Information General Certificate of Advanced Level Examination

Communication Technology ICT தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழினுட்பம் Information & Communication Technology ICT தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் இதியினுட்பம் Information & Communication Technology ICT

Conducted by Field Work Center (FWC), Thondaimanaruy ICT 5550100

Information & Communication Technology (ICT)

தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழினுட்பவியல் I Information & Communication Technology I Three hours

Gr. 12 (2023)

20

 \mathbf{E}

I

Instructions:

- **Answer all the questions.**
- * Write down your index number on the space provided.
- ❖ In each of the questions 1 to 40, pick one of the alternatives (1),(2),(3),(4),(5) which is correct or most appropriate.

 Mark a cross (X) on the number corresponding to your choice in the answer sheet provided.
- ❖ No use of calculators.

Part – I

- **1.** The memory which is located in the central processing unit is considered as the fastest memory. Which of the following is correct?
 - (1) Cache memory
 - (2) Extended memory
 - (3) Virtual memory
 - (4) Register
 - (5) Main memory
- - (1) First generation
 - (2) Second generation
 - (3) Third generation
 - (4) Fourth generation
 - (5) Mechanical
- **3.** It is expected to input date of birth of students for student's registration on a webpage. If the data is entered in the form of YYYY/MM/DD, which of the following data validation method is most appropriate for this purpose?
 - (1) Format check
 - (2) Range check
 - (3) Length check
 - (4) Limit check
 - (5) Presence check

[see page no. 2

$\overline{}$				
4. Consider the following	lowing statements.			1
	ocessed as soon as they	are collected		
B - Data are alw	vays up-to-date			
C - Payroll prep	paration system			
Which of the ab	ove is /are correct abou	it batch processing?		
(1) A only	(2) B only	(3) C only	(4) A,C only	(5) B,C only
•	` ,	` , , ,	•	•
5. Consider the following	lowing statements.			
	POST (power on self to	est) process		
_	lectric power required f	-		
_	basic device drivers to t			
_	ove is /are correct abou	·	vstem (BIOS)?	
(1) A only	(2) B only	(3) C only	(4) A,C only	(5) A,B,C all
(1) 11 0111	(2) 2 (111)	(e) e sing	(1) 12,0 0111	(0.13,2,0,111
6. Consider the following	lowing statements abou	it dvnamic random ac	cess memory (DRAI	VD. 1
	nan static random acces			
	the technology of cach			7,
	nore density than that o	•	s memory	
	ove statement(s) is / are		1 /7	
(1) A only	(2) B only	(3) A,B only	(4) B,C only	(5) A,B,C all
(1) 11 0111	(2) 2 (111)	(6) 11,2 0111)	(1) 2,0 (31)	(6) 11,2,6 mil
7. Which of the fol	lowing is an ascending	order of memory and	storage devices base	ed on speed from left to
right?	6		4	1
_	py disk, harddisk, maii	n memory	>	
_	y, floppy disk, harddisk			
	harddisk, main memory	-		
	ppy disk, main memory			
	main memory, harddisk	- //		
(-) -115				
8. Which of the fol	lowing is a function of	basic input output sys	stem (BIOS) in a cor	nputer?
	ohysical interfaces for v		,	
	orograms for communic		ng unit with other pe	eripherals
	nemory space for loading	_	-	•
	electric power required			
	nemory spaces required		1	
		1		
9. "	is an economic and	social inequality rela	ted to the access, use	or impact of information
	tion technologies". Wh			
(1) Plagiarism		C	••	
(2) Piracy				
(3) Digital divid	le			
(4) Privacy				
(5) Phishing				
-				

[see page no. 3] FWC Gr.12 (2023) A/L ICT -210. Which of the following factor(s) can be used to compare various characteristics of computer memories?

