

## STRATEGIC BRIEF

### The "Zero Tolerance" Paradox: A Rationale for Defensible Policy

Many organizations rely on "Zero Tolerance" language, believing it provides a total shield against liability. However, legal history demonstrates that such policies often fail. Companies frequently lose costly legal battles because their rules are either too complex for workers to understand, too simplified to meet the **OSHA General Duty Clause**, or too rigid to allow for common sense (such as self-defense).

**The Solution:** This program replaces the "Zero Tolerance" trap with a Defensible Standards model. It provides clear, instructional guidance that is:

- **Understandable:** To prevent "Failure to Train" claims.
  - **Context-Aware:** Utilizing Managerial Discretion to protect the company from wrongful termination suits.
  - **Comprehensive:** Identifying foreseeable threats like digital harassment and environmental vulnerabilities.
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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

### Core Framework: SPOT • REPORT • STOP

#### Strategic Objectives:

- **Instructional Leadership:** Shifting from "rules-only" to a "shared duty" model where every employee is an active participant in safety.
- **Proactive Mitigation:** Addressing "Pre-Incident Indicators"—veiled threats, posturing, and environmental gaps—before they escalate.
- **Organizational Defense:** Utilizing a neutral Threat Assessment Team (independent of legal bias) to ensure fact-based investigations.

# Workplace Violence

## I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to instruct and guide all employees, visitors, and contractors in our shared duty to keep our workplace safe from violence and threats. This organization believes that no amount of violence or threatening behavior should ever be allowed. This document is the instructional guide for how to **Spot, Report, and Stop** these safety risks.

## II. DEFINITIONS

1. **Workplace Violence:** This organization adopts the federal standard established by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), which defines workplace violence as:

*“Any act or threat of physical violence, harassment, intimidation, or other threatening behavior that occurs at the work site.”* > — (U.S. Department of Labor, OSHA; <https://www.osha.gov/workplace-violence>)

To ensure the highest level of safety possible under our **SPOT, REPORT, STOP** framework, this organization expands this definition to include:

- A. **Intimidation:** Engaging in actions that include, but are not limited to, stalking or behavior intended to frighten, coerce, or induce duress.
  - B. **Veiled Threats:** Comments that imply harm without saying it directly (e.g., “You’ll get what’s coming to you” or “I’d be careful walking to your car”).
  - C. **Technological Harassment:** Violent threats or intimidation sent via text, email, social media, or other digital platforms—even if sent after work hours or to a non-work related resource—if they impact the safety of the workplace.
  - D. **Domestic Violence Spillover:** Situations where personal or family disputes are brought into the workplace, putting the employee and their coworkers at risk.
  - E. **Intimidating Posturing:** Non-verbal actions intended to frighten others, such as aggressive “looming,” blocking exits, or throwing/slamming objects in anger.
  - F. **Stalking:** A pattern of unwanted attention or following that makes an employee feel unsafe while at work or while entering/leaving the property.
2. **Threat** – any expression that makes a reasonable person believe the person communicating the threat intends to cause physical or mental harm.
  3. **Physical Attack** – unwanted and aggressive or hostile physical contact.
    - a. This includes but is not exclusive to hitting, fighting, pushing or shoving.

- b. It can also include attacks that do not require direct physical contact but by their very nature pose an immediate potential of harm such as: throwing objects, use of firearms or any weapons, or any other devices which would cause bodily harm.

**4. Domestic Violence** – Physical or mentally harmful behavior, including threats and intimidation, between people who have an current or prior intimate relationship. This could include people who are married, live together or date or who have been married, lived together or dated.

**5. Property Damage** –Damage to property not owned by the individual. This includes damage that is the direct result of a violent or aggressive act, even if the damage itself was unintentional (e.g., breaking furniture during a physical struggle).

### III. REPORTING PROCEDURES

No Workplace Violence policy is effective if people do not actively work to protect themselves and others by **REPORTING** harmful or potentially harmful incidents. It is therefore vitally important to understand when and how to report such incidents.

