## **JEE MAINS PAPER 1 2025**

Test Date	24/01/2025
Test Time	9:00 AM - 12:00 PM
Subject	B. Tech

## Section: Mathematics Section A

The area of the region  $\{(x, y) : x^2 + 4x + 2 \le y \le |x + 2|\}$  is equal to

Options 1. 7

- 2.20/3
- 3.24/5
- 4. 5

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751069
Option 1 ID: 7364753646
Option 2 ID: 7364753645
Option 3 ID: 7364753644
Option 4 ID: 7364753643

Q.2 For some  $n \neq 10$ , let the coefficients of the 5th, 6th and 7th terms in the binomial expansion of  $(1+x)^{n+4}$  be in A.P. Then the largest coefficient in the expansion of  $(1+x)^{n+4}$  is:

Options <sub>1.35</sub>

- 2.70
- 3.10
- 4.20

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : **7364751056**Option 1 ID : **7364753591**Option 2 ID : **7364753592**Option 3 ID : **7364753593**Option 4 ID : **7364753594** 

Q.3 If 
$$I(m, n) = \int_{0}^{1} x^{m-1} (1-x)^{n-1} dx$$
,  $m, n > 0$ , then  $I(9, 14) + I(10, 13)$  is

Options 1. I(9, 13)

- 2. I(9, 1)
- 3. I(19, 27)
- 4. I(1, 13)

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751068 Option 1 ID: 7364753641 Option 2 ID: 7364753639 Option 3 ID: 7364753642 Option 4 ID: 7364753640

Let 
$$y = y(x)$$
 be the solution of the differential equation  $\left(xy - 5x^2\sqrt{1 + x^2}\right)dx + (1 + x^2)dy = 0$ ,  $y(0) = 0$ . Then  $y(\sqrt{3})$  is equal to

Options 1.  $2\sqrt{2}$ 

- $2.\sqrt{\frac{15}{2}}$
- 3.  $\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- 4.  $\sqrt{\frac{14}{3}}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: **7364751070**Option 1 ID: **7364753649**Option 2 ID: **7364753650**Option 3 ID: **7364753647**Option 4 ID: **7364753648** 

Q.5 Let the lines  $3x - 4y - \alpha = 0$ , 8x - 11y - 33 = 0, and  $2x - 3y + \lambda = 0$  be concurrent. If the image of the point

(1, 2) in the line  $2x - 3y + \lambda = 0$  is  $\left(\frac{57}{13}, \frac{-40}{13}\right)$ , then  $|\alpha\lambda|$  is equal to

Options 1. 91

2.101

3.113

4.84

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : Option 1 ID : Option 2 ID : Option 3 ID :

Option 4 ID: 7364753604

Q.6 If  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are the roots of the equation  $2z^2 - 3z - 2i = 0$ , where  $i = \sqrt{-1}$ , then

$$16 \cdot \text{Re} \Bigg( \frac{\alpha^{19} + \beta^{19} + \alpha^{11} + \beta^{11}}{\alpha^{15} + \beta^{15}} \Bigg) \cdot \text{Im} \Bigg( \frac{\alpha^{19} + \beta^{19} + \alpha^{11} + \beta^{11}}{\alpha^{15} + \beta^{15}} \Bigg) \text{ is equal to}$$

Options <sub>1.441</sub>

2.312

3.398

4.409

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID : **7364751053**Option 1 ID : **7364753582**Option 2 ID : **7364753579**Option 3 ID : **7364753580**Option 4 ID : **7364753581** 

Q.7 If the system of equations

$$2x - y + z = 4$$

$$5x + \lambda y + 3z = 12$$

$$100x - 47y + \mu z = 212$$
,

has infinitely many solutions, then  $\mu$ -2 $\lambda$  is equal to

Options <sub>1.55</sub>

- 2.59
- 3.57
- 4.56

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751054 Option 1 ID: 7364753583 Option 2 ID: 7364753586 Option 3 ID: 7364753585 Option 4 ID: 7364753584

Q.8 Let  $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ ,  $\vec{b} = 3\hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k}$  and  $\vec{c}$  be three vectors such that  $\vec{c}$  is coplanar with  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$ . If the vector  $\vec{c}$  is perpendicular to  $\vec{b}$  and  $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} = 5$ , then  $|\vec{c}|$  is equal to

Options 1.16

2. 
$$\sqrt{\frac{11}{6}}$$

- 3.18
- $4. \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: **7364751063**Option 1 ID: **7364753622**Option 2 ID: **7364753619**Option 3 ID: **7364753621**Option 4 ID: **7364753620** 

Q.9 For a statistical data  $x_1, x_2, ...., x_{10}$  of 10 values, a student obtained the mean as 5.5 and  $\sum_{i=1}^{10} x_i^2 = 371$ . He later found that he had noted two values in the data incorrectly as 4 and 5, instead of the correct values 6 and 8, respectively. The variance of the corrected data is

Options 1. 9

- 2. 5
- 3. 4
- 4. 7

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : **7364751057**Option 1 ID : **7364753598**Option 2 ID : **7364753596**Option 3 ID : **7364753595** 

Option 4 ID: 7364753597

Q.10 Let the line passing through the points (-1, 2, 1) and parallel to the line  $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y+1}{3} = \frac{z}{4}$  intersect the line  $\frac{x+2}{3} = \frac{y-3}{2} = \frac{z-4}{1}$  at the point P. Then the distance of P from the point Q (4, -5, 1) is

Options 1.10

- 2. 5
- 3. 5√6
- 4. 5√5

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751065
Option 1 ID: 7364753628
Option 2 ID: 7364753627
Option 3 ID: 7364753630
Option 4 ID: 7364753629

Q.11

Let  $f: \mathbb{R} - \{0\} \to \mathbb{R}$  be a function such that  $f(x) - 6f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{35}{3x} - \frac{5}{2}$ .

