current flowing in the compressor is higher than the specified value due to overloading or other causes.
CP1	Circuit Protector (MANUAL RESET)	This device shuts off power if any line in the compressor circuitry is shorted. The rated current for this circuit is 30A.
Cir P2	Circuit Protector (MANUAL RESET)	This device shuts off power if any line in the cold head circuitry is shorted. The rated current for this circuit is 1A.
PRR	Reverse Phase Protective Relay	This relay does not allow the compressor to start when the compressor power wires are connected to the reverse phase.
TS1	Thermal Switch	This switch automatically stops the compressor if the oil flow rate is insufficient or the compressor is overloaded.
TS2	Thermal Switch	This switch stops the compressor if the compressor pump temperature is excessively higher due to overloading or some other cause.
TS3	Thermal Switch	This switch stops the compressor if there is no cooling water supply, or cooling water temperature is excessively high.
LPS	Low Pressure Switch	This switch stops the compressor when the pressure drops below a set value (due to leakage or some other cause). The set pressure is 14.5 ± 2.9 psi (0.1 ± 0.02 MPa) (gage).
SOL	Solenoid Valve	This valve opens when the compressor is turned off.

Remote/Response Wiring

The interface for remote operation is shown in the following figure. You can select input signal 1 or 2 by selecting the front panel NORMAL/C20 switch, respectively. To cancel the failure message, press the RESET switch on the front panel.

Review the response for the no-voltage/dry contact in the following table and review the system response/failure response maximum switching capacity in [Table 7-6](#) on [page 7-20](#).

