

தேசிய வெளிக்கள நிலையம் தொண்டைமானாறு

ூரண்டாம் தவணைப் பரீட்சை - 2024

National Field Work Centre, Thondaimanaru.

FWC	2 th Term Examination - 2024						
தக	வல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழினு	பட்பவியல்					
ICT			Gr -12 (20	25) 20	E I		
		PART = 1			1		
1.	Who is the main designer of ED	VAC?					
	(1) Blaise Pascal	(2) Herman Ho	ollerith	(3) Charles	Babbage		
	(4) Joseph Jacquard	(5) John Von N	leumann	1			
2.	Analytical engine developed by	Charles Babba	ge is based on		Technology.		
	Which of the following is corre	ct to fill the blar	ık in?	47 h			
	(1) First generation	(2) Second ger	neration	(3) Third g	eneration		
	(4) Fourth generation	(5) Mechanica	I 🙏	1 %			
3.	Consider the following stateme	nts.		Y			
	A – Performing POST (Power or	n self-test) proce	ess	•			
	B – Providing electric power re	quired for moth	er board				
	C – Loading of basic device driv	ers to the mem	nory				
	Which of the above is / are cor	rect about basic	input output sy	stem (BIOS)?			
	(1) A only (2) B o	nly	(3) C only	(4) A,C only	(5) A,B,C all		
4.	Which is the correct statement	regarding VON	Neumann struct	ure?			
	(1) Its execute the instructions	parallel					
	(2) Separate memory to store	data instruction	S				
	(3) It has many processors to e	execute the instr	uctions				
	(4) It has combine graphical pr	ocessing unit					
	(5) Using a shared memory for	both data and	instruction				
5.	After having collected the input	t its confirm and	d verified weathe	er its an integer, float	or character is		
	called						
	(1) Number check	(2) Range chec	ck	(3) Format check			
	(4) Type check	(5) Presence c	heck				
6.	The role of program counter in	fetch execute c	ycle?				
	(1) Its saves the output after the	ne arithmetical o	operation				
	(2) Holds the memory address	of the next inst	ructions to be fe	tched			
	(3) Performs logical operations	on data					
	(4) Controls data flow between CPU and memory						

(5) Acts as temporary storage for data being processed

7.		ecimal equivalent for 10		(4) 42 275	(5) 42 20	
	(1) 11.30	(2) 11.03	(3) 11.375	(4) 13.375	(5) 13.30	
8.	Which are the equival	ent/ equivalents for ded	cimal 15F ₁₆ ?			
	A - 101011111 ₂	$B - 351_8$	C – 537	1 ₀		
	(1) A only	(2) B only	(3) AB only	(4) AC only	(5) ABC all	
9.	Which is/are the equiv	valents circuits for A(B+	C)? A —			
	A B C	B B B	B — ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐			
	x	Y		1		
	(1) X	(2) X,Y	(3) X,Z	(4) Y,Z	(5)All X,Y,Z	
10.	. 8 bit first compliment	and second complimen	t of decimal 111 is			
	(1) 01101111 and 011	101111 (2) 1001000	00 and 10010001	(3) 10010001	and 10010000	
	(4) 10010000 and 011	.01111 (5) 1001000	1 and 01101111	Y		
				•		
11.	. Which of following is 6			plifying the follow	ing	
	Boolean statement by	using De Morgan theor	rem.			
	(1) 0	(2) 1	(3) A	(4) B	(5) A.B	
12.	. Consider the following	g steps.				
	A – Fetch next instruct	tion	B – Encode the	instruction		
	C – Decode the instruction D – Execute the instruction					
	Which of the following	g steps shows the seque	ence of the "fetch e	execution cycle"?		
	(1) A,B and C (2) A,B and D (3	3) A,C and D	(4) B,C and D	(5) A,B,C and D	
42	ADO is southed at the)				
13.	. AB9 ₁₆ is equivalent to.	(2) 7651	(2) 5271	/A\ E 422	/E\	
	(1) 7612 ₈	(2) 7651 ₈	(3) 5271 ₈	(4) 5432 ₈	(5) 4532 ₈	
14.	. Two's complements of	$f 9_{10}$ and (- 6_{10}) are respe	ctively.			
	(1) 00000110 ₂ , 11110	0111 ₂ (2) 10000110	₂ , 10010111 ₂	(3) 11000110 ₂ , 1	11001112	
	(4) 11100110 ₂ , 11100	0011 ₂ (5) 00001001	₂ , 11111010 ₂			
15.	. Amount of Bits used in	n ASCII, BCD, EBCDIC, Ui	nicode coding syste	em respectively.		
	(1) 4,7,8,16	(2) 7,4,8,16	(3) 2,8,16,10	(4) 2,8,16,10	(5) 2,8,10,16	
16.	. The equivalent capaci	ty for 8Gb , 2Gb respect	ively			
	(1) 8192 kb, 2 ²⁰ byte	(2) 8192mb,	2 ¹¹ mb	(3) 8192kb, 2 ¹¹ ml	b	
	(4) 2 ¹¹ mb, 2 ²³ byte	(5) 8000mb,2	tb			