If the  $\lim_{x\to 0} \left(\frac{1}{\alpha x} + f(x)\right) = \beta$ ;  $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}$ , then  $\alpha + 2\beta$  is equal to

Options 1. 6

- 2. 4
- 3. 5
- 4. 3

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : **7364751066**Option 1 ID : **7364753634**Option 2 ID : **7364753632**Option 3 ID : **7364753633**Option 4 ID : **7364753631** 

Q.12 Let  $f(x) = \frac{2^{x+2} + 16}{2^{2x+1} + 2^{x+4} + 32}$ . Then the value of  $8\left(f\left(\frac{1}{15}\right) + f\left(\frac{2}{15}\right) + \dots + f\left(\frac{59}{15}\right)\right)$  is equal to

Options 1.102

- 2.92
- 3.118
- 4.108

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751051 Option 1 ID: 7364753573 Option 2 ID: 7364753574 Option 3 ID: 7364753571 Option 4 ID: 7364753572

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \csc x \left( \sqrt{2\cos^2 x + 3\cos x} - \sqrt{\cos^2 x + \sin x + 4} \right) is:$$

**Options** 

- $2. -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}}$
- 3.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{15}}$
- 4. 0

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751062 Option 1 ID: 7364753616 Option 2 ID: 7364753617 Option 3 ID: 7364753618 Option 4 ID: 7364753615

Let circle C be the image of  $x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y - 4 = 0$  in the line 2x - 3y + 5 = 0 and A be the point on C such that OA is parallel to x-axis and A lies on the right hand side of the centre O of C. If  $B(\alpha, \beta)$ , with  $\beta < 4$ , lies on C such that the length of the arc AB is  $(1/6)^{th}$  of the perimeter of C, then  $\beta - \sqrt{3}\alpha$  is equal to

Options 1.  $4 - \sqrt{3}$ 

- 2.3
- 3. 4
- $4.3 + \sqrt{3}$

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751060 Option 1 ID: 7364753608 Option 2 ID: 7364753609 Option 3 ID: 7364753610 Option 4 ID: 7364753607

Consider the region  $R = \left\{ (x,y) \colon x \le y \le 9 - \frac{11}{3} x^2, x \ge 0 \right\}.$ 

The area, of the largest rectangle of sides parallel to the coordinate axes and inscribed in R, is:

## Options

- 1. 567
- 2. <del>730</del> 119
- 3. <del>625</del> 111
- 4.  $\frac{821}{123}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751067 Option 1 ID: 7364753635 Option 2 ID: 7364753637 Option 3 ID: 7364753636 Option 4 ID: 7364753638

Q.16

Let  $S_n = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{20} + \dots$  upto n terms. If the sum of the first six terms of an A.P. with first

term –p and common difference p is  $\sqrt{2026\,S_{2025}}$ , then the absolute difference betwen  $20^{th}$  and  $15^{th}$  terms of the A.P. is

## Options <sub>1.</sub> 20

- 2.25
- 3.45
- 4.90

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751055 Option 1 ID: 7364753587 Option 2 ID: 7364753588 Option 3 ID: 7364753589 Option 4 ID: 7364753590 Q.17 A and B alternately throw a pair of dice. A wins if he throws a sum of 5 before B throws a sum of 8, and B wins if he throws a sum of 8 before A throws a sum of 5. The probability, that A wins if A makes the first throw, is

Options

- 2.  $\frac{8}{19}$ 3.  $\frac{8}{17}$ 4.  $\frac{9}{19}$

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751058 Option 1 ID: 7364753599 Option 2 ID: 7364753602 Option 3 ID: 7364753601 Option 4 ID: 7364753600

Q.18 Let in a  $\triangle$ ABC, the length of the side AC be 6, the vertex B be (1, 2, 3) and the vertices A, C lie on the line  $\frac{x-6}{3} = \frac{y-7}{2} = \frac{z-7}{-2}$ . Then the area (in sq. units) of  $\triangle ABC$  is:

Options <sub>1.42</sub>

- 2.21
- 3.17
- 4.56

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751064 Option 1 ID: 7364753625 Option 2 ID: 7364753624 Option 3 ID: 7364753623 Option 4 ID: 7364753626

The product of all the rational roots of the equation  $(x^2-9x+11)^2 - (x-4)(x-5) = 3$ , is equal to

Options 1.14

- 2.28
- 3. 7
- 4.21

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751052 Option 1 ID: 7364753576 Option 2 ID: 7364753578 Option 3 ID: 7364753575 Option 4 ID: 7364753577

Let the product of the focal distances of the point  $\left(\sqrt{3},\frac{1}{2}\right)$  on the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ , (a > b),

be  $\frac{7}{4}$ . Then the absolute difference of the eccentricities of two such ellipses is

