## Pub Ad 68 BPSC

- 1. Which one of the following is **not** an element of State according to Knutilya?
  - (A) Janapada 🗸
  - (B) Durga V
  - (e) Government
    - (D) Mitra
- 2. Which of the following was not is main feature of the British colonial administration in India?
  - Authoritarian government
  - (B) Responsive to public opinion
  - (C) Non-welfare State
  - (D) Efficient bureaucratic structure



- 3. On 26th November, 1949, the Constitution of India was adopted by the
  - (A) people of India
    - (B) representatives of the people of India in the Constituent Assembly
    - (C) Parliament of India X
    - (D) None of the above

- 4. Which of the following is the feature of parliamentary demogracy?
  - (A) Leadership of the Prime Minister
  - (B) Collective responsibility
  - (C) Political homogeneity
  - All of the above
- India has a federation with a strong centralizing tendency." It is stated by
  - (A) J. L. Nehru
  - (I3) K. M. Munshi
  - (C) Ivor Jennings
  - (10) B. R. Ambedkar
  - 6. In India, 'plan holiday' was declared for three years after which one of the following Five-Year Plans?
    - (A) First Five-Year Plan
    - (B) Second Five-Year Plan
    - WT Third Five-Year Plan
    - (D) None of the above
  - 7. If a vacancy occurs in the office of the President, the new President must be elected within
    - (A) six months
    - (B) ninety days
    - (C) sixty days
    - (B) No time limit

- 8. The Council of Ministers in India consists of the
  - (A) Cabinet Ministers
  - (B) Ministers of the State
  - (C) Deputy Ministers
  - (D) All of the above
- The Prime Minister in the parliamentary system has been described as 'primus inter pares' by
  - (A) Lord Morley
  - (B) Ivor Jennings



- (C) J. K. Rowling X
- (D) A. W. Wellington
- 10. The Cabinet functions through its committees. Which of the following is not a Cabinet Committee?
  - (A) Political Affairs Committee
  - (B) Foreign Investment Committee
  - (C) Appointment Committee
  - (D) Economic Affairs Committee
- 11. The administrative head of the Cabinet Secretariat is the
  - (X) Cabinet Secretary
  - (B) Home Minister
  - (C) Secretary in the PMO
  - (D) Prime Minister

- 12. Which one of the following Commissions is **not** mentioned in the Indian Constitution?
  - (A) The Election Commission
  - (B) The Finance Commission
  - (C) The Planning Commission
  - (D) The Official Languages

    ✓ Commission
- 13. Finance Commission is a
  - (A) legal institution
  - (B) constitutional institution
  - (C) statutory institution
  - (D) non-constitutional institution
- A secretariat organization in the Central Government is a/an
  - (A) staff agency
  - (B) line agency
  - W auxiliary agency
  - (D) staff and line agency
- 15. Department of Public Enterprises is under the
  - (A) Ministry of Commerce
  - (B) Ministry of Industry
  - (C) Ministry of Railways
  - Ministry of Finance



- 16. Which Article of the Indian Constitution specifies that the Union Law shall prevail over any State Law in the event of conflict between the two?
  - JAT Article 248
    - (B) Article 356
    - (C) Article 251
    - (D) None of the above
- 17. Sarkaria Commission on Centre-State relations was appointed by which one of the following Prime Ministers?
  - (A) Indira Gandhi
  - (B) Rajiv Gandhi
    - (C) Atal Bihari Vajpayee
  - (D) Narasimha Rao
- 18. In which year was the Financial Emergency imposed in India?
  - JAJ 1975
  - (B) 1991
  - (C) 1962
  - (D) None of the above



19

The Indian Institute of Public Administration was established in

- (A) 1959
- (B) 1954
- yes 1961
- (D) 1952
- 20. Who is regarded as the 'father of All-India Services'?
  - (A) Lord Macaulay
  - (B) B. R. Ambedkar
  - √€7 Sardar Patel
  - (D) Lord Ripon
- 21. Union Public Service Commission has been established under which one of the following Articles of the Indian Constitution?
  - (A) Article 315
  - (B) Article 310
  - (C) Article 319
  - (D) Article 311
- **22** F

