

# JEE MAINS PAPER 1 2025

Test Date	22/01/2025
Test Time	9:00 AM - 12:00 PM
Subject	B. Tech

## Section : Mathematics Section A

**Q.1** The area of the region, inside the circle  $(x-2\sqrt{3})^2 + y^2 = 12$  and outside the parabola  $y^2 = 2\sqrt{3}x$  is :

- Options**
1.  $6\pi - 16$
  2.  $3\pi - 8$
  3.  $3\pi + 8$
  4.  $6\pi - 8$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 65644594

Option 1 ID : 656445331

Option 2 ID : 656445330

Option 3 ID : 656445328

Option 4 ID : 656445329

**Q.2** Let  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots$  be a G.P. of increasing positive terms. If  $a_1 a_5 = 28$  and  $a_2 + a_4 = 29$ , then  $a_6$  is equal to :

- Options**
1. 526
  2. 812
  3. 628
  4. 784

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 65644581

Option 1 ID : 656445276

Option 2 ID : 656445279

Option 3 ID : 656445277

Option 4 ID : 656445278

**Q.3**

If  $\sum_{r=1}^n T_r = \frac{(2n-1)(2n+1)(2n+3)(2n+5)}{64}$ , then  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{r=1}^n \left( \frac{1}{T_r} \right)$  is equal to :

**Options**

1. 1
2.  $\frac{1}{3}$
3. 0
4.  $\frac{2}{3}$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644580**

Option 1 ID : **656445275**

Option 2 ID : **656445273**

Option 3 ID : **656445272**

Option 4 ID : **656445274**

**Q.4**

A coin is tossed three times. Let  $X$  denote the number of times a tail follows a head. If  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^2$  denote the mean and variance of  $X$ , then the value of  $64(\mu + \sigma^2)$  is :

**Options**

1. 32
2. 64
3. 51
4. 48

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644583**

Option 1 ID : **656445284**

Option 2 ID : **656445287**

Option 3 ID : **656445286**

Option 4 ID : **656445285**

**Q.5** The number of non-empty equivalence relations on the set  $\{1, 2, 3\}$  is :

- Options**
1. 6
  2. 7
  3. 5
  4. 4

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644577**

Option 1 ID : **656445262**

Option 2 ID : **656445263**

Option 3 ID : **656445261**

Option 4 ID : **656445260**

**Q.6** A circle  $C$  of radius 2 lies in the second quadrant and touches both the coordinate axes. Let  $r$  be the radius of a circle that has centre at the point  $(2, 5)$  and intersects the circle  $C$  at exactly two points. If the set of all possible values of  $r$  is the interval  $(\alpha, \beta)$ , then  $3\beta - 2\alpha$  is equal to :

- Options**
1. 14
  2. 15
  3. 12
  4. 10

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644586**

Option 1 ID : **656445298**

Option 2 ID : **656445299**

Option 3 ID : **656445297**

Option 4 ID : **656445296**

**Q.7**

Let  $z_1, z_2$  and  $z_3$  be three complex numbers on the circle  $|z|=1$  with  $\arg(z_1) = -\frac{\pi}{4}$ ,  $\arg(z_2) = 0$  and

$\arg(z_3) = \frac{\pi}{4}$ . If  $|z_1 \bar{z}_2 + z_2 \bar{z}_3 + z_3 \bar{z}_1|^2 = \alpha + \beta\sqrt{2}$ ,  $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbf{Z}$ , then the value of  $\alpha^2 + \beta^2$  is :

**Options**

1. 24
2. 29
3. 31
4. 41

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644579**

Option 1 ID : **656445268**

Option 2 ID : **656445269**

Option 3 ID : **656445270**

Option 4 ID : **656445271**

**Q.8**

Let  $L_1 : \frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-2}{3} = \frac{z-3}{4}$  and  $L_2 : \frac{x-2}{3} = \frac{y-4}{4} = \frac{z-5}{5}$  be two lines. Then which of the following points lies on the line of the shortest distance between  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  ?

**Options**

1.  $\left(2, 3, \frac{1}{3}\right)$
2.  $\left(-\frac{5}{3}, -7, 1\right)$
3.  $\left(\frac{14}{3}, -3, \frac{22}{3}\right)$
4.  $\left(\frac{8}{3}, -1, \frac{1}{3}\right)$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644590**

Option 1 ID : **656445314**

Option 2 ID : **656445312**

Option 3 ID : **656445315**

Option 4 ID : **656445313**

**Q.9** From all the English alphabets, five letters are chosen and are arranged in alphabetical order. The total number of ways, in which the middle letter is 'M', is :

**Options**

1. 4356
2. 14950
3. 5148
4. 6084

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644582**

Option 1 ID : **656445281**

Option 2 ID : **656445280**

Option 3 ID : **656445283**

Option 4 ID : **656445282**

**Q.10**

Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 10\}$  and  $B = \left\{ \frac{m}{n} : m, n \in A, m < n \text{ and } \gcd(m, n) = 1 \right\}$ . Then  $n(B)$  is equal to :

**Options**

1. 29
2. 36
3. 31
4. 37

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644576**

Option 1 ID : **656445256**

Option 2 ID : **656445258**

Option 3 ID : **656445257**

Option 4 ID : **656445259**

**Q.11**

The product of all solutions of the equation  $e^{5(\log_e x)^2 + 3} = x^8, x > 0$ , is :

**Options** 1.  $e$

2.  $e^2$

3.  $e^{8/5}$

4.  $e^{6/5}$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644578**

Option 1 ID : **656445264**

Option 2 ID : **656445265**

Option 3 ID : **656445267**

Option 4 ID : **656445266**

**Q.12**

Let  $f(x)$  be a real differentiable function such that  $f(0) = 1$  and  $f(x+y) = f(x)f'(y) + f'(x)f(y)$  for all

$x, y \in \mathbf{R}$ . Then  $\sum_{n=1}^{100} \log_e f(n)$  is equal to :

**Options** 1. 2525

2. 2406

3. 5220

4. 2384

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644592**

Option 1 ID : **656445322**

Option 2 ID : **656445321**

Option 3 ID : **656445323**

Option 4 ID : **656445320**

**Q.13**

Let for  $f(x) = 7\tan^8 x + 7\tan^6 x - 3\tan^4 x - 3\tan^2 x$ ,  $I_1 = \int_0^{\pi/4} f(x) dx$  and  $I_2 = \int_0^{\pi/4} x f(x) dx$ . Then

