C Programming and Data Structures. Lab Manual



SRI CHAITANYA TECHNICAL CAMPUS

COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY
COLLEGE OF BUSINESS MANAGEMENT
(Approved by AICTE, NEW DELHI & Affiliated to JNTU, Hyderabad)

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MCA I Yr. -I Semester







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CERTIFICATE

This is to cer	tify that Mr / Ms		has satisfactorily complete	d					
experiments in C Programming and Data Structures Lab laboratory as prescribed by									
Jawaharlal N	ehru Technological Univ	versity, Hyderaba	ad.						
Department	Master of Computer A	pplications Rol	ll No	-					
Branch	MCA	Academic Ye	ear2025-2026	ě					

INTERNAL EXAMINER

HEAD OF THE DEPT.

EXTERNAL EXAMINER

PRINCIPAL



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— SRI CHAITANYA Technical Campus

C PROGRAMMING & DATA STRUCTURES LAB

MCA I Year I Sem. L T P C 0 0 3 1.5

Prerequisites:

1. Requires analytical skills and logical reasoning

Course Objectives:

- It covers various concepts of C programming language
- It introduces searching and sorting algorithms
- It provides an understanding of data structures such as stacks and gueues.

Course Outcomes:

- Develop C programs for computing and real life applications using basic elements like control statements, arrays, functions, pointers and strings, and data structures like stacks, queues and linked lists.
- Implement searching and sorting algorithms

Week 1:

- 1. Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer.
- 2. Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1.
 - Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Write a C program to generate the first n terms of the sequence.
- 3. Write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user.
- 4. Write a C program to find the roots of a quadratic equation.

Week 2:

- 5. Write a C program to find the factorial of a given integer.
- 6. Write a C program to find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two given integers.
- 7. Write a C program to solve Towers of Hanoi problem.
- 8. Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +,-,*, /, % and use Switch Statement)

Week 3:

- 9. Write a C program to find both the largest and smallest number in a list of integers.
- 10. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following:
 - i) Addition of Two Matrices
 - ii) Multiplication of Two Matrices

Week 4:

- 11. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
 - i) To insert a sub-string in to a given main string from a given position.
 - ii) To delete n Characters from a given position in a given string.
- 12. Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not
- 13. Write a C program that displays the position or index in the string S where the string T begins, or 1 if S doesn't contain T.
- 14. Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.

Week 5:

- 15. Write a C program to generate Pascal's triangle.
- 16. Write a C program to construct a pyramid of numbers.
- 17. Write a C program to read in two numbers, x and n, and then compute the sum of this geometric progression:

 $1+x+x^2+x^3+....+x^n$

For example: if n is 3 and x is 5, then the program computes 1+5+25+125.

Print x, n, the sum

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Perform error checking. For example, the formula does not make sense for negative exponents - if n is less than 0. Have your program print an error message if n<0, then go back and read in the next pair of numbers of without computing the sum. Are any values of x also illegal? If so, test for them too.

Week 6:

- 18. 2's complement of a number is obtained by scanning it from right to left and complementing all the bits after the first appearance of a 1. Thus 2's complement of 11100 is 00100. Write a C program to find the 2's complement of a binary number.
- 19. Write a C program to convert a Roman numeral to its decimal equivalent.

Week 7:

- 20. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
 - i) Reading a complex number
 - ii) Writing a complex number
 - iii) Addition of two complex numbers
 - iv) Multiplication of two complex numbers

(Note: represent complex number using a structure.)

Week 8:

- 21. i) Write a C program which copies one file to another.
 - ii) Write a C program to reverse the first n characters in a file.
- (Note: The file name and n are specified on the command line.) 22. i) Write a C program to display the contents of a file.
 - **ii)** Write a C program to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the first file followed by those of the second are put in the third file)

Week 9:

23. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations on singly linked list.:

i) Creation

ii) Insertion

iii) Deletion

iv) Traversal

Week 10:

- 24. Write C programs that implement stack (its operations) using
 - i) Arrays
- ii) Pointers
- 25. Write C programs that implement Queue (its operations) using
 - i) Arrays
- ii) Pointers

Week 11:

- 26. Write a C program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order
 - i) Bubble sort ii) Selection sort

Week 12:

- 27. Write C programs that use both recursive and non recursive functions to perform the following searching operations for a Key value in a given list of integers:
 - i) Linear search
- ii) Binary search

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. C Programming & Data Structures, B.A.Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg, 3rd Edition, Cengage Learning.
- 2. Problem Solving and Program Design in C, J.R. Hanly and E.B. Koffman, 5th Edition, Pearson Education.
- 3. The C Programming Language, B.W. Kernighan and Dennis M.Ritchie, PHI/Pearson Education

REFERENCES:

- 1. C for Engineers and Scientists, H.Cheng, Mc.Graw-Hill International Edition
- 2. Data Structures using C A.M.Tanenbaum, Y.Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, Pearson Education / PHI
- 3. C Programming & Data Structures, P. Dey, M Ghosh R Thereja, Oxford University Press

DEPARTMENT OF Masters of Computer Application

Vision & Mission

Vision

* To achieve high quality in technical education that provides the skills and attitude to adapt to the global needs of the Information Technology sector, through academic and research excellence.