Provincialization of Municipal Services' implies

- creation of Statewise cadre for municipal employees
- (B) recruitment by a State level agency
- (C) day-to-day control by the municipal bodies
- (D) All of the above

6

- 23. State services have been divided into
  - (A) class I and II
  - (图) class I, II and III
  - class I, II, III and IV
  - (D) None of the above
- The oldest form of public enterprises is
  - (A) departmental organization
  - (图) public corporation
    - (C) management by Board or Commission
    - (D) government company
  - 25. Who lays down the broad framework of policy for a public corporation?
    - (A) The Chairman of the Corporation
    - (B) The Board of Directors
    - (C) The Minister concerned
    - (D) The Legislature
  - 26. The National Development Council came into existence in
    - (A) 1971
    - **(B)** 1952
      - (C) 1980
      - (D) 1957

- 27. The Chairman of the State Planning Board is
  - (A) the Finance Minister
  - (B) the Secretary, Planning

    Department
  - the Chief Minister



- (D) None of the above
- Which one of the following is correct about the Planning Commission?
  - (A) It was set up in March, 1950
  - (B) It was set up as an extraconstitutional body
  - (C) It was set up by a resolution of the Government of India
  - All of the above
- 29. Public Accounts Committee consists of 22 members. Their bifurcation is
  - 15 from the Lok Sabha and 7 from the Rajya Sabha
    - (B) 11 each from the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha
    - (C) 17 from the Lok Sabha and 5 from the Rajya Sabha
    - (D) 10 from the Lok Sabha and 12 from the Rajya Sabha

- 30. The Parliament does not exercise financial control through which one of the following?
  - (A) The Estimates Committee
  - (B) The Assurance Committee
  - (C) The Public Accounts

    Committee
  - (D) The Committee on Public Undertakings
- 31. In India, the Ministry of Finance includes the
  - (A) Department of Economic Affairs
  - (B) Department of Expenditure
  - (C) Department of Revenue
  - All of the above
- 32. The National Investigation Agency (NIA) was set up in the year
  - (A) 2004
  - (B) 2008
  - (C) 2014
  - (D) 2011
- DRDA Scheme was started in India on the recommendations of which of the following?
  - (A) Ashok Mehta Committee
  - (B) Balwant Rai Mehta Committee
  - (II) Shankar Committee
  - (D) L. M. Singhvi Committee

- the first State, after the the Panchayati Raj Act?
  - (A) Bihar
  - (B) Rajasthan
  - (C) Madhya Pradesh
  - (D) Haryana



- 35. In which year was the Bihar Government started 'Seven Nischay' as a part of Good Governance?
  - (A) 2015
    - (B) 2020
    - (C) 2009
    - (D) 2017
- District Collector, as a District Magistrate, performs which of the following functions?
  - (A) To exercise control and supervision over police
  - (B) To exercise general control over district jail
  - To impose Section 144 in case of disturbance to peace
  - (D) All of the above

- 37. How many Administrative Divisions are there in Bihar?
  - JAJ Nine
  - (B) Seven
  - (C) Eleven
  - (D) Eight
- 38. Presently in Bihar, reservation provided to women in Panchayati Raj Institution is
  - (A) 33 percent
  - JBJ 50 percent
    - (C) not less than 33 percent
    - (D) one-third
- Who among the following could **not** complete his term as Governor of Bihar?
  - (A) A. R. Kidwai.
  - (B) R. R. Diwakar
  - (C) Jairamdas Daulatram
  - Dr. Zakir Husain
- In which year was the Integrated Child Development Programme' introduced in India?
  - (A) 1977 •
  - (B) 1975
  - 4C) 1974
  - (D) 1971