$7I_1 + 12I_2$  is equal to :

**Options**

1. 2
2.  $\pi$
3. 1
4.  $2\pi$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644593**

Option 1 ID : **656445327**

Option 2 ID : **656445325**

Option 3 ID : **656445326**

Option 4 ID : **656445324**

**Q.14**

Let  $f: \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$  be a twice differentiable function such that  $f(x+y) = f(x)f(y)$  for all  $x, y \in \mathbf{R}$ . If

$f'(0) = 4a$  and  $f$  satisfies  $f''(x) - 3af'(x) - f(x) = 0$ ,  $a > 0$ , then the area of the region

$R = \{(x, y) \mid 0 \leq y \leq f(ax), 0 \leq x \leq 2\}$  is :

**Options**

1.  $e^4 - 1$
2.  $e^4 + 1$
3.  $e^2 + 1$
4.  $e^2 - 1$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644591**

Option 1 ID : **656445318**

Option 2 ID : **656445319**

Option 3 ID : **656445316**

Option 4 ID : **656445317**

**Q.15**

Let  $x = x(y)$  be the solution of the differential equation  $y^2 dx + \left(x - \frac{1}{y}\right) dy = 0$ . If  $x(1) = 1$ , then  $x\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

is :

**Options**

1.  $\frac{1}{2} + e$
2.  $3 - e$
3.  $\frac{3}{2} + e$
4.  $3 + e$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644595**

Option 1 ID : **656445332**

Option 2 ID : **656445333**

Option 3 ID : **656445334**

Option 4 ID : **656445335**

**Q.16**

Two balls are selected at random one by one without replacement from a bag containing 4 white and 6 black balls. If the probability that the first selected ball is black, given that the second

selected ball is also black, is  $\frac{m}{n}$ , where  $\gcd(m, n) = 1$ , then  $m + n$  is equal to :

**Options**

1. 14
2. 4
3. 13
4. 11

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644584**

Option 1 ID : **656445291**

Option 2 ID : **656445289**

Option 3 ID : **656445290**

Option 4 ID : **656445288**



**Q.17** Using the principal values of the inverse trigonometric functions, the sum of the maximum and the minimum values of  $16((\sec^{-1}x)^2 + (\operatorname{cosec}^{-1}x)^2)$  is :

**Options**

1.  $31\pi^2$
2.  $24\pi^2$
3.  $22\pi^2$
4.  $18\pi^2$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644589**

Option 1 ID : **656445311**

Option 2 ID : **656445310**

Option 3 ID : **656445309**

Option 4 ID : **656445308**

**Q.18** Let the parabola  $y = x^2 + px - 3$ , meet the coordinate axes at the points P, Q and R. If the circle C with centre at  $(-1, -1)$  passes through the points P, Q and R, then the area of  $\Delta PQR$  is :

**Options**

1. 7
2. 6
3. 5
4. 4

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644587**

Option 1 ID : **656445303**

Option 2 ID : **656445302**

Option 3 ID : **656445301**

Option 4 ID : **656445300**

**Q.19** Let the triangle PQR be the image of the triangle with vertices (1, 3), (3, 1) and (2, 4) in the line  $x + 2y = 2$ . If the centroid of  $\Delta PQR$  is the point  $(\alpha, \beta)$ , then  $15(\alpha - \beta)$  is equal to :

- Options**
1. 19
  2. 21
  3. 22
  4. 24

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644585**

Option 1 ID : **656445292**

Option 2 ID : **656445293**

Option 3 ID : **656445294**

Option 4 ID : **656445295**

**Q.20** Let the foci of a hyperbola be (1, 14) and (1, -12). If it passes through the point (1, 6), then the length of its latus-rectum is :

- Options**
1.  $\frac{144}{5}$
  2.  $\frac{24}{5}$
  3.  $\frac{25}{6}$
  4.  $\frac{288}{5}$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **65644588**

Option 1 ID : **656445306**

Option 2 ID : **656445307**

Option 3 ID : **656445304**

Option 4 ID : **656445305**

**Section : Mathematics Section B**

**Q.21** Let the function,

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -3ax^2 - 2, & x < 1 \\ a^2 + bx, & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

be differentiable for all  $x \in \mathbf{R}$ , where  $a > 1$ ,  $b \in \mathbf{R}$ . If the area of the region enclosed by  $y = f(x)$  and the line  $y = -20$  is  $\alpha + \beta\sqrt{3}$ ,  $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbf{Z}$ , then the value of  $\alpha + \beta$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

Question Type : **SA**

Question ID : **656445100**

**Q.22** If  $\sum_{r=0}^5 \frac{{}^{11}C_{2r+1}}{2r+2} = \frac{m}{n}$ ,  $\gcd(m, n) = 1$ , then  $m - n$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

Question Type : **SA**

Question ID : **65644597**

**Q.23** Let  $\vec{c}$  be the projection vector of  $\vec{b} = \lambda \hat{i} + 4\hat{k}$ ,  $\lambda > 0$ , on the vector  $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ . If  $|\vec{a} + \vec{c}| = 7$ , then the area of the parallelogram formed by the vectors  $\vec{b}$  and  $\vec{c}$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

Question Type : **SA**

Question ID : **65644598**

**Q.24** Let  $A$  be a square matrix of order 3 such that  $\det(A) = -2$  and  $\det(3\text{adj}(-6\text{adj}(3A))) = 2^{m+n} \cdot 3^{mn}$ ,  $m > n$ . Then  $4m + 2n$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

Question Type : **SA**

Question ID : **65644596**

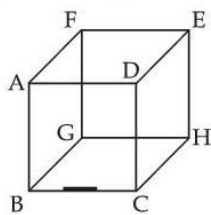
**Q.25** Let  $L_1 : \frac{x-1}{3} = \frac{y-1}{-1} = \frac{z+1}{0}$  and  $L_2 : \frac{x-2}{2} = \frac{y}{0} = \frac{z+4}{\alpha}$ ,  $\alpha \in \mathbf{R}$ , be two lines, which intersect at the point  $B$ . If  $P$  is the foot of perpendicular from the point  $A(1, 1, -1)$  on  $L_2$ , then the value of  $26 \alpha (PB)^2$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

