DISASTER RECOVERY AND BUSINESS CONTINUITY MANAGEMENT

Data Center Assistance Group, LLC



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Executive Framework: 10-Step Disaster Recovery and Business Continuity

Program

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Objective:

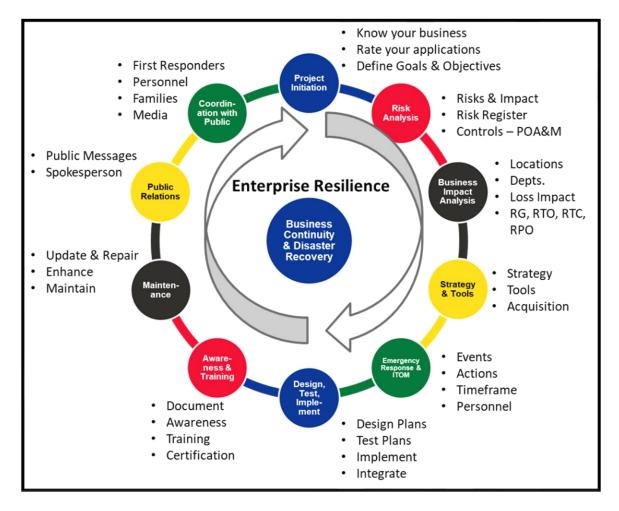
Establish a comprehensive, sustainable, and measurable program tailored to government agency operations, ensuring mission continuity, regulatory compliance, and public trust through proactive disaster recovery and business continuity planning.

Federal Compliance References Integrated:

- NIST SP 800-34 Rev. 1 (Contingency Planning for Federal Information Systems)
- NIST SP 800-30 Rev. 1 (Risk Assessment)

- FISMA, FedRAMP, PPD-40 (Continuity of Government)
- FCD-1, FCD-2 (COOP Planning)
- FIPS 199 impact Levels and Mission Essential Functions (MEFs)
- ISO 31000
- OMB A-130 standards
- Secure by Design guidelines

The Disaster Recovery Ten-Step Process.



1. Project Initiation and Management

Goal:

• Launch a governance-backed program aligned with agency mandates and mission objectives.

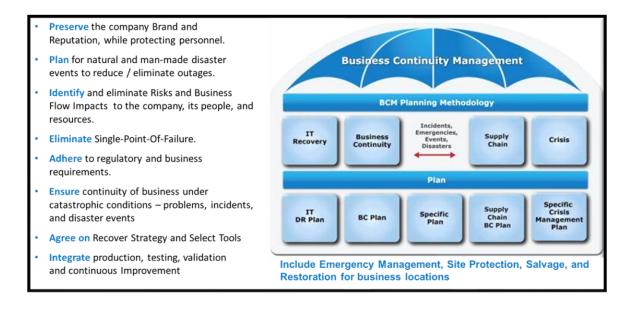
Key Actions:

- Executive charter signed by agency CIO or COO.
- Formation of a Steering Committee with CISO, COOP Manager, and key mission stakeholders.
- Program charter incorporates FISMA and COOP directives.
- Approved project plan with milestones, KPIs, and assigned resources.

Results Tracking:

- MS Project, Asana, or ServiceNow dashboards.
- Bi-weekly progress reports to the Steering Committee.
- RACI matrix for federal accountability.

Component contained within Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery



Get to know the company and establish a direction.

Know your company:

- 1. Most Important Applications & Services (Family Jewels).
- 2. BIA to Define the damage caused if lost and maximum
- duration of survival without the application or service.3. Define Requirements, Scope, Risk, Security, DevSecOps,
- Testing, Recovery, Acceptance, Deployment, and ITSM, ITOM. 4. Define Audit Universe implement legal & auditing functions.
- 5. Define Ideation, Brainstorming, Collaboration, to Concept cycle.
- 6. Implement Systems Engineering Life Cycle (SELC) to respond to new ideas or business opportunities.
- 7. Implement Systems Development Life Cycle (SDLC) to deploy new products and services.
- Define Company Organization to respond to cybersecurity and technology problems in a timely manner to the appropriate authorities (i.e., <u>SEC Rule 2023-139</u>)