Options

$$\frac{1-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

2. 
$$\frac{1-2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

3. 
$$\frac{3-2\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

4. 
$$\frac{3-2\sqrt{2}}{3\sqrt{2}}$$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751061 Option 1 ID: 7364753614 Option 2 ID: 7364753613 Option 3 ID: 7364753611 Option 4 ID: 7364753612

## Section: Mathematics Section B

Q.21

Let A be a 3 × 3 matrix such that  $X^TAX = O$  for all nonzero 3 × 1 matrices  $X = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$ . If

$$A\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\1\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix}1\\4\\-5\end{bmatrix}, \ A\begin{bmatrix}1\\2\\1\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix}0\\4\\-8\end{bmatrix}, \text{ and det } (adj(2(A+I))) = 2^{\alpha} \ 3^{\beta} \ 5^{\gamma} \ , \ \alpha, \ \beta, \ \gamma \in \mathbb{N}, \text{ then } \alpha^2 + \beta^2 + \gamma^2 \text{ is } \alpha^2 + \beta^2 + \gamma^2 +$$

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 7364751072

Q.22

Let f be a differentiable function such that  $2(x+2)^2 f(x) - 3(x+2)^2 = 10 \int\limits_0^x (t+2) f(t) dt$ ,  $x \ge 0$ .

Then f(2) is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 7364751075

Q.23 If for some  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ;  $\alpha \le \beta$ ,  $\alpha + \beta = 8$  and  $\sec^2(\tan^{-1}\alpha) + \csc^2(\cot^{-1}\beta) = 36$ , then  $\alpha^2 + \beta$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 7364751074

Q.24 Let S = {p<sub>1</sub>, p<sub>2</sub> ...., p<sub>10</sub>} be the set of first ten prime numbers. Let A = S ∪ P, where P is the set of all possible products of distinct elements of S. Then the number of all ordered pairs (x, y), x ∈ S, y ∈ A, such that x divides y, is \_\_\_\_\_.

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 7364751071

Q.25 The number of 3-digit numbers, that are divisible by 2 and 3, but not divisible by 4 and 9, is

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 7364751073

## Section: Physics Section A

Q.26 For an experimental expression  $y = \frac{32.3 \times 1125}{27.4}$ , where all the digits are significant. Then to report the value of y we should write

Options 1. y = 1326.19

y = 1326.2

3. y = 1326.186

4. y = 1330

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751076 Option 1 ID: 7364753657 Option 2 ID: 7364753658 Option 3 ID: 7364753656 Option 4 ID: 7364753659

- Q.27 A force  $F = \alpha + \beta x^2$  acts on an object in the x-direction. The work done by the force is 5 J when the object is displaced by 1 m. If the constant  $\alpha = 1N$  then  $\beta$  will be
- Options 1.  $12 \text{ N/m}^2$ 
  - <sup>2.</sup> 15 N/m<sup>2</sup>
  - $^{3.}8 \text{ N/m}^{2}$
  - 4. 10 N/m<sup>2</sup>

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID : 7364751079 Option 1 ID : 7364753669 Option 2 ID : 7364753670 Option 3 ID : 7364753671 Option 4 ID : 7364753668 Q.28 An ideal gas goes from an initial state to final state. During the process, the pressure of gas increases linearly with temperature.

- A. The work done by gas during the process is zero.
- B. The heat added to gas is different from change in its internal energy.
- C. The volume of the gas is increased.
- D. The internal energy of the gas is increased.
- E. The process is isochoric (constant volume process)

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

Options 1. A, B, C, D Only

- 2. E Only
- 3. A, C Only
- 4. A, D, E Only

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: **7364751084**Option 1 ID: **7364753689**Option 2 ID: **7364753681**Option 3 ID: **7364753688**Option 4 ID: **7364753690** 

Q.29 A uniform solid cylinder of mass 'm' and radius 'r' rolls along an inclined rough plane of inclination 45°. If it starts to roll from rest from the top of the plane then the linear acceleration of the cylinder's axis will be

Options

1. 
$$\frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}}$$
 g

2. 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$
 g

3. 
$$\sqrt{2}$$
 g

$$4. \frac{\sqrt{2}g}{3}$$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751080 Option 1 ID: 7364753674 Option 2 ID: 7364753672 Option 3 ID: 7364753673 Option 4 ID: 7364753675

- Q.30 An air bubble of radius 0.1 cm lies at a depth of 20 cm below the free surface of a liquid of density 1000 kg/m $^3$ . If the pressure inside the bubble is 2100 N/m $^2$  greater than the atmospheric pressure, then the surface tension of the liquid in SI unit is (use  $g = 10 \text{m/s}^2$ )
- Options 1. 0.05
  - 2. 0.25
  - 3. 0.1
  - 4. 0.02

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751083 Option 1 ID: 7364753684 Option 2 ID: 7364753686 Option 3 ID: 7364753685 Option 4 ID: 7364753687

## Q.31 Consider the following statements:

- A. The junction area of solar cell is made very narrow compared to a photo diode.
- B. Solar cells are not connected with any external bias.
- C. LED is made of lightly doped p-n junction.
- D. Increase of forward current results in continuous increase of LED light intensity.
- E. LEDs have to be connected in forward bias for emission of light.