Question Type : **SA**

Question ID : **65644599**

**Q.26**

A line charge of length  $\frac{a}{2}$  is kept at the center of an edge BC of a cube ABCDEFGH having edge length 'a' as shown in the figure. If the density of line charge is  $\lambda$  C per unit length, then the total electric flux through all the faces of the cube will be \_\_\_\_\_. (Take,  $\epsilon_0$  as the free space permittivity)



**Options**

1.  $\frac{\lambda a}{16\epsilon_0}$
2.  $\frac{\lambda a}{8\epsilon_0}$
3.  $\frac{\lambda a}{4\epsilon_0}$
4.  $\frac{\lambda a}{2\epsilon_0}$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445112**

Option 1 ID : **656445388**

Option 2 ID : **656445387**

Option 3 ID : **656445386**

Option 4 ID : **656445385**

**Q.27**

An amount of ice of mass  $10^{-3}$  kg and temperature  $-10^\circ\text{C}$  is transformed to vapour of temperature  $110^\circ\text{C}$  by applying heat. The total amount of work required for this conversion is, (Take, specific heat of ice =  $2100 \text{ Jkg}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$ , specific heat of water =  $4180 \text{ Jkg}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$ , specific heat of steam =  $1920 \text{ Jkg}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$ , Latent heat of ice =  $3.35 \times 10^5 \text{ Jkg}^{-1}$  and Latent heat of steam =  $2.25 \times 10^6 \text{ Jkg}^{-1}$ )

**Options**

1. 3043 J
2. 3022 J
3. 3024 J
4. 3003 J

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445107**

Option 1 ID : **656445365**

Option 2 ID : **656445367**

Option 3 ID : **656445366**

Option 4 ID : **656445368**

- Q.28** Given below are two statements :
- Statement I :** In a vernier callipers, one vernier scale division is always smaller than one main scale division.
- Statement II :** The vernier constant is given by one main scale division multiplied by the number of vernier scale divisions.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

**Options**

1. Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are false
2. Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are true
3. **Statement I** is false but **Statement II** is true
4. **Statement I** is true but **Statement II** is false

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445102**

Option 1 ID : **656445346**

Option 2 ID : **656445345**

Option 3 ID : **656445348**

Option 4 ID : **656445347**

- Q.29** A parallel-plate capacitor of capacitance  $40\mu\text{F}$  is connected to a 100 V power supply. Now the intermediate space between the plates is filled with a dielectric material of dielectric constant  $K = 2$ . Due to the introduction of dielectric material, the extra charge and the change in the electrostatic energy in the capacitor, respectively, are

**Options**

1. **4 mC** and **0.2 J**
2. **2 mC** and **0.4 J**
3. **2 mC** and **0.2 J**
4. **8 mC** and **2.0 J**

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445109**

Option 1 ID : **656445373**

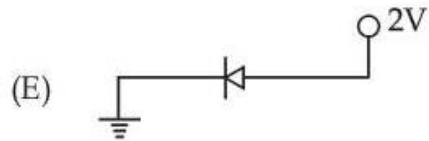
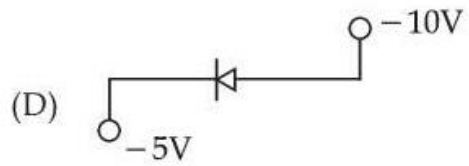
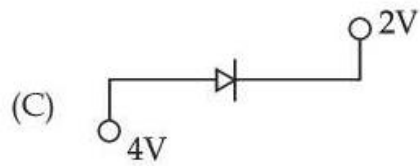
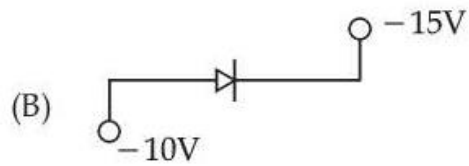
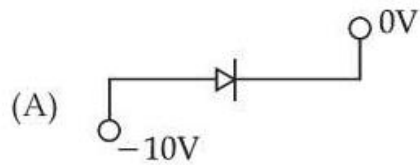
Option 2 ID : **656445374**

Option 3 ID : **656445376**

Option 4 ID : **656445375**

Q.30

Which of the following circuits represents a forward biased diode ?



Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

Options

1. (A) and (D) only
2. (B), (D) and (E) only
3. (C) and (E) only
4. (B), (C) and (E) only

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445120**

Option 1 ID : **656445417**

Option 2 ID : **656445420**

Option 3 ID : **656445418**

Option 4 ID : **656445419**

**Q.31**

Given below are two statements : one is labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other is labelled as **Reason (R)**.

**Assertion-(A) :** If Young's double slit experiment is performed in an optically denser medium than air, then the consecutive fringes come closer.

**Reason-(R) :** The speed of light reduces in an optically denser medium than air while its frequency does not change.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate answer** from the options given below :

**Options**

1. **(A) is true but (R) is false**
2. Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true but **(R)** is **not** the correct explanation of **(A)**
3. **(A) is false but (R) is true**
4. Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is the correct explanation of **(A)**

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445115**

Option 1 ID : **656445399**

Option 2 ID : **656445398**

Option 3 ID : **656445400**

Option 4 ID : **656445397**

**Q.32**

If  $B$  is magnetic field and  $\mu_0$  is permeability of free space, then the dimensions of  $(B/\mu_0)$  is

**Options**

1.  $LT^{-2}A^{-1}$
2.  $ML^2T^{-2}A^{-1}$
3.  $MT^{-2}A^{-1}$
4.  $L^{-1}A$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445101**

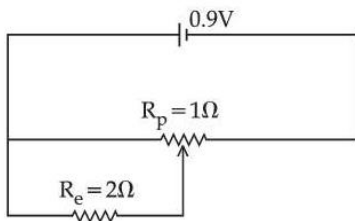
Option 1 ID : **656445343**

Option 2 ID : **656445341**

Option 3 ID : **656445342**

Option 4 ID : **656445344**

Q.33



Sliding contact of a potentiometer is in the middle of the potentiometer wire having resistance  $R_p = 1\Omega$  as shown in the figure. An external resistance of  $R_e = 2\Omega$  is connected via the sliding contact. The electric current in the circuit is :