To support our **SPOT, REPORT, STOP** framework, use the following guidelines:

#### 1. Immediate Danger (Life-Threatening)

If you see a weapon, an active physical fight, or believe someone is in immediate danger of being hurt:

- **Call 9-1-1 immediately.** Do not wait for permission from a manager.
- Once you are in a safe location, notify your Supervisor or Security.

#### 2. Immediate Potential for Harm (Non-Life Threatening)

- **Notify Security or a Supervisor immediately.**
- **Offer Support:** If you are in a safe position to do so, ask the person at risk if they need assistance. (Often, the presence of a witness can de-escalate a potential problem).

#### 3. Potential Threats (Non-Emergency)

If you **SPOT** behavior that makes you feel unsafe—such as a "veiled" threat, stalking, or intimidating behavior:

- Report the incident to your **Direct Supervisor** or **Human Resources** before the end of your shift.
- If you wish to remain anonymous, use the [Company Tip Line/Online Form].

#### 4. Proactive Safety & Prevention

We encourage employees to be proactive in stopping violence before it starts:

- **Trust Your Instincts:** If a situation or person makes you uncomfortable (e.g., a customer's behavior or being nervous about walking to your vehicle), do not ignore it. Ask Security or a Supervisor for an escort or assistance.
- **Environmental Risks:** If you notice a safety issue, such as a broken light or a door that won't lock, place a work order immediately.
- **Continuous Improvement:** If you have an idea to improve company safety, please submit it to the Safety Committee.

## IV. INVESTIGATION AND ACTION

Once a report is made, the organization will act quickly to **STOP** the threat and ensure the safety of the workplace.

### 1. The Investigation Process

Every report of workplace violence or environmental risk will be taken seriously.

- **Threat Assessment:** Any incident involving injury or serious threat will be investigated by a designated **Threat Assessment Team** (Management, HR, and Security). The team will review the facts, interview witnesses, and evaluate the "Context and Intent" of the incident.  
*Note: Company Attorneys should be excused from this team to prevent professional bias and ensure a neutral, fact-based investigation.*
- **Outcome Recommendation:** If the team determines a violation occurred, they will provide a recommendation for action based on the severity of the incident.
- **Privacy & Redaction:** To protect the privacy of those involved, the Threat Assessment Team may redact personal or identifying information from reports shared outside of the investigation team.
- **Prevention Review:** Following an investigation, the incident will be reviewed by the **Safety Committee** to discuss environmental or procedural changes to prevent future occurrences.

### 2. Corrective Action & Accountability

The goal of this policy is safety, not just punishment.

- **Disciplinary Action:** Anyone found to have violated this policy may face consequences up to and including immediate termination of employment or contract.

- **Legal Action:** In cases involving physical harm, weapons, or serious threats, the organization will cooperate fully with law enforcement for criminal prosecution.

### 3. Managerial Discretion

To ensure fairness and prevent rigid errors, the organization reserves the right to exercise **Managerial Discretion**.

*"In determining the final action, the Threat Assessment Team will consider the 'Whole Picture.' This includes looking for mitigating factors such as self-defense, medical emergencies, or a lack of intent to harm. This ensures that our response is fair, legal, and fits the specific situation."*

### 4. Post-Incident Support

We are committed to the physical and mental health of our team. If an incident occurs requiring individual assistance, we may provide:

- **Counseling:** Access to the Employee Assistance Program (EAP) or trauma resources.
- **Debriefing:** A formal meeting to allow involved parties to process the event and suggest improvements to safety protocols.

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#### Drafting Rationale:

- **Tone:** Instructional/Educational rather than strictly Punitive.
- **Compliance:** Exceeds OSHA minimums by including digital and environmental risk factors.
- **Risk Mitigation:** Utilizes "Managerial Discretion" to allow for context-based decision-making (e.g., self-defense), reducing the risk of wrongful termination claims.
- **Investigative Integrity:** Mandates the exclusion of legal counsel from the initial fact-finding team to ensure a neutral, non-biased assessment of the facts.

