HARDER HOE & I CM

Task 1 – Use the prime factorisation of the following numbers to answer the questions below.

A =
$$2^5 \times 3^2 \times 5^3$$

B = $2^3 \times 3 \times 5$
C = $2 \times 3^3 \times 7^2$
D = $2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5 \times 7$
E = $2^3 \times 3 \times 5^2 \times 11$
F = $3^3 \times 5 \times 7 \times 13$

1) Work out the HCF of A and B.

A =
$$2^5 \times 3^2 \times 5^3$$

B = $2^3 \times 3 \times 5$
HCF = $2^3 \times 3 \times 5 = 120$

2) Work out the HCF of B and D.

B =
$$2^3 \times 3 \times 5$$

D = $2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5 \times 7$
HCF = $2^3 \times 3 \times 5 = 120$

3) Work out the HCF of D and E. Give your answer as a product of prime factors.

D =
$$2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5 \times 7$$

E = $2^3 \times 3 \times 5^2 \times 11$
HCF = $2^3 \times 3 \times 5$

4) Work out the HCF of A and E.

A =
$$2^5 \times 3^2 \times 5^3$$

E = $2^3 \times 3 \times 5^2 \times 11$
HCF = $2^3 \times 3 \times 5^2 = 600$

5) Work out the HCF of B, C and D.

B =
$$2^3 \times 3 \times 5$$

C = $2 \times 3^3 \times 7^2$
D = $2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5 \times 7$
HCF = $2 \times 3 = 6$

6) Work out the LCM of A and C. Give your answer as a product of prime factors.

A =
$$2^5 \times 3^2 \times 5^3$$

C = $2 \times 3^3 \times 7^2$
LCM = $2^5 \times 3^3 \times 5^3 \times 7^2$

7) Work out the LCM of B and F.

B =
$$2^3 \times 3 \times 5$$

F = $3^3 \times 5 \times 7 \times 13$
LCM = $2^3 \times 3^3 \times 5 \times 7 \times 13 = 98,280$

8) Work out the LCM of D and E.

D =
$$2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5 \times 7$$

E = $2^3 \times 3 \times 5^2 \times 11$
LCM = $2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5^2 \times 7 \times 11 = 277,200$

9) Work out the LCM of A and E.

A =
$$2^5 \times 3^2 \times 5^3$$

E = $2^3 \times 3 \times 5^2 \times 11$
LCM = $2^5 \times 3^2 \times 5^3 \times 11 = 396,000$

10) Work out the LCM of A, B and D. Give your answer as a product of prime factors.

A =
$$2^5 \times 3^2 \times 5^3$$

B = $2^3 \times 3 \times 5$
D = $2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5 \times 7$
LCM = $2^5 \times 3^2 \times 5^3 \times 7$

Task 2

11) Let,

$$A = 2^6 \times 3^3 \times 7^2$$

 $B = 2^3 \times 3^2 \times 11$

a. Work out the HCF of A and B.

$$HCF = 2^3 \times 3^2 = 72$$

b. Work out the LCM of A and B.

$$LCM = 2^6 \times 3^3 \times 7^2 \times 11 = 931.392$$

12) Given that

$$C = 3^2 \times 5 \times 7$$
$$D = 3^3 \times 5^2 \times 7^2$$

a. Work out the HCF of C and D.

$$HCF = 3^2 \times 5 \times 7 = 315$$

b. Find the LCM of C and D, giving your answer in index form.

$$LCM = 3^3 \times 5^2 \times 7^2$$

13) Given that

$$E = 24 \times 32 \times 53$$
$$F = 23 \times 3 \times 7$$

a. Work out the HCF of E and F.

$$HCF = 2^3 \times 3 = 24$$

b. Work out the LCM of E and F.

$$LCM = 2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5^3 \times 7 = 126,000$$

- 14) Let $G = 3 \times 5^2 \times 11^2$ and $H = 15 \times 11 \times 7^2$.
 - a. Work out the HCF of G and H.

$$H = 3 \times 5 \times 7^2 \times 11$$

 $HCF = 3 \times 5 \times 11 = 165$

b. Write the product $G \times H$ as a product of prime factors in simplest form.

$$G \times H = 3^2 \times 5^3 \times 7^2 \times 11^3$$

15) Given $A = 2^4 \times 3^a \times 7^b$, write 35A as a product of prime factors, in terms of a and b.

$$35 = 5 \times 7$$

$$A = 2^{4} \times 3^{a} \times 7^{b}$$

$$35A = 2^{4} \times 3^{a} \times 5 \times 7^{b+1}$$

16) Given B = $2^x \times 3^y \times 5^2$, write 270B as a product of prime factors in terms of x and y.

$$270 = 2 \times 3^{3} \times 5$$
 $B = 2^{x} \times 3^{y} \times 5^{2}$
 $270B = 2^{x+1} \times 3^{y+3} \times 5^{3}$