Options

1. 1.35 A
2. 0.9 A
3. 0.3 A
4. 1.0 A

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445114

Option 1 ID : 656445396

Option 2 ID : 656445394

Option 3 ID : 656445393

Option 4 ID : 656445395

Q.34

The work functions of cesium (Cs) and lithium (Li) metals are 1.9 eV and 2.5 eV, respectively. If we incident a light of wavelength 550 nm on these two metal surfaces, then photo-electric effect is possible for the case of

Options

1. Cs only
2. Both Cs and Li
3. Neither Cs nor Li
4. Li only

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445118

Option 1 ID : 656445409

Option 2 ID : 656445411

Option 3 ID : 656445412

Option 4 ID : 656445410



**Q.35** An electron is made to enter symmetrically between two parallel and equally but oppositely charged metal plates, each of 10 cm length. The electron emerges out of the electric field region with a horizontal component of velocity  $10^6$  m/s. If the magnitude of the electric field between the plates is 9.1 V/cm, then the vertical component of velocity of electron is (mass of electron =  $9.1 \times 10^{-31}$  kg and charge of electron =  $1.6 \times 10^{-19}$  C)

**Options**

1.  $1 \times 10^6$  m/s
2.  $16 \times 10^4$  m/s
3.  $16 \times 10^6$  m/s
4. 0

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445110**

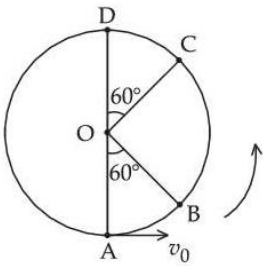
Option 1 ID : **656445378**

Option 2 ID : **656445377**

Option 3 ID : **656445380**

Option 4 ID : **656445379**

**Q.36** A bob of mass  $m$  is suspended at a point  $O$  by a light string of length  $l$  and left to perform vertical motion (circular) as shown in figure. Initially, by applying horizontal velocity  $v_0$  at the point 'A', the string becomes slack when, the bob reaches at the point 'D'. The ratio of the kinetic energy of the bob at the points B and C is \_\_\_\_\_.



**Options**

1. 3
2. 4
3. 1
4. 2

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445103**

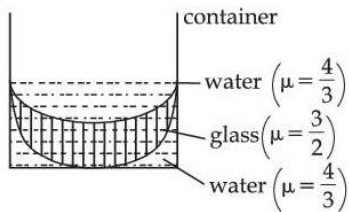
Option 1 ID : **656445351**

Option 2 ID : **656445352**

Option 3 ID : **656445349**

Option 4 ID : **656445350**

**Q.37** In the diagram given below, there are three lenses formed. Considering negligible thickness of each of them as compared to  $|R_1|$  and  $|R_2|$ , i.e., the radii of curvature for upper and lower surfaces of the glass lens, the power of the combination is



**Options**

1.  $\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{|R_1|} + \frac{1}{|R_2|} \right)$
2.  $-\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{|R_1|} + \frac{1}{|R_2|} \right)$
3.  $\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{|R_1|} - \frac{1}{|R_2|} \right)$
4.  $-\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{|R_1|} - \frac{1}{|R_2|} \right)$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445117**

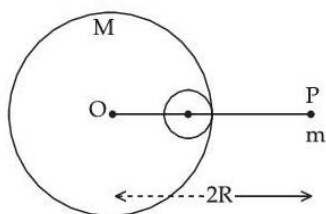
Option 1 ID : **656445407**

Option 2 ID : **656445408**

Option 3 ID : **656445405**

Option 4 ID : **656445406**

- Q.38** A small point of mass  $m$  is placed at a distance  $2R$  from the centre ' $O$ ' of a big uniform solid sphere of mass  $M$  and radius  $R$ . The gravitational force on ' $m$ ' due to  $M$  is  $F_1$ . A spherical part of radius  $R/3$  is removed from the big sphere as shown in the figure and the gravitational force on  $m$  due to remaining part of  $M$  is found to be  $F_2$ . The value of ratio  $F_1 : F_2$  is



- Options**
1. 12 : 11
  2. 16 : 9
  3. 11 : 10
  4. 12 : 9

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445105**

Option 1 ID : **656445358**

Option 2 ID : **656445360**

Option 3 ID : **656445359**

Option 4 ID : **656445357**

- Q.39** Given below are two statements :

**Statement-I :** The equivalent emf of two nonideal batteries connected in parallel is smaller than either of the two emfs.

**Statement-II :** The equivalent internal resistance of two nonideal batteries connected in parallel is smaller than the internal resistance of either of the two batteries.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- Options**
1. **Statement-I is false but Statement-II is true**
  2. **Both Statement-I and Statement-II are false**
  3. **Both Statement-I and Statement-II are true**
  4. **Statement-I is true but Statement-II is false**

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445113**

Option 1 ID : **656445392**

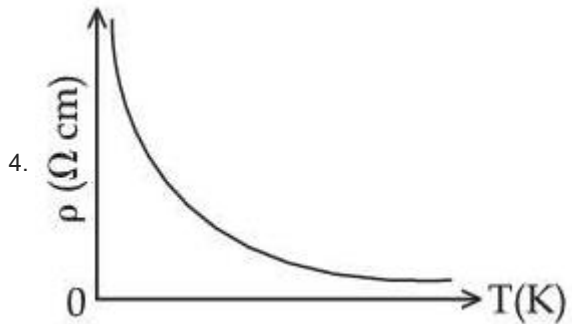
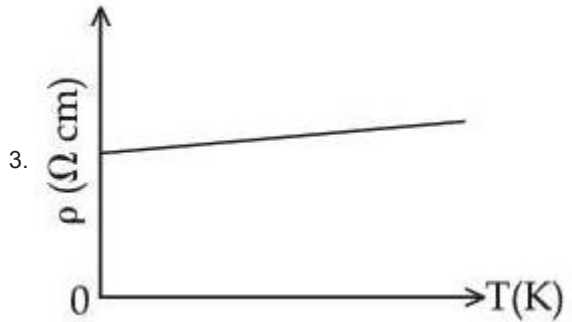
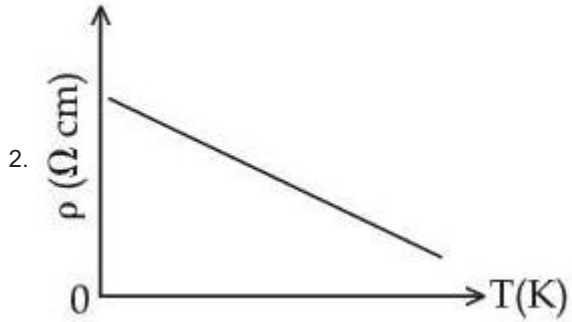
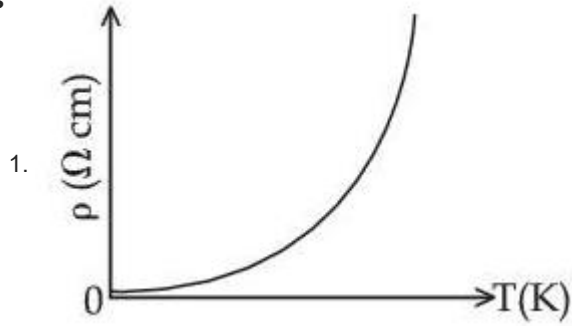
Option 2 ID : **656445390**

