EMERGENCY TROUBLESHOOTING TOOLKIT

For Airport Ground Systems Technicians

Field-tested solutions from 50 years of combined military & FAA experience



LIGHTING SYSTEM EMERGENCIES

RUNWAY EDGE LIGHT FAILURES

IMMEDIATE ASSESSMENT
[] Check runway length affected: feet
[] Note pattern: [] Random [] Circuit [] Complete failure [] Weather conditions:
Aircraft operations impact: [] None [] Limited [] Critical
STEP-BY-STEP TROUBLESHOOTING
Step 1: Control Room Check (2 minutes) [] Verify control settings and intensity levels [] Check circuit breaker positions [] Review any recent control changes or maintenance [] Test remote control functionality
Step 2: Isolation Transformer Check (5 minutes) [] Locate primary isolation transformer for affected circuit [] Check for proper input voltage: volts [] Measure output voltage: volts [] Look for signs of overheating or damage [] Check transformer connections for corrosion
Step 3: Series Circuit Analysis (10 minutes) [] Calculate expected current: amps [] Measure actual current: amps [] If no current: Check for an open circuit (broken cable or fixture) [] If low current: Check for high resistance (corrosion, loose connections) [] If high current: Check for short circuit or reduced load
COMMANDALOUICK FLYES

COMMON QUICK FIXES

- Loose connections: Tighten and apply dielectric grease
- Corroded contacts: Clean with contact cleaner and steel wool
- Failed fixture: Bypass temporarily with a jumper cable
- Wet splice: Apply a temporary waterproof covering

EMERGENCY WORKAROUNDS

- Partial failure: Increase intensity on working circuits
- Complete failure: Activate portable lighting if available
- Critical operations: Coordinate runway closure procedures

SAFETY NOTES

1 Always de-energize circuits before making connections

Use lockout/tagout procedures

1 Test voltage before and after work

APPROACH LIGHT SYSTEM FAILURES

[] System type: [] ALSF-1[] ALSF-2[] MALSR[] ODALS[] Other: _
[] Components affected: [] Lead-in [] Cross-bar [] Threshold [] Sequenced flashers [] Visibility conditions:
STEP-BY-STEP TROUBLESHOOTING
Step 1: Control System Check (3 minutes) [] Verify proper control settings [] Check sequencer operation (if applicable) [] Test manual override capabilities [] Review recent programming changes
Step 2: Power Distribution Check (5 minutes) [] Check the main breaker panel for the affected system [] Verify proper voltage at distribution point: volts [] Check for proper grounding [] Inspect for signs of moisture or corrosion
Step 3: Component Testing (15 minutes) [] Test individual light circuits working outward from threshold [] Check cable integrity at splice points [] Verify proper lamp types and orientations [] Test flasher sequences and timing

- **COMMON ISSUES & SOLUTIONS**
- Sequencer malfunction: Switch to steady burn mode
- Cable damage: Use a temporary bypass cable
- Multiple lamp failures: Check for voltage irregularities
- Flasher timing off: Reset sequencer or replace flasher unit

NAVIGATION AID EMERGENCIES ILS LOCALIZER ISSUES

IMMEDIATE ASSESSMENT

[] System status: [] Off-air [] Degraded signal [] False guida [] Approach category affected: [] Cat I [] Cat II [] Cat III [] Weather minimums:	ince
[] Air traffic impact:	
STEP-BY-STEP TROUBLESHOOTING	
Step 1: Monitor Position Check (2 minutes) [] Check course deviation on the monitor [] Verify proper signal strength readings [] Review any alarm conditions [] Check monitor calibration date:	
Step 2: Transmitter Status (5 minutes) [] Verify transmitter output power: watts	
[] Check for proper frequency: MHz [] Monitor for signal stability [] Check cooling system operation	
Step 3: Antenna System Check (10 minutes) [] Visually inspect antenna array for damage [] Check for ice or debris accumulation [] Verify proper antenna positioning [] Test switching between arrays (if dual)	
CRITICAL ACTIONS	
 Signal degradation: Reduce the approach category or tak False guidance: Immediately shut down and issue NOTAM Monitor failure: Coordinate immediate maintenance respo Weather impact: Consider temporary limitations 	ļ
EMERGENCY CONTACTS	
ATC Facility:	
Flight Inspection:	
Maintenance Supervisor:	

GLIDESLOPE MALFUNCTIONS

IMMEDIATE ASSESSMENT [] Glideslope angle affected: Normal degrees [] Signal characteristics: [] No signal [] Irregular [] False [] Decision height impact:
STEP-BY-STEP TROUBLESHOOTING
Step 1: Signal Quality Check (3 minutes) [] Monitor glideslope deviation readings [] Check signal strength and clarity [] Verify proper modulation depth [] Review monitor alarm status
Step 2: Transmitter Verification (5 minutes) [] Check transmitter power output: watts [] Verify frequency accuracy: MHz [] Monitor temperature and cooling [] Check for proper signal switching
Step 3: Antenna Inspection (10 minutes) [] Check antenna array for physical damage [] Verify proper height above ground: feet [] Look for obstruction in the signal path [] Check reflector positioning and condition
RAPID RESPONSE ACTIONS

- Unstable signal: Increase monitoring frequency
- **No signal:** Coordinate approach procedure changes
- False guidance: Immediate shutdown required
- Antenna damage: Assess repair time vs. operational impact

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM EMERGENCIES

POWER DISTRIBUTION FAILURES

<pre>IMMEDIATE ASSESSMENT [] Affected systems: [] Lighting [] Navigation [] Communications [] Al [] Backup power status: [] Available [] Running [] Failed [] Load affected: _ % of total [] Critical operations impact:</pre>
STEP-BY-STEP TROUBLESHOOTING
Step 1: Main Distribution Check (2 minutes) [] Check utility power availability [] Verify main breaker status [] Check for proper voltage levels: L1 L2 L3 [] Look for signs of overheating or damage Step 2: Transfer Switch Operation (5 minutes)
 [] Test automatic transfer switch operation [] Verify proper sensing voltage levels [] Check manual transfer capability [] Review transfer switch exercise logs
Step 3: Load Analysis (10 minutes) [] Identify critical vs. non-critical loads [] Calculate current load demand: amps [] Check for load balancing issues [] Verify proper protective device sizing EMERGENCY LOAD SHEDDING PRIORITY

- 1. **Maintain:** Runway edge lights, ILS, and communication
- 2. Reduce: Taxiway lighting intensity, non-critical areas
- 3. **Shed:** Approach lights, threshold lights, building loads
- 4. **Emergency:** Portable lighting, minimal ILS operation

GENERATOR SYSTEM FAILURES

[] Generator status: [] Won't start [] Running rough [] Overheating [] Low power [] Fuel level: % (Hours remaining:) [] Load being carried: kW (Capacity: kW) [] Environmental conditions:
STEP-BY-STEP TROUBLESHOOTING
Step 1: Basic Systems Check (3 minutes) [] Verify fuel supply and pressure [] Check engine oil level and pressure [] Monitor coolant temperature [] Check battery voltage: volts
Step 2: Control System Check (5 minutes) [] Test start/stop controls [] Verify proper control voltage [] Check for fault codes or alarms [] Test emergency stop functionality
Step 3: Output Verification (7 minutes) [] Measure generator voltage: L1 L2 L3 [] Check frequency: Hz [] Monitor load balance between phases [] Verify proper grounding

- COMMON GENERATOR ISSUES
- Won't start: Check fuel, battery, and control fuses
- Low voltage: Check load, engine RPM, voltage regulator
- Overheating: Check coolant, air filter, load level
- Rough running: Check fuel quality, air filter, maintenance schedule

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

- Overload: Shed non-critical loads immediately
- Fuel shortage: Coordinate emergency fuel delivery
- Total failure: Implement manual lighting procedures
- Cooling failure: Reduce load and prepare for shutdown

EMERGENCY CONTACT TEMPLATES

NOTIFICATION CHECKLIST

IMMEDIATE NOTIFICATIONS (Within 5 minutes)
[] Airport Operations Center:
[] Air Traffic Control:
[] Maintenance Supervisor:
REGULATORY NOTIFICATIONS (As Required) [] FAA Airport District Office: [] FAA Flight Standards:
[] NOTAM Office:
COORDINATION CONTACTS [] Utility Company: [] Generator Service: [] Emergency Lighting Supplier:
INCIDENT DOCUMENTATION
Equipment: Time: Duration:
Problem Description:
Actions Taken:
Current Status: [] Repaired [] Temporary Fix [] Still Down Follow-up Required:
Reported by:Time:



USAGE INSTRUCTIONS

Emergency Priorities:

- 1. Life Safety Ensure personnel and aircraft safety first
- 2. Assess Impact Determine operational effects quickly
- 3. **Communicate** Notify all affected parties immediately
- 4. **Troubleshoot** Follow systematic procedures
- 5. **Document** Record all actions for follow-up

Field Use Tips:

- Keep this toolkit in your emergency response kit
- Update contact numbers regularly
- Practice procedures during routine maintenance
- Coordinate with operations before making changes

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