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Australia's Net Zero Fantasy

How Australia's Net Zero Fantasy Just Got More Expensive While AI Devours the Grid

Australia's energy planners just dropped a bombshell that exposes the complete delusion at the heart of Net Zero policies. The updated Net Zero Australia study, released on September 24, 2025, reveals a stark truth: achieving Net Zero by 2050 now requires \$1.6 trillion in capital investment, while artificial intelligence simultaneously drives electricity demand through the roof at four times the rate new power is being added to grids.

The timing couldn't be more damning. As governments worldwide scramble to justify ever-increasing climate spending, the artificial intelligence revolution is rendering their projections obsolete in real-time. The latest data shows AI-driven data centres alone will consume 945 terawatt-hours globally by 2030, more than Japan's entire electricity supply, while Australia plans to spend \$1.6 trillion chasing renewable energy fantasies that cannot power the digital economy.

The Numbers That Expose the Madness

The September 2025 Net Zero Australia update delivers a reality check that should terrify every taxpayer and investor. The study's findings are devastating for climate policy advocates:

- **\$1.6 trillion in capital investment** required to achieve Net Zero by 2050
- **300 gigawatts of renewable capacity** needed (40 times current levels)
- **10% compound annual growth** required for renewable technologies
- **Doubling of gas-fired power capacity** still necessary to support renewables
- **Energy costs rising to 8-9% of GDP by 2050**, despite supposed efficiency gains

Meanwhile, the AI revolution presents a completely different trajectory:

- **U.S. data centres consumed 176 TWh in 2023** (4.4% of total electricity)
- **Projected to reach 325-580 TWh by 2028** (6.7% to 12% of U.S. generation)
- **Global data centre consumption growing 30% annually due to AI**
- **945 TWh global demand by 2030** - equivalent to adding multiple new countries to the grid

The mathematical impossibility is obvious: Australia plans to achieve Net Zero while AI energy demand grows at four times the rate of new power generation capacity.



The Renewable Energy Mirage Gets Worse

The updated Net Zero Australia study inadvertently proves why renewable energy cannot power the AI economy. Despite Australia's world-class solar and wind resources, the study's own projections reveal fundamental constraints:

Solar and Battery Dependence:

The study assumes solar will dominate with 13 gigawatts of annual additions at peak. But data centres require 99.9% uptime reliability that intermittent solar cannot provide, even with massive battery storage.

The Storage Impossibility:

Even with aggressive projections, the study finds "no growth in pumped hydro beyond Snowy2.0" and relies primarily on lithium-ion batteries. These cannot scale to handle AI's massive, continuous power demands across seasons and weather patterns.

Transmission Nightmares: The study projects doubling existing electricity transmission infrastructure. Yet AI data centres need power immediately, not after decades of environmental approvals and grid construction.

The Gas Dependency Admission: Most damaging to renewable advocates, the updated study acknowledges requiring "a doubling of gas-fired power capacity to support renewables and energy storage." Even Australia's most optimistic Net Zero scenario depends on fossil fuel backup.

This represents a complete capitulation by renewable energy advocates. After decades of promises that wind and solar would replace fossil fuels, Australia's most authoritative climate study admits that achieving Net Zero requires more natural gas capacity than exists today.

China Wins While Australia Wastes \$1.6 Trillion

While Australia commits to spending \$1.6 trillion on a renewable energy transition that cannot power modern AI infrastructure, China takes a radically different approach. Chinese companies like DeepSeek are demonstrating superior AI efficiency partly because they face no artificial energy constraints from climate policies.

China's strategy is brutally pragmatic: build reliable energy infrastructure first, optimize for performance second, worry about emissions third. The result? China rapidly becomes the global leader in AI development while Australia debates carbon accounting methodologies.

The competitive implications are staggering. Australia's \$1.6 trillion Net Zero commitment diverts resources from the AI infrastructure that will drive 21st-century economic growth. Every dollar spent on grid-scale renewable projects with decade-long approval timelines is a dollar not available for the flexible, responsive energy systems that AI demands.



The Workforce Fantasy Collapses

The September 2025 update reveals another devastating reality: achieving Net Zero requires a workforce "seven times larger than currently available" in the energy sector. Employment must increase from less than 1% to 3 - 4% of the total workforce.

This workforce scaling challenge becomes impossible when combined with AI development timelines. While Net Zero planners assume 30-year workforce development cycles, AI infrastructure deployment happens in months. Microsoft, Google, and Amazon are signing multi-billion-dollar data centre deals with deployment schedules measured in quarters, not decades.

The skills mismatch is equally problematic. Net Zero requires workers skilled in renewable energy installation and maintenance. AI infrastructure requires expertise in high-performance computing, advanced cooling systems, and grid- scale power management. These are entirely different skillsets with minimal overlap.