NOTE: *You must supply a unique signal to the interface for each compressor.*

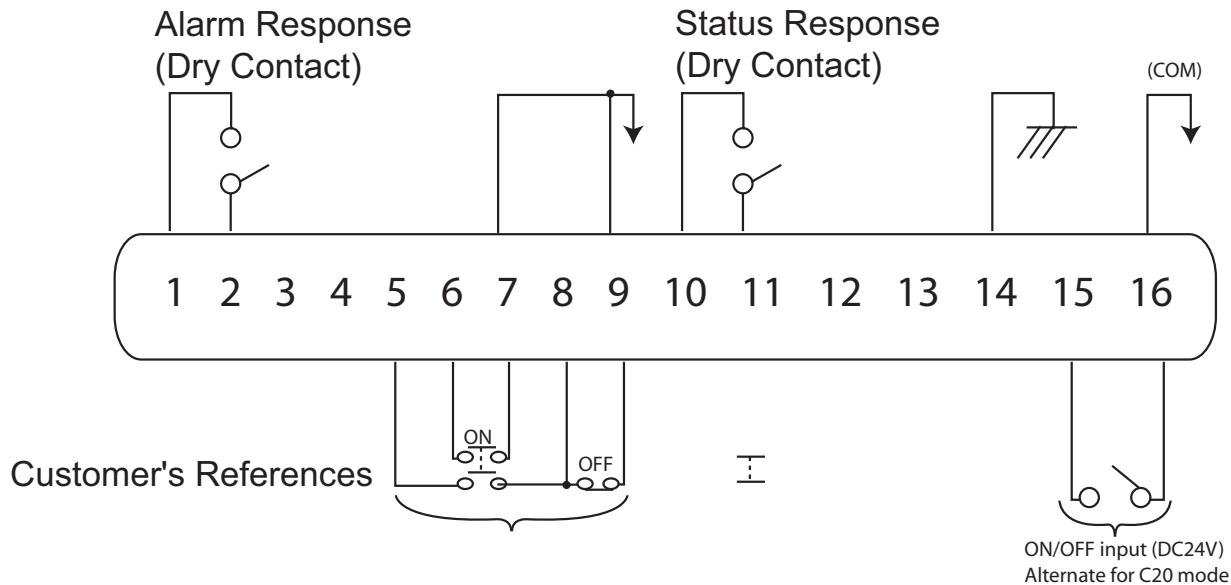


Figure 7-4: Remote Response Interface and Wiring Diagram, Type 01

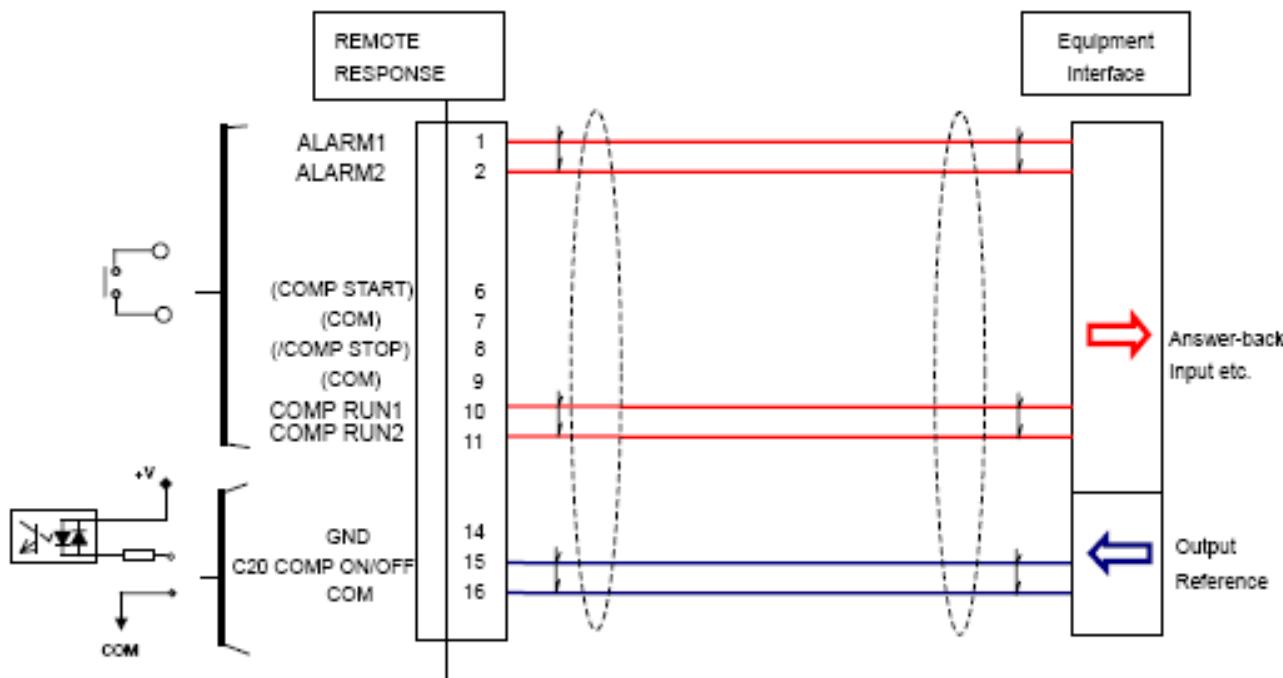


Figure 7-5: Remote Connections, Type 02

Input Signal	PIN No	C30V R. REMOTE/RESPONSE	PIN No.	Output Signal
		Wire Diameter: AWG22 - 18		
COMP START	6	4 13 1 15 16 10 14	1	ALARM1
COM	7		2	ALARM2
/COMP STOP	8		10	COMP RUN1
COM	9		11	COMP RUN2
C20 COMP ON/OFF	15		12	(Reserved for Factory test)
COM	16		14	(GND)

(SRCN6A25-16P)

Figure 7-6: Remote/Response Pin Assignments, Type 02

Table 7-5: Response (No-Voltage/Dry Contact)

Item	Pin Number
Status	10-11
Alarm	1-2

Table 7-6: System Response/Failure Response Max. Switching Capacity

Parameter	Resistive Load	Inductive Load
Switching Capacity	250VAC 5A 30VDC 5A	250VAC 2A 30VDC 2A
Maximum Voltage	380VAC, 125VDC	
Maximum Current	5A	
Minimum Rate	5VDC 10mA	

