Talent Review & Succession Planning

Business Case

Identifying and sustaining a stronger internal leadership pipeline is one of the key pillars of the Organisation's Talent Strategy, namely our strategic workforce planning.

To make this a reality we need to identify and assess those employees who have the potential to grow into the critical roles and help them to fulfil their potential by supporting their development. This process also addresses retention, by leveraging motivation and 'intention to stay'.

Deliverables / Outcomes

- Tangible data regarding the depth of talent for mid- to toplevel leadership roles
- Enhancement of transparency (employees' perception of \bullet how the company sees their potential)
- Identifies Top Talent individuals to participate in the \bullet company's key strategic projects
- Succession pipelines and associated development roadmaps







Talent Review & Succession Planning Process

Talent Review & Succession Planning Timeline

- Performance, EoY Review (2024) Jan: **Objectives 2025**
- Personal Development 2025 Feb:
- Inputs to Function's TR Mar:
- Sub Functions TR Apr:
- May: **Functions/BUs TR**
- Sub/Function Succession Plans Jun:
- Jul/Aug: Employee Formal TR Feedback Performance, Mid-Year Review Personal Development, Mid-Year
- Objectives (draft, 2026) Oct: **Executive Team TR** Learning/Leadership Dvlp. Plan 2026 **Talent Acquisition Plan 2026**
- **Executive Team Succession Plan** Nov:
- Jan/Dec: Continuous Personal/Career Dvlp. and Feedback Conversations

Talent Review Documentation

- Talent Review & Succession Planning Guide
 - **Performance Guidelines**
 - Strategic Workforce Planning Report
 - **Development Plans / Journeys**
 - Top Talent & High Potentials **Development Framework**
- Line Manager's Talent Review Summaries
 - HR BP's Round Table Notes
 - **Role Succession Plans**
 - **Function-level Succession Plans**



Key Related Elements/Processes

Employee Motivation

Strategy & Budget (Corporate & Function)

Strategic Workforce Planning

Capability Frameworks

Learning & Development

Leadership Development

Talent Acquisition

Job Architecture & Career Framework

Total Reward

Performance Management

HR Information System

(All the TR/SP actions, timeline, components and terminology are context-dependent and will vary for different organisations. Total Reward, Strategy & Budget actions and milestones are crucial, but not part of this work sample)





Talent Review Summary – team member's template

Employee Name					
Role					
Salary Grade					
Time in Position					
Performance		2024	2023		
What dimension		Supervisor	Employe		
Goal 1					
Goal 2					
Goal 3					
How dimension		Supervisor	Employe		
Behaviour 1					
Behaviour 2					
Behaviour 3					
Overall	What				
Performance	How				
Career Goals		(Short and long-term)			
Supervisor's comments		(On performance, goals, aspirations, and obstacles (self or exter impede growth)			
Talent Review					
Talent Segment 2024/EOY		(See segmentation descriptors)			
Career Potential		(Potential direction(s) ref. motivation and strengths)			
Retention Risk		(Likelihood of voluntary exit; timing depends on role criticality c			
Mobility		(Y/N, to where, in what terms)			
Actions for development		(If Top Talent / High Potential, see also their specific developme			
Differential Engagement		(Identify incentive motivators linking to Total Reward, Relationa applicable - see 'Talent Review & Succession Planning Guide')			

2024		2023		
ervisor		Employee		
pervisor		Employee		
rm)				
goals, aspirations, and obstacles (self or external) that may				
n descriptors)				
on(s) ref. motivation and strengths)				
untary exit; timing depends on role criticality context)				
what terms)				
gh Potential, see also their specific <mark>d</mark> evelopment framework)				
motivators linking to Total Reward, Relational Rewards, if				



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Notes

summarising data from

specific Development

part of the individual

available)

2-year cycle

Talent Review – Talent Segments

Applicable to **all global grades except GG-X**, with **team-level employee comparisons** according to the **grade ranges** and **indicative distribution** defined in the Talent Review & Succession Planning (TRSP) Guide.



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Employees who are widely recognized as having 2+ years track record of exceptionally value-added performance, with potential to take on more complex roles (around 10% of our global population).

High performers who do not meet the definition of Top Talent but are considered critical to retain due to factors such as strategically important skills/experience/key business knowledge/valuable customer relationships.

Individuals that swiftly learn and adapt to new contexts and situations, within and beyond their role boundaries. Their development shall reinforce those key capabilities, targeting activities of more breadth and complexity, as preparation for the next role.

Majority of employees who are solid performers (and expose the right behaviours) and can continue to develop within their current role.

Small population of employees who are identified as requiring performance improvement. An individual Performance Improvement Plan shall be designed, targeting the transition to Core Talent within 12 months (or exit, or role redeployment).





Succession Planning

Factors to consider for **successor(s) identification** for the critical roles in your team, according to **readiness**. Applicable to **all global grades except GG-X**



Strategic Workforce Planning (SWFP)

The SWFP encompasses all the succession planning.

Start the process by referring to the **yearly SWFP report**, for data around the **Organisation** and Function capability assessment for the next three years (e.g. changes in organisational structure, talent acquisition challenges, key expected retirements and terminations, and future-facing strategic capabilities and key projects).

By the end of the successor's identification, critical role-level plans shall be aggregated at sub-Function level, and the latter to be aggregated at Function-level, as **inputs to** the Organisational SWFP.

Notes

- Role transition is not a 'grade/ reward' progression and implies that the current incumbent leaves the role.
- The transition is capabilitybased, according to the assessment and nomination criteria defined in the TRSP Guide.







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