- A Physical size
- B Speed
- C Capacity
- D Density
- (1) A only
- (2) B only
- (3) B,C only
- (4) B,C,D only

(5) A,B,C,D all

11. Two's complements of $+18_{10}$ and (-16_{10}) are respectively.

- $(1)\ 00010010_2,\ 11110000_2$
- $(2)\ 10000110_2,\ 10010111_2$
- $(3)\ 00001001_2,\ 111111010_2$

- $(4) 11100110_2, 11100011_2$
- $(5)\ 00010010_2,\ 00010000_2$

12. Which of the following is equivalent to 10110.101₂?

- $(1) 22.625_{10}$
- $(2) 22.625_{10}$
- $(3) 22.625_{10}$
- (4) 22.625₁₀

(5) 22.625₁₀

13. If $P = 10100010_2$ and $Q = 11101010_2$, what is the value of P XOR Q?

- $(1)\ 01101110_2$
- (2) 11100010₂
- (3) 00010101₂
- (4) 01001000

(5) 10001010₂

14. Which of the following is /are equivalent to $FAE_{16} + 79_{10}$?

- A 111111101101₈
- B 7575₈

C - FED₁₆

- (1) A only
- (2) A,B only
- (3) A,C only
- (4) B,C only

(5) A,B,C all

15. Which of the following is /are equivalent to Boolean expression $F = ABC + \bar{A} + A\bar{B}C$?

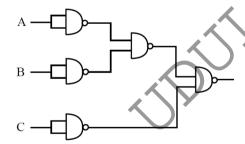
 $A - \bar{A} + C$

 $B - B + \bar{A}C$

 $C - AC + \bar{A}$

- (1) A only
- (2) A,B only
- (3) B,C only
- (4) A,C only
- (5) A,B,C all

16. Which of the following Boolean expression is equivalent to the logic circuit given below?



- (1) A + B. C
- (2) $A + \bar{B}C$
- (3) $\bar{A} + B.C$
- (4) $\bar{B} + A.C$
- (5) $\bar{A}.\bar{B} + C$

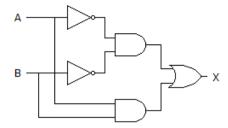
17. What is the simplified Boolean expression is given by the following Karnaugh map?

BC	00	01	11	10
0	1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0	1

- $(1) \bar{A}B + AC$
- (2) $\bar{B}C + AB$
- $(3) \, \bar{A}B + \bar{C}$
- (4) $BC + \bar{A}C$
- $(5) AB + \bar{C}$

[see page no. 4

18. Which of the following Boolean expression(s) is /are equivalent to the output X of the following logic circuit?



 $A - AB + \overline{(A+B)}$

 $B - AB + \bar{A}.\bar{B}$

 $C - \bar{A}\bar{B} + B$

(1) A only

(2) A,B only

(3)A,C only

(4)B,C only

(5) A,B,C all

- 19. Consider the following statements about adder used in digital logic circuits.
 - A Half-adder obtains two binary inputs
 - B Half-adder gives two binary digits as outputs
 - C By using two half-adders, a full-adder can be created

Which of the above is /are correct?

(1) A only

(2) B only

(3) C only

(4) A,B only

(5) A,B,C all

- **20.** Consider the followings.
 - A Redhat Linux
 - B Mac OS
 - C MS-Windows

Which of the above is /are open source operating system(s)?

(1) A only

(2) B only

(3) C only

(4) A,B only

(5) A,B,C all

- **21.** "The operating system allocates the memory needed by each processes". Its main function associated with this is called.
 - (1) Process management
 - (2) Network management
 - (3) Hardware management
 - (4) Memory management
 - (5) File management
- 22. Which of the following is in the Process Control Block (PCB) in an operating system?
 - (1) Hardware details
 - (2) BIOS details
 - (3) Details about input devices
 - (4) Details about output devices
 - (5) Process number
- **23.**Consider the following statements about operating system.
 - A System initialization
 - B Execution of a process
 - C A user request for creating a new process

Which of the above is /are the major events for creating processes?