Know your Environment:

- 1. Physical and Data Security (Data Sensitivity & Data Flow).
- 2. Architecture and engineering process.
- 3. Asset Inventory and Configuration Management.
- 4. Identify and Access Management.
- 5. GRC based compliance and attestation, CIA based cybersecurity and elimination of viruses and malware.
- 6. Development and implementation of DevSecOps.
- Personnel Titles, Job Functions and Responsibilities, and the integration of sensitive and required services within their everyday work tasks.
- 8. Staff training and development.
- 9. Continuous Monitoring and Improvement, along with the adoption of new technologies and processes (i.e., SRE).
- Deploying error-free products and services (see <u>EO 14028</u> and <u>OBM M-22-18</u>) and utilize the latest technologies to respond to encountered anomalies and verify compliance.
- Set you direction:
 respond to encountered anomalies and verify compliance.

 1. Most efficient, compliant, and secure production environment, capable of recovering from disaster events and providing continuous vulnerability-free
- products and services to customers. Continuity of Succession / Delegation of Authority must be included along with definition of duties.
- Integrate guidelines, standard Operating Procedures, skill development, and awareness throughout the organization.

2. Risk Evaluation and Controls Improvement

Goal:

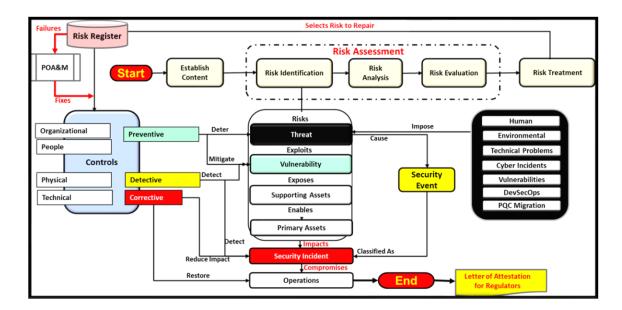
• Evaluate operational, information, and supply chain risks based on federal frameworks.

Key Actions:

- Develop a Risk Register using NIST 800-30 scoring methodology.
- Map risks to FIPS 199 impact levels and mission-essential functions (MEFs).
- Prioritize control improvements using ISO 31000 and OMB A-130 standards.

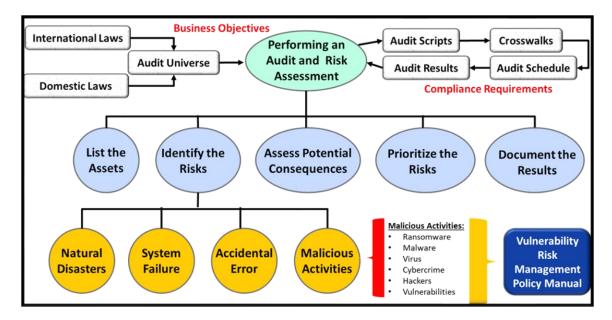
Results Tracking:

- Heat map dashboards updated monthly.
- Risk Committee reviews and mitigation updates.
- Audit logs maintained for FISMA readiness.



Risk evaluation process and results.

Performing a Risk Assessment and Audit.



3. Business Impact Analysis (BIA)

Goal:

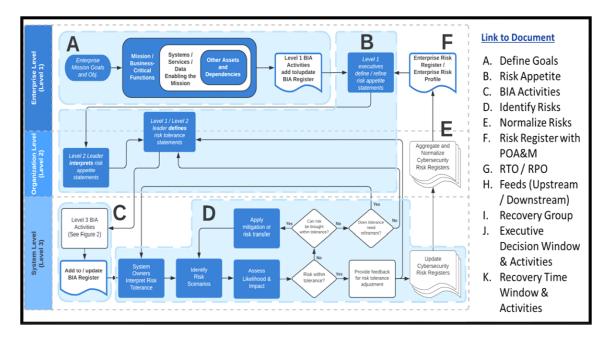
• Quantify mission disruption and recovery needs by function.