Option 3 ID : **656445389**

Option 4 ID : **656445391**

**Q.40** Which of the following resistivity ( $\rho$ ) v/s temperature (T) curves is most suitable to be used in wire bound standard resistors ?

**Options**



Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445111**

Option 1 ID : **656445381**

Option 2 ID : **656445384**

Option 3 ID : **656445383**

Option 4 ID : **656445382**

**Q.41** A closed organ and an open organ tube are filled by two different gases having same bulk modulus but different densities  $\rho_1$  and  $\rho_2$ , respectively. The frequency of 9<sup>th</sup> harmonic of closed tube is identical with 4<sup>th</sup> harmonic of open tube. If the length of the closed tube is 10 cm and the density ratio of the gases is  $\rho_1 : \rho_2 = 1 : 16$ , then the length of the open tube is :

**Options**

1.  $\frac{20}{7}$  cm
2.  $\frac{15}{7}$  cm
3.  $\frac{20}{9}$  cm
4.  $\frac{15}{9}$  cm

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445108**

Option 1 ID : **656445371**

Option 2 ID : **656445369**

Option 3 ID : **656445372**

Option 4 ID : **656445370**

**Q.42** Two spherical bodies of same materials having radii 0.2 m and 0.8 m are placed in same atmosphere. The temperature of the smaller body is 800 K and temperature of the bigger body is 400 K. If the energy radiated from the smaller body is E, the energy radiated from the bigger body is (assume, effect of the surrounding temperature to be negligible),

**Options**

1. 64 E
2. E
3. 256 E
4. 16 E

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445106**

Option 1 ID : **656445362**

Option 2 ID : **656445364**

Option 3 ID : **656445361**

Option 4 ID : **656445363**

**Q.43** An electron in the ground state of the hydrogen atom has the orbital radius of  $5.3 \times 10^{-11}$  m while that for the electron in third excited state is  $8.48 \times 10^{-10}$  m. The ratio of the de Broglie wavelengths of electron in the ground state to that in the excited state is

**Options**

1. 16
2. 3
3. 4
4. 9

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445119

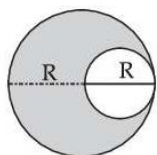
Option 1 ID : 656445416

Option 2 ID : 656445413

Option 3 ID : 656445414

Option 4 ID : 656445415

**Q.44** A uniform circular disc of radius 'R' and mass 'M' is rotating about an axis perpendicular to its plane and passing through its centre. A small circular part of radius R/2 is removed from the original disc as shown in the figure. Find the moment of inertia of the remaining part of the original disc about the axis as given above.



**Options**

1.  $\frac{9}{32} MR^2$
2.  $\frac{17}{32} MR^2$
3.  $\frac{13}{32} MR^2$
4.  $\frac{7}{32} MR^2$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445104

Option 1 ID : 656445354

Option 2 ID : 656445356

Option 3 ID : 656445353

Option 4 ID : 656445355

**Q.45** Given is a thin convex lens of glass (refractive index  $\mu$ ) and each side having radius of curvature  $R$ . One side is polished for complete reflection. At what distance from the lens, an object be placed on the optic axis so that the image gets formed on the object itself ?

**Options**

1.  $R/\mu$
2.  $\mu R$
3.  $R/(2\mu - 3)$
4.  $R/(2\mu - 1)$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445116**

Option 1 ID : **656445401**

Option 2 ID : **656445403**

Option 3 ID : **656445404**

Option 4 ID : **656445402**

**Section : Physics Section B**

**Q.46** The driver sitting inside a parked car is watching vehicles approaching from behind with the help of his side view mirror, which is a convex mirror with radius of curvature  $R = 2$  m. Another car approaches him from behind with a uniform speed of 90 km/hr. When the car is at a distance of 24 m from him, the magnitude of the acceleration of the image of the car in the side view mirror is 'a'. The value of  $100a$  is \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{m/s}^2$ .

Question Type : **SA**

Question ID : **656445125**

**Q.47** Two soap bubbles of radius 2 cm and 4 cm, respectively, are in contact with each other. The radius of curvature of the common surface, in cm, is \_\_\_\_\_.