(1) A only

(2) B only

(3) C only

(4) A,C only

(5) A,B,C all

[see page no. 5

24. In an operating system, "		-	
and physical memory". Which o (1) Memory management unit (N		iate to iii the brank	111 ?
(2) Process control block	(IIVIU)		
(3) Scheduler			
` '			
(4) Page table			
(5) Page			
25.In the operating system, "	helps to	increase the file acc	essing speed by
consolidating the fragmented file	es on the hard disk. Which	n of the following is	most suitable for filling the
blank?			
(1) Fragmentation	(2) Disk par	tition	(3) Defragmentation
(4) Task manager	(5) File mar	nager	
26. Consider the following statemen	nts about File Allocation	Table (FAT).	XL Y
A - Table consists of an entry for	r each file block		
B - A directory is maintained for	indexing blocks	^	7
C - The directory of the table is i	referenced to the first bloo	ck of the file	>
Which of the above is /are correct	et?	1 X	
(1) A only (2) B only	(3) C only	(4) A,C only	(5) A,B,C all
27. Consider the following statemen	nts relating to DHCP serv	er.	
A - It resolves IP addresses to co	mputers dynamically	/ -	
B - It shares an Internet connecti		ers	
C - It converts data packets revei			dress
D - It maps domain name to the	-	•	
Which of the above is /are correct			
(1) A only (2) B only	(3) C only	(4) D only	(5) A,B,C only
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(-)
28. How many maximum of subnet	s and hosts per each netw	ork may be provided	by network address
173.16.0.0/18?)		
(1) 7 subnets, 30 hosts each	` '	4 subnets, 4094 hosts	
(3) 8 subnets, 30 hosts each	(4)	8 subnets, 2046 hosts	s each
(5) 8 subnets, 8190 hosts each			
29. Which of the following IP address:	-	(A) 10 5 7 5 1	(5) 224 5 544
(1) 193,168.1.4 (2) 139.67.3	3.5 (3) 10.6.5.7	(4) 126.7.6.4	(5) 224.5.64.1
30. "OSI network reference model l	ayer that handles end-to-	end data delivery" is	called
Which of the following is suital	ole for filling the blank?		
(1) Application layer	(2) Datalink layer	(3) Pres	entation layer
(4) Network layer	(5) Transport layer		
31. Which of the following changes	during amplitude modula	ation in data commu	nication?
(1) Phase only	(2) Frequency only		plitude, frequency only
(4) Amplitude only	(5) Amplitude, phas		
•		-	

32. In a computer network, the IP	protocol works in	the OSI networ	k reference model at	the
layer. Whi	ch of the followin	g is the most sui	t able for filling the b	lank?
(1) Physical (2) Tra	ansport	(3) Network	(4) Datalink	(5) Application
33. Consider the following statem A - More expensive than twist	•	otic cable.		
B - Contains more attenuation	in comparing with	n other copper c	ables	
C - Higher data rate than co-a	xial cable			
Which of the above is /are con	rect?			
(1) A only (2) B only	y (3) C only	(4) A,C on	ly (5) A,B	,C all
24 In commutan naturaliza vehich	of the fellowing is	a accument data a	maamaulation?	
34. In computer networks, which	_		-	data
(1) frame, bit, packet, segmen(3) bit, frame, packet, segmen			nt, bit, frame, packet, frame, bit, segment,	
(5) data, packet, bit, frame, se		(4) packet,	frame, bit, segment,	uata
(5) data, packet, bit, frame, se	gment			- /*
35. Which of the following is a va	lid subnet mask?		<i>√</i> 2′	
(1) 255.255.240.0 (2) 192.2		0.0.255.255	(4) 255.256.255.224	(5) 5.255.0.0
36. Which of the following is used	l to represent MA	C address?	AL P	
(1) Binary	-	Decimal		(3) Octal
(4) Hexadecimal	(5)	Binary and octa	nl	,
			•	
37. Which of the following(s) is /a	are the characterist	ic(s) of TCP in	comparison with UD	P?
A - Connection-oriented		B - Low ov	verhead	
C - Ordered sequence of data		D - Unrelia	able	
(1) A only (2) A,B o	nly (3)	A,C only	(4) B,C only	(5) B,D only
20 W/L: 1 - 6 (1 - 6-11:	THE STAND OF		D1\0	
38. Which of the following is a fu (1) Monitoring network devic		nternet Maii Ac	cess Protocol)?	
(2) Helping users to receive e		m mail carvar		
(3) Sending e-mail messages		oni man server		
(4) Transferring files from one		her in the Intern	net	
(5) Routing data packets in th				
(5) Housing data packets in the				
39. Person P likes to send the mes	sage SECURE to	person Q secure	ly. For this, he /she en	ncrypts that
message by using +3 encrypti	on key. Which of	the following ma	ay be the encrypted /	cipher text?
(1) VHFXUH (2) SCRE	CUE (3)	HUXFHV	(4) SECURE	(5) ERUCES
40. Consider the followings.				
•	s - Digital signatur	e C - Hackin	g D - Phi	shing
Which of the above can be co	-			•
(1) A only (2) B only) A,B,C only	(5) A,D only
			Γ <i>Λ</i> Ω _Ψ 1 _	= 40 Marks]
	*	***	[4 0 x 1 =	- 70 Mai Noj