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

# Options 1. B, D, E Only

- 2. A, C, E Only
- 3. B, E Only
- 4. A, C Only

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751095 Option 1 ID: 7364753734 Option 2 ID: 7364753735 Option 3 ID: 7364753733 Option 4 ID: 7364753732 Q.32 A particle is executing simple harmonic motion with time period 2 s and amplitude 1 cm. If D and d are the total distance and displacement covered by the particle in 12.5 s, then  $\frac{D}{d}$  is

Options 1.10

- 2.25
- 3.  $\frac{16}{5}$
- 4.  $\frac{15}{4}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751085 Option 1 ID: 7364753695 Option 2 ID: 7364753693 Option 3 ID: 7364753694 Option 4 ID: 7364753692

Q.33 A thin plano convex lens made of glass of refractive index 1.5 is immersed in a liquid of refractive index 1.2. When the plane side of the lens is silver coated for complete reflection, the lens immersed in the liquid behaves like a concave mirror of focal length 0.2 m. The radius of curvature of the curved surface of the lens is

Options 1.  $0.15~\mathrm{m}$ 

- 2. 0.25 m
- 3. 0.20 m
- 4. 0.10 m

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751090 Option 1 ID: 7364753713 Option 2 ID: 7364753715 Option 3 ID: 7364753714 Option 4 ID: 7364753712

Q.34 The amount of work done to break a big water drop of radius 'R' into 27 small drops of equal radius is 10 J. The work done required to break the same big drop into 64 small drops of equal radius will be

Options <sub>1.</sub> 5 J

- 2.15 J
- 3. 20 J
- 4.10 J

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751082 Option 1 ID: 7364753680 Option 2 ID: 7364753682 Option 3 ID: 7364753683 Option 4 ID: 7364753681 Q.35 Consider a parallel plate capacitor of area A (of each plate) and separation 'd' between the plates. If E is the electric field and  $\varepsilon_0$  is the permittivity of free space between the plates, then potential energy stored in the capacitor is

Options

$$\frac{1}{2}\varepsilon_0 E^2 Ad$$

<sup>2</sup> 
$$\frac{1}{4} \varepsilon_0 E^2 Ad$$

$$^{3}$$
  $\varepsilon_0$   $E^2$  Ad

$$4.\frac{3}{4}\epsilon_0 E^2 Ad$$

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751088 Option 1 ID: 7364753705 Option 2 ID: 7364753704 Option 3 ID: 7364753706 Option 4 ID: 7364753707

Q.36 An electron of mass 'm' with an initial velocity  $\vec{v} = v_0 \hat{i}(v_0 > 0)$  enters an electric field  $\vec{E} = -E_0 \hat{k}$ . If the initial de Broglie wavelength is  $\lambda_0$ , the value after time t would be Options 1.  $\lambda_0$ 

$$^{2.}\frac{\lambda_{o}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^{2}E_{o}^{2}t^{2}}{m^{2}v_{o}^{2}}}}$$

$$\frac{\lambda_{o}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{e^{2}E_{o}^{2}t^{2}}{m^{2}v_{o}^{2}}}}$$

4. 
$$\lambda_o \sqrt{1 + \frac{e^2 E_o^2 t^2}{m^2 v_o^2}}$$

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751093 Option 1 ID: 7364753724 Option 2 ID: 7364753726 Option 3 ID: 7364753727 Option 4 ID: 7364753725 A car of mass 'm' moves on a banked road having radius 'r' and banking angle  $\theta$ . To avoid slipping from banked road, the maximum permissible speed of the car is v<sub>0</sub>. The coefficient of friction  $\mu$  between the wheels of the car and the banked road is

**Options** 

$$\mu = \frac{v_o^2 - rgtan \theta}{rg + v_o^2 tan \theta}$$

2. 
$$\mu = \frac{v_o^2 + rgtan \theta}{rg - v_o^2 tan \theta}$$

3. 
$$\mu = \frac{v_o^2 + rgtan \theta}{rg + v_o^2 tan \theta}$$

4. 
$$\mu = \frac{v_o^2 - rgtan \theta}{rg - v_o^2 tan \theta}$$

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751078 Option 1 ID: 7364753666 Option 2 ID: 7364753665 Option 3 ID: 7364753664 Option 4 ID: 7364753667

An alternating current is given by  $I = I_A \sin\omega t + I_B \cos\omega t$ . The r.m.s current will be

Options

$$1. \frac{\left|I_{A} + I_{B}\right|}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$^{2.}\sqrt{I_{\rm A}^2 + I_{\rm B}^2}$$

3. 
$$\frac{\sqrt{I_{A}^{2} + I_{B}^{2}}}{2}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{I_{A}^{2} + I_{B}^{2}}{2}}$$

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751086 Option 1 ID: 7364753698 Option 2 ID: 7364753699 Option 3 ID: 7364753696 Option 4 ID: 7364753697 Q.39 A parallel plate capacitor was made with two rectangular plates, each with a length of l = 3 cm and breath of b = 1 cm. The distance between the plates is 3  $\mu$ m. Out of the following, which are the ways to increase the capacitance by a factor of 10?