Key Actions:

- Conduct interviews/workshops with MEF owners.
- Define RTO, RPO, and MTPD.
- Identify dependencies, shared services, and cloud vs. on-prem workloads.

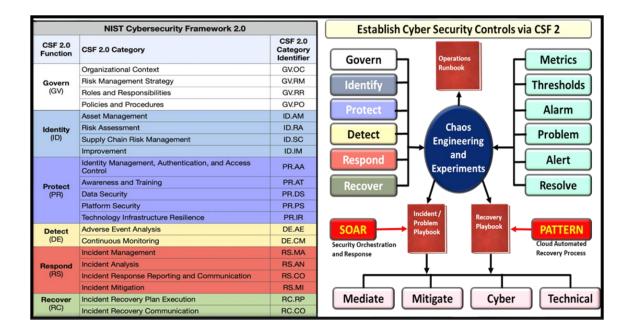
Results Tracking:

- Executive BIA Summary Reports.
- Dependency matrix across agency components.
- Approval by executive sponsor.



Performing a Business Impact Analysis (BIA)

NIST CFS 2.0 Categories and Applications.



4. Developing Business Continuity Strategies

Goal:

• Define and evaluate continuity strategies in alignment with federal guidelines.

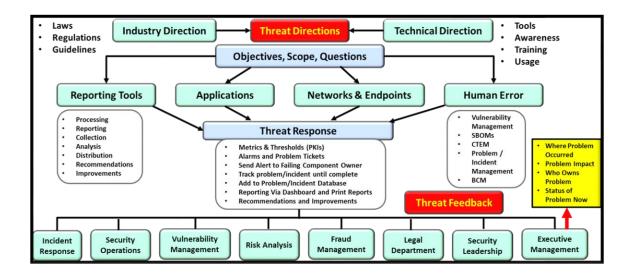
Key Actions:

- Analyze COOP and alternate site options.
- Develop cloud-based and mutual-aid recovery scenarios.
- Evaluate costs vs. federal grant or budget alignment.

Results Tracking:

- Strategy Decision Matrix.
- ROI and OMB A-11 Exhibit 300 compliance.
- COOP Strategy approval.

Understanding Threats and taking corrective actions.



5. Emergency Response and Operations Restoration

Goal:

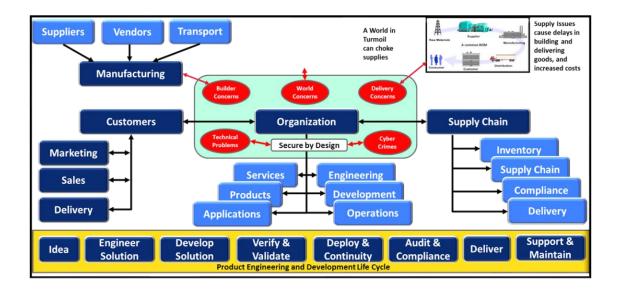
• Ensure rapid response capabilities, life safety, and infrastructure protection.

Key Actions:

- Activate Emergency Operations Center (EOC) with ICS structure.
- Validate data vaulting and off-site backups.
- Coordinate with FEMA, DHS, and local responders.

Results Tracking:

- Response drill metrics.
- After-action reviews (AARs).
- FEMA grant and compliance checklists.



Protecting your organization is becoming more difficult.