1	Information
	Communicati
	Technology I
/	ககவல் கொ

General Certificate of Advanced Level Examination Information &

ion Technology ICT தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழினுட்பம் Information & Communication ICT தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழினு 2.பக Information & Communication Technology ICT

Conducted by Field Work Center (FWC), Thondaimanary ICT தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழினுட்பம் Information & Communication Technology ICT தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் Information & Communication Technology (ICT) பம்

தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழினுட்பவியல் II

Information & Communication Technology

ICT Gr. 12 (2023) 20 E II

Do not write

in this column

Part – II A Answer all questions

II

1. (a)	
(i) Explain one of the service of cloud computing "Software as a Serv	rice (SaaS)" briefly, and give
one suitable example for it.	
•	
	7 /
	X
	[2 marks]
(ii) Write down an advantage of cloud computing.	[2 marks]
(II) Write down an advantage of cloud computing.	
	[1 wheal
("") White decree disadelytes of sloud computing	[1 marks]
(iii) Write down a disadvantage of cloud computing.	
	[1 marks]
(b)	
(2) Circ. 17 in the forms of trous? - complement in 9 hits	
(i) Give 17_{10} in the form of two's complement in 8-bits.	
	[2 marks]
	[2 marks]
	ll l

(ii) Give -23 ₁₀ in the form of two's complement in 8-bits.	Do not write in this column
(iii) Calculate 17 ₁₀ - 23 ₁₀ in the form of two's complement in 8-bits.	
[2 marks]	
2.	
(i) Choose and write down volatile memories only in the list given below. Lists: [Read only memory, Random access memory, Register, Cache memory, Harddisk]	
[2 marks]	
(ii) Write any two advantages that users can get from open source software compared to proprietary software.	
[2 marks]	
(b) Write each of the following statements True or False in the spaces provided.	
(i) The practice of using software without the legal permission of its owner is called open source software	
(ii) The use of small and portable computing devices connected to a central host server over a	
wireless network is called mobile computing	
(iii) The act of using one's work and ideas as one's own is called software	
piracy	
(iv) Phishing is the attempt to capture information such as usernames, passwords and credit card	
details for malicious activities by impersonating a legitimate/trustworthy entity in the Internet	
communication	

	oile devices and helps in	retriev	ing and storing information from anywhere at any
UIIIIC	.		[3 marks]
ch t	he columns X and Y in	the foll	owing table as appropriate.
lo.	Column X	No.	Column Y
i)	Program counter	1	A computer program that controls and operates
			devices connected to a computer
ii)	Cache memory	2	Data and information are not lost even when the
			computer is powered off
ii)	POST	3	It is used to save the settings of the BIOS program
iv)	Device driver	4	Contains a copy of frequently used instructions in
			main memory
<u>v)</u>		5	This is a series of tests that the computer's BIOS
,	CMOS battery		program performs to determine whether the
			computer's keyboard, random access memory, disk
		1	drives, and other hardware are working properly when
			the computer is powered on
vi)	Non-volatile memory	6	It contains the address of the next instruction to be
			executed by the program
			(iv)
			(v)
)			(vi)
~	,		[3 marks]
te ii	n the box next to which	layer of	the OSI network reference model each of the following
	s and network connecti	-	_

connectivity devices Name of the Layer in the column of the Layer (i) TCP (ii) Network switch (iii) IP (iv) HTTP (v) Router (vi) Network Hub (vii) POP (viii) FTP	No.	Protocols / Network		Do not write
(i) TCP (ii) Network switch (iii) IP (iv) HTTP (v) Router (vi) Network Hub (vii) POP		connectivity devices	Name of the Layer	in this
(iii) IP (iv) HTTP (v) Router (vi) Network Hub (vii) POP	(i)	TCP		coiumn
(iv) HTTP (v) Router (vi) Network Hub (vii) POP	(ii)	Network switch		
(vi) Router (vi) Network Hub (vii) POP	(iii)	IP		
(vi) Network Hub (vii) POP	(iv)	НТТР		
(vii) POP	(v)	Router		
4 \ \ 7	(vi)	Network Hub	Q	
(viii) FTP	(vii)	POP		
	(viii)	FTP		