A. 
$$l = 30$$
 cm,  $b = 1$  cm,  $d = 1$   $\mu$ m

B. 
$$l = 3$$
 cm,  $b = 1$  cm,  $d = 30 \mu m$ 

C. 
$$l = 6$$
 cm,  $b = 5$  cm,  $d = 3 \mu m$ 

D. 
$$l = 1$$
 cm,  $b = 1$  cm,  $d = 10 \mu m$ 

E. 
$$l = 5$$
 cm,  $b = 2$  cm,  $d = 1 \mu m$ 

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

Options 1. A only

- 2. B and D only
- 3. C and E only
- 4. C only

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751087 Option 1 ID: 7364753700 Option 2 ID: 7364753701 Option 3 ID: 7364753702 Option 4 ID: 7364753703

Q.40 What is the relative decrease in focal length of a lens for an increase in optical power by 0.1D from 2.5D? ['D' stands for dioptre]

Options 1.0.1

- 2.0.01
- 3. 0.04
- 4. 0.40

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751091 Option 1 ID: 7364753717 Option 2 ID: 7364753716 Option 3 ID: 7364753718 Option 4 ID: 7364753719 Q.41 During the transition of electron from state A to state C of a Bohr atom, the wavelength of emitted radiation is 2000 Å and it becomes 6000 Å when the electron jumps from state B to state C. Then the wavelength of the radiation emitted during the transition of electrons from state A to state B is

Options 1.  $4000~{\rm \AA}$ 

- 2. 3000 Å
- 3. 6000 Å
- 4. 2000 Å

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751094 Option 1 ID: 7364753730 Option 2 ID: 7364753729 Option 3 ID: 7364753731 Option 4 ID: 7364753728

Q.42 An object of mass 'm' is projected from origin in a vertical xy plane at an angle 45° with the x-axis with an initial velocity v<sub>0</sub>. The magnitude and direction of the angular momentum of the object with respect to origin, when it reaches at the maximum height, will be [g is acceleration due to gravity]

Options

- 1.  $\frac{mv_o^3}{2\sqrt{2}g}$  along positive z-axis
- 2.  $\frac{mv_0^3}{4\sqrt{2}g}$  along positive z-axis
- 3.  $\frac{mv_o^3}{4\sqrt{2}g}$  along negative z-axis
- 4.  $\frac{mv_o^3}{2\sqrt{2}g}$  along negative z-axis

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751077 Option 1 ID: 7364753661 Option 2 ID: 7364753660 Option 3 ID: 7364753662 Option 4 ID: 7364753663

- Q.43 A plano-convex lens having radius of curvature of first surface 2 cm exhibits focal length of  $f_1$  in air. Another plano-convex lens with first surface radius of curvature 3 cm has focal length of  $f_2$  when it is immersed in a liquid of refractive index 1.2. If both the lenses are made of same glass of refractive index 1.5, the ratio of  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  will be
- Options 1.3:5
  - 2.1:2
  - 3.2:3
  - 4.1:3

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751092 Option 1 ID: 7364753722 Option 2 ID: 7364753720 Option 3 ID: 7364753721 Option 4 ID: 7364753723

- Q.44 The Young's double slit interference experiment is performed using light consisting of 480 nm and 600 nm wavelengths to form interference patterns. The least number of the bright fringes of 480 nm light that are required for the first coincidence with the bright fringes formed by 600 nm light is
- Options 1. 8
  - 2. 5
  - 3. 4
  - 4.6

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751089 Option 1 ID: 7364753711 Option 2 ID: 7364753709 Option 3 ID: 7364753708 Option 4 ID: 7364753710

- Q.45 A satellite is launched into a circular orbit of radius 'R' around the earth. A second satellite is launched into an orbit of radius 1.03 R. The time period of revolution of the second satellite is larger than the first one approximately by
- Options 1. 9%
  - 2.4.5%
  - 3. 3%
  - 4. 2.5%

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751081 Option 1 ID: 7364753677 Option 2 ID: 7364753679 Option 3 ID: 7364753678 Option 4 ID: 7364753676

Section: Physics Section B

Q.46

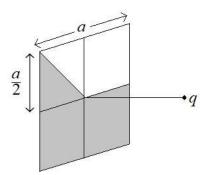
A current of 5A exists in a square loop of side  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$  m. Then the magnitude of the magnetic field

B at the centre of the square loop will be p  $\times$  10<sup>-6</sup> T. where, value of p is \_\_\_\_\_. [Take  $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$  T m A<sup>-1</sup>].

Question Type : **SA** 

Question ID: 7364751099

Q.47 A square loop of sides a=1 m is held normally in front of a point charge q=1C. The flux of the electric field through the shaded region is  $\frac{5}{p} \times \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \frac{\text{Nm}^2}{\text{C}}$ , where the value of p is \_\_\_\_\_.



Question Type : SA

Question ID: 7364751100

**Q.48** A wire of resistance 9  $\Omega$  is bent to form an equilateral triangle. Then the equivalent resistance across any two vertices will be ohm.

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 7364751098

Q.49 The temperature of 1 mole of an ideal monoatomic gas is increased by 50°C at constant pressure.

The total heat added and change in internal energy are  $E_1$  and  $E_2$ , respectively. If  $\frac{E_1}{E_2} = \frac{x}{9}$  then

the value of x is \_\_\_\_\_

Question Type: SA

Question ID: 7364751097

Q.50 The least count of a screw guage is 0.01 mm. If the pitch is increased by 75% and number of divisions on the circular scale is reduced by 50%, the new least count will be \_\_\_\_\_ x10<sup>-3</sup> mm

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 7364751096

Section: Chemistry Section A

Q.51 Given below are two statements:

Statement I: The conversion proceeds well in the less polar medium.

$$\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CI} \xrightarrow{\text{HO}^-} \text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-OH} + \text{CI}^{(-)}$$

Statement II: The conversion proceeds well in the more polar medium .

