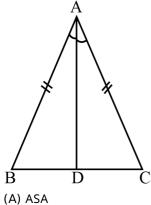
Total Marks: 30

[10]

* Choose the right answer from the given options. [1 Marks Each]

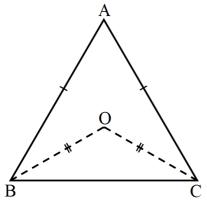
1. In the adjoining figure, AB = AC and AD is bisector of \angle A. The rule by which \triangle ABD \cong \triangle ACD.



- (B) SAS

(C) SSS

- (D) AAS
- 2. Line segments AB and CD intersect at O such that AC $\mid\mid$ DB. If $\angle CAB = 45^{\circ}$ and $\angle CDB = 55^{\circ}$, then $\angle BOD = 55^{\circ}$ (B) 80° (C) 90° (D) 135°
- 3. In the given figure, AB = AC and OB = OC. Then, $\angle ABO : \angle ACO = ?$



(A) 1:1

(B) 2:1

(C) 1:2

(D) None of these

- 4. In $\triangle PQR$, $\angle P=60^{\circ}$, $\angle Q=50^{\circ}$. Which side of the triangle is the longest?

(B) QR

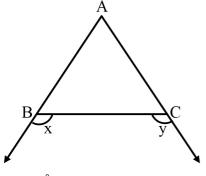
(C) None

- (D) PR
- 5. Side BC of a triangle ABC has been produced to a point D such that $\angle ACD = 120^{\circ}$. If $\angle B = \frac{1}{2} \angle A$, then $\angle A$ is equal to:
 - (A) 80°

(B) 75°

(D) 90°

6. In the given figure, ABC is an equilateral triangle. The value of x + y is:

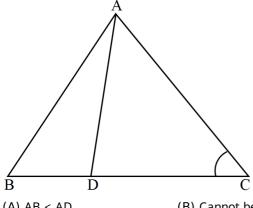


(B) 180°

(C) 240°

- (D) 200°
- 7. The perimeter of a triangle is 36cm and its sides are in the ratio a:b:c=3:4:5 then a, b, c are respectively:
 - (A) 9cm, 15cm, 12cm
- (B) 9cm, 12cm, 15cm
- (C) 12cm, 9cm, 15cm
- (D) 15cm, 12cm, 9cm

8. In the given figure, AB > AC. Then, which of the following is true?



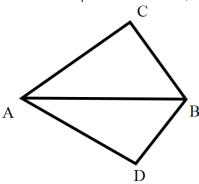
(A) AB < AD

(B) Cannot be determined

(C) AB > AD

(D) AB = AD

9. In the above quadrilateral ACBD, we have AC= AD and AB bisect the LA .Which of the following is true?



(A) $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle ABD$

(B) $\angle C = \angle D$

(C) All are true

(D) BC = BD

10. In the following, write the correct answer.

In $\triangle ABC$ if AB = AC and $\angle B = 50^{\circ}$ then is equal to:

(A) 40°

(B) 50°

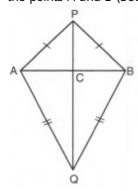
(C) 80°

(D) 130°

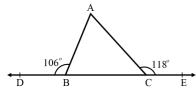
* Answer the following short questions. [2 Marks Each]

[8]

11. AB is a line segment. P and Q are points on opposite sides of AB such that each of them is equidistant from the points A and B (See Figure). Show that the line PQ is the perpendicular bisector of AB.



- 12. In $\triangle PQR$, $\angle P = 70^{\circ}$ and $\angle R = 30^{\circ}$. Which side of this triangle is the longest? Give reason for your answer.
- 13. In the given figure, the side BC of $\triangle ABC$ has been produced on both sides-on the left to D and on the right to E. If $\angle ABD=106^\circ$ and $\angle ACE=118^\circ,$ find the measure of each angle of the triangle.



14. In the given figure, side BC of $\triangle ABC$ is produced to D. If $\angle ACD = 128^{\circ}$ and $\angle ABC = 43^{\circ}$, find $\angle BAC$ and $\angle ACB.$

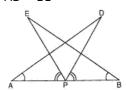
* Answer the following questions. [3 Marks Each]

15. AB is a line segment and P is its mid-point. D and E are points on the same side of AB such that $\angle BAD = \angle ABE$ and $\angle EPA = \angle DPB$.

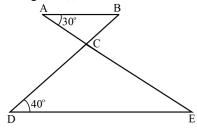
[12]

Show that:

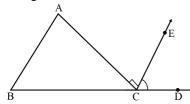
- i. $\triangle DAP \cong \triangle EBP$
- ii. AD = BE



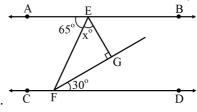
16. In Fig. AB $\mid \mid$ DE Find $\angle ACD$.



17. In Fig. AC \perp CE and \angle A : \angle B : \angle C = 3 : 2 : 1, find the value of \angle ECD.



18. In the given figure, AB $\mid\mid$ CD and EF is a transversal. If $\angle AEF = 65^{\circ}, \angle DFG = 30^{\circ}, \angle EFG = 90^{\circ}$



and $\angle \mathrm{GEF} = \mathbf{x}^{\circ},$ find the value of x.