Mission

- * To equip the students with the cognizance for problem solving and to improve the teaching learning pedagogy by using innovative techniques.
- * To strengthen the knowledge base of the faculty and students with motivation towards possession of effective academic skills and relevant research experience.
- * To promote the necessary moral and ethical values among the engineers, for the betterment of the society.

Quality Policy

- * Strives to inculcate the students with the world class Technical Knowledge, Entrepreneurial Competence and Social Ethics by providing continual improvement and innovation in the curriculum; based upon well-defined measurements and best practices.
- * Develop faculty competencies, creativity, empowerment and accountability through faculty development programs and show strong management involvement and commitment.

GENERAL LABORATORY INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Students are advised to come to the laboratory at least 5 minutes before (to starting time), those who come after 5 minutes will not be allowed into the lab.
- **2.** Plan your task properly much before to the commencement, come prepared to the lab withthe synopsis / program / experiment details.
- 3. Student should enter into the laboratory with:
 - **a.** Laboratory observation notes with all the details (Problem statement, Aim, Algorithm, Procedure, Program, Expected Output, etc.,) filled in for the lab session.
 - **b.** Laboratory Record updated up to the last session experiments and other utensils (if any)needed in the lab.
 - c. Proper Dress code and Identity card.
- **4.** Sign in the laboratory login register, write the TIME-IN, and occupy the computer system allotted to you by the faculty.
- **5.** Execute your task in the laboratory, and record the results / output in the lab observationnote book, and get certified by the concerned faculty.
- **6.** All the students should be polite and cooperative with the laboratory staff, must maintain the discipline and decency in the laboratory.
- 7. Computer labs are established with sophisticated and high end branded systems, which shouldbe utilized properly.
- 8. Students / Faculty must keep their mobile phones in SWITCHED OFF mode during the lab sessions. Misuse of the equipment, misbehaviors with the staff and systems etc., will attract severe punishment.
- 9. Students must take the permission of the faculty in case of any urgency to go out; if anybody found loitering outside the lab / class without permission during working hours willbe treated seriously and punished appropriately.
- 10. Students should LOG OFF/ SHUT DOWN the computer system before he/she leaves the lab after completing the task (experiment) in all aspects. He/she must ensure the system / seat is kept properly.

Lab In-charge Head of the Department PRINCIPAL

Write a c program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>void main()
{
   int n,digit=0,sum=0;clrscr();
   printf("Enter a number is to check pallindrome:");
   scanf("%d",&n);
   while(n!=0)
   {
      digit=n%10;
      sum=sum+digit;n=n/10;
   }
   printf("\nThe sum of individual digits of entered number is %d",sum);
   getch();
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter a number is to check pallindrome: 12321

The sum of individual digits of entered number is:9

write a c program to find Fibonacci series upto n value

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int n,a,b,c;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter a number to find fibonacci series:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    a= 0;    b=1;
    printf("%d\t%d",a,b);c=a+b;
    while(c<n)
    {
    printf("\t%d",c);a=b;
    b=c; c=a+b;
    }
    getch();
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT:

Enter a number to find fibonacci series:4 0 1 5

write a c program to generate prime numbers sequence from 1 to n

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>void
main()
{
    int n,i,j,fact;clrscr();
    printf("Enter any number to generate prime number series:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
{
        fact=0; for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
        {
            if(i%j==0) fact=fact+1;
        }
        if(fact==2) printf("%d",i);
        }
        getch();
    }
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT:

Enter any number to generate prime number series:15

1 2 3 7 11 13

Write a C program to find the roots of quadratic equation

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<math.h>
                          void
main()
int a,b,c; float d,r1,r2;
clrscr();
printf("Enter a,b,c values");
scanf("%d%d%d",&a,&b,&c);
d=(b*b)-(4*a*c);if(d==0)
printf("\nEnter roots are real and same");r1=-b/2*a;
r2 = -b/2 *a;
printf("\nroot1=%f and \nroot2=%f",r1,r2);
else if(d>0)
printf("\n roots are real and different");r1=(-
b+sqrt(d))/2*a;
r2 = (-b - sqrt(d))/2*a;
printf("\nroot1=%f and \nroot2=%f",r1,r2);
 else
printf("The roots are imaginary");
getch();
OUTPUT:
Enter a,b,c values: 1 6 5
```

roots are real and different

Write C programs to find the factorial of a given integer.