# EMPLOYEE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT & SAFETY CERTIFICATE

**Program:** Workplace Violence Prevention (SPOT • REPORT • STOP)

**Employee Name:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Policy Number:** \_\_\_\_\_ *(to be completed by employee)*

## I. Policy Acknowledgement

By initialing below, I confirm that I have received, read, and understand the Workplace Violence Prevention Policy.

\_\_\_\_\_ I understand that I have a **Shared Duty** to maintain a safe workplace.

\_\_\_\_\_ I understand that this organization has a **Zero Tolerance** for violence, but utilizes **Managerial Discretion** to ensure fair and context-based outcomes.

\_\_\_\_\_ I understand the definitions of "Veiled Threats," "Intimidating Posturing," and "Technological Harassment."

## II. Critical Procedure Verification

To ensure the safety of myself and my coworkers, I acknowledge the following protocols:

1. **Life-Threatening Emergency:** I am authorized and encouraged to call **9-1-1 immediately** if I perceive an immediate threat of violence. I do not need prior managerial approval to contact emergency services.
2. **Reporting Instincts:** I understand that I am encouraged to report "feelings of unease" or "environmental risks" (such as broken locks) to my supervisor or security without fear of retaliation.
3. **Confidentiality:** I understand that while the company will protect my privacy to the greatest extent possible, information will be shared with the Threat Assessment Team to **STOP** the risk.

## III. Verification of Knowledge (Brief Review)

*Which of the following should be reported under the SPOT, REPORT, STOP framework? (Check all that apply)*

- ☐ A coworker making "veiled" comments about bringing a weapon to work.
- ☐ A door that is found propped open or a lock that is malfunctioning.
- ☐ An ex-partner of an employee loitering in the parking lot (Domestic Spillover).
- ☐ A customer or visitor using "Intimidating Posturing" or blocking an exit.

## IV. Signature

I acknowledge that I have been trained on the **SPOT, REPORT, STOP** framework. I know who my designated reporting contacts are and where to find the full policy.

**Employee Signature:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Witness/Trainer Signature:** \_\_\_\_\_

# WORKPLACE VIOLENCE PREVENTION AUDIT (MANAGEMENT TOOL)

**Objective:** To ensure the organizational "Standard of Care" matches the written policy.

## I. BEHAVIORAL TRACKING (The "SPOT" Audit)

- **Threat Log Review:** Is there a centralized, confidential log for "Non-Life Threatening" reports (veiled threats, posturing, unease)?
- **Domestic Violence Integration:** Do supervisors have a protocol for when an employee reports a restraining order or "spillover" risk?
- **Terminations & Discipline:** Is there a security "Pre-Flight" checklist used before high-risk terminations to prevent retaliatory violence?

## II. SYSTEMIC PROTECTIONS (The "REPORT" Audit)

- **Communication Redundancy:** Can an employee in a "looming" or "intimidation" situation signal for help without escalating the conflict (e.g., a silent alert or a coded phrase)?
- **Anonymous Channels:** Is the anonymous reporting link/line verified and functional today?
- **9-1-1 Accessibility:** Are landlines or company phones restricted by "9" for outside lines, and if so, is the emergency 9-1-1 bypass clearly labeled?

## III. SECURITY ENGINEERING (Environmental Defense)

- **Natural Surveillance:** Does the front desk or reception have a clear line of sight to the entrance to "SPOT" unauthorized visitors immediately?
- **Access Control Integrity:** Are "Exit-Only" doors being propped open? (A major point of entry for workplace violence).
- **Panic/Safe Zones:** Are there designated "Safe Rooms" or lockable areas where employees can retreat if a physical attack is initiated?

## IV. ADMINISTRATIVE READINESS (The "STOP" Audit)

- **Threat Assessment Team (TAT) Roster:** Is the TAT roster current, and are members (HR, Security, Management) aware of their role if an incident occurs today?
- **Policy Awareness:** During a random spot-check, can a staff member identify where the WPV Policy is located?
- **Training Records:** Are "SPOT, REPORT, STOP" training certificates up to date for all employees?