

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Creation Date 23/09/2023** 

## 1. Identification

Product Name Acetic Anhydride

CAS No. 108-24-7

Type of Product Liquid

Formula C4H6O3

Synonyms Acetyl oxide, Acetic acid anhydride, Acetic oxide, Ethanoic anhydride

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals

Uses advised against Food, drug, Pesticide, Aspirins product use.

**Chemical Structure** 

$$H_3C$$
  $O$   $O$   $CH_3$ 

## Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

### Company

### **Zeliant Industries**

Plot no. 2900/25-27

Nr. Atul Ltd.,GIDC, Ankleshwar

Tel: 9427878467

## **Emergency Telephone Number**

+91 98240 47144

+91 98240 95205



# 2. Hazard(s) identification

### Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids

Acute oral toxicity

Category 4

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Category 1

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 1

### **Label Elements**

# Signal Word

Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

Flammable liquid and vapor Harmful if swallowedFatal if inhaled Causes severe skin burns and eye damage



#### **Precautionary StatementsPrevention**

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handlingDo not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/sprayUse only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Wear respiratory protection Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protectionKeep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipmentUse only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static dischargeKeep cool

### Response

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

#### Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathingImmediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

## Skin

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/showerWash contaminated clothing before reuse

#### **Eyes**

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing **Ingestion** 

Rinse mouth

Do NOT induce vomiting



Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closedStore locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears) Reacts with water and forms acetic acid Corrosive to the respiratory tract

## 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	>99

## 4. First-aid measures

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 **Eye Contact** 

minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate **Skin Contact** 

medical attention is required.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-

to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or

other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouthto-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or

other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center

immediately.

**Most important** symptoms and

effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated:

Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache,

dizziness, tiredness, nausea, and vomiting.

Notes to **Physician**  Treat symptomatically

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing

Media

CO 2, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing** 

Media

DO NOT USE WATER

Flash Point

49 °C / 120.2 °F

Method -

CC (closed cup)



**Autoignition Temperature** 

**Explosion Limits** 

316 °C / 600.8 °F

**Upper** 10.3 vol % **Lower** 2.9 vol %

#### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Flammable. Corrosive material. Water reactive. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

#### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and fullprotective gear.

#### **NFPA**

Health Flammability Instability Physical hazards
3 2 1 W

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all

sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid contact with

skin, eyes, and inhalation of vapors.

Environmental Precautions Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological

Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up Remove all sources of ignition. Do not expose spill to water. Soak up with inert

absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Use spark-proof tools and

explosion-proof equipment.

# 7. Handling and storage

**Handling** Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection.

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, and sources of ignition. Use spark-proof toolsand explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, onskin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not allow contact

with water.

Storage. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated place. Keep away fromheat,

sparks, and flame. Keep away from water or moist air. Flammables area.

Incompatible Materials. Strong acids. Water. Strong reducing agents. Alcohols. Bases. Oxidizing

agent.



## 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

#### **Exposure Guidelines**

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Acetic anhydride	TWA: 1 ppm STEL: 3 ppm	(Vacated) Ceiling: 5 ppm (Vacated) Ceiling: 20 mg/m³TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 20 mg/m³	IDLH: 200 ppm Ceiling: 5 ppm Ceiling: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1 ppm STEL: 3 ppm

**Engineering Measures**Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showersare

close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting

equipment.

**Personal Protective Equipment** 

**Skin and body protection** Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

**Hygiene Measures** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless
Odor pungent

 $\textbf{Odor Threshold} \hspace{1.5cm} 0.12-0.36 \text{ ppm}$ 

pH not available

Melting Point/Range -73.1 °C / -99.6 °F

Boiling Point/Range

mmHg

Flash Point 49 °C / 120.2 °F Method - CC (closed cup)

Evaporation Rate 0.46

Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable Liquid

Flammability or explosive limits

**Upper** 10.3 vol % **Lower** 2.9 vol %

Vapor Pressure 5 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 3.5 Specific Gravity 1.087

**Solubility** No information available

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water No data available
Autoignition Temperature 316 °C / 600.8 °F

Decomposition TemperatureNo information availableViscosity0.91 mPa.s at 20 °C

Molecular FormulaC4 H6 O3Molecular Weight102.09



## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard Yes

**Stability** Moisture sensitive.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot

surfaces, and sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water.