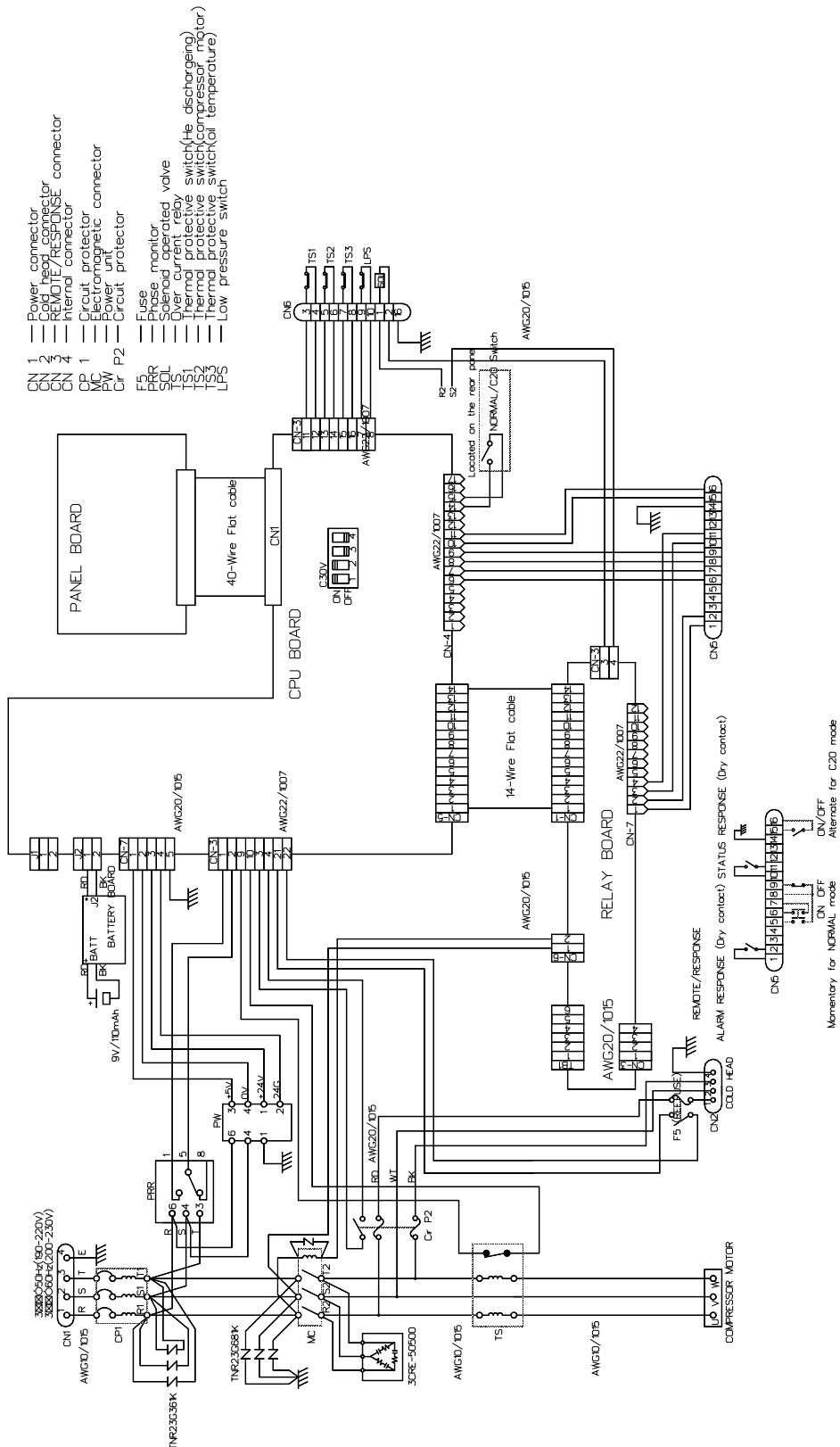


Figure 7-7: 8600 Compressor Electrical Schematic

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