

* Choose the right answer from the given options. [1 Marks Each]

[10]

1. π is:
(A) A whole number. (B) An integer. (C) An irrational number. (D) A rational number.
2. The value of $\sqrt[4]{\sqrt[3]{2^2}}$ is:
(A) $2^{\frac{1}{6}}$ (B) 2^6 (C) 2^{-6} (D) $2^{\frac{-1}{6}}$
3. $(1296)^{\frac{-1}{4}} =$
(A) $-\frac{1}{6}$ (B) -6 (C) 6 (D) $\frac{1}{6}$
4. If $x = (7 + 4\sqrt{3})$ then $(x + \frac{1}{x}) = ?$
(A) 49 (B) 14 (C) 48 (D) $8\sqrt{3}$
5. The value of $\sqrt{20} \times \sqrt{5}$ is :
(A) 10 (B) $4\sqrt{5}$ (C) $2\sqrt{5}$ (D) $20\sqrt{5}$
6. On simplification $(3 + \sqrt{3})(3 - \sqrt{3})$ gives:
(A) $-2\sqrt{3}$ (B) 0 (C) 16 (D) 6
7. The simplest form of $0.\overline{36}$ is:
(A) $\frac{36}{100}$ (B) $\frac{4}{11}$ (C) $\frac{4}{9}$ (D) None of these.
8. If $\sqrt{2} = 1.4142$, then $\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{\sqrt{2}+1}}$ is equal to:
(A) 0.32322322232223 (B) $\sqrt{180}$ (C) $\sqrt{31}$ (D) $\sqrt{196}$
9. A number is an irrational if and only if its decimal representation is
(A) non-terminating (B) non-terminating and repeating
(C) non-terminating and non-repeating (D) terminating
10. The simplest rationalisation factor of $\sqrt[3]{500}$ is:
a. $\sqrt{5}$
b. $\sqrt{3}$
c. $\sqrt[3]{5}$
d. $\sqrt[3]{2}$

* Answer the following short questions. [2 Marks Each]

[6]

11. How many irrational numbers lie between $\sqrt{2}$ and $\sqrt{3}$? Find any three irrational numbers lying between $\sqrt{2}$ and $\sqrt{3}$.
12. Multiply:
 $6\sqrt{15}$ by $4\sqrt{3}$
13. Write the following in decimal form and say what kind of decimal expansion has.
 $\frac{7}{25}$

* Answer the following questions. [3 Marks Each]

[9]

14. Represent geometrically the following numbers on the number line:
 $\sqrt{5.6}$
15. Find the values of a and b in the following:
 $\frac{5+2\sqrt{3}}{7+4\sqrt{3}} = a - 6\sqrt{3}$
16. Represent geometrically the following numbers on the number line:
 $\sqrt{8.1}$