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH_3-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-Cl} \xrightarrow{R_3\overset{..}{N}} \operatorname{CH_3-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-\overset{R}{\underset{(+)}{N}-R}} \operatorname{Cl}^{(-)} \\ \operatorname{R} \end{array}$$

In the light of the above statements, choose the *correct* answer from the options given below

Options 1 Both Statement I and Statement II are true

- 2. Statement I is false but Statement II is true
- 3. Both Statement I and Statement II are false
- 4 Statement I is true but Statement II is false

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751116 Option 1 ID: 7364753801 Option 2 ID: 7364753804 Option 3 ID: 7364753802 Option 4 ID: 7364753803

Q.52 Preparation of potassium permanganate from MnO<sub>2</sub> involves two step process in which the 1st step is a reaction with KOH and KNO<sub>3</sub> to produce

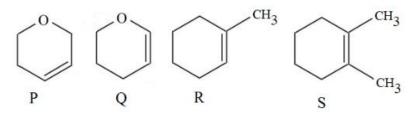
Options 1. K<sub>3</sub>MnO<sub>4</sub>

- 2. KMnO<sub>4</sub>
- $3. K_2MnO_4$
- $^4 \cdot \mathrm{K_4[Mn(OH)_6]}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751111 Option 1 ID: 7364753782 Option 2 ID: 7364753781 Option 3 ID: 7364753784 Option 4 ID: 7364753783 Q.53 Following are the four molecules "P", "Q", "R" and "S".

Which one among the four molecules will react with H-Br<sub>(aq)</sub> at the fastest rate?



Options <sub>1.</sub> S

2. R

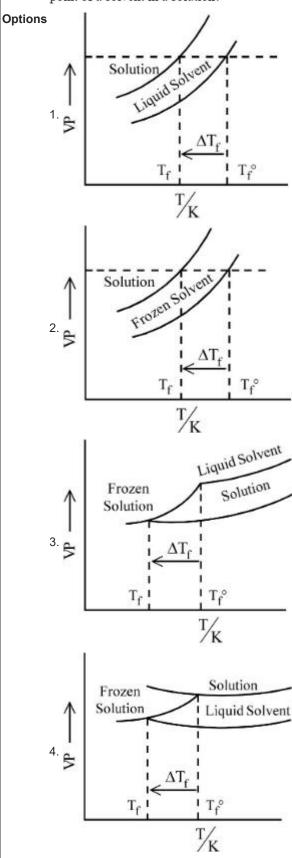
3. **Q** 

4. **P** 

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 7364751115 Option 1 ID : 7364753800 Option 2 ID : 7364753799 Option 3 ID : 7364753798 Option 4 ID : 7364753797

Q.54 Consider the given plots of vapour pressure (VP) vs temperature (T/K). Which amongst the following options is correct graphical representation showing  $\Delta T_f$ , depression in the freezing point of a solvent in a solution?



Question Type : MCQ
Question ID : 7364751104
Option 1 ID : 7364753754
Option 2 ID : 7364753755
Option 3 ID : 7364753756

Option 4 ID : **7364753753** 

Q.55  $K_{sp}$  for Cr (OH)<sub>3</sub> is  $1.6 \times 10^{-30}$ . What is the molar solubility of this salt in water?

Options 1.  $\sqrt[5]{1.8 \times 10^{-30}}$ 

2. 
$$\frac{1.8 \times 10^{-30}}{27}$$
3. 
$$\sqrt[2]{1.6 \times 10^{-30}}$$

3. 
$$\sqrt[2]{1.6 \times 10^{-30}}$$

4. 
$$4\sqrt{\frac{1.6 \times 10^{-30}}{27}}$$

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751105 Option 1 ID: 7364753758 Option 2 ID: 7364753760 Option 3 ID: 7364753757 Option 4 ID: 7364753759

Q.56 One mole of the octahedral complex compound Co(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>5</sub> Cl<sub>3</sub> gives 3 moles of ions on dissolution in water. One mole of the same complex reacts with excess of AgNO3 solution to yield two moles of AgCl(s). The structure of the complex is:

Options 1.  $[Co(NH_3)_3 Cl_3].2NH_3$ 

- 2. [Co(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> Cl] . Cl<sub>2</sub>. NH<sub>3</sub>
- 3. [Co(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>5</sub> Cl]Cl<sub>2</sub>
- 4. [Co(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> Cl<sub>2</sub>]. Cl. NH<sub>3</sub>

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751112 Option 1 ID: 7364753785 Option 2 ID: 7364753787 Option 3 ID: 7364753788 Option 4 ID: 7364753786 Q.57 The product (A) formed in the following reaction sequence is

$$CH_{3}-C\equiv CH \xrightarrow{i)Hg^{2+}, H_{2}SO_{4}} (A)$$

$$iii)^{H_{2}}N_{i} \qquad Product$$

Options 
$$NH_2$$
 $CH_3-CH_2-CH-CH_2-OH$ 

OH

 $CH_3-CH_2-CH_2-NH_2$ 

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3\\ \text{NH}_2\\ \text{3. CH}_3 - \text{C--CH}_2 - \text{OH}\\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$$

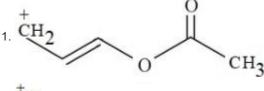
$${\rm ^{4.}\,CH_3-CH_2-CH-CH_2-NH_2}$$

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751119
Option 1 ID: 7364753816
Option 2 ID: 7364753814
Option 3 ID: 7364753815
Option 4 ID: 7364753813

Q.58 Which one of the carbocations from the following is most stable?