Incompatible Materials Strong acids, Water, Strong reducing agents, Alcohols, Bases,

Oxidizing agent

**Hazardous Decomposition Products**Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Hazardous Reactions**None under normal processing.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### **Acute Toxicity**

#### **Product Information Component Information**

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Acetic	LD50 = 630 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 4000 mg/kg	LC100: 1.67 mg/L/6h (Rat)
anhydride	Equiv. OECD 410	( Rabbit )	Equiv. OECD 412
			LC50: 400 ppm/6h (Rat)

Toxicologically Synergistic Products

No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Causes burns by all exposure routes

Sensitization
No information available
Carcinogenicity
No information available
Mutagenic Effects
Not mutagenic in AMES Test
Reproductive Effects
No information available.
Developmental Effects
No information available.

**Teratogenicity** No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known
STOT - repeated
exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of overexposure may

be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea, and vomiting

**Endocrine Disruptor** 

Information

No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.



# 12. Ecological information

### **Ecotoxicity**

Reacts with water so no ecotoxicity data for the substance is available. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

Persistence and Degradability Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation

Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bio concentration factor – 3.16 Log Pow – 0.58

Mobility

Component	log Pow
Acetic anhydride	-0.27

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Waste Disposal Methods** 

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

# 14. Transport information

#### DOT

**UN-No** UN1715

Proper Shipping Name ACETIC ANHYDRIDE

Hazard Class 8 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

<u>TDG</u>

UN-No UN1715

Proper Shipping Name ACETIC ANHYDRIDE

Hazard Class 8 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

**IATA** 

UN-No UN1715

Proper Shipping Name ACETIC ANHYDRIDE

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

IMDG/IMO

**UN-No** UN1715

Proper Shipping Name ACETIC ANHYDRIDE

Hazard Class 8 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II



## 15. Regulatory information

### **United States of America Inventory**

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	TSCA - EPA RegulatoryFlags
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	X	ACTIVE	•

#### Legend:

TSCA US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed

'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export

Not applicable

### **International Inventories**

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (KECL).

Component	CAS No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	X	-	203-564-8	Χ	X	Χ	Χ	Χ	KE-00017

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313 Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

**CWA (Clean Water Act)** 

Component	Component CWA - Hazardous Substances		CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Acetic anhydride	X	5000 lb	-	-

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the

Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and

LiabilityAct (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Acetic anhydride	5000 lb	-

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

### U.S. State Right-to-KnowRegulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Acetic	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	X
anhydride					

#### **U.S. Department of Transportation**

Reportable Quantity (RQ): Y
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of HomelandSecurity

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.



### **Other International Regulations**

Mexico - Grade No information available

## Authorization/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)	
Acetic anhydride	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-	

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Component	CAS No	OECD HPV	Persistent Organic Pollutant	Ozone Depletion Potential	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive	Seveso III Directive	Rotterdam	Basel Convention
		(2012/18/EC) -	(2012/18/EC) -	Convention (PIC)	(Hazardous Waste)
		<b>Qualifying Quantities</b>	<b>Qualifying Quantities</b>		
		for Major Accident	for Safety Report		
		Notification	Requirements		
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	·	Acetic 108-24-7	(2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification Acetic 108-24-7 Not applicable	(2012/18/EC) - (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification Requirements Acetic 108-24-7 Not applicable Not applicable	(2012/18/EC) - (2012/18/EC) - Convention (PIC)  Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification  Acetic 108-24-7 Not applicable Not applicable  (2012/18/EC) - (2012/18/EC) - Convention (PIC)  Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements  Not applicable Not applicable

## 16. Other information

Creation Date 23-09-2023

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information, and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal, and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any othermaterials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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