Question Type : **SA**

Question ID : **656445123**

**Q.48** A particle is projected at an angle of  $30^\circ$  from horizontal at a speed of 60 m/s. The height traversed by the particle in the first second is  $h_0$  and height traversed in the last second, before it reaches the maximum height, is  $h_1$ . The ratio  $h_0 : h_1$  is \_\_\_\_\_.  
[Take,  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ ]

Question Type : **SA**

Question ID : **656445122**

**Q.49** The position vectors of two 1 kg particles, (A) and (B), are given by

$$\vec{r}_A = \left( \alpha_1 t^2 \hat{i} + \alpha_2 t \hat{j} + \alpha_3 t \hat{k} \right) \text{m and } \vec{r}_B = \left( \beta_1 t \hat{i} + \beta_2 t^2 \hat{j} + \beta_3 t \hat{k} \right) \text{m, respectively;}$$

( $\alpha_1 = 1 \text{ m/s}^2$ ,  $\alpha_2 = 3 \text{ m/s}$ ,  $\alpha_3 = 2 \text{ m/s}$ ,  $\beta_1 = 2 \text{ m/s}$ ,  $\beta_2 = -1 \text{ m/s}^2$ ,  $\beta_3 = 4 \text{ m/s}$ ), where  $t$  is time,  $n$  and

$p$  are constants. At  $t = 1 \text{ s}$ ,  $\left| \vec{V}_A \right| = \left| \vec{V}_B \right|$  and velocities  $\vec{V}_A$  and  $\vec{V}_B$  of the particles are orthogonal to each other. At  $t = 1 \text{ s}$ , the magnitude of angular momentum of particle (A) with respect to the position of particle (B) is  $\sqrt{L} \text{ kgm}^2\text{s}^{-1}$ . The value of  $L$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

Question Type : SA

Question ID : 656445121

**Q.50** Three conductors of same length having thermal conductivity  $k_1$ ,  $k_2$  and  $k_3$  are connected as shown in figure.

100°C	$\theta^\circ\text{C}$	0°C
1. $k_1$	3.	
2. $k_2$	$k_3$	

Area of cross sections of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> conductor are same and for 3<sup>rd</sup> conductor it is double of the 1<sup>st</sup> conductor. The temperatures are given in the figure. In steady state condition, the value of  $\theta$  is \_\_\_\_\_°C.

(Given :  $k_1 = 60 \text{ Js}^{-1}\text{m}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$ ,  $k_2 = 120 \text{ Js}^{-1}\text{m}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$ ,  $k_3 = 135 \text{ Js}^{-1}\text{m}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$ )

Question Type : SA

Question ID : 656445124



Q.51

Match List-I with List-II.

## List-I

- (A)  $\text{Al}^{3+} < \text{Mg}^{2+} < \text{Na}^+ < \text{F}^-$   
 (B)  $\text{B} < \text{C} < \text{O} < \text{N}$   
 (C)  $\text{B} < \text{Al} < \text{Mg} < \text{K}$   
 (D)  $\text{Si} < \text{P} < \text{S} < \text{Cl}$

## List-II

- (I) Ionisation Enthalpy  
 (II) Metallic character  
 (III) Electronegativity  
 (IV) Ionic radii

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

## Options

- (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)- (III), (D)-(II)
- (A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)- (IV), (D)-(I)
- (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)- (II), (D)-(I)
- (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)- (II), (D)-(III)

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445134

Option 1 ID : 656445461

Option 2 ID : 656445459

Option 3 ID : 656445460

Option 4 ID : 656445458

Q.52

The **incorrect** statements regarding geometrical isomerism are :

- (A) Propene shows geometrical isomerism.  
 (B) Trans isomer has identical atoms/groups on the opposite sides of the double bond.  
 (C) Cis-but-2-ene has higher dipole moment than trans-but-2-ene.  
 (D) 2-methylbut-2-ene shows two geometrical isomers.  
 (E) Trans-isomer has lower melting point than cis isomer.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

## Options

- (C), (D) and (E) Only
- (B) and (C) Only
- (A), (D) and (E) Only
- (A) and (E) Only

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445140

Option 1 ID : 656445484

Option 2 ID : 656445483

Option 3 ID : 656445485

Option 4 ID : 656445482

Q.53

Which of the following statement is not true for radioactive decay ?

Options

1. Half life is ln 2 times of  $\frac{1}{\text{rate constant}}$ .
2. Amount of radioactive substance remained after three half lives is  $\frac{1}{8}$  th of original amount.
3. Decay constant increases with increase in temperature.
4. Decay constant does not depend upon temperature.

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445132

Option 1 ID : 656445450

Option 2 ID : 656445452

Option 3 ID : 656445453

Option 4 ID : 656445451

Q.54

Which of the following electronegativity order is **incorrect** ?

Options

1.  $\text{Al} < \text{Mg} < \text{B} < \text{N}$
2.  $\text{Mg} < \text{Be} < \text{B} < \text{N}$
3.  $\text{Al} < \text{Si} < \text{C} < \text{N}$
4.  $\text{S} < \text{Cl} < \text{O} < \text{F}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445133

Option 1 ID : 656445455

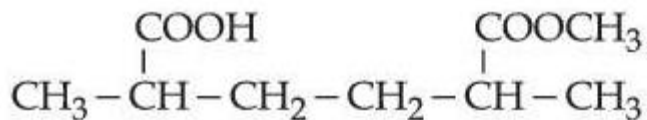
Option 2 ID : 656445454

Option 3 ID : 656445456

Option 4 ID : 656445457

Q.55

The IUPAC name of the following compound is :



Options

1. Methyl-6-carboxy-2,5-dimethylhexanoate.
2. 6-Methoxycarbonyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoic acid.
3. Methyl-5-carboxy-2-methylhexanoate.
4. 2-Carboxy-5-methoxycarbonylhexane.

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445138

Option 1 ID : 656445474

Option 2 ID : 656445477

Option 3 ID : 656445476

Option 4 ID : 656445475

Q.56

Arrange the following solutions in order of their increasing boiling points.

(i)  $10^{-4}$  M NaCl(ii)  $10^{-4}$  M Urea(iii)  $10^{-3}$  M NaCl(iv)  $10^{-2}$  M NaCl

Options

1. (i) < (ii) < (iii) < (iv)
2. (ii) < (i) < (iii) < (iv)
3. (iv) < (iii) < (i) < (ii)
4. (ii) < (i)  $\equiv$  (iii) < (iv)

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445128

Option 1 ID : 656445434

Option 2 ID : 656445437

Option 3 ID : 656445436

Option 4 ID : 656445435

Q.57

Lanthanoid ions with  $4f^7$  configuration are :

- (A)  $\text{Eu}^{2+}$
- (B)  $\text{Gd}^{3+}$
- (C)  $\text{Eu}^{3+}$
- (D)  $\text{Tb}^{3+}$
- (E)  $\text{Sm}^{2+}$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

Options

1. (A) and (B) only
2. (B) and (E) only
3. (A) and (D) only
4. (B) and (C) only

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445135

Option 1 ID : 656445462

Option 2 ID : 656445465

Option 3 ID : 656445463

Option 4 ID : 656445464

Q.58

From the magnetic behaviour of  $[\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-}$  (paramagnetic) and  $[\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4]$  (diamagnetic), choose the correct geometry and oxidation state.