```
Program:
#include <stdio.h> #include
<conio.h>int recfact(int n);
int nonrecfact(int n);void main()
int x, a, b;
clrscr();
printf("Enter any number\n");scanf("%d",
&x);
a = recfact(x);
printf("The factorial of a given number using recursion is %d \n", a);b =
nonrecfact(x);
printf("The factorial of a given number using nonrecursion is %d ", b);getch();
int recfact(int n) // function-1 definition
int res; if (n == 0)
{
res=1;
}
else
res = n * recfact(n - 1); return res;
}
```

```
int nonrecfact(int n) // function-2 definition
{
  int i, fact = 1; while(n>0)
  {
  fact = fact * n;n--;
} return fact;}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter any number: 4

The factorial of a given number using recursion is 24

The factorial of a given number using no recursion is 4

Write a simple program that prints the results of all the operators available in C (including pre/post increment, bitwise and/or/noted.). Reads required operandvalues from standard input.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h> Void main(
)
{

int a,b;

printf("enter the value of a and b"); scanf("%d
%d",&a,&b);

printf("the arithemetic operators results is %d %d %d %d",a+b, a-b, a*b, a/b); printf("the
relational operators results is %d %d %d %d", a>b, a<b, a>=b, a<=b); printf("the logical
operators results is %d %d %d %d", a&&b, a||b,!(a==b)); printf("the increment operator
result is %d %d %d %d", a++,++a, b++,++b); printf("the decrement operators results is %d
%d %d %d", a--,--a, b--,--b); printf("the bitwise AND operators results is %d",a&b);

printf("the bitwise OR operators results is %d",a|b); printf("the
bitwise NOT operators results is %d",a^b);getch();
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
enter the value of a and b 15 5
the arithmetic operators results is 20 10 75 36
the relational operators results is 15>5 15<5 15>=5 15<=5
the logical operators results is 15&&5 15||5 !(15==5)
the increment operator result is 15 16 5 6
the decrement operators results is 15 14 5 4
the bitwise AND operators results is 15||5
the bitwise OR operators results is 15||5
```

Write a c program to perform Addition of two matrices using two dimensional array

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h> void
main()
int i,j,m,n,t;
int a[100][100],b[100][100],sum[100][100];
clrscr();
printf("Enter the size of rows(m) and columns(n):");
scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);
t=m*n;
printf("Enter the %d elements of first matrix:",t);
for(i=0;i< m;i++)
 for(j=0;j< n;j++)
  scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
printf("First matrix %d elements are:\n",t);
for(i=0;i<m;i++)
 for(j=0;j< n;j++)
  printf("%d\t",a[i][j]);
 printf("\n");
printf("Enter the %d elements of second matrix:\n",t);
for(i=0;i<m;i++)
 for(j=0;j< n;j++)
  scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);
printf("Second matrix %d elements are:\n",t);
for(i=0;i< m;i++)
 for(j=0;j< n;j++)
  printf("%d\t",b[i][j]);
 printf("\n");
```

```
}
printf("The sum of two matrices elements are:\n");
for(i=0;i<m;i++)
{
    for(j=0;j<n;j++)
    {
        sum[i][j]=a[i][j]+b[i][j];
        printf("%d\t",sum[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
getch();
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the size of rows(m) and columns(n) 2 2

First matrix elements are 3 5

second matrix elements are 6 7

Write a c program to perform Multiplication of two matrices using two dimensional array:

```
#include<stdio.h>
 #include<conio.h>
                         void
 main()
 int i,j,m,n,t;
 int a[100][100],b[100][100],mul[100][100];
 printf("enter the size of rows(m) and columns(n):");
 scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);
 t=m*n;
 printf("Enter the %d elements of first matrix:",t);
 for(i=0;i< m;i++)
  for(j=0;j< n;j++)
   scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
 printf("First matrix %d elements are:\n",t);
 for(i=0;i<m;i++)
  for(j=0;j< n;j++)
   printf("%d\t",a[i][j]);
   printf("\n");
 printf("Enter the %d elements of second matrix:\n",t);
 for(i=0;i< m;i++)
  for(j=0;j< n;j++)
   scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);
 printf("Second matrix %d elements are:\n",t);
 for(i=0;i< m;i++)
  for(j=0;j< n;j++)
   printf("%d\t",b[i][j]);
   printf("\n");
 printf("Multiplication of two matrices elements are:\n");
 for(i=0;i< m;i++)
  for(j=0;j< n;j++)
mul[i][j]=a[i][j]*b[i][j];
    printf("%d\t",mul[i][j]);
```

```
} printf("\n");
}
getch();
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the size of rows(m) and columns(n) 2 2

First matrix elements are 3 5

second matrix elements are 6 7

The sum of two matrices elements are

Write a C Program to display the given string is pallindrome or not

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h> void
main()
{
    char str1[50],str2[50];clrscr();
    printf("Enter the string1:");gets(str1);
    strcpy(str2,str1); strrev(str2);
    if(strcmp(str1,str2)==0)
    printf("Given string is Palindrome");else
    printf("Given string is not palindrome");
    getch();
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the string1: pop

Given string is Palindrome

Write a C program to print right half pyramid pattern of star

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>void main()
{
    int rows = 5;

    // first loop for printing rowsfor (int i = 0; i
    < rows; i++)
    {
        // second loop for printing character in each rowsfor (int j = 0; j
        <= i; j++)
        {
            printf("*");
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    getch();
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT:

* * *







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