17.	Binary	equivalent	for	13.625 ₁₀ ?
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- (1) 1101.110
- (2) 1101.110
- (3) 1101.011
- (4) 1101.101
- (5) 1111.101

18. X - 67₈

Y - 101111₂

 $Z - 3D_{16}$

Descending order of the above numbers xyz?

- (1) X,Y,Z
- (2)Y,X,Z
- (3) Z,X,Y
- (4) Z,Y,X
- (5) Y,Z,X

19. Which is the correct answer for bitwise 15₁₆ AND 73₁₀?

- (1) 11₁₀
- (2) 19₁₆
- (3) 000100101
- $(4) 11_8$
- (5) 55₁

20. Result of this binary operation 11001100 - 01010101

- (1) 5f₁₆
- (2) 19₁₆
- $(3) 57_{10}$
- $(4)57_2$

(5) 77₁₆

21. Consider the following statements about operating system.

- A Scheduling processes
- B Allocating and resolving memory required for processes
- C Protecting computer from virus infections

Which of the above is / are the functions of operating system?

- (1) A only
- (2) B only
- (3) A,B only
- (4) A,C only
- (5) A,B,C only

22. The area containing the addresses of the next instruction to brought in to the central processing unit is called.

- (1) Program Counter (PC)
- (2) Arithmetic Logic Unit
- (3) Control Unit

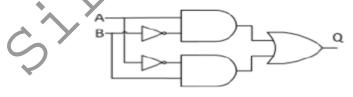
(1) Register

(5) Main memory

23. Which of the following is a simplified form of $AB + AB\bar{C} + A\bar{B}\bar{C}$

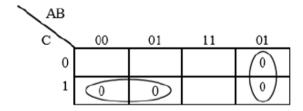
- (1) $\overline{A} \overline{B} + AB$
- (2)AB+C
- (3) (A+B) C
- (4) $A(B + \bar{C})$
- (5) A(B+C)

24. Which logic gate is suitable for the following circuit?



- (1) AND
- (2) OR
- (3) XNOR
- (4) NAND
- (5) XOR

25. Consider the K map given below



What is the correct logical expression for this grouping?

- (1) $(\bar{A} + C).(\bar{A} + B)$
- (2) $(A + \bar{C}) + (\bar{A} + B)$
- (3) $(A + \bar{C}) + (A + \bar{B})$

- (4) $(A + \bar{C}) \cdot (A + \bar{B})$
- (5) $(\bar{A} + C) + (\bar{A} + B)$

26. To which of the following states a process can be moved from the running state?

- (1) New, Ready, Blocked
- (2) Ready, Ready suspend, Terminated
- (3) Blocked, Ready, Ready suspend
- (4) Ready, Blocked, Terminated
- (5) Blocked, New, Ready