Resilience Patterns and Recovery Groups

	Single Region	Multiple Regions		
Resiliency Patterns	In-Region	Active Standby (Pilot Ligt)	Active-Passive (Warm Stendby)	Active-Active (Multi-Site)
Pattern Profile	TRANSACTIONAL TRAFFIC - handled by primary region only No multi-region INFRASTRUCTURE A. POULCATION code only available in single region A. Multi-region RECOVERY not supported	 TRANSACTIONAL TRAFFIC - handled by primary region only INFRASTRUCTURE available on stand-by APPLICATION provisioned, but in shutdown state 	TRANSACTIONAL TRAFFIC - handled by primary region only INFRASTRUCTURE available on standby Minimal APPLICATION footprint running in 2nd rerion (all components are spun up and available with min. capacity, where application)	TRANSACTIONAL TRAFFIC - handled by primary region only Z. NIRFASTRUCTURE always available in both regions 3. APPLICATION stack running active/active multi-region
Reserve Capacity			Required RESERVE CAPACITY	Required RESERVE CAPACITY
Cross-Region Maintenance	None	Maintain PERSISTENT DATA REPLICATION infrastructure APPLICATION CODE maintaned for currency in BOTH REGIONS Operate Production from stand-by region periodically	Maintain PERSISTENT DATA REPLICATION infrastructure Z.APPLICATION CODE maintaned for currency in BOTH REGIONS 3. Operate Production from stand-by region periodically	Maintain 2-WAY PERSISTENT DATA REPLICATION Z.APPLICATION CODE maintaned for currency in BOTH REGIONS 3. Operate Production from stand-by region periodically
Recovery Steps	1. ACQUIRE INFRASTRUCTURE 2. BUILD OUT infrastructure 3. DEPLOY application 4. RECOVER / RECREATE DATA 5. REDIRECT TRAFFIC to region 2	1. SCALE INFRASTRUCTURE 2. STARTUP application 3. FAILOVER TRAFFIC	1. AUTO- SCALE INFRASTRUCTURE 2. FAILOVER TRAFFIC	1. RECOVERY acieved through automated redirect of traffic
Recovery Group (RG)	RG7	RG 4-6	REG 1-3	RG 0
Recovery Time Design (RTD)	Days+	Hours (<8 hrs)	Minutes (<15 mins)	Real-Time (<5mins)
Recovery Point Design (RPCD)	Hours (<8 Hrs)	Minutes (<15 mins)	Minutes (<15 mins)	Real-Time (< 0 mins)
Cloud Based Recovery Group Specifications Preferred Patterns				

6. Designing and Implementing Business Continuity Plans

Goal:

• Document and maintain functional plans for recovery and compliance.

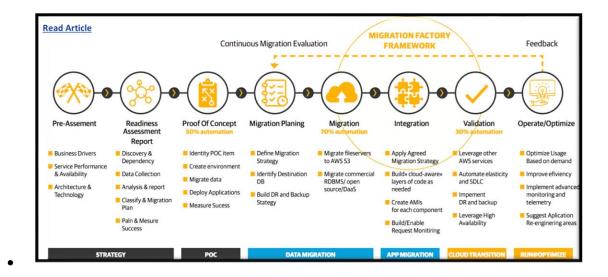
Key Actions:

- Use standardized templates for each department.
- Incorporate access control, escalation, and contact rosters.
- Maintain version control and audit logs.

Results Tracking:

- Plan completeness scoring.
- Annual FISMA reporting integration.
- Plan updates approved by division leads.

Designing and Implementing Disaster Recovery Plans



7. Awareness and Training

Goal:

• Embed continuity culture agency wide.

Key Actions:

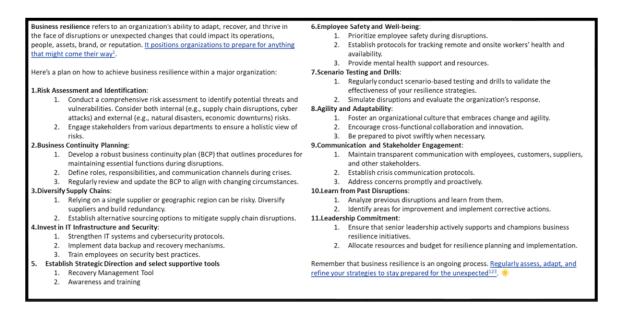
- Deliver training tied to federal role-based guidelines.
- Integrate into onboarding and annual ethics/compliance programs.
- Conduct tabletop and Red Team exercises.

