STD 9 Maths Number system (DPP-3)

Total Marks: 30

* Choose the right answer from the given options. [1 Marks Each]

[10]

1. The value of $\left(\frac{12^{\frac{1}{5}}}{27^{\frac{1}{5}}}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}$.

(A) $\frac{12}{27}$

(B) $\frac{4}{0}$

(C) $\frac{2}{3}$

(D) None of these.

2. $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{x} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2x} = \frac{81}{16}$ then x =

(A) 2

(B) 3

(C) 4

(D) 1

3. The value of $2.\overline{45} + 0.\overline{36}$ is:

(A) $\frac{67}{33}$

(B) $\frac{24}{11}$

(C) $\frac{31}{11}$

(D) $\frac{167}{110}$

4. If a, m, n are positive ingegers, then $\left\{\sqrt[m]{\sqrt[n]{a}}\right\}^{mn}$ is equal to

(A) a^{nm}

(B) a

(C) $a^{\frac{m}{n}}$

(D) 1

5. Between any two rational numbers there.

- (A) Is no irrational number.
- (B) Is no rational number.
- (C) Are many rational numbers.

(D) Are exactly two rational numbers.

6. The value of $\left\{\left(23+2^2\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}+\left(140-19\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right\}^2$, is:

(A) 196

(B) 289

(C) 324

(D) 400

7. Which of the following is not equal to $\left[\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{5}}\right]^{-\frac{1}{6}}$?

- (A) $\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{5}} \frac{1}{6}$
- (B) $\frac{1}{\left[\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{5}}\right]^{\frac{1}{6}}}$
- (C) $\left(\frac{6}{5}\right)^{\frac{1}{30}}$

(D) $(\frac{5}{6})^{\frac{1}{30}}$

8. The decimal form of $\frac{2}{11}$ is:

- (A) $0.0\overline{18}$
- (B) 0.18
- (C) $0.\overline{18}$

(D) 0.018

9. If $x + \sqrt{15} = 4$, then $x + \frac{1}{x} =$

(A) 2

(B) 4

(C) 8

(D) 1

10.

The value of m for which $\left[\left\{\left(\frac{1}{7^2}\right)^{-2}\right\}^{-\frac{1}{3}}\right]^{\frac{1}{4}}=7^m,$ is:

(A) $-\frac{1}{3}$

(B) $\frac{1}{4}$

(C) -3

(D) 2

* Answer the following short questions. [2 Marks Each]

11. If a = 2, b = 3, find the values of:

[8]

$$\left(a^a+b^b\right)^{-1}$$

12. Find the value of x in the following:

$$\sqrt[5]{5x+2}=2$$

13. Examine whether the following number are rational or irrational:

$$\sqrt{8}+4\sqrt{32}-6\sqrt{2}$$

14. Prove that:

$$\frac{x^{a(b-c)}}{x^{b(a-c)}} \buildrel \cdot \left(\frac{x^b}{x^a}\right)^c = 1$$

* Answer the following questions. [3 Marks Each]

[12]

- 15. Give two rational numbers lying between 0.23233233323332 and 0.21211211112.
- 16. Evaluate:

$$\left[5 \Big(8^{\frac{1}{3}} + 27^{\frac{1}{3}}\Big)^3\right]^{\frac{1}{4}}$$

17. Prove that:

$$\frac{(x^{a+b})^2(x^{b+c})^2(x^{c+a})^2}{(x^ax^bx^c)} = 1$$

18. Evaluate:

$$\frac{4}{(216)^{-\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{1}{(256)^{-\frac{3}{4}}} + \frac{2}{(243)^{-\frac{1}{5}}}$$