Options

1.  $[\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-}$  :  $\text{Ni}^{\text{II}}$ , square planar  
 $[\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4]$  :  $\text{Ni}(0)$ , square planar
2.  $[\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-}$  :  $\text{Ni}^{\text{II}}$ , tetrahedral  
 $[\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4]$  :  $\text{Ni}(0)$ , tetrahedral
3.  $[\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-}$  :  $\text{Ni}(0)$ , tetrahedral  
 $[\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4]$  :  $\text{Ni}(0)$ , square planar
4.  $[\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-}$  :  $\text{Ni}^{\text{II}}$ , tetrahedral  
 $[\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4]$  :  $\text{Ni}^{\text{II}}$ , square planar

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445136

Option 1 ID : 656445466

Option 2 ID : 656445467

Option 3 ID : 656445469

Option 4 ID : 656445468

**Q.59** A solution of aluminium chloride is electrolysed for 30 minutes using a current of 2A. The amount of the aluminium deposited at the cathode is \_\_\_\_\_.  
[Given : molar mass of aluminium and chlorine are  $27 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$  and  $35.5 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$  respectively. Faraday constant =  $96500 \text{ C mol}^{-1}$ ]

**Options**

1. 0.441 g
2. 1.660 g
3. 0.336 g
4. 1.007 g

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445130**

Option 1 ID : **656445443**

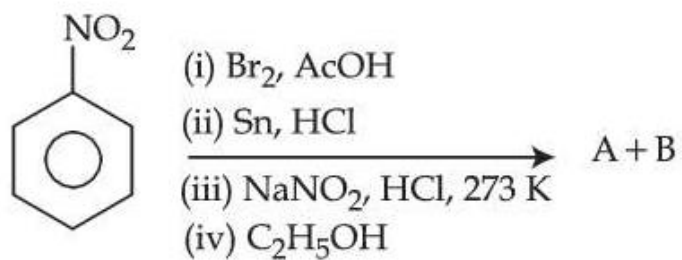
Option 2 ID : **656445442**

Option 3 ID : **656445445**

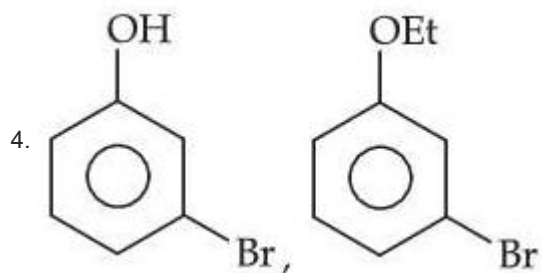
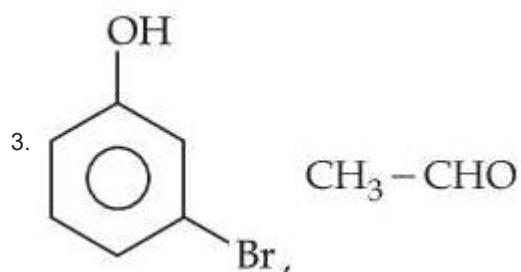
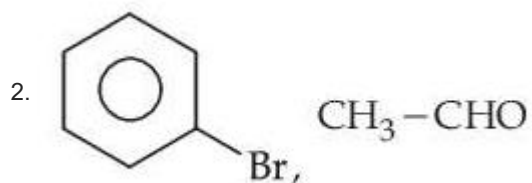
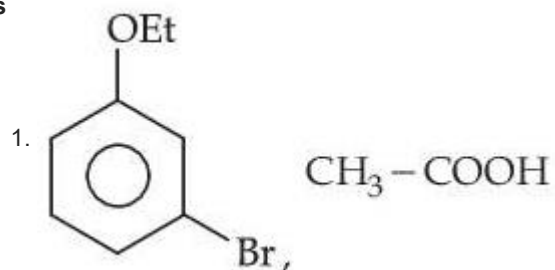
Option 4 ID : **656445444**

Q.60

The products formed in the following reaction sequence are :



Options



Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445143

Option 1 ID : 656445497

Option 2 ID : 656445495

Option 3 ID : 656445496

Option 4 ID : 656445494

**Q.61** A liquid when kept inside a thermally insulated closed vessel at 25°C was mechanically stirred from outside. What will be the correct option for the following thermodynamic parameters ?

**Options**

1.  $\Delta U = 0, q < 0, w > 0$
2.  $\Delta U = 0, q = 0, w = 0$
3.  $\Delta U > 0, q = 0, w > 0$
4.  $\Delta U < 0, q = 0, w > 0$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445127**

Option 1 ID : **656445433**

Option 2 ID : **656445432**

Option 3 ID : **656445430**

Option 4 ID : **656445431**

**Q.62** Given below are two statements :

**Statement I :**  $\text{CH}_3 - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{Cl}$  will undergo  $\text{S}_{\text{N}}1$  reaction though it is a primary halide.

**Statement II :**  $\text{CH}_3 - \underset{\text{CH}_3}{\overset{\text{CH}_3}{\text{C}}} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{Cl}$  will not undergo  $\text{S}_{\text{N}}2$  reaction very easily though it is a primary halide.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate answer** from the options given below :

**Options**

1. Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect
2. Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct
3. **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
4. **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445142**

Option 1 ID : **656445491**

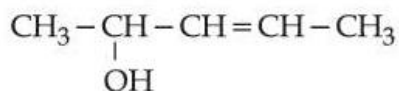
Option 2 ID : **656445490**

Option 3 ID : **656445493**

Option 4 ID : **656445492**



**Q.63** How many different stereoisomers are possible for the given molecule ?



**Options**

1. 3
2. 1
3. 4
4. 2

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445139

Option 1 ID : 656445479

Option 2 ID : 656445481

Option 3 ID : 656445478

Option 4 ID : 656445480

**Q.64** Which of the following electrolyte can be used to obtain  $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8$  by the process of electrolysis ?