Results Tracking:

• Completion reports.

- Training dashboard for executive review.
- Semi-annual executive awareness sessions.

Disaster Recovery Awareness and Training outline



8. Maintaining and Exercising Business Continuity Plans Goal:

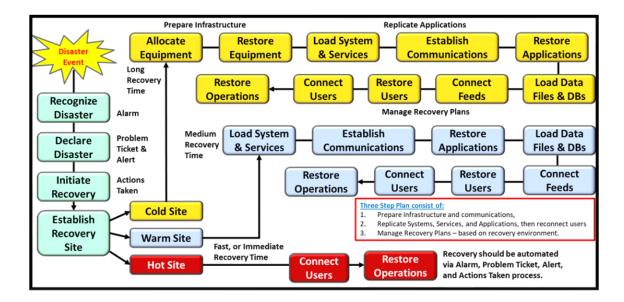
• Verify effectiveness and improve through continuous testing.

Key Actions:

- Tabletop, simulation, and full-scale exercises.
- Incorporate COOP activation and relocation testing.
- Annual FCD-1 compliance assessments.

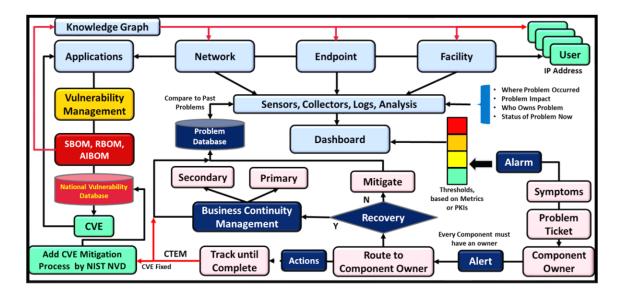
Results Tracking:

- Evaluate success metrics.
- CAP logs and resolution tracking.
- Plan to refresh schedule compliance.



Planning and executing recovery plans.

Tracking problems and initiating recovery operations



9. Public Relations and Crisis Communications

Goal:

• Maintain public trust and transparency.

Key Actions:

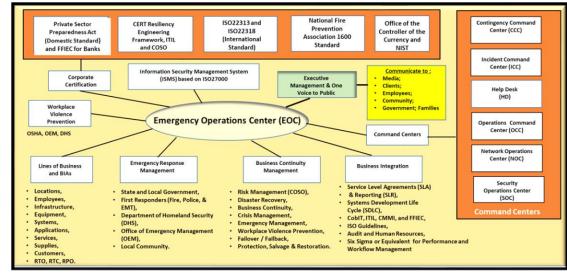
• Crisis Communications Plan aligned with JIC protocols.

- Pre-approved statements were vetted through General Counsel.
- Coordination with Agency PIO and DHS.

Results Tracking:

- Message impact analytics.
- JIC participation logs.
- FOIA-compliance recordkeeping.

Emergency Operations Center



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10. Coordinating with Public Authorities

Goal:

• Ensure response and recovery align with multi-agency and federal expectations.

Key Actions:

- Register with FEMA, DHS, state and regional emergency agencies.
- Sign MOUs with peer agencies.
- Participate in joint exercises and continuity calls.

Results Tracking:

• MOU repository and contact directory.

- FEMA and DHS exercise certification.
- Multi-agency incident AARs.
- •

Governance and Oversight

Steering Committee: Chaired by CIO, with participation from CISO, COOP Coordinator, Legal, and Ops.

Tools Used: MS Project, Asana, ServiceNow, FedRAMP-authorized PM tools.

Reporting Cadence:

- Weekly project status reports (WBS, risks, metrics)
- Monthly executive dashboards
- Quarterly board and OMB briefings

Compliance Checks:

- Annual FISMA control assessments
- NIST 800-34 testing documentation
- COOP/FCD readiness scoring.

For additional information, or to discuss your needs, please contact us.