Options



$$_{\text{CH}_2}$$
  $_{\text{CH}_2}$   $_{\text{O}}$   $_{\text{CH}_3}$ 

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751114 Option 1 ID: 7364753793 Option 2 ID: 7364753795 Option 3 ID: 7364753794 Option 4 ID: 7364753796

Q.59 Which of the following ions is the strongest oxidizing agent? (Atomic Number of Ce = 58, Eu = 63, Tb = 65, Lu = 71)

Options 1. Eu<sup>2+</sup>

- 2. Lu<sup>3+</sup>
- 3. Tb<sup>4+</sup>
- 4. Ce<sup>3+</sup>

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751110 Option 1 ID: 7364753778 Option 2 ID: 7364753779 Option 3 ID: 7364753779 Option 4 ID: 7364753777 Q.60 Let us consider an endothermic reaction which is non-spontaneous at the freezing point of water. However, the reaction is spontaneous at boiling point of water. Choose the correct option.

Options 1 Both  $\Delta H$  and  $\Delta S$  are (-ve)

- <sup>2</sup>  $\Delta$ H is (-ve) but  $\Delta$ S is (+ve)
- <sup>3</sup> Both  $\Delta H$  and  $\Delta S$  are (+ve)
- <sup>4</sup>  $\Delta$ H is (+ve) but  $\Delta$ S is (-ve)

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751103 Option 1 ID: 7364753751 Option 2 ID: 7364753749 Option 3 ID: 7364753750 Option 4 ID: 7364753752

Q.61

For a reaction,  $N_2O_{5(g)} \to 2NO_{2(g)} + \frac{1}{2} \ O_{2(g)}$  in a constant volume container, no products were present initially. The final pressure of the system when 50% of reaction gets completed is

Options 1. 7/2 times of initial pressure

- 2.5/2 times of initial pressure
- 3.5 times of initial pressure
- 4. 7/4 times of initial pressure

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751107 Option 1 ID: 7364753767 Option 2 ID: 7364753766 Option 3 ID: 7364753768 Option 4 ID: 7364753765 Q.62 For the given cell

$$Fe^{2+}_{(aq)} + Ag^{+}_{(aq)} \rightarrow Fe^{3+}_{(aq)} + Ag_{(s)}$$

The standard cell potential of the above reaction is

Given:

$$Ag^+ + e^- \rightarrow Ag$$

$$E^{\theta} = x V$$

$$Fe^{2+}$$
 +  $2e^ \rightarrow$   $Fe$ 

$$E^{\theta} = y V$$

$$Fe^{3+} + 3e^{-} \rightarrow Fe$$

$$E^{\theta} = z V$$

Options 1. X + 2y

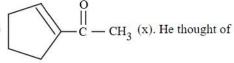
2. 
$$x + y - z$$

$$3. x + 2y - 3z$$

4. 
$$y - 2x$$

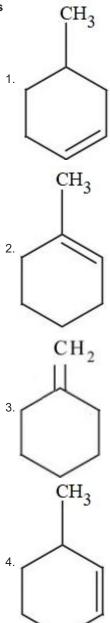
Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751106 Option 1 ID: 7364753761 Option 2 ID: 7364753762 Option 3 ID: 7364753763 Option 4 ID: 7364753764 Aman has been asked to synthesise the molecule



preparing the molecule using an aldol condensation reaction. He found a few cyclic alkenes in his laboratory. He thought of performing ozonolysis reaction on alkene to produce a dicarbonyl compound followed by aldol reaction to prepare "x". Predict the suitable alkene that can lead to the formation of "x".

Options



Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 7364751117 Option 1 ID : 7364753807 Option 2 ID : 7364753808 Option 3 ID : 7364753808 Option 4 ID : 7364753806 Q.64 The large difference between the melting and boiling points of oxygen and sulphur may be explained on the basis of

## Options 1. Atomicity

- 2. Atomic size
- 3. Electron gain enthalpy
- Electronegativity

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751109 Option 1 ID: 7364753775 Option 2 ID: 7364753773 Option 3 ID: 7364753776 Option 4 ID: 7364753774

- Q.65 Which of the following statement is true with respect to H<sub>2</sub>O, NH<sub>3</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub>?
  - A. The central atoms of all the molecules are  $\mbox{sp}^3$  hybridized.
  - B. The H–O–H, H–N–H and H–C–H angles in the above molecules are 104.5°, 107.5° and 109.5°, respectively.
  - C. The increasing order of dipole moment is  $CH_4 \le NH_3 \le H_2O$ .
  - D. Both H<sub>2</sub>O and NH<sub>3</sub> are Lewis acids and CH<sub>4</sub> is a Lewis base.
  - E. A solution of  $NH_3$  in  $H_2O$  is basic. In this solution  $NH_3$  and  $H_2O$  act as Lowry-Bronsted acid and base respectively.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

## Options 1. A, D and E Only

- 2. A, B, C and E Only
- 3. A, B and C Only
- 4. C, D and E Only

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751102 Option 1 ID: 7364753748 Option 2 ID: 7364753747 Option 3 ID: 7364753745 Option 4 ID: 7364753746