**Options**

1. Concentrated solution of sulphuric acid
2. Acidified dilute solution of sodium sulphate.
3. Dilute solution of sodium sulphate.
4. Dilute solution of sulphuric acid

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445131

Option 1 ID : 656445447

Option 2 ID : 656445448

Option 3 ID : 656445449

Option 4 ID : 656445446



**Q.65** A vessel at 1000 K contains  $\text{CO}_2$  with a pressure of 0.5 atm. Some of  $\text{CO}_2$  is converted into CO on addition of graphite. If total pressure at equilibrium is 0.8 atm, then  $K_p$  is :

**Options**

1. 0.18 atm
2. 1.8 atm
3. 0.3 atm
4. 3 atm

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445129**

Option 1 ID : **656445441**

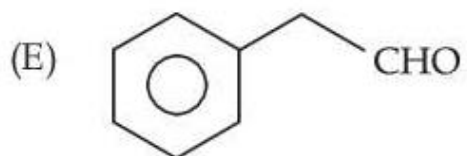
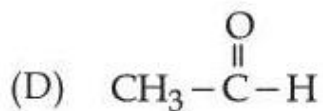
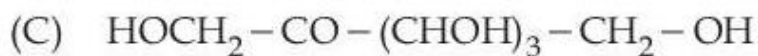
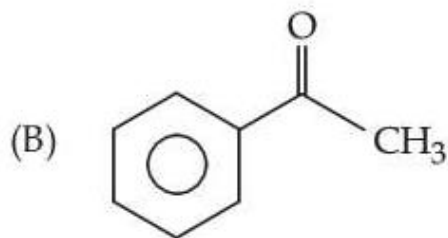
Option 2 ID : **656445438**

Option 3 ID : **656445440**

Option 4 ID : **656445439**

Q.66

The compounds which give positive Fehling's test are :



Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

Options

1. (A), (C) and (D) Only
2. (C), (D) and (E) Only
3. (A), (D) and (E) Only
4. (A), (B) and (C) Only

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445145

Option 1 ID : 656445504

Option 2 ID : 656445502

Option 3 ID : 656445503

Option 4 ID : 656445505

**Q.67** In which of the following complexes the CFSE,  $\Delta_o$  will be equal to zero ?

**Options**

1.  $K_4[Fe(CN)_6]$
2.  $K_3[Fe(SCN)_6]$
3.  $[Fe(NH_3)_6]Br_2$
4.  $[Fe(en)_3]Cl_3$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445137**

Option 1 ID : **656445470**

Option 2 ID : **656445471**

Option 3 ID : **656445473**

Option 4 ID : **656445472**

**Q.68** Which of the following acids is a vitamin ?

**Options**

1. Adipic acid
2. Ascorbic acid
3. Saccharic acid
4. Aspartic acid

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **656445144**

Option 1 ID : **656445500**

Option 2 ID : **656445499**

Option 3 ID : **656445501**

Option 4 ID : **656445498**

Q.69

Radius of the first excited state of Helium ion is given as :  
 $a_0 \rightarrow$  radius of first stationary state of hydrogen atom.

Options

1.  $r = 4a_0$
2.  $r = 2a_0$
3.  $r = \frac{a_0}{4}$
4.  $r = \frac{a_0}{2}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445126

Option 1 ID : 656445426

Option 2 ID : 656445429

Option 3 ID : 656445428

Option 4 ID : 656445427

Q.70

Given below are two statements :

**Statement I :** One mole of propyne reacts with excess of sodium to liberate half a mole of  $H_2$  gas.

**Statement II :** Four g of propyne reacts with  $NaNH_2$  to liberate  $NH_3$  gas which occupies 224 mL at STP.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate answer** from the options given below :

Options

1. **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
2. Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect
3. **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect
4. Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 656445141

Option 1 ID : 656445489

Option 2 ID : 656445487

Option 3 ID : 656445488

Option 4 ID : 656445486

Section : Chemistry Section B

Q.71 In Carius method for estimation of halogens, 180 mg of an organic compound produced 143.5 mg of  $AgCl$ . The percentage composition of chlorine in the compound is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(Given : molar mass in  $g\ mol^{-1}$  of  $Ag$  : 108,  $Cl$  : 35.5)

Question Type : SA

Question ID : 656445149

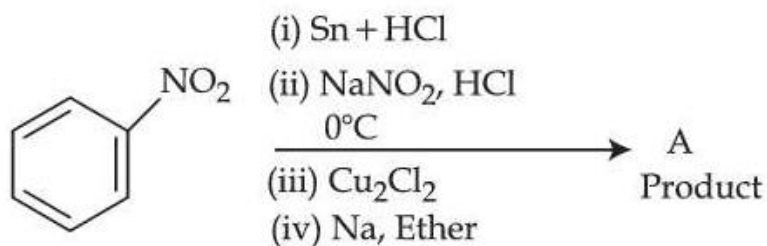
**Q.72** Some  $\text{CO}_2$  gas was kept in a sealed container at a pressure of 1 atm and at 273 K. This entire amount of  $\text{CO}_2$  gas was later passed through an aqueous solution of  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$ . The excess unreacted  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$  was later neutralized with 0.1 M of 40 mL HCl. If the volume of the sealed container of  $\text{CO}_2$  was x, then x is \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^3$  (nearest integer).

[Given : The entire amount of  $\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$  reacted with exactly half the initial amount of  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$  present in the aqueous solution.]

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**Q.73** Consider the following sequence of reactions :



Molar mass of the product formed (A) is \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{g mol}^{-1}$ .

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**Q.74**  $\text{A} \rightarrow \text{B}$

The molecule A changes into its isomeric form B by following a first order kinetics at a temperature of 1000 K. If the energy barrier with respect to reactant energy for such isomeric transformation is  $191.48 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$  and the frequency factor is  $10^{20}$ , the time required for 50% molecules of A to become B is \_\_\_\_\_ picoseconds (nearest integer). [ $R = 8.314 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ ]

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**Q.75** The number of molecules/ions that show linear geometry among the following is \_\_\_\_\_.

$\text{SO}_2$ ,  $\text{BeCl}_2$ ,  $\text{CO}_2$ ,  $\text{N}_3^-$ ,  $\text{NO}_2$ ,  $\text{F}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{XeF}_2$ ,  $\text{NO}_2^+$ ,  $\text{I}_3^-$ ,  $\text{O}_3$

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