- 41. Who among the following remained the shortest-serving Chief Minister of Bihar?
  - JAY Satish Prasad Singh
  - (B) Deep Narayan Singh
  - (C) Shri Krishna Sinha ~
  - (D) Bhola Paswan Shastri
- 42. The hindrance in the way of smooth functioning of PRIs, in Bihar, is
  - (A) paucity of funds,
  - (B) poor infrastructure
  - (C) little devolution of authority
  - (D) All of the above
- 43. The Directorate in the State administration is
  - (A) a policy-making agency
  - (B) an executive agency
  - (C) a statutory agency
  - (D) a constitutional agency X
- In Bihar, which one of the following State Finance Commissions submitted its report for the period 2015–2020?
  - Third
  - 4B) Second
    - (C) Fifth 👡
    - (D) Fourth \*

- "The distinction between the political and administrative rules must be understood and adhered to by both the minister and secretary." It is observed by
  - (A) Joseph LaPalombara
  - (B) Ramsay Muir
  - (C) B. B. Majumdar
  - M. V. Pylee
- Which of the following recommended that in the age of technology, departments should be headed by a specialist?
  - Fulton Committee of the UK
  - (B) Administrative Reforms

    Commission
  - Paul H. Appleby Committee
  - (D) None of the above



- **47.** Which of the following is the reason for the apathetic attitude of public towards administration?
  - (A) Colonial legacy
  - (B) Administrative corruption
  - (C) Poverty and illiteracy
  - All of the above

- 48. In India, the institution of Ombudsman is known as the
  - (A) Central Bureau of Investiga-
  - (B) Lokpal and Lokayukta
    - (C) Central Administrative
      Tribunal
    - (D) Vigilance Commission
- 49. Who headed the Committee to study the cause of corruption?
  - (A) Morarji Desai
  - (B) Anna Hazare
  - (C) Paul H. Appleby
  - (D) K. Santhanam
- The Second Administrative Reforms Commission was set up in the year
  - (A) 1991
  - (B) 2009
  - JET 2005
  - (D) 2001

- 51. Who was the originator of politics-administration dichotomy?
  - (A) W. F. Willoughby
  - (B) L. D. White
  - (C) Woodrow Wilson
  - Frank J. Goodnow
- **52.** Which of the following activities is **not** covered in POSDCORB?
  - (A) Budgeting ~
  - (B) Coordination.
    - (C) Policy-making
    - (D) Planning
- 53. Who among the following thinkers said that public administration is different from private administration?
  - (A) M. P. Follett
  - (B) Paul H. Appleby



- (C) Henri Fayol,
- (超) L. Urwick
- The study of public administration as an independent discipline in India was started for the first time in
  - (A) Allahabad University x
  - (B) Delhi University
  - (C) Jaipur University
  - (D) Lucknow University

- New Public Administration emphasizes upon which one of the following?
  - AT Economy and efficiency
    - (B) Values and ethics&
    - (C) Economy and values
    - (D) Ethics and efficiency
- The main objective of scientific management theory was
  - (A) to maximize profit
  - ⟨B⟩ to increase the efficiency of production in industrial organization
  - (C) to conduct experiments to study the behaviour of workers
  - All of the above
- 57. Who among the following has used the word 'bureaucracy' for the first time?
  - (A) Vincent de Gournay
    - (B) Max Weber
    - (C) M. Marx
    - (D) R. K. Merton
- The extensive analysis of classical theory has been done in a book entitled *Papers on the Science of Administration* published in 1937. It is edited by
  - Henri Fayol and Gulick
    - (B) Mooney and Reiley.
  - (C) Luther Gulick and L. Urwick
  - (D) Follett and Shelton

- 59. Which one of the following is <u>not</u> emphasized by human relations theory?
  - (A) Informal organization
  - (B) Individual
  - (C) Human inspirations
  - (D) Principles of organization
- Which of the following is true about systems theory?
  - It is multi-level and multidimensional
  - It is multi-disciplinary
    - (C) It is multi-variable &
    - (D) All of the above