The Industrial Sector Warning

The study's analysis of industrial impacts provides a stark warning about Australia's economic future under Net Zero constraints. Industrial energy system costs increase by 65% per capita by 2050, leading to "material risks for this sector" given "the current industrial environment".

This is economic suicide in an AI-powered world. While Australia loads impossible costs on industrial production, other jurisdictions will attract AI data centres and advanced manufacturing by offering abundant, reliable, competitively priced energy.

The study notes that decarbonization policy should "consider significant and tailored industrial support", a euphemism for massive taxpayer subsidies to keep industries viable under Net Zero constraints. Australia will simultaneously spend

\$1.6 trillion on renewable infrastructure while subsidizing industries to cope with the resulting high energy costs.

The Technology Deployment Impossibility

The updated study imposes "compound annual growth rate constraints" of 10% on key renewable technologies to prevent "very large clean energy industries forming over very short periods." This admission reveals the fundamental contradiction in Net Zero planning.

The constraint exists because the study's authors recognize that their projections are economically impossible without artificial limitations. Yet AI development faces no such constraints. Global tech companies are deploying computing capacity at exponential rates driven by market demand and competitive pressure.

The result is a race between artificial constraints on energy supply growth and exponential growth in AI energy demand. The outcome is predetermined: AI demand will outpace constrained



renewable supply, driving energy costs skyward and forcing reliance on fossil fuel backup systems.

The Global Context: Everyone Else Is Moving Beyond Net Zero

While Australia commits to \$1.6 trillion in Net Zero spending, global energy markets are already moving in the opposite direction. Recent data shows:

- Investment fleeing fossil fuel projects as solar costs plummet
- Natural gas becoming the default power source for AI data centres globally
- Nuclear renaissance accelerating with tech companies signing long-term supply agreements
- Grid-scale battery storage proving inadequate for AI's reliability requirements

The International Energy Agency projects global data centre consumption reaching 945 TWh by 2030, with the U.S., China, and Europe accounting for 85% of consumption. None of these major regions is constraining AI development to fit renewable energy limitations.

Australia's approach - spending \$1.6 trillion to achieve energy targets while AI transforms global energy demand - represents the triumph of ideology over economic reality.

The Political Economy of Failure

The September 2025 Net Zero Australia update arrives at a moment when the fundamental assumptions underlying climate policy have been shattered. The study's own projections demonstrate that:

- 1. Renewable energy cannot reliably power AI infrastructure**
- 2. Natural gas capacity must double even in Net Zero scenarios**
- 3. Industrial competitiveness faces "material risks" under Net Zero costs**
- 4. Workforce requirements exceed realistic scaling possibilities**
- 5. Capital investment needs (\$1.6 trillion) dwarf all previous infrastructure projects**

Yet political leaders remain committed to policies based on pre-AI energy demand projections. The disconnect between political commitments and technological reality creates massive investment uncertainty, regulatory confusion, and competitive disadvantage.

The Alternative: Energy Abundance for AI Leadership

Australia possesses unique advantages for AI infrastructure development: abundant natural gas reserves, political stability, proximity to Asian markets, and world-class technical talent. These



advantages are being systematically destroyed by Net Zero policies that prioritize carbon accounting over economic competitiveness.

A pragmatic alternative would:

- Suspend Net Zero targets and redirect \$1.6 trillion toward productive AI infrastructure
- Fast-track natural gas power generation collocated with data centres
- End nuclear prohibition and deploy small modular reactors for AI facilities
- Position Australia as the "pragmatic alternative" to jurisdictions constrained by renewable mandates

This strategy would attract massive AI investment, create genuine high-value employment, and establish Australia as a global leader in the technologies that will drive 21st-century growth.

The Verdict: Reality Wins

The September 2025 Net Zero Australia update represents the death knell of renewable energy orthodoxy. The study's own analysis proves that achieving Net Zero requires doubling natural gas capacity while spending \$1.6 trillion on infrastructure that cannot reliably power the AI economy.

Every month of delay in recognizing this reality costs Australia competitive position in the global AI race. Singapore, Japan, and other pragmatic jurisdictions are building the energy infrastructure that will power tomorrow's digital economy while Australia debates renewable energy targets.

The artificial intelligence revolution offers Australia unprecedented opportunities to become a global technology hub. These opportunities require abundant, reliable, competitively priced energy—exactly what Net Zero policies prevent.

The choice is binary: continue pursuing the \$1.6 trillion Net Zero fantasy that cannot power modern AI infrastructure or embrace energy abundance and position Australia for prosperity in the AI era.

The Net Zero Australia study has inadvertently made the case for abandoning Net Zero. It's time Australia's leaders caught up with reality, before it's too late.

The AI energy revolution is here, growing at four times the rate of new power generation. Australia can participate in this revolution or spend \$1.6 trillion trying to prevent it. But it cannot do both.



Paul Brook

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