[4 marks]

- **(b)** State each of the following statements about data communication and computer networks as **True** if correct and **False** if incorrect.
 - (i) The transport layer is mainly concerned with the syntax and semantics of the information exchanged between the two systems.
 - (ii) In amplitude modulation (AM), the amplitude and phase are changed so that the frequency remains unchanged.
 - (iii) IP (Internet Protocol) is a connection-oriented protocol.
 - (iv) Flow control in a computer network works in the data link layer of the OSI network reference model.
 - (v) The media access control (MAC) layer establishes a connection between the logical link control (LLC) layer and the physical layer of the network. It is used to transfer data packets over the network.
 - (vi) In circuit switching, when data is generated from a data source, it is divided into small parts called packets. Each packet has a uniquely identifiable header. Also, each packet is randomly sent via the different paths.

No.	True / False
(i)	
(ii)	
(iii)	
(iv)	
(v)	
(vi)	

[3 marks]

Conside	er the	follow	ing sco	enario.	Ī									Do not write in this
for erro	r dete	ection.	What o	data wi	ill be s	ent by	A? a	nd brie	fly exp	lain wha	at the			column
												[1 marks]		>
		owing	diagra	m of tl	he Mar	nchest	er sig	nal end	coding	while tra	ınsmi	tting the dat	a	
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1						
									_	4				
								Q,	\$-	>				
				ļ	ļ	1	>>	ļ				[2 marks]		
ne size	of the	physic	cal mei	mory o	of this o	compu page 1	ter is	32 KF er?	and th	e size of	f a pa		that	
i) How	many	bits ar	e need	led to s	store a							[1 marks]		
9														
i i) Hov	v man	y bits 1	needec	l are to	store	virtual	men	nory of	fset?			[1 marks]		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			•••••						•••••		•••••	[1 marks]		
	Consider the size of the series of the series of the series of the size of the	Consider a cone size of the How many	The sending computer or error detection. The serior detection. The serior detection is receiver will perform the serior detection in the serior detection in the serior detection. The serior detection is receiver will perform the serior detection in the serior detection. The serior detection is receiver will perform the serior detection in the serior detection. The serior detection is receiver will perform the serior detection in the serior detection. The serior detection is receiver will perform the serior detection. The serior detection is receiver will perform the serior detection in the serior detection is receiver will perform the serior detection in the serior detection in the serior detection in the serior detection is serior detection. The serior detection is serior detection in the serior detection in the serior detection is serior detection. The serior detection is serior detection in the serior detection in the serior detection is serior detection. The serior detection is serior detection in the serior detection in the serior detection is serior detection. The serior detection is serior detection in the serior detection in the serior detection is serior detection. The serior detection is serior detection in the serior detection in the serior detection is serior detection. The serior detection is serior detection in the serior detection in the serior detection is serior detection. The serior detection is serior detection in the serior detection in the serior detection in the serior detection is serior detection in the serior detect	The sending computer A strong error detection. What detection is considered as a computer that consider a computer that considered as a computer that consid	The sending computer A sends to for error detection. What data we receiver will perform to detect a section and the section and the section are size of the physical memory of the size of th	Draw the following diagram of the Mar 11010001. 1 1 0 1 0 0 Consider a computer that can use 16-bine size of the physical memory of this of the Mary bits are needed to store a computer	The sending computer A sends the character for error detection. What data will be sent by receiver will perform to detect any error that the send of the Manchester of the following diagram of the M	The sending computer A sends the character G (1) for error detection. What data will be sent by A? a receiver will perform to detect any error that may be sent by A? a receiver will perform to detect any error that may be sent by A? a receiver will perform to detect any error that may be sent by A? a receiver will perform to detect any error that may be sent by A? a receiver will perform to detect any error that may be sent by A? a receiver will perform to detect any error that may be sent by A? a receiver will	The sending computer A sends the character G (1110001 for error detection. What data will be sent by A? and brie receiver will perform to detect any error that may occur of the following diagram of the Manchester signal end (11010001). 1	The sending computer A sends the character G (1110001) while for error detection. What data will be sent by A? and briefly expreceiver will perform to detect any error that may occur during to the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding 11010001. 1	The sending computer A sends the character G (1110001) while it uses for error detection. What data will be sent by A? and briefly explain where ceiver will perform to detect any error that may occur during this procure will perform to detect any error that may occur during this procure that the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while training diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while t	The sending computer A sends the character G (1110001) while it uses the offer error detection. What data will be sent by A? and briefly explain what the receiver will perform to detect any error that may occur during this process. Draw the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while transmi 11010001. 1	The sending computer A sends the character G (1110001) while it uses the odd parity bit for error detection. What data will be sent by A? and briefly explain what the operation there every will perform to detect any error that may occur during this process. [1 marks] Draw the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while transmitting the data 11010001. 1	The sending computer A sends the character G (1110001) while it uses the odd parity bit method for error detection. What data will be sent by A? and briefly explain what the operation the receiver will perform to detect any error that may occur during this process. [I marks] Draw the following diagram of the Manchester signal encoding while transmitting the data 11010001. I I O I O O O I [2 marks] Consider a computer that can use 16-bit virtual addresses ranging from 0 to 64K. Assume that he size of the physical memory of this computer is 32 KB and the size of a page is 4 KB. (a) How many bits are needed to store a page number? [1 marks] [1 marks] [1 marks] [1 marks] [1 marks]

(b) Consider the following process state transition diagram of a multitasking operating system.	Do not write in this column
New Interrupt	
New Interrupt	
I/O or event completion Waiting	
Write down suitable terms for the labels 1,2,3,4,5 and 6 in the following spaces.	
1	
3	
4	
6	
[3 marks]	
(c) Write one advantage and one disadvantage of the continuous space allocation method used in an operating system.	
Advantage	
Disadvantage	
[2 marks]	
(d) Write one characteristics of the linked space allocation method used in an operating system.	
Y	
[2 marks]	



Information General Certificate of Advanced Level Examination

Communication Technology ICT தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழினுட்பம் Information & Communication Technology ICT தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழினுட்பம் Information & Communication Technology ICT

Conducted by Field Work Center (FWC), Thondaimanaruy ICT gasale Information & Communication Technology (ICT)

தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழினுட்பவியல் II Information & Communication Technology II

ICT Gr. 12 (2023) 20

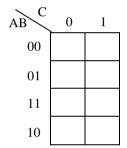
Part - II B

Answer all questions

(5) Consider the following Boolean expression.

 $AB\bar{C} + \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}\bar{B}C + \bar{A}B\bar{C} + \bar{A}BC$

(a) Complete the following Karnaugh map to represent the Boolean expression given



[3 marks]

(b) Simplify the Boolean expression given above using Karnaugh map.

[2 marks]

(c) Construct truth table for the simplified Boolean expression.

[3 marks]

(d) Write down Boolean expression in standard POS (Product of sums) from the Karnaugh map or other method.

[2 marks]

(6)

(a) Write down any two functions of network layer of OSI network reference model.

[1 marks]

(b) Give one reason why UDP may be used instead of TCP in an application for live telecasting (webcasting).

[1 marks]

(c) Consider the following scenario.

A medium sized company manufacturing soft drinks in capital city has four departments namely Information Systems, Production, Accounting and Sales. All four departments use separate local area networks (LANs).

Each department has the number of computers as given in the table below.

Departments	Number of computers in each	Number of network printers in	
	department	each department	
Information Systems	10	2	
Production	8	1	
Accounting	16	2	
Sales	22	1	

The network administrator is assigned an IP block of 195.1.1.0/24. The network administrator must assign IP addresses to all the nodes in each department. Four sub-networks will be set up for this purpose. Also, all the departments are connected to a common IP address for Internet access of the network employees. The Information Systems Department is directly connected to the Internet. Each department is located in different separate buildings in an area. A firewall is installed for the security of the network and four network switches, network cables, proxy server and DHCP server are provided to the network administrator for this purpose.

(i) Draw a network diagram for this situation. Clearlyy show all network cables, network connectivity devices and servers.

[4 marks]

(ii) Assign IP addresses to all computers using the following table as a guide. For this, use variable length subnet mask (VLSM) only.

[4 marks]

No.	Departments	Network address	Broadcast	Subnet mask	Usable IP
			address		address range
1.	Information				
	Systems	~\>'			
2.	Production	~\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			
3.	Accounting				
4.	Sales)			