- Q.66 Which of the following statements are NOT true about the periodic table?
  - A. The properties of elements are function of atomic weights.
  - B. The properties of elements are function of atomic numbers.
  - C. Elements having similar outer electronic configurations are arranged in same period.
  - D. An element's location reflects the quantum numbers of the last filled orbital.
  - E. The number of elements in a period is same as the number of atomic orbitals available in energy level that is being filled.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- Options 1. A, C and E Only
  - 2. A and E Only
  - 3. D and E Only
  - 4 B, C and E Only

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751108 Option 1 ID: 7364753769 Option 2 ID: 7364753770 Option 3 ID: 7364753772 Option 4 ID: 7364753771

- Which of the following linear combination of atomic orbitals will lead to formation of molecular orbitals in homonuclear diatomic molecules [internuclear axis in z- direction]?
  - A. 2pz and 2px
  - B. 2s and 2p<sub>x</sub>
  - C.  $3d_{xv}$  and  $3d_{x^2-v^2}$
  - D. 2s and 2pz
  - E.  $2p_z$  and  $3d_{x^2-v^2}$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

# Options 1. D Only

- 2. A and B Only
- 3. E Only
- 4. C and D Only

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751101 Option 1 ID: 7364753743 Option 2 ID: 7364753741 Option 3 ID: 7364753744 Option 4 ID: 7364753742 Q.68 Given below are two statements I and II.

Statement I: Dumas method is used for estimation of "Nitrogen" in an organic compound.

**Statement II:** Dumas method involves the formation of ammonium sulphate by heating the organic compound with conc H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below

# Options 1. Both Statement I and Statement II are false

- 2 Statement I is true but Statement II is false
- 3. Both Statement I and Statement II are true
- 4. Statement I is false but Statement II is true

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 7364751113 Option 1 ID: 7364753790 Option 2 ID: 7364753791 Option 3 ID: 7364753789 Option 4 ID: 7364753792

Q.69 Which of the following arrangements with respect to their reactivity in nucleophilic addition reaction is correct?

#### Options 1.

p- nitrobenzaldehyde < benzaldehyde < p-tolualdehyde < acetophenone

2

acetophenone < benzaldehyde < p-tolualdehyde < p- nitrobenzaldehyde

3.

benzaldehyde < acetophenone < p- nitrobenzaldehyde < p-tolualdehyde

4.

acetophenone < p-tolualdehyde < benzaldehyde < p- nitrobenzaldehyde

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 7364751118 Option 1 ID: 7364753812 Option 2 ID: 7364753811 Option 3 ID: 7364753809 Option 4 ID: 7364753810 Q.70 The carbohydrate "Ribose" present in DNA, is

- A. A pentose sugar
- B. present in pyranose from
- C. in "D" configuration
- D. a reducing sugar, when free
- E. in ∝-anomeric form

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

Options 1. A, C and D Only

- 2. B, D and E Only
- 3. A, D and E Only
- 4. A, B and E Only

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 7364751120 Option 1 ID : 7364753817 Option 2 ID : 7364753819 Option 3 ID : 7364753820 Option 4 ID : 7364753818

#### Section: Chemistry Section B

Q.71 37.8 g N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> was taken in a 1 L reaction vessel and allowed to undergo the following reaction

at 500 K

$$2N_2O_{5(g)} \rightleftharpoons 2N_2O_{4(g)} + O_{2(g)}$$

The total pressure at equilibrium was found to be 18.65 bar.

Then,  $Kp = \underline{\phantom{MMMM}} \times 10^{-2}$  [nearest integer]

Assume  $N_2O_5$  to behave ideally under these conditions.

Given:  $R = 0.082 \text{ bar L mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ 

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 7364751123

Q.72 Consider the following reaction occurring in the blast furnace:

$$Fe_3O_{4(s)} + 4CO_{(g)} \rightarrow 3Fe_{(1)} + 4CO_{2(g)}$$

'x' kg of iron is produced when  $2.32 \times 10^3$  kg Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and  $2.8 \times 10^2$  kg CO are brought together in

the furnace. The value of 'x' is \_\_\_\_\_. (nearest integer)

{Given:

molar mass of  $Fe_3O_4 = 232 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ 

molar mass of CO = 28 g mol-1

molar mass of Fe = 56 g mol-1}

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 7364751121

I	Q.73 Xg of be	nzoic acid	on reaction wit	th aq NaHCO3	released CO	2 that occupie	ed 11.2 L vo	lume at
I	STP.							
I	X is	g.						

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 7364751124

Q.74 Among the following cations, the number of cations which will give characteristic precipitate in their identification tests with 
$$K_4[Fe(CN)_6]$$
 is \_\_\_\_\_.  $Cu^{2+}$ ,  $Fe^{3+}$ ,  $Ba^{2+}$ ,  $Ca^{2+}$ ,  $NH_4^+$ ,  $Mg^{2+}$ ,  $Zn^{2+}$ 

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 7364751125

Q.75 Standard entropies of X<sub>2</sub>, Y<sub>2</sub> and XY<sub>5</sub> are 70, 50 and 110 J K<sup>-1</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup> respectively. The temperature in Kelvin at which the reaction

$$\frac{1}{2}X_2 + \frac{5}{2}Y_2 \Longrightarrow XY_5 \quad \Delta H^{\Theta} = -35 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$$

will be at equilibrium is \_\_\_\_\_ (Nearest integer)

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 7364751122