

Resección neoplásica de ovario / peritoneo / trompa de Falopio:

Informe basado en protocolo CAP vigente, basado en AJCC/UICC TNM, 8ª ed.:

- Historia clínica: mutación BRCA 1. / 2. / síndrome de Lynch. / cáncer hereditario de ovario. / mama. / otros.
- Procedimiento: histerectomía total, con doble anexectomía / salpinguectomía. / histerectomía radical / simple / supracervical. / anexectomía. / ooforectomía. / omentectomía. / biopsia peritoneal.
- Tipo de cirugía: abdominal. / vaginal. / laparoscópica.
- Integridad de la muestra: cápsula ovárica / serosa de la trompa de Falopio íntegra. / rota. / fragmentada.
- Localización tumoral: ovario derecho / izquierdo. / trompa de Falopio derecha / izquierda. / peritoneo.
- Tamaño:
 - * Dimensión mayor: cm.
 - * Dimensiones adicionales: cm.
- Tipo Histológico: tumor seroso borderline / microinvasivo. / carcinoma seroso de alto / bajo grado. / tumor borderline mucinoso. / carcinoma endometriode. / carcinoma de células claras.
- Grado histológico: borderline (GB). / bien diferenciado (G1). / moderadamente diferenciado (G2). / pobremente diferenciado (G3).
- Afectación superficial de la trompa y/o ovario: no se observa. / presente (indicar localización).
- Implantes peritoneales: no se observan. / presentes (indicar localización).
- Afectación de otros órganos: anejo izquierdo / derecho. / mucosa rectal. / mucosa vesical. / otros órganos (especificar).
- Foco extrapélvico peritoneal de mayor tamaño: no procede. / de mm.
- Citología de líquido ascítico: (/).
- Respuesta al tratamiento quimioterápico: no procede. / CRS1 (respuesta mínima). / CRS2 (respuesta moderada). / CRS3 (marcada respuesta).
- Ganglios linfáticos regionales:
 - * Ganglios aislados: (/).
 - * Ganglios metastatizados: (/).
- Otros hallazgos:
 - * Anejo derecho: Quistes de inclusión en ovario derecho. / quistes paratubáricos en trompa.
 - * Anejo izquierdo: Quistes de inclusión en ovario derecho. / quistes paratubáricos en trompa.
 - * Cérvix: Quistes de Naboth en cuello uterino, metaplasia escamosa endocervical.
 - * Cuerpo uterino: endometrio atrófico-quístico. / útero polimiomatoso.

***Clasificación TNM:

***Estadio FIGO:

pT1a: Tumor limited to one ovary (capsule intact) or fallopian tube, no tumor on ovarian or fallopian tube surface; no malignant cells in ascites or peritoneal washings#

pT1b: Tumor limited to both ovaries (capsules intact) or fallopian tubes; no tumor on ovarian or fallopian tube surface; no malignant cells in ascites or peritoneal washings

pT1c: Tumor limited to one or both ovaries or fallopian tubes, with any of the following:

___ pT1c1: Surgical spill

___ pT1c2: Capsule ruptured before surgery or tumor on ovarian or fallopian tube surface

___ pT1c3: Malignant cells in ascites or peritoneal washings

pT2a: Extension and / or implants on the uterus and / or fallopian tube(s) and / or ovaries.

pT2b: Extension to and / or implants on other pelvic tissues

pT3a: Microscopic extrapelvic (above the pelvic brim) peritoneal involvement with or without positive retroperitoneal lymph nodes

pT3b: Macroscopic peritoneal metastasis beyond pelvis 2 cm or less in greatest dimension with or without metastasis to the retroperitoneal lymph nodes

pT3c: Macroscopic peritoneal metastasis beyond pelvis more than 2 cm in greatest dimension with or without metastasis to the retroperitoneal lymph nodes (includes extension to capsule of liver and spleen without parenchymal involvement of either organ)

pN0: No regional lymph node metastasis

pN0 (i+): Isolated tumor cells in regional lymph node(s) no greater than 0.2 mm

pN1a: Metastasis up to 10 mm in greatest dimension

pN1b: Metastasis more than 10 mm in greatest dimension

+FIGO Stage (2018 FIGO Cancer Report)

IA: Tumor limited to one ovary or fallopian tube(s), capsule intact; no tumor on ovarian surface or fallopian tube; no malignant cells in ascites or peritoneal washings

IB: Tumor limited to both ovaries or fallopian tube(s), capsules intact, no tumor on ovarian or fallopian tube surface; no malignant cells in the ascites or peritoneal washings

IC: Tumor limited to one or both ovaries or fallopian tube(s), with any of the following subcategories below

___ IC1: Surgical spill

___ IC2: Capsule ruptured before surgery or tumor on ovarian or fallopian tube surface

___ IC3: Malignant cells present in the ascites or peritoneal washings

IIA: Extension and / or implants on the uterus and / or fallopian tube(s)

IIB: Extension to and / or implants in other pelvic tissues

IIIA: Metastasis to the retroperitoneal lymph nodes with or without microscopic peritoneal involvement beyond the pelvis

___ IIIA1: Positive (microscopically confirmed) retroperitoneal lymph nodes only (This is tumor dimension and not lymph node dimension).

___ IIIA1(i): Metastasis less than or equal to 10 mm in greatest dimension

___ IIIA1(ii): Metastasis greater than 10 mm in greatest dimension

___ IIIA2: Microscopic peritoneal metastasis beyond the pelvis with or without positive retroperitoneal lymph nodes

IIIB: Macroscopic peritoneal metastases beyond the pelvic brim less than or equal to 2 cm in greatest dimension with or without positive retroperitoneal lymph nodes Includes extension of tumor to capsule of liver and spleen without parenchymal involvement of either organ.

IIIC: Macroscopic peritoneal metastases beyond the pelvic brim greater than 2 cm in greatest dimension including extension to liver capsule or spleen without parenchymal involvement of those organs and with or without positive retroperitoneal lymph nodes

IVA: Pleural effusion with positive cytology Parenchymal metastases are stage IVB. Disease invading through the bowel wall and into the mucosa increases the stage to IVB, and transmural involvement of a visceral structure also represents stage IVB disease.

IVB: Liver or splenic parenchymal metastasis; metastasis to extra-abdominal organs (including inguinal lymph nodes and lymph nodes outside the abdominal cavity); transmural involvement of intestine.