- (61) Gangplank is
  - (A) a group working in a workshop
  - (B) bridging the gap of management education x
  - permitting horizontal communication
  - (D) chain of commands
- **62.** The principle of unity of command is criticized on the ground of being impractical by
  - (A) Seckler-Hudson
  - (B) Luther Gulick
  - (C) Elton Mayo
  - (D) F. W. Willoughby

- 63 'Management by exception' is related to
  - (A) span of control
  - (B) delegation of authority
    - (C) scalar chain
    - (D) supervision
- 64. Which of the following is included among the means and methods of coordination?
  - (A) Planning
  - (B) The Finance Ministry
  - (C) The Cabinet and Cabinet Secretariat
  - All of the above
- 65. Which of the following is not a demerit of decentralization?
  - Promotes competition between different units
  - (B) Lack of competent managers at the unit level
  - (C) It is expensive
  - (D) Creates problems of coordination ✓

- 66. "If there is one universal mark of a manager, it is decision-making." It is stated by
  - (A) Peter Drucker /
  - (B) Herbert A. Simon
  - (C) George R. Terry
  - (D) D. E. McFarland
- 67. Who among the following developed the sociometric theory of leadership?
  - (A) Helen Jennings.
  - (B) Jacob Moreno.
    - (C) Keith Davis
  - (D) Elton Mayo x
- **68.** When there is a communication between management and employees of an organization, it is called
  - (A) inter-personal communication
  - (B) formal communication
  - (C) external communication
  - (D) internal communication
- **69.** Which of the following will act as an incentive to motivate
  - (A) Work recognition
  - (B) Avenues for promotion
  - (C) Job security

employees?

(D) All of the above

- 70. Maslow's 'needs model' influenced by
  - (A) psychology
  - (B) sociology
  - (C) management science
  - (D) human science
- 71. Switzerland is an example of which one of the following types of the Chief Executive?
  - (A) Parliamentary
  - (B) Presidential
  - VET Collegial
  - (D) Titular
- Which is the most widely prevalent form of governmental organization?
  - (A) Public Corporation
    - (B) Department K
    - (C) Independent Regulatory

      Commission
    - (D) Public Limited Company

- 73. The Independent Regulatory
  Commissions perform
  - (A) regulatory functions.
  - (B) administrative functions
  - (C) quasi-judicial functions
  - (D) All of the above
- 74. Public corporations are created to perform which of the following functions?
  - (A) Economic functions.
  - (B) Regulatory functions
  - (C) Civil functions



- (D) Police functions
- 75. Luther Gulick describes three patterns of field organization. Which of the following is <u>not</u> in them?
  - (A) 'Short arms, long fingers'
  - (B) 'Long arms, short fingers'
  - (C) 'All fingers'
    - (D) 'Long arms, long fingers'
- 76. Which one of the following is **not** a part of the departmental organization?
  - (A) Line agency
  - (B) Staff agency
  - (Voluntary agency
  - (D) Auxiliary agency

- 77. "Bureaucracy is neither hero nor villain." It is stated by
  - (A) Max Weber
    - (B) Bata K. Dey
  - (C) Arthur K. Davis
  - (D) John A. Veig
- 78. In Britain, a Committee was constituted in 1944 on the objectives of training of Civil Servants. Its name was
  - (A) Assheton Committee
    - (B) Fulton Committee
    - (C) Administrative Reforms

      Committee
    - (D) Paul H. Appleby Committee
- **79.** The tradition of neutrality of Civil Services was developed in
  - (A) India
  - VB) UK
    - (C) France
    - (D) USA

- 80. The merit system of recruitment of public services in the USA was introduced in the year
  - (A) 1848
  - (B) 1910
  - NET 1884



