

Chapter - 9

Family and Community

Q.1 Facts that Matter

- 1. Family- A bond :** The family is the most basic and ancient unit of society. Two main types of families are Joint and Nuclear. Responsibilities within a family are defined for all the member. Families shape the societies as they teach values like duty, service, non-violence, sacrifice etc.
- 2. Community :** Community is a group of families connected by location, culture, or common interests. e.g. Residents' Welfare Associations in urban areas. Families rely on the community for various needs, such as education, work, and safety. Communities depend on cooperation from individuals and families to function effectively.
- 3. Festivals bring togetherness :** Festivals are times of celebrations where people come together to enjoy and share happiness which strengthen bonds between family members.
- 4. Importance of Joint family :** Joint family brings more affection and love between family members, share responsibilities, cultural preservation, emotional support, socialisation and bonding.
- 5. Role of RWA :** Residential Welfare Society (RWA) embodies the spirit of community bringing together the diverse aspects of residents lives.
- 6. Our Grandparents:** Granparents are cherished family pillars, offering unconditional love, wisdom and stories from the past making them best friends & role models who teach life lessons, values and a sense of society.

Q.2 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. Which of the following is a primary function of a family?**
b) Social security
- 2. Joint families are more common in_____.**
b) Rural areas
- 3. Which institution helps in the socialization of a child apart from the family?**
c) School
- 4. The head of the family is usually_____.**
b) the oldest person
- 5. Community living teaches us_____.**
c) Cooperation and harmony
- 6. Which type of family promotes economic savings?**
b) Joint

7. **Name the basic unit of society.**
c) Family
8. **Respecting elders is a value learned in_____.**
c) family
9. **A good citizen should_____.**
b) respect others
10. **Festivals are best celebrated:**
c) in family and community

Q.3 Study the picture, and answer the questions that follow

- a. **Describe the Picture.**

Kamal's-Footpath School

- b. **Explain the person's attitude towards the community as depicted in the picture.**

Kamal Parmar's story reflects community values through his dedication to help underprivileged children. His selfless act of teaching these children shows how one individual can make a positive difference in the lives of others.

- c. **What values does this initiative reflect?**

Kamal Parmar's Initiative reflects values like selflessness, service, leadership, responsibility towards society, community spirit and emphasis on education.

Q.4 Write the correct statement for each incorrect statement given below.

1. **A joint family includes only parents and children.**

A nuclear family includes only parents and children.

2. **During the Jhabua water crisis, the Santhal community planted trees, dug trenches and created other water harvesting structures to conserve rainwater.**

During the Jhabua water crisis, the Bhil community planted trees, dug trenches and created other water harvesting structures to conserve rainwater.

3. **Community helps in building cooperation and division among people.**

Unity,

4. **Family teaches values like duty (dharma), service (seva), violence (ahimsa), and sacrifice (tyaga).**

Non violence,

5. **Shri Rakesh Sharma is associated with Shivganga movement.**

Shri Mahesh Sharma is associated with Shivganga movement.

Q.5 Fill in the blanks.

1. A family that consists of parents and children is called a **Nuclear** family.
2. Communities have shared rules for managing resources like **water** and **grazing lands**.
3. Relationships among family members are based on **love**, **care**, **co-operation** and interdependence.
4. **Residents' Welfare Association** is a community group in urban areas that manages local issues like waste disposal, cleanliness, safety etc.
5. **Co-operation** means 'working together'.

Q.6 Match the items given in Column A with their correct pair in Column B.

Column A	Column B
1. Community	d. People living together
2. Joint family	c. Group living and sharing
3. Family	b. Emotional support
4. Festivals	a. Celebrated together
5. Grandparents	e. Teach moral values

Q.7 Assertion & Reason based Questions

- a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true, but R is false.
- d) A is false, but R is true.

Choose the correct option

1. **Assertion (A)** : Family is the second school of socialization.
Reason (R) : Families teach children how to behave and interact with others.
 2. **Assertion (A)** : Community rules play a vital role in resource management by ensuring sustainable use and management of shared natural resources.
Reason (R) : Community practices also play a crucial role in passing down traditional skills, knowledge and values from one generation to the next.
1. d) **A is false, Reason is true.**
 2. b) **Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.**

Q.8 Case Study Based Question

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

- a. **Who helps the children with their studies?**
Grandfather
- b. **Name two values Anita learns from her family.**

Sharing and respect for elders

c. How does everyone contribute to the family?

By sharing responsibilities like cooking, studying, and household work.

Q.9 Answer the following questions.

1. How do families depend on communities?

Families depend on communities for education, healthcare, jobs, and security.

2. What is Halma?

Halma is a tradition of coming together in the Bhil community to support any individual or family in times of crisis.

3. Who teaches the first lessons of discipline to a child?

The family

4. Why do people in a community celebrate festivals together?

To promote unity, joy, and social bonding among members.

5. How are relationships based in a family?

Relationships among family members are based on love, care, cooperation and interdependence.

6. Differentiate between a Joint family and a Nuclear family.

JOINT FAMILY

Several generations live together and is limited to a couple and their children and grandparents, parents, uncles, aunts, sometimes one parent and children, brothers, sisters and cousins. Key features are discipline and responsibility, co-operation and team work.

NUCLEAR FAMILY

Parents with their children live together. They share expenses and responsibilities. They bear all expenses and household responsibilities. They have more privacy. Key values learned include direct communication, adaptability etc.

7. What should society do to make sure that all children get access to education?

To ensure all children have access to education, society should prioritize investing in free or affordable schooling, scholarships, community learning programs, and improving educational infrastructure, particularly in underprivileged areas.

- a. Free textbooks, midday meals, and transportation support should be provided.
- b. Issues like barriers related to gender, disability, or socio-economic status should be addressed to create equal educational opportunities.

8. Define RWA. How does it play an important role in today's time?

RWA is Residents' Welfare Association.

It is a new type of community that has emerged in the last 30 or 40 years in many urban areas.

They make their own rules and regulations. Those could be rules about waste management, cleanliness of common areas, taking care of pets, and so on.

People living in the community participate in making such rules and regulations.

9. Describe how communities contribute to the well-being of their members.

Communities provide social support, help in times of need, and promote cooperation among people.

They organize events and festivals, encourage participation, and offer emotional bonding.

Community institutions like schools and clubs help in education and development.

Overall, they create a sense of identity and belonging.

10. Why is it important to maintain harmony in both family and community?

Harmony ensures peaceful living, cooperation, and mutual respect.

In families, it reduces conflicts and strengthens bonds.

In communities, it promotes unity, development, and collective progress.

Harmony helps individuals feel secure and supported, which is essential for a happy and balanced life.

‘Lead with purpose’

Your vision, Your way

Students to address the people of the society by making them aware how to nurture their surroundings & preserve the beauty of nature in the community.