27. How it is called, to stop one process running in the OS to start another process

- (1) Demand paging
- (2) Context switching
- (3) Swapping

- (4) Interrupting
- (5) Long term scheduling

28. Which of the following statements is/are correct regarding the process running in the operating system?

- A When a program is run, it is called a process
- B The relationship between a program and its process is always one to many
- C Kernel is a computer program at the core of the computer operating system it Usually control all the operation in a computer.
- (1) A
- (2) AB
- (3) AC
- (4) BC
- (5) All ABC

29. On his single Processor computer, a user starts a spreadsheet application and creates a new spreadsheet. To get some information required for the spreadsheet he opens a large database using his Database Management System (DBMS). After completing his spreadsheet he save it. Which of the following operating system features has / have being used by the above user?

- A -Context switching
- B –File management
- C Virtual memory
- (1) A only

(2) B only

(3) A and B only

- (4) A and C only
- (5) All A,B and C

30	$0. \ f(x,y) = (\overline{x}$	$\overline{(y)}(\overline{x}+Y)(\overline{y})$	(+y) The simple	from of the	above boolean a	lgbra.	
	(1) X	(2) Y		(3) 1	(4) \bar{x}	(5) 0	
32	1. Which layers	of OSI model co	nnect with netwo	orking?			
	(1) Application layer and Presentation layer						
	(2) Session layer and Transport layer						
	(3) Transport	layer and Netv	vork layer				
	(4) Network	layer and Applic	cation layer				
	(5) Data link	layer and Physi	cal layer				
32	2. A. In Full – du	ıplex data comn	nunication always	transmissio	n takes place to be	oth direction.	
	B. A student r	esponds to tea	cher after questic	n is asked by	y the teacher in a o	class. This is an	
	example of	f half duplex co	mmunication.				
	C. Television l	proadcasting is	an example of ha	lf duplex con	nmunication.	77	
	Which of the	above stateme	nts/is/are true ab	out commur	nication.	•	
	(1) (A) only		(2) (B) only		(3) (C) only		
	(4) (A) and (B) only	(5) (B) and (C	c) only			
33	3. What is the m	nain function of	a DHCP server?	2	, *		
	(1) Allocating IP addresses.						
	(2) Resolving domain names from IP addresses.						
	(3) Providing directory services to user.						
	(4) Sharing an Internet connection among users.						
	(5) Protecting	g a computer n	etwork from virus	attacks.			
34				subnet mask	< 255.255.255.224	. How many hosts can	
		nnected to this					
	(1) 16	(2) 24	(3) 64	(4)30	(5) 128		
35	5. Which is/are	the valid IP add	ress?				
	A – 1	92.168.0.0.1		B – 10.256	6.8.100		
	C-8.	8.8.8		D – 192.1	68.100.10		
	(1) AB	(2) BC	(3) AC	(4) CD	(5) All ABCE)	
36	6. Which of the	following is a p	ossible IP address	in a networ	k with IP address :	172.16.10.5 and subnet	
	mask 255.255	5.248.0					
	(1) 172.16.10	0.10	(2) 172.16.10	.5	(3) 172.16.8	3.0	
	(4) 172.16.10	.0	(5) 172.16.10	.16			

37. Which	of the fol	lowing devices	sends data pack	ets only to recei	ving devices?
(1) Hu	b	(2) Switch	(3) Bridge	(4) Repeater	(5) Modem
38. Which	one is co	rrect?			
(1) IPV	/4 address	s contains 128	bits		
(2) De	fault subr	net mask of C c	lass is 255.0.0.0		
(3) Ma	c address	s contains 32 bi	its		
(4) 25	5.255.0.0	is a B class IP a	ddress		\Diamond
(5) 25	6 IP addre	ess in 192.200.1	159.0/24		Q.
39. Use of	public an	d private key e	ncryption and d	ecryption proces	ss is called
(1) Asy	/mmetric	encryption	(2) Digital end	cryption	(3) Hybrid encryption
(4) Priv	ate key e	ncryption	(5) Symmetr	ic encryption	DI
40. Which	of the fol	lowings is the r	network commai	nd that for secur	e file transfer?
(1) Pin _{	3	(2) Ipconfig	(3) ftp	(4) Telnet	(5) ssh
					,
				Q,	
			<i>A</i>	0 >	
				Y	
			1		
	•	JOI			
5	Y				
$\langle \cdot \rangle$					
5					
¥					



