Risk assessment

Firepit & Campfire







Risk assessment

Name of	Firepit & Campfire RA	Date of risk	August 2024	Name of person	Jane Leadbetter
activity, event,		assessment		doing this risk	GLV
and location				assessment	
ana tocation		Date of next	August 2026	ussessificite	
		review			

What hazard have you identified? What are the risks from it? WI How will they be communicate A hazard is something that may cause For example: young Controls are ways of making the act		What are you going to do about it? How are the risks already controlled? What extra controls are needed? How will they be communicated to young people and adults and remain inclusive to all needs? Controls are ways of making the activity safer by removing or reducing the risk. For example, you may use a different piece of equipment or you might change the way you do the activity.	Review & revise What has changed that needs to be thought about and controlled? Keep checking throughout the activity in case you need to change what you're doing or even stop the activity. This is a great place to add comments which will be used as part
the hazard. For example: Hazard: fire Risk: smoke inhalation or burns visitors Leaders, vistors, Young Leaders, Scouts		Smoke: use dry wood, check wind direction, stand people out of smoke direction. Burns: stay a safe distance from fire, place extra wood on cafefully, teach Scouts good practice around fires, have a burns first aid kit easily available.	of the review.
Campfire – general Burns, smoke inhalation, damage to property & the environment, trips, falls, cuts, eye injuries etc.	All involved	All participants to be briefed on dangers associated with campfires, All participants to be briefed on what to do in an emergency. All participants to be briefed on expected standards of behaviour around a campfire Seating arrangements to be upwind of fire if possible Anyone with long hair to tie back to save touching flames. Water buckets to be positioned around campfire Cooking 'sticks' or skewers to be pre soaked in water to avoid burning. All adults attending to be aware of First Aid burns treatment sheet. First Aider to be in attendance	
Building & tending the fire Adult Trips, falls, injuries volunteers		Fire site to be carefully chosen. Building of the fire to be supervised by competent adult at all times Size of fire to be controlled. Fuel not to be stored in immediate vicinity of the fire Fire not to be left unattended at any time once lit Person/team in charge of the fire to ensure the fire is fully extinguished begore leaving the area. Hot ashes to be disposed of carefully.	

You can find more information in the ${f Safety}$ checklist for leaders and at scouts.org.uk/safety



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Behaviour	All involved	Leaders to be in attendance throughout	
Injuries resulting from	7 111 111 011 01	Participants to be briefed on safety before activities commence	
inappropriate behaviour		Participants to be briefed on standards of behaviour	
mappropriate benaviour		Participants displaying unacceptable standards of behaviour to be sent	
		out of the activity area.	
Arrival /seating / departure	All involved	All activities to be controlled by leaders.	
Incidents/injuries caused by		Minimum of two campfire leaders at all times.	
inadequate controls and		Leaders to wear hi-viz jkts.	
supervision		Participants to be directed to seating areas	
		Suggested seating area to be in a safe circle distanced from the firepit.	
		Benches or chairs.	
		Departure from campfire to be controlled to avoid accidents.	
		First Aider to be in attendance.	
Campfire cooking	All	All participants to be briefed that leaders and adult volunteers only will	
Access to firepit, burns,	involved	place/remove any food on the fire	
smoke inhalation.		All participants to be briefed on dangers of standing close by a firepit	
		whilst toasting food.	
		All participants to be informed to wait for 10 seconds before	
		attempting to eat hot marshmallows or food to prevent burning	
		mouths.All participants to be briefed on expected standards of	
		behaviour.	
Food allergies		Check parent info sheets for any allergies.	
i dod ditergred		Have packets/wrappers available for all to check on ingredients.	
ı		Trave packets/wrappers available for all to check of ingredients.	

Don't forget, as part of your programme planning, you should have contingency activities in reserve just in case you can't do what was planned or you need to stop half way through. Make sure this is shared with those involved, so everyone knows how to respond. You should have risk assessed contingency activities prior to them taking place and communicated key information to those involved as with all activities.