- (D) 1900
- 81. Which of the following is <u>not</u> relevant to the position classification in public services?
  - (A) It systematizes and simplifies personnel administration
  - (B) It ensures equal pay for equal work
  - (C) It facilitates the problem of recruitment
  - (D) It protects the public services from political interference
- **82.** The word 'budget' is derived from 'bougette'. The word 'bougette' belongs to which language?
  - (A) French
    - (B) English
  - (C) Latin
  - (D) Spanish

- in the Parliament then who represents the Government?
  - (A) The President
  - (B) The Prime Minister
    - (C) The Speaker of the Lok Sabha
    - (D) The Finance Minister
- 84. The term 'performance budgeting' was first coined by the
  - (A) Administrative Reforms Commission in India
  - First Hoover Commission in the USA
  - (C) Plowden Committee in the UK
  - (D) Fulton Committee in the UK
- 85. Under which Article of the Indian Constitution, it is provided that "no tax shall be levied or collected except by authority of law"?
  - (A) Article 117
  - (B) Article 270
    - (C) Article 265
    - (D) None of the above



- 86. Which of the following agencies is concerned with budget making?
  - (A) The Finance Ministry in India
  - (B) The Treasury in the UK
  - (C) The Bureau of the Budget in the USA
  - (D) All of the above
- 87. Which of the following is **not** a means of <u>legislative</u> control over administration?
  - (A) Private Member's Bill
  - (B) Question Hour.



- W Budgetary System
- (D) Parliamentary Committees
- **88.** Comptroller and Auditor General of India is 'a friend, philosopher and guide' of which of the following?
  - (A) The Estimates Committee •
  - (图) The Public Accounts Committee・
  - (C) The Finance Minister
  - (D) The President
- **89.** Which one of the following is a method of citizen's control over administration?
  - (A) Election
  - (B) Recall
  - (C) Advisory Committees
  - (D) All of the above

- 90. In the context of Public Administration, O and M means
  - (A) Organization and Management
  - (B) Organization and Machines
  - Organization and Maintenance
  - YD) Organization and Methods
- 91. Who was the Chairman of the First Administrative Reforms Commission of India?
  - (A) K. Santhanam
  - (B) Veerappa Moily
  - Mer Morarji Desai
    - (D) Paul H. Appleby
- **92.** Who among the following termed delegated legislation as 'New Despotism'?
  - (A) Lord Hewart
  - (图)Ramsay Muir
    - (C) Ivor Jennings
    - (D) A. V. Dicey
- Administrative law is the <u>feature</u> of which <u>one</u> of the <u>following</u> countries?
  - (A) France
  - (B) UK
  - (C) USA
  - (D) India

- 94. The concept of development administration was first introduced by
  - (A) Fred W. Riggs
  - (B) Edward W. Weidner
  - (C) Albert Waterson
  - (D) Joseph LaPalombara
- **95.** The book entitled *The Ecology of Public Administration* is written by
  - (A) Fred W. Riggs
  - (B) Robert Dahl
  - (C) John M. Gaus
    - (D) Goswami
- **96.** The Comparative Administration Group (CAG) was set up in the year
  - (A) 1961
  - **(B)** 1970
  - (C) 1963
  - (D) 1953
- **97.** The concept of 'administrative development' got crystallized first in the hands of
  - (A) Edward Weidner .
  - JBJ Dwight Waldo •
  - (C) Woodrow Wilson
  - (D) F. W. Riggs

- 98. "Public policy is what public administrators execute." It is defined by
  - (A) Marshall Dimock
  - (B) Nicholas Henry
  - Lasswell and Kaplan
  - (D) N. Johnson
- 99. Which of the following participates in public policy formulation?
  - (A) Legislature (the Parliament)
    - (B) Executive (the Council of Ministers)
  - (C) Administrative agency (bureaucracy)
  - (D) All of the above
- 100. The field of public policy has emerged comparatively recently. It originated in the year
  - (A) 1951
  - 1970
  - YCT 1991
  - (D) 2006