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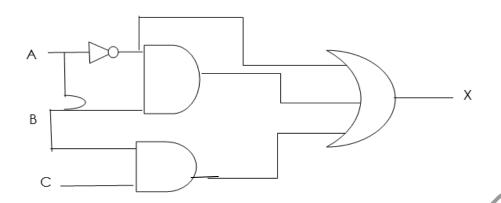
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FWC		2 nd Ter	m Examina	ation - 2	024	
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				ree Hou	rs	
		PA	RT IIA Struc	cture		
01.						2
1)	Compare SRAM,	DRAM with 2 po	ints ?			
2)	State the techno	logy used from 1	st generation to !	5 th generatio	on?	•
3)	State the memor	y access method		ples each?	······	
·					/ 	
4)	Various types of high)	memories are pr	ovided here an	ange them	in ascending c	order 1-4.(1-low, 4
	Memory			Classificatio	n	
	Туре	Physic al Size	Access Time	Speed	Capacity	Cost per bit
-	Register	1	V.			DII
-	Cache	2				
-	Secondary Sto					
L	RAM	3				
02. A)		\				
1)	Give +14 , -3 in to	wo's complement	t from?			
					•••••	
2)	Calculate +14+(-3	3) in two's compl	ement 8 bit forn	า?	••••••	••••••
C					•••••	
	,					
B)						

3)	Draw SR flip flop using NAND gates?
ŕ	
03. A)	Explain the flowing related to memory management
1.	Process control block(PCB).
2.	Memory Swapping.
R)	Indicate the states 1-6 in the diagram given below
	Activate Suspend Dispatch Timeout Activate Suspend Timeout Activate Suspend Activate Suspend Activate Suspend Activate Suspend Activate Suspend Activate Activate Suspend Activate Activate Activate Suspend Activate Activat
	Activate 6 Suspend
C)	5 Activate 6
C)	5 Activate 6 Suspend

Di Pi	onnection-specific DNS Suffix . : escription Realtek RTL8821CE 802.11ac PCIe Adapter
III L: III Si L: D:	Realized Record Record Realized Record Realized Record Realized Record Realized Record Realized Record R
	Give the Physical address?
2)	Write the logical address?
3)	Explain the function of DNS server?
B) 1) \	Write the layers of OSI model in order?
3)	Name 3 data communication disruptions?
4)	State the use of ping command?
	PART IIB Essay Any 2 questions only
a. b. c.	Use a truth table to find Boolean expression (A+B).(A+C) = A+B.C Prove the above Boolean expression (a) using Boolean algebra? Give the output of the following logic circuit?



d. Convert this into SOP format into SSOP format?

$$\bar{A}C + \bar{B}C + A\bar{B}$$

- e. Summarize the Boolean expression obtained in (d) by using k-map?
- 02. A)
 - 1) Give the file allocation methods?
 - 2) What is the function of mid-term scheduler?
 - 3) Write the 2 scheduling policies?
 - 4) Define disk fragmentation?
 - B) The physical memory capacity of a computer is 4gb. The virtual memory capacity is of the mentioned computer is 8gb. The frame size is 4kb
 - 1) Find out the number of frames in the physical memory?
 - 2) What is the page size?
 - 3) What is the total number of pages?

03.

- a. What are the basic components of data communication?
- b. Draw the diagrams for the following network topologies and state 2 major differences bet ween them
 - Star topology
- 2. Ring topology
- c. Consider the IP address 160.100.200.10 and subnet mask 255.255.224.0 in a network
- (1) How many subnets can be created?
- (2) How many hosts can be connected in this network?
- (3) What is the network address for this given IP?
- (4) What is the broadcast address for the given IP?
- (5) Give the usable IP address range for the given address?