





Baladna Organization for Rehabilitation & Development (BORD) in close collaboration with Assist Organization – White Nile office and FAO – Sennar

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Post Distribution Monitoring Survey Report Sennar & Sharg Sennar localities



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Introduction:

Baladna Organization for Rehabilitation & Development team was conducted mission to Sennar & Sharg Sennar localities during the period of 03 – 10 Feb 2025. During this mission, we were conducted three days' workshop regarding PDM questionnaire using Kobo tool for eight enumerators. After the training completed, we split the team for two team, One for Sennar and the other for Sharg Sennar localities. Sennar team collected data pertaining post distribution monitoring survey in four-village namely: Eldagaga, Debailiba, Tayba Elhafir and Wad Hashim. However, the other team collected data in four villages of Sharg sennar locality namely: Hilme, Marzoga, Gahelrasoul and Elsharef Eltahir. The survey targeted eight villages with 216 questionnaire (27 questionnaire for each one) as in BORD plan, and 213 questionnaire as in FAO Plan. The actual fulfill in questionnaire are 225 in the eight targeted villages.

PDM Survey Objectives:

The ultimate objective of the post distribution assessment is to ensure that the target beneficiaries has receive the service intent to be provide by FAO and their partners in a way that the processes has not create tensions within the community or between farmers or any other groups. Therefore, to what extend these improved seeds has participated in building bridge to achieve food security at community level.

PDM Survey Team:

Baladna Organization for Rehabilitation and Development (BORD) in close collaboration with FAO – Sennar and White Nile State offices and Assist Organization – Whit Nile State was conducted the survey with the following team members:

No	Name	Position at team	Organization
1	Siddig Omer Ahmed Mohammed	Supervisor	BORD
2	Elrasheed Ahmed Rahamtallah	Enumerator	BORD
3	Amer Osman Ibrahim	Enumerator	BORD
4	Zuhal Mohammed Elfaki	Enumerator	BORD
5	Sarah Mutasim Khidir	Enumerator	BORD
6	Nour Elgalil Mohammed Ibrahim	Enumerator	BORD
7	Wifag Taha Gabir	Enumerator	BORD
8	Essra Omer Mostafa	Enumerator	BORD

Target Communities:

The survey was targeted eight village in Sennar and Sharg Sennar localities as follows:-

1\ Sennar Locality: included Eldagaga, Debailiba, Tayba Elhafir and Wad Hashim villages.

2\ Sharg Sennar locality: included Hilme, Marzoga, Gah Elrasoul and Elsharef Eltahir villages.

The Methodology:

To achieve the above-mentioned objective during this mission, we adopted several method such as conduction of introductory meetings community leaders (Shaikh and other key person), to aware them with survey objective, methodology and to aggregating the targeted beneficiaries to fill in the questionnaire. Therefore, the approach adopted in carrying out the PDM is build open direct data collection through structured survey targeted the beneficiaries using kobo tool data collect.

The findings:

The post distribution monitoring survey targeted 216 beneficiaries from eight villages (27 beneficiaries in each one) who has received improved seeds of sorghum from FAO during 2024 agricultural season. The actual number of beneficiaries interviewed are 225 as total from all targeted villages as follows:

No	locality	Village	# Questionnaire
1	Sennar	Eldagaga	27
2		Debailiba	27
3		Tayba Elhafir	30
4		Wad Hashim	29
5	Sharg Sennar	Hilme	28
6		Marzoga	27
7		Gah Elrasoul	28
8		Elsharef Eltahir	29
Total			225



Enumerators interviewing the respondents in Tayba Elhafir village – Sennar Locality



Enumerators interviewing the respondents in Sharef Eltahir village – Sharge Sennar Locality



Enumerators interviewing the respondents In Hilme village – Sharg Sennar locality



Enumerators interviewing the respondents in Jah Elrasoul village - Sharg Sennar locality

Questionnaire Comments:

1- The question regarding the land (land tenure) which has been accessible during the agricultural season.

Challenges & Constrains:

- 1- The fighting between RSF and PMF led to impede the movement of the farmers to their farms.
- 2- The lack of agricultural extension services at community level, led to misuse of agricultural practices.
- 3- No cost allocated for documentation during the PDM survey.

Recommendation and way forward:

- You need to add inheritors as missing data in answer options. Or add other: specify
- 2. Coordinate with the Ministry of Agriculture at Sennar State to conduct more extension sessions at community level regarding agricultural practices parallel during seed distribution time.
- 3. Very important to allocate documentation budget for PDM survey, so as to reflect the success stories and lesson learned (short films, direct interview with the beneficiaries and community leaders), to give the right track to FAO and their partners in the coming seasons.