

Chapter - 13

The Value of Work

Q.1 Facts that Matter

- 1. Why do we work :** Work is a way to earn money to meet our needs—food, shelter, clothing, and other essentials. Work also offers a sense of purpose, social interaction, and personal fulfilment. Work also helps structure our time and provides a sense of responsibility.
- 2. Economic activities :** Economic activities refer to the various actions or processes through which goods and services are produced, distributed, and consumed in an economy. These activities are typically classified into four main sectors: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Quaternary.
- 3. Importance of Non- Economic activities :** Non-economic activities are also important because they contribute significantly to individual well-being, social development, and the overall health of society. While non-economic activities may not be captured in financial terms, they play an essential role in fostering a healthy, cohesive, and a sustainable society.
- 4. Swachh Bharat Abhiyan :** Swachh Bharat Abhiyan (Clean India Mission) is a nationwide campaign launched by PM Sh. Narendra Modi on Oct 2, 2014, at Rajghat New Delhi. The objective is to achieve clean and open defecation free India.
- 5. Festival of forests :** Van Mahotsav or 'festival of forests' was started Dr. K.M Munshi in 1950, then Union Minister for Agriculture to create awareness about the significance of trees in balancing ecological balance.
- 6. Community Services :** Community service is a work done by a person or a group of people to help the community without getting paid. It help people in need for e.g cleaning public places. Seva in langars, planting trees, helping elderly people etc.

Q.2 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. Give an example of an economic activity.**
b) A lawyer arguing a case and earning a fee
- 2. Which of the following best explains the concept of Seva?**
b) Selfless service, which contributes to society without expecting anything in return.
- 3. Which of the following is a non-economic activity?**
b) A mother helping her children with school work
- 4. What is the monetary value added by Rajesh to the wood while making furniture?**

b) 400

5. Which of the following is not a non-economic activity?

b) A doctor treating patients for a fee

6. What is the main difference between economic and non-economic activities?

a) Economic activities involve money, while non-economic activities do not.

7. Which of the following is not an example of a skilled worker?

a) Labourer

8. _____ is an example of community participation?

a) Langar at a Gurudwara

9. What does the Swachh Bharat Abhiyan focus on?

b) Cleaning public spaces

10. The community kitchens are also known as _____.

b) Langar

Q.3 Study the picture, and answer the questions that follow.

a. What does the picture depict?

The picture shows Van Mahotsav.

b. State the purpose of this initiative.

Its purpose is to promote awareness about the value of trees and the conservation of forests.

c. What values does this initiative reflect?

People feel responsible and connected to the environment.

Q.4 Fill in the blanks.

1. **Education** plays a crucial role in developing skills and preparing individuals for different types of work.

2. Different types of work are interconnected and **interdependent**.

3. Helping others is an act of **Kindness**.

4. A person who does physical labour without specialised skills is called a **labourer**.

5. **Van Mahotsav** is called the festival of forests.

Q.5 Answer in One Word

1. A non-cash payment that is received for the work performed.

Payment in kind

2. A fixed regular payment generally paid monthly by an employer to an employee.

Salary

3. **A payment made by the employer to the worker for a specific period of time.**

Wage

4. **A payment made to a person or organisation in exchange for professional advice or services.**

Fee

Q.6 Assertion & Reason Questions

- a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true, but R is false.
- d) A is false, but R is true.

Choose the correct option

1. **Assertion (A)** : From the community participation we learn to clean only our houses and not to bother about keeping our surroundings clean.

Reason (R) : Swachh Bharat Abhiyan is a perfect example of cleaning surroundings together which proves the strength of community participation.

2. **Assertion (A)** : Non-economic activities do not generate income or wealth.

Reason (R) : They are performed out of feelings like gratitude, love, and care .

- 1. d) **A is false, but R is true.**
- 2. a) **Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.**

Q.7 Case Study Based Questions

- a) **Identify the economic activities performed by Kavya's aunt.**

Working at the Post Office and conducting online classes are the economic activities.

- b) **Identify the non-economic activities performed by her.**

Participating in the tree plantation drive during Van Mahotsav is a non-economic activity.

- c) **What is Van Mahotsav?**

It is an annual one-week nationwide tree plantation festival in India. It was initiated by K.M. Munshi, in 1950.

Q.8 Answer the following questions.

1. **What is a market?**

Market is a place where people engage in the exchange of goods and services either for other goods or for money.

2. **Why do we attach a great value to people who are engaged in community service activities?**

We attach a great value to people who are engaged in community service

activities as it showcases the individual's responsibility towards humanity and the environment.

3. Define the term 'Money's worth'.

Money's worth is the monetary value that a person places on an object based on the benefit that they derive from it.

4. What is value addition in economic activities?

Value addition in economic activities is the process of transforming something into another form, adding monetary value.

5. Why are non-economic activities important for society?

Non-economic activities contribute to social welfare, personal wellbeing, and enhance the overall quality of life.

6. How does Langar at Gurudwaras demonstrate selfless service?

Langar at Gurudwaras provides free meals to everyone. Volunteers cook and serve food without expecting compensation. It fosters a sense of unity and selflessness. People feel a sense of satisfaction and gratitude.

7. What is the goal of Swachh Bharat Abhiyan?

The goal of Swachh Bharat Abhiyan is based on the collective efforts of all Indian citizens to keep their surroundings clean. Individually, we keep our homes and surroundings clean. People also come together to clean up streets, roads, parks and other public places or community areas. Together, these efforts lead to a clean home, neighbourhood, society and nation.

8. Festival preparations are valuable. Discuss.

Festival preparations are valuable because they involve people working together to decorate, cook, and share food. These activities are done for joy and tradition, not for monetary gain. They help build community spirit, strengthen family ties, and create lasting memories.

9. How are people compensated in different ways while performing an economic activity?

People are compensated in different ways while performing an economic activity. These are:

- a) **Wages** : The type of cash payment made to workers for working for a short period.
- b) **Salaries** : The type of payment made to permanent workers every month is called a Salary.
- c) **Fee** : The type of payment made to an individual or an organisation in exchange for professional advice or service. For example, a fee charged by a tutor, doctor, or lawyer.
- d) **Payment in Kind** is the non-cash payment given for a small work. For example, giving part of the farm output to the labourer working on the farm.
- e) **Profits** : Big companies earn profits from running a business.
- f) **Rent** : Landowners earn rent on the land owned by them.

10. Differentiate between economic and non-economic activities with examples.

Economic activities are those that involve money or are performed in exchange for money or money's worth for the parties involved. For example, a business person selling school bags in the market, a farmer selling produce in the market, a lawyer arguing a case and earning a fee, a truck driver transporting goods from one place to another, workers employed in a car manufacturing factory, etc.

Non-economic activities are those that do not generate income or wealth but are done out of feelings like gratitude, love, care and respect. For instance, parents cooking food for the family or helping their children with schoolwork, youth taking care of the grandparents, family members helping in the renovation of the house, etc.

'A shift from Cash to Digital'

1) Credit/ Debit Cards- These are widely used for online shopping and bill payments.

2) Digital Wallets- Digital money is stored for quick payments using mobile devices. Eg. Paytm, Gpay.

3) UPI (Unified Payment Interface)- Instant fund transfer system linked to bank accounts.

4) Crypto currencies- Decentralized digital currencies for secure transactions. Eg. Bitcoins.

5) QR Code Payments- QR codes are scanned for quick payments.

6) Online Banking- Funds are transferred between banks. Eg